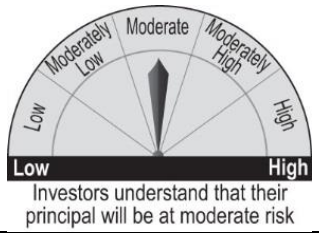
SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT
ICICI PRUDENTIAL MONTHLY INCOME PLAN

(Monthly Income is not assured and is subject to availability of distributable surplus)

(An Open Ended Income Scheme)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Riskometer
• Medium term regular income solution • A hybrid fund that aims to generate regular income through investments in fixed income securities with an aim to make regular dividend payment and seek for long term capital appreciation by investing a portion in equity.	 Investors understand that their principal will be at moderate risk
*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them	

For Continuous offer for units at NAV based prices.
Face Value of units of ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan is Rs. 10/- per unit.

Name of Mutual Fund	:	**ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund**
Name of Asset Management Company	:	**ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited**
Name of Trustee Company	:	**ICICI Prudential Trust Limited**

INVESTMENT MANAGER
ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited
Corporate Identity Number: U99999DL1993PLC054135

Registered Office:	**Corporate Office:**	**Central Service Office:**
12th Floor, Narain Manzil, 23, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi – 110 001 www.icicipruamc.com	One BKC ,13th Floor, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai - 400051	2nd Floor, Block B-2, Nirlon Knowledge Park, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063 Email id: enquiry@icicipruamc.com Website: www.icicipruamc.com

TRUSTEE
ICICI Prudential Trust Limited
Corporate Identity Number: U74899DL1993PLC054134
Registered Office: 12th Floor, Narain Manzil, 23, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi – 110 001

The particulars of ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan (the Scheme) have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds)

Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the Asset Management Company. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

This SID sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.icicipruamc.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the SID). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website viz. www.icicipruamc.com.

The SID should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated May 31, 2017.

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ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations	Particulars
AMC	ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited
AMFI	Association of Mutual Fund in India
AML	Anti Money Laundering
CAMS	Computer Age Management Services Private Limited
CDSL	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
CBLO	Collateralised borrowing and Lending Obligations
NAV	Net Asset Value
NRI	Non-Resident Indian
SID	Scheme Information Document
RBI	Reserve Bank of India
SEBI or the Board	Securities and Exchange Board of India
The Fund or The Mutual Fund	ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund
The Trustee/ Trustees	ICICI Prudential Trust Limited
FPI	Foreign Portfolio Investor
ICICI Bank	ICICI Bank Limited
IMA	Investment Management Agreement
DP	Depository Participant
Monthly Income Plan	ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan (Monthly Income is not assured & subject to availability of distributable surplus)
SEBI Regulations / The Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time.

INTERPRETATION

For all purposes of this SID, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- The terms defined in this SID include the plural as well as the singular.
- Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other.
- All references to "US$" refer to United States Dollars and "Rs./INR/ ₹" refer to Indian Rupees. A "Crore" means "ten million" and a "Lakh" means a "hundred thousand".
- Words not defined here has the same meaning as defined in " The Regulations"

HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Name of the Scheme	**ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan** (An open ended Income fund) (Monthly income is not assured and is subject to the availability of distributable surplus)
Type of Scheme	An Open Ended Income Scheme
Investment Objectives	To generate regular income through investments primarily in debt and money market instruments. As a secondary objective, the Scheme also seeks to generate long term capital appreciation from the portion of equity investments under the Scheme.

<table>
<tr><td>Name of the Scheme</td><td>ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan (An open ended Income fund) (Monthly income is not assured and is subject to the availability of distributable surplus)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Plans / Options</td><td>
<table>
<tr><td>Plans</td><td>ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan and ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan</td></tr>
<tr><td>Default Plan (if no plan is selected)</td><td>• If broker code is not mentioned the default plan is ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan
• If broker code is mentioned the default plan is ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan</td></tr>
<tr><td>Default Plan (in certain circumstances)</td><td>• If ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan is opted, but ARN code is also stated, then application would be processed under ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan
• If ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan is opted, but ARN code is not stated, then the application would be processed under ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan</td></tr>
<tr><td>Options/ sub-options</td><td>Growth Options, AEP (with Regular and Appreciation) and Dividend Option having dividend payout* and re-investment sub-options (with Monthly, Quarterly and Half Yearly frequencies)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Default Option</td><td>Growth Option</td></tr>
<tr><td>Default sub-option</td><td>Dividend Reinvestment</td></tr>
</table>

In case neither distributor code is mentioned nor 'ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan Direct Plan' is selected in the application form, the application will be processed under the 'ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan - Direct Plan'.

ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe units in a Scheme directly with the Fund.

The Plans and Options stated above will have common portfolio.

The Scheme will not accept any fresh subscriptions/switch-ins in any other plan than mentioned above. The other plans under the scheme will continue till the existing investors remain invested in such plans.

The Trustee reserves the right to declare dividends under the Scheme depending on the net distributable surplus available under the Scheme. It should, however, be noted that actual distribution of dividends and the frequency of distribution will depend, inter-alia, on the availability of distributable surplus and will be entirely at the discretion of the Trustee. The AMC shall not charge entry and/or exit load on units allotted on reinvestment of dividend.</td></tr>
</table>

Name of the Scheme	**ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan** (An open ended Income fund) (Monthly income is not assured and is subject to the availability of distributable surplus)
Loads	**Entry Load:** Not Applicable In terms of circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009, SEBI has notified that w.e.f. August 01, 2009 there will be no entry load charged to the Scheme of the Mutual Fund and the upfront commission to distributors will be paid by the investor directly to the distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.
	Exit Load: • If amount, sought to be redeemed or switched out, is invested for period of up to 1 year from the date of allotment: 1% of the applicable NAV • If, the amount sought to be redeemed or switched out is invested for period more than 1 year from the date of allotment: NIL The Trustees shall have a right to prescribe or modify the exit load structure with prospective effect subject to a maximum prescribed under the Regulations.
Minimum Application Amount	1.Growth - Rs.5,000 2.Dividend & AEP – Rs. 25,000/- (plus multiples of Re. 1/-) **Monthly SIP[$]:** Rs. 1,000/- (plus in multiple of Re. 1/-) Minimum installments: 6 **Quarterly SIP[$]:** Rs. 5,000/- (plus in multiple of Re. 1/-) Minimum installments – 4
Minimum Additional Amount	Rs. 500/- & in multiples thereof under each option
SIP	Available
Minimum Redemption Amount	Rs. 500/- or all units where amount is below Rs. 500/-
Minimum installment for SWP (at the time of registration.)	Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1/-[@]
STP**	Available
	The AMC reserves the right to change/ modify any features of aforesaid facilities available under the Schemes.
Benchmark	CRISIL MIP Blended Index

* In case the unit holder has opted for dividend payout option, the minimum amount for dividend payout shall be 100 (net of dividend distribution tax and other statutory levy, if any), else the dividend would be mandatorily reinvested.

** Daily, Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly Frequency is available in Systematic Transfer Plan Facility (STP), Flex Systematic Transfer Plan Facility (Flex STP) and Value Systematic

Transfer Plan Facility (Value STP) for both (Source and Target) under all the plans/options under the Scheme.The minimum amount of transfer for daily frequency in STP, Flex STP and Value STP is Rs. 250/- and in multiples of Rs. 50/-. The minimum amount of transfer for weekly, monthly and quarterly frequency in STP, Flex STP and Value STP is Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Rs. 1/-. The applicability of the minimum amount of transfer mentioned are at the time of registration only. The minimum number of instalments for daily, weekly and monthly frequencies will be 6 and for quarterly frequency will be 4.

[@]The minimum number of instalments for both monthly and quarterly frequencies will be 2.

[$] The applicability of the minimum amount of Installment mentioned is at the time of registration only.

The AMC shall not charge entry and/or exit load on units allotted on reinvestment of dividend.

Although the Scheme endeavor to achieve their investment objective, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the abovementioned Scheme will be realised.

The Trustee reserves the right to add any other options/ sub-options under the Scheme.

LIQUIDITY

The Scheme being offered are open-ended scheme(s) and will offer Units for Sale / Switch-in and Redemption / Switch-out on every Business Day at NAV based prices subject to applicable loads. As per the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, the Mutual Fund shall despatch redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days from the date of redemption. A penal interest of 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the payment of redemption proceeds is not made within 10 Business Days from the date of redemption. Please refer to section 'Redemption' for details.

TRANSPARENCY/NAV DISCLOSURE

The NAV will be calculated and disclosed at the close of every Business Day. NAV will be determined on every Business Day, except in special circumstances. NAV of the Schemes will be calculated and disclosed by 9.00 p.m. on every Business Day. NAV shall be published at least in two daily newspapers having circulation all over India. NAV of the Scheme shall be made available at all Customer Service Centres of the AMC. As required under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, portfolio of various Schemes would be published on a half yearly basis in one English daily newspaper circulating in the whole of India and in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head office of the Mutual Fund is situated within one month from the close of each half year (March 31 and September 30). The Mutual Fund shall also disclose the full portfolio of the Schemes at least on a half-yearly basis on the website of AMC and AMFI. The AMC shall also disclose portfolio of the Schemes on the AMC website i.e. www.icicipruamc.com along with ISIN on a monthly basis as on last day of each month, on or before tenth day of the succeeding month. Portfolio of Top 10 Holdings (Issuer wise) and Sector Wise fund allocation are also disclosed in this SID, as applicable.

AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and AMC website (www.icicipruamc.com) by 9:00 p.m. on every Business Day. In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI and SEBI by the next day. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

REDEMPTION PROCEEDS TO NRI INVESTORS

NRI investors shall submit Foreign Inward Remittance Certificate (FIRC) along with Broker contract note of the respective broker through whom the transaction was effected, for releasing redemption proceeds. Redemption proceeds shall not be remitted until the aforesaid documents are submitted and the AMC/Mutual Fund/Registrar shall not be liable for any delay in paying redemption proceeds.

In case of non-submission of the aforesaid documents the AMC reserves the right to deduct the tax at the highest applicable rate without any intimation by AMC/Mutual Fund/Registrar.

REPATRIATION FACILITY

Repatriation benefits would be available to NRIs/PIOs/FIIs, subject to applicable Regulations notified by Reserve Bank of India from time to time. Repatriation of these benefits will be subject to applicable deductions in respect of levies and taxes as may be applicable in present or in future.

ELIGIBILITY FOR TRUSTS

Religious and Charitable Trusts are eligible to invest in certain securities, under the provisions of Section 11(5) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17C of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 subject to the provisions of the respective constitutions under which they are established permits to invest.

SECTION I: INTRODUCTION

A. RISK FACTORS

Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the schemes may go up or down.
- Past performance of the Sponsors/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme.
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The sponsors are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the schemes beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 22.2 lakhs made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- Investors in the Scheme are not being offered any guaranteed/indicated returns.
- In Monthly Income Schemes, income is not assured and dividend distribution is subject to availability of distributable surplus.
- The NAV of the Scheme may be affected by changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market in particular, level of interest rates, various market related factors and trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. As with any securities investment, the NAV of the Units issued under the Schemes can go up or down depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital markets.
- In the event of receipt of inordinately large number of redemption requests or of a restructuring of any of the Scheme's portfolio, there may be delays in the redemption of Units.
- The liquidity of the Scheme's investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes in the securities in which it invests.
- The Scheme may use derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or other derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines and as permitted under the Schemes. Usage of derivatives will expose the Schemes to certain risks inherent to such derivatives.
- Mutual Funds and securities investments are subject to market risks and there is no assurance or guarantee that the objectives of the Scheme will be achieved.
- Mutual Funds being vehicles of securities, investments are subject to market and other risks and there can be no guarantee against loss resulting from investing in the schemes. The various factors which impact the value of scheme's investments include but are not limited to fluctuations in the equity and bond markets, fluctuations in interest rates, prevailing political and economic environment, changes in government policy, factors specific to the issuer of securities, tax laws, liquidity of the underlying instruments, settlements periods, trading volumes etc. and securities investments are subject to market risks and there is no assurance or guarantee that the objectives of the Scheme will be achieved.
- As the liquidity of the Scheme's investments could at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Fund for redemption of units may be significant in the event of an inordinately large

number of redemption requests or of a restructuring of the Scheme's portfolio. In view of this the Trustee has the right, at their sole discretion to limit redemptions (including suspending redemption) under certain circumstances, as described under the section titled "Right to limit Repurchases/Redemptions".

- From time to time and subject to the regulations, the sponsors, the mutual funds and investment Companies managed by them, their affiliates, their associate companies, subsidiaries of the sponsors and the AMC may invest in either directly or indirectly in the Scheme. The funds managed by these affiliates, associates and/ or the AMC may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme. Accordingly, redemption of units held by such funds, affiliates/associates and sponsors may have an adverse impact on the units of the Scheme because the timing of such redemption may impact the ability of other unit holders to redeem their units. Further, as per the regulation, in case the AMC invests in any of the schemes managed by it, it shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investments.
- The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity to the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations. As per the Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments.
- Different types of securities in which the Scheme would invest as given in the scheme information document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. E.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds which are AAA rated are comparatively less risky than bonds which are AA rated.
- The AMC may, considering the overall level of risk of the portfolio, invest in lower rated/unrated securities offering higher yields. This may increase the risk of the portfolio.

Risks associated with investments in Equity and Equity related instruments

- **Market Risk:** Equity shares and equity related instruments are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to market movements. Investors may note that AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends. The NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the Scheme, due to various market related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.

- **Liquidity Risk:** As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme(s) could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the Scheme may be high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Securities, which are not quoted on the stock exchanges, are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger amount of liquidity risk, in comparison to securities that are listed on the exchanges. Investment in such securities may lead to increase in the Scheme portfolio risk. In abnormal circumstances, it might be difficult to square off the transaction due to poor liquidity in stock futures/spot market. However, the fund will aim at taking exposures only to liquid stocks where there will be minimal risk in squaring off the transaction.

- **Derivatives Risk:** The AMC, on behalf of the Scheme(s) may use various derivative products, from time to time, in an attempt to protect the value of the portfolio and enhance Unit holders' interest. Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but of the derivative itself. Execution of such techniques depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Other risks include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

- **Tracking Error:** The performance of the Scheme may not be commensurate with the performance of the benchmark index on any given day or over any given period, which is referred to as the tracking error. The Scheme shall endeavour to minimize this tracking error. Over a short to medium period, Scheme may carry the risk of variance between portfolio composition and Benchmark.

➢ **Risk Factors associated with investment in Fixed Income Securities**

- **Market Risk:** The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme(s), to the extent invested in Debt and Money Market securities, will be affected by changes in the general level of interest rates. The NAV of the Scheme(s) is expected to increase from a fall in interest rates while it would be adversely affected by an increase in the level of interest rates.

- **Liquidity Risk:** Money market securities, while fairly liquid, lack a well-developed secondary market, which may restrict the selling ability of the Scheme(s) and may lead to the Scheme(s) incurring losses till the security is finally sold.

- **Credit Risk:** Investments in Debt Securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet interest and principal payments on its obligations and market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer.

- **Price Risk:** Government securities where a fixed return is offered run price-risk like any other fixed income security. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The new level of interest rate is determined by the rates at which government raises new money and/or the price levels at which the market is already dealing in existing securities. The price-risk is not unique to Government Securities. It exists for all fixed income securities. However, Government Securities are unique in the sense that their credit risk generally remains zero. Therefore, their prices are influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system.

- Different types of fixed income securities in which the Scheme(s) would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly, the Scheme(s) risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher level of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AAA rated, are comparatively less risky than bonds, which are AA rated.

- The AMC may, considering the overall level of risk of the portfolio, invest in lower rated / unrated securities offering higher yields as well as zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the absolute level of risk of the portfolio.

- As zero coupon securities does not provide periodic interest payments to the holder of the security, these securities are more sensitive to changes in interest rates. Therefore, the interest rate risk of zero coupon securities is higher. The AMC may choose to invest in zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the risk of the portfolio.

- Securities, which are not quoted on the stock exchanges, are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger amount of liquidity risk, in comparison to securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investor, including a put option. The AMC may choose to invest in unlisted securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the risk of the portfolio.

- The Scheme(s) at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.

- Scheme's performance may differ from the benchmark index to the extent of the investments held in the debt segment, as per the investment pattern indicated under normal circumstances.

- Investment in unrated instruments may involve a risk of default or decline in market value higher than rated instruments due to adverse economic and issuer-specific developments. Such investments display increased price sensitivity to changing interest rates and to a deteriorating economic environment. The market values for unrated investments tends to be more volatile and such securities tend to be less liquid than rated debt securities"

➢ **Risk factors associated with investing in Derivatives**

- The Scheme may use various derivative products as permitted by the Regulations. Use of derivatives requires an understanding of not only the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself. Other risks include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

- The Fund may use derivatives instruments like Stock Index Futures, Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or other derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines. Usage of derivatives will expose the Scheme to certain risks inherent to such derivatives.

- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always

be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

- Thus, derivatives are highly leveraged instruments. Even a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value. Also, the market for derivative instruments is nascent in India.

- The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

- The specific risk factors arising out of a derivative strategy used by the Fund Manager may be as below:
- Lack of opportunity available in the market.
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

➢ **Risk associated with Investing in money market instruments:**

a. **Interest Rate risk:** This risk is associated with movements in interest rate, which depend on various factors such as government borrowing, inflation, economic performance etc. The values of investments will appreciate/depreciate if the interest rates fall/rise.
b. **Credit risk:** This risk arises due to any uncertainty in counterparty's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations. This risk pertains to the risk of default of payment of principal and interest.
c. **Liquidity risk:** The liquidity of a security may change depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium linked to the price of the security. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid leading to loss in the value of the portfolio.

➢ **Risks associated with investing in CBLOs/ Government Securities:**

a. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the "Default Waterfall".

b. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members.

c. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

d. However, it may be noted that a member shall have the right to submit resignation from the membership of the CBLO/Security segment if it has taken a loss through replenishment of its contribution to the default fund for the segments and a loss threshold as notified have been reached. The maximum contribution of a member towards replenishment of its contribution to the default fund in the 7 days (30 days in case of securities segment) period immediately after the afore-mentioned loss threshold having been reached shall not exceed 5 times of its contribution to the Default Fund based on the last re-computation of the Default Fund or Rs.6,250 Crores whichever is lower.

➢ Risk Factors associated with investing in Securitized Debt

- A securitization transaction involves sale of receivables by the originator (a bank, non-banking finance company, housing finance company, or a manufacturing/service company) to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), typically set up in the form of a trust. Investors are issued rated Pass Through Certificates (PTCs), the proceeds of which are paid as consideration to the originator. In this manner, the originator, by selling his loan receivables to an SPV, receives consideration from investors much before the maturity of the underlying loans. Investors are paid from the collections of the underlying loans from borrowers. Typically, the transaction is provided with a limited amount of credit enhancement (as stipulated by the rating agency for a target rating), which provides protection to investors against defaults by the underlying borrowers. Generally available asset classes for securitization in India are:
  - Commercial vehicles
  - Auto and two wheeler pools
  - Mortgage pools (residential housing loans)
  - Personal loan, credit card and other retail loans
  - Corporate loans/receivables

In pursuance to SEBI communication dated: August 25, 2010, given below are the requisite details relating to investments in Securitized debt.

- Risk profile of securitized debt vis-à-vis risk appetite of the scheme

The Scheme aims to provide reasonable returns to investors with a long-term investment horizon. To ensure the scheme targets only long term investors, the scheme has exit loads of up to 1 year which acts as a deterrent to short term investors. Securitized debt instruments are relatively illiquid in the secondary market and hence they are generally held to maturity which would match with the long-term investment horizon of these investors. Investment in these instruments will help the fund in aiming at reasonable returns. These returns come with a certain degree of risks which are covered separately in the Scheme Information Document. Accordingly, the medium risk profile of the securitised debt instruments matches that of the prospective investors of these funds.

- Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.
- Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

For a complete understanding of the policy relating to selection of originators, we have first analysed below risks attached to a securitization transaction.

In terms of specific risks attached to securitization, each asset class would have different underlying risks, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates as an asset class. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates. As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher, which helps in making their overall risks comparable to other AAA/AA rated asset classes.

The Scheme may invest in securitized debt assets. These assets would be in the nature of Asset Backed securities (ABS) and Mortgage Backed securities (MBS) with underlying pool of assets and receivables like housing loans, auto loans and single corporate loan originators. The Scheme intends to invest in securitized instruments rated AAA/AA by a SEBI recognized credit rating agency.

Before entering into any securitization transaction, the risk is assessed based on the information generated from the following sources:
(1) Rating provided by the rating agency
(2) Assessment by the AMC

(1) Assessment by a Rating Agency

In its endeavor to assess the fundamental uncertainties in any securitization transaction, a credit rating agency normally takes into consideration following factors:

- **Credit Risk**

Credit risk forms a vital element in the analysis of securitization transaction. Adequate credit enhancements to cover defaults, even under stress scenarios, mitigate this risk. This is done by evaluating following risks:
- Asset risk
- Originator risk
- Portfolio risk
- Pool risks

The quality of the pool is a crucial element in assessing credit risk. In the Indian context, generally, pools are 'cherry-picked' using positive selection criteria. To protect the investor from adverse selection of pool contracts, the rating agencies normally take into consideration pool characteristics such as pool seasoning (seasoning represents the number of installments paid by borrower till date: higher seasoning represents better quality), over dues at the time of selection and Loan to Value (LTV). To assess its risk profile vis-à-vis the overall portfolio, the pool is analyzed with regard to geographical location, borrower profile, LTV, and tenure.

- **Counterparty Risk**

There are several counterparties in a securitization transaction, and their performance is crucial. Unlike in the case of credit risks, where the risks emanate from a diversified pool

of retail assets, counterparty risks result in either performance or non-performance. The rating agencies generally mitigate such risks through the usage of stringent counterparty selection and replacement criteria to reduce the risk of failure. The risks assessed under this category include:

- Servicer risk
- Commingling risk
- Miscellaneous other counterparty risks

- **Legal Risks**

The rating agency normally conducts a detailed study of the legal documents to ensure that the investors' interest is not compromised and relevant protection and safeguards are built into the transaction.

- **Market Risks**

Market risks represent risks not directly related to the transaction, but other market related factors, stated below, which could have an impact on transaction performance, or the value of the investments to the investors.

- Macro-economic risks
- Prepayment risks
- Interest rate risks

Other Risks associated with investment in securitized debt and mitigation measures

- **Limited Liquidity & Price Risk**

There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for the Certificates. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them.

Risk Mitigation: Securitized debt instruments are relatively illiquid in the secondary market and hence they are generally held to maturity. The liquidity risk and HTM nature is taken into consideration at the time of analyzing the appropriateness of the securitization.

- **Limited Recourse, Delinquency and Credit Risk**

The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and do not represent an obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts to the Certificate Holders may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of an Obligor to repay his obligation, the Servicer may repossess and sell the Asset. However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realise the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

Risk Mitigation: In addition to careful scrutiny of credit profile of borrower/pool additional security in the form of adequate cash collaterals and other securities may be obtained to ensure that they all qualify for similar rating.

- **Risks due to possible prepayments: Weighted Tenor / Yield**

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may arise under any of the following circumstances;

- Obligor pays the Receivable due from him at any time prior to the scheduled maturity date of that Receivable; or
- Receivable is required to be repurchased by the Seller consequent to its inability to rectify a material misrepresentation with respect to that Receivable; or
- The Servicer recognizing a contract as a defaulted contract and hence repossessing the underlying Asset and selling the same
- In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

Risk Mitigation: A certain amount of prepayments is assumed in the calculations at the time of purchase based on historical trends and estimates. Further a stress case estimate is calculated and additional margins are built in.

- **Bankruptcy of the Originator or Seller**

If originator becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the sale from originator to Trust was not a sale then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due. All possible care is generally taken in structuring the transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to Trust not being construed as a "True Sale". Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the assignment of Receivables to Trust in trust for and for the benefit of the Investors, as envisaged herein, would constitute a true sale.

Risk Mitigation: Normally, specific care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'. It is also in the interest of the originator to demonstrate the transaction as a true sell to get the necessary revenue recognition and tax benefits.

- **Bankruptcy of the Investor's Agent**

If Investor's agent becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the recourse of Investor's Agent to the assets/receivables is not in its capacity as agent/Trustee but in its personal capacity, then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due under the swap agreement. All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent. Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the Investors Agent's recourse to assets/receivables is restricted in its capacity as agent and trustee and not in its personal capacity.

Risk Mitigation: All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent.

- **Credit Rating of the Transaction / Certificate**

The credit rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Certificate in as much as the ratings do not comment on the market price of the Certificate or its suitability to a particular investor. There is no assurance by the rating agency either that the rating will remain at the same level for any given period of time or that the rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency.

- **Risk of Co-mingling**

With respect to the Certificates, the Servicer will deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of originator. If originator in its capacity as Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss.

(2) Assessment by the AMC

Mapping of structures based on underlying assets and perceived risk profile

The scheme will invest in securitized debt originated by Banks, NBFCs and other issuers of investment grade credit quality and established track record. The AMC will evaluate following factors, while investing in securitized debt:

- **Originator**

Acceptance Evaluation Parameters (For Pool Loan and Single Loan Securitization Transactions)

- **Track record**

The AMC ensures that there is adequate past track record of the Originator before selection of the pool including a detailed look at the number of issuances in past, track record of issuances, experience of issuance team, etc.

- **Willingness to pay**

As the securitized structure has underlying collateral structure, depending on the asset class, historical NPA trend and other pool / loan characteristics, a credit enhancement in the form of cash collateral, such as fixed deposit, bank, guarantee etc. is obtained, as a risk mitigation measure.

- **Ability to pay**

This assessment is based on a strategic framework for credit analysis, which entails a detailed financial risk assessment.

Management analysis is used for identifying company specific financial risks. One of the most important factors for assessment is the quality of management based on its past track record and feedback from market participants. In order to assess financial risk a broad assessment of the issuer's financial statements is undertaken to review its ability to undergo stress on cash flows and asset quality. Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:

- Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)

- Outlook for the industry
- Company specific factors

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the company as well as agency

Critical Evaluation Parameters (For Pool Loan and Single Loan Securitization Transactions)

Typically the AMC would avoid investing in securitization transaction (without specific risk mitigant strategies / additional cash/security collaterals/ guarantees) if there are concerns on the following issues regarding the originator / underlying issuer:

- High default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants
- High leverage ratios – both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level
- Higher proportion of reschedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be
- Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be
- Poor reputation in market
- Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be.

Advantages of Investments in Single Loan Securitized Debt

- Wider Coverage: A Single Loan Securitized Debt market offers a more diverse range of issues / exposures as the Banks / NBFCs lend to larger base of borrowers.
- Credit Assessment: Better credit assessment of the underlying exposure as the Banks / NBFCs ideally co-invest in the same structure or take some other exposure on the same borrower in some other form.
- Better Structuring : Single Loan Securitized Debt investments facilitates better structuring than investments in plain vanilla debt instruments as it is governed by Securitization guidelines issued by RBI.
- Better Legal documentation: Single Loan Securitized Debt structures involve better legal documentation than Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) investments.
- End use of funds: Securitized debt has better standards of disclosures as well as limitation on end use of funds as compared to NCD investments wherein the end use is general corporate purpose.
- Yield enhancer: Single Loan Securitized Debt investments give higher returns as compared to NCD investments in same corporate exposure.
- Regulator supervision: Macro level supervision from RBI in Securitization Investments as compared to NCD investments.
- Tighter covenants: Single Loan Securitized Debt structures involve tighter financial covenants than NCD investments.

Disadvantages of Investments in Single Loan Securitized Debt

- Liquidity risk: Investments in Single Loan Securitized Debts have relatively less liquidity as compared to investments in NCDs.
- Co-mingling risk: Servicers in a securitization transaction normally deposit all payments received from the obligors into a collection account. However, there

could be a time gap between collection by a servicer and depositing the same into the collection account. In this interim period, collections from the loan agreements by the servicer may not be segregated from other funds of the servicer. If the servicer fails to remit such funds due to investors, investors in the Schemes may be exposed to a potential loss.

Table below illustrates the framework that will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools	Personal Loans
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	36-120 months	12- 60 months	12-60 months	15-48 months	15-80 weeks	5 months - 3 years
Collateral margin (including cash ,guarantees, excess interest spread , subordinate tranche)	3-10%	4-12%	4-13%	4-15%	5-15%	5-15%
Average Loan to Value Ratio	75%-95%	80%-98%	75%-95%	70%-95%	Unsecured	Unsecured
Average seasoning of the Pool	3-5 months	3-6 months	3-6 months	3-5 months	2-7 weeks	1-5 months
Maximum single exposure range	4-5%	3-4%	NA (Retail Pool)	NA (Retail Pool)	NA (Very Small Retail loan)	NA (Retail Pool)
Average single exposure range %	0.5%-3%	0.5%-3%	<1% of the Fund size	<1% of the Fund size	<1% of the Fund size	<1% of the Fund size

Notes:

1. Retail pools are the loan pools relating to Car, 2 wheeler, micro finance and personal loans, wherein the average loan size is relatively small and spread over large number of borrowers.

2. Information illustrated in the Tables above, is based on the current scenario relating to Securitized Debt market and is subject to change depending upon the change in the related factors.

3. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

4. Majority of our securitized debt investments shall be in asset backed pools wherein we'll have underlying assets as Medium and Heavy Commercial Vehicles, Light Commercial Vehicles (LCV), Cars, and Construction Equipment etc. Where we invest in Single Loan Securitization, as the credit is on the underlying issuer, we focus on the credit review of the borrower. A credit analyst sets up limit for various issuers based on independent research taking into account their historical track record, prevailing rating and current financials.

In addition to the framework as per the table above, we also take into account following factors, which are analyzed to ensure diversification of risk and measures identified for less diversified investments:

- **Size of the Loan:** We generally analyze the size of each loan on a sample basis and analyze a static pool of the originator to ensure the same matches the Static pool characteristics. Also indicates whether there is excessive reliance on very small ticket size, which may result in difficult and costly recoveries. To illustrate, the ticket size of housing loans is generally higher than that of personal loans. Hence in the construction of a housing loan asset pool for say Rs.1,00,00,000/- it may be easier to construct a pool with just 10 housing loans of Rs.10,00,000 each rather than to construct a pool of personal loans as the ticket size of personal loans may rarely exceed Rs.5,00,000/- per individual. Also to amplify this illustration further, if one were to construct a pool of Rs.1,00,00,000/- consisting of personal loans of Rs.1,00,000/- each, the larger number of contracts (100 as against one of 10 housing loans of Rs.10 lakh each) automatically diversifies the risk profile of the pool as compared to a housing loan based asset pool.

- **Average Original Maturity of the Pool:** indicates the original repayment period and whether the loan tenors are in line with industry averages and borrower's repayment capacity. To illustrate, in a car pool consisting of 60-month contracts, the original maturity and the residual maturity of the pool viz. number of remaining installments to be paid gives a better idea of the risk of default of the pool itself. If in a pool of 100 car loans having original maturity of 60 months, if more than 70% of the contracts have paid more than 50% of the installments and if no default has been observed in such contracts, this is a far superior portfolio than a similar car loan pool where 80% of the contracts have not even crossed 5 installments.

- **Default Rate Distribution:** We generally ensure that all the contracts in the pools are current to ensure zero default rate distribution. Indicates how much % of the pool and overall portfolio of the originator is current, how much is in 0-30 DPD (days past due), 30-60 DPD, 60-90 DPD and so on. The rationale here being, as against 0-30 DPD, the 60-90 DPD is certainly a higher risk category.

- **Geographical Distribution:** Regional/state/ branch distribution is preferred to avoid concentration of assets in a particular region/state/branch.

- **Loan to Value Ratio:** Indicates how much % value of the asset is financed by borrower's own equity. The lower LTV, the better it is. This Ratio stems from the principle that where the borrowers own contribution of the asset cost is high, the chances of default are lower. To illustrate for a Truck costing Rs.20 lakhs, if the borrower has himself contributed Rs.10 lakh and has taken only Rs.10 lakh as a loan, he is going to have lesser propensity to default as he would lose an asset worth Rs.20 lakhs if he defaults in repaying an installment. This is as against a borrower who may meet only

Rs.2 lakh out of his own equity for a truck costing Rs.20 lakh. Between the two scenarios given above, the latter would have higher risk of default than the former.

- **Average seasoning of the pool:** indicates whether borrowers have already displayed repayment discipline. To illustrate, in the case of a personal loan, if a pool of assets consist of those who have already repaid 80% of the installments without default, this certainly is a superior asset pool than one where only 10% of installments have been paid. In the former case, the portfolio has already demonstrated that the repayment discipline is far higher.

- **Risk Tranching:** Typically, we would avoid investing in mezzanine debt or equity of Securitized debt in the form of sub ordinate tranche, without specific risk mitigant strategies / additional cash / security collaterals/ guarantees, etc.

➢ **Risk Factors associated with Securities Lending and borrowing**

- Securities lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed.

- Subject to the Regulations and the applicable guidelines, the Scheme(s) there under may, if the Trustee permits, engage in stock lending. Stock lending means the lending of stock to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The securities lent will be returned by the borrower on expiry of the stipulated period. The Scheme, under normal circumstances, shall not have exposure of more than 50% of its net assets in stock lending. The Scheme(s) may also not lend more than 50% of its net assets to any one intermediary to whom securities will be lent. The AMC shall report to the Trustee on a quarterly basis as to the level of lending in terms of value, volume and the names of the intermediaries and the earnings/losses arising out of the transactions, the value of collateral security offered etc. The Trustees shall offer their comments on the above aspect in the report filed with SEBI under sub-regulation 23(a) of Regulation 18.

- The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary.

- The Scheme may not be able to sell lent out securities, which can lead to temporary illiquidity & loss of opportunity.

➢ **Risk Factors associated with investments in Gilt Securities**

- Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when

interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in interest rates. Price-risk is not unique to government securities but is true for all fixed income securities. The default risk however, in respect of Government securities is zero. Therefore, their prices are influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system. On the other hand, in the case of corporate or institutional fixed income securities, such as bonds or debentures, prices are influenced by credit standing of the issuer as well as the general level of interest rates.

- Even though the Government securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.

➢ **Risks associated with investments in ADRs/ GDRs/ Foreign Securities**

Since the Scheme would invest only partially in ADRs/GDRs/overseas securities, there may not be readily available and widely accepted benchmarks to measure performance of the Scheme.

To manage risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate exposure, the Fund may use derivatives for efficient portfolio management including hedging and in accordance with conditions as may be stipulated by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

To the extent that the assets of the Scheme will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by the changes in the value of certain foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee.

The repatriation of capital also may be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls or political circumstances as well as the application to it of the other restrictions on investment.

Investors are requested to note that the costs associated with overseas investments like advisory fees (other than those expenses permissible under regulation 52 of SEBI Regulations) would not be borne by the scheme.

- **Currency Risk:**

Moving from Indian Rupee (INR) to any other currency entails currency risk. To the extent that the assets of the Scheme(s) will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes in the value of certain foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee.

- **Interest Rate Risk:**

The pace and movement of interest rate cycles of various countries, though loosely co-related, can differ significantly. Hence by investing in securities of countries other than India, the Scheme(s) stand exposed to their interest rate cycles.

- **Credit Risk:**

This is substantially reduced since the SEBI (MF) Regulations stipulate investments only in debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered

credit rating agency.

To manage risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate exposure, the Mutual Fund may use derivatives for efficient portfolio management including hedging and in accordance with conditions as may be stipulated by SEBI / RBI from time to time.

3. Risk Mitigation Strategies:

- The Fund by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in equity and debt markets. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools.

- The Fund has identified following risks of investing in equity and debt securities and designed risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage such risks.

RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

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Risks associated with Debt investment	
Market Risk/ Interest Rate Risk As with all debt securities, changes in interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby to possible movements in the NAV.	The Scheme will undertake the active portfolio management as per the investment objective to reduce the marker risk. In a rising interest rates scenario the Scheme will increase its investment in money market securities whereas if the interest rates are expected to fall the allocation to debt securities with longer maturity will be increased thereby mitigating risk to that extent.
Liquidity or Marketability Risk This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM).	The Scheme may invest in government securities, corporate bonds and money market instruments. While the liquidity risk for government securities, money market instruments and short maturity corporate bonds may be low, it may be high in case of medium to long maturity corporate bonds. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed income market. The Scheme will however, endeavor to minimise liquidity risk by investing in securities having a liquid market.
Credit Risk Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e., will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security).	Management analysis will be used for identifying company specific risks. Management's past track record will also be studied. In order to assess financial risk a detailed assessment of the issuer's financial statements will be undertaken to review its ability to undergo stress on cash flows and asset quality. A detailed evaluation of accounting policies, off-balance sheet exposures, notes, auditors' comments and disclosure standards will also be made to assess the overall financial risk of the potential borrower. In case of securitized debt instruments, the Scheme will ensure that these instruments are sufficiently backed by assets.
Reinvestment Risk This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme are reinvested The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.	Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of coupons received on debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the portfolio value.

Derivatives Risk As and when the Scheme trades in the derivatives market there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives since derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analyses different from those associated with stocks and bonds. There is the possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.	The Scheme has provision for using derivative instruments for portfolio balancing and hedging purposes. Interest Rate Swaps will be done with approved counter parties under pre-approved ISDA agreements. Mark to Market of swaps, netting off of cash flow and default provision clauses will be provided as per international best practice on a reciprocal basis. Interest rate swaps and other derivative instruments will be used as per local (RBI and SEBI) regulatory guidelines.
Risks associated with Equity investments	
Concentration Risk Concentration risk represents the probability of loss arising from heavily lopsided exposure to a particular group of sectors or securities.	The Scheme will try and mitigate this risk by investing in sufficiently large number of companies so as to maintain optimum diversification and keep stock-specific concentration risk relatively low.
Market Risk The Scheme are vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the Scheme, which could have a material bearing on the overall returns from the Scheme.	Market risk is a risk which is inherent to an equity Scheme. The Scheme may use derivatives to limit this risk.
Liquidity risk The liquidity of the Scheme's investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes in the securities in which it invests.	As such the liquidity of some of the stocks that the Scheme invests into could be relatively low. The fund will try to maintain a proper asset-liability match to ensure redemption payments are made on time and not affected by illiquidity of the underlying stocks.
Derivatives Risk As and when the Scheme trades in the derivatives market there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives since derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analyses different from those associated with stocks and bonds.	Derivatives will be used for the purpose of hedging/ portfolio balancing purposes or to improve performance and manage risk efficiently. Derivatives will be used in the form of Index Options, Index Futures, Stock Options and Stock Futures and other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI. All derivatives trade will be done only on the exchange with guaranteed settlement. No OTC contracts will be entered into.

Currency Risk The Scheme will invest in foreign securities as permitted by the concerned regulatory authorities in India. Since the assets will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currency (US$), the INR equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes / fluctuations in the value of the foreign currencies relative to the INR.	The Scheme subject to applicable regulations, shall have the option to enter into forward contracts for the purposes of hedging against the foreign exchange fluctuations. The Scheme may employ various measures (as permitted by SEBI/RBI) including but not restricted to currency hedging (such as currency options and forward currency exchange contracts, currency futures, written call options and purchased put options on currencies and currency swaps), to manage foreign exchange movements arising out of investment in foreign securities.

B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. In case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable NAV on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS, if any

- **Investors in the Scheme are not being offered any guaranteed returns.**
- **Investors are advised to consult their Legal /Tax and other Professional Advisors in regard to tax/legal implications relating to their investments in the Plan/s and before making decision to invest in or redeem the Units.**
- **Investors are urged to study the terms of the SID carefully before investing in the Scheme, and to retain this SID for future reference.**

D. DEFINITIONS

Asset Management Company or AMC or Investment Manager	ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited, the Asset Management Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, and registered with SEBI to act as an Investment Manager for the Scheme of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund.
Applicable NAV for purchase including switch-ins	**For Purchase transactions** **1. Amount of Rs.2 lakhs and above:** • Closing NAV of the same day on which application is

	received if: ➢ valid applications received up to 3.00 p.m, by the Mutual Fund along with a local cheque or a demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received and ➢ the subscription amount is credited to the bank account of the scheme before 3.00 p.m. and ➢ the subscription amount is available for utilisation before 3.00 pm. If any of the above condition is not satisfied on the date of receipt of application, application will be processed at the closing NAV of the same day on which all the above conditions are satisfied. **2. Amount is less than Rs.2 lakhs:** ➢ In respect of valid applications received up to 3.00 p.m, by the Mutual Fund along with a local cheque or a demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received, the closing NAV of the day on which application is received shall be applicable. ➢ In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m, by the Mutual Fund along with a local cheque or a demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable. **For Switch-ins for transaction amount equal to and above Rs. 2 lakhs:** a) Application for switch-in is received before 3.00 p.m. b) Funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase as per the switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the switch-in income/debt oriented Scheme and Plans. c) The funds are available for utilisation before 3.00 p.m, by the switch-in income/debt oriented Scheme and Plans. **For Switch-ins for transaction amount less than Rs. 2 lakhs:** a) In respect of valid transaction received up to 3.00 p.m, by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the day on which transaction is received shall be applicable. In respect of valid transaction received after 3.00 p.m, by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of next business day shall be applicable.
Applicable NAV for redemption	In respect of valid applications received up to the cut-off time by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable. In respect of valid applications received after the cut off time by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.
ARN Code	(AMFI Registration Number) Broker Code or Distributor Code
Business Day	A day other than: (i) Saturday and Sunday; (ii) a day on which the Banks in Mumbai or BSE or NSE or RBI are closed; (iii) a day

	on which there is no Bank clearing/ settlement of securities or (iv) a day on which the Sale and Redemption of Units is suspended by the Trustee/AMC. However, AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a non-business day at any of its locations at its sole discretion.
Custodian	**HDFC Bank Limited** acting as Custodian for the Scheme. For further details, investors are requested to refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI) available on the website of the AMC. **Citibank N.A.** acts as a Custodian for overseas securities. The Custodian of the Scheme has been approved by the Trustees.
Depository	A depository as defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 and includes National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Securities Depository Limited (CDSL).
Depository Participant/ DP	Depository Participant (DP) is an agent of the Depository who acts like an intermediary between the Depository and the investors. DP is an entity who is registered with SEBI to offer depository-related services.
Dividend	Income distributed by the Mutual Fund on the Units.
Entry Load	Load on purchase of units
Exit Load	Load on redemption of units
Foreign Portfolio Investor	"Foreign portfolio investor" means a person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under regulation 4 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014. Any foreign institutional investor or qualified foreign investor who holds a valid certificate of registration shall be deemed to be a foreign portfolio investor till the expiry of the block of three years for which fees have been paid as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995.
Foreign Securities	American Depository Receipt (ADRs)/ Global Depository Receipt (GDRs) issued by Indian or Foreign companies, Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas, Initial Public Offer (IPO) and Follow on Public Offerings (FPO) for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas, Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies, Money market instruments rated not below investment grade, Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade, Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities, Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade, units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds registered with overseas regulators and investing in aforesaid securities or Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas, unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets) or such other security / instrument as stipulated by SEBI/RBI / other Regulatory Authority from time to time.

Government Securities	A Government security is a tradable instrument issued by the Central Government or the State Governments. It acknowledges the Government's debt obligation. Such securities are short term (usually called treasury bills, with original maturities of less than one year) or long term (usually called Government bonds or dated securities with original maturity of one year or more). In India, the Central Government issues both, treasury bills and bonds or dated securities while the State Governments issue only bonds or dated securities, which are called the State Development Loans (SDLs).
ICICI Bank	ICICI Bank Limited
Investment Management Agreement	The Agreement dated September 03, 1993 entered into between ICICI Prudential Trust Limited and ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited as amended from time to time.
Scheme Information Document	This document issued by ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund Limited, offering for subscription of Units , offering Units of Scheme (including Plans and Options there under).
"InvIT" or "Infrastructure Investment Trust"	"InvIT" or "Infrastructure Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (za) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014;
Money Market Instruments	Commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bill and any other like instruments as specified by the- Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
NAV	Net Asset Value of the Units of the Scheme and options there under calculated on every business day in the manner provided in this Scheme Information Document or as may be prescribed by the Regulations from time to time.
Non Business Day	A day other than a Business Day
NRI	Non - Resident Indian
Offer Document	This Scheme Information Document (SID) and Statement of Additional Information (SAI) (collectively)
Public Sector undertaking	A Sector Undertaking (PSU) means a company in which not less than fifty-one per cent of the paid-up share capital is held by either the Central Government, or by any State Government (s) or partly by the Central Government and partly by one or more State Governments and includes a company which is a subsidiary of a Government company as thus defined. **or** A PSU is a company in which the Central Government or one or more State Government (s) either singly or together, exercise control over management or exercise power to appoint majority of directors.
Prudential	Prudential plc of the U.K. and includes, wherever the context so requires, its wholly owned subsidiary Prudential Corporation Holdings Limited.
"REIT" or "Real Estate Investment Trust"	"REIT" or "Real Estate Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (zm) of sub-regulation 1 of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Real Estate Investment

	Trusts) Regulations, 2014;
RBI	Reserve Bank of India, established under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, as amended from time to time.
R & TA/ R & T Agent / Registrar & Transfer Agent	Computer Age Management Services Pvt. Ltd. The Registrar is registered with SEBI under registration No: INR000002813. As Registrar to the Scheme, CAMS will handle communications with investors, perform data entry services and dispatch Account Statements. The AMC and the Trustee have satisfied themselves that the Registrar can provide the services required and have adequate facilities and the system capabilities.
SEBI	Securities and Exchange Board of India established under Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as amended from time to time.
Sponsors	ICICI Bank Ltd & Prudential plc
The Fund or the Mutual Fund	ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882. The Fund is registered with SEBI vide Registration No.MF00393/6 dated October 13, 1993 as ICICI Mutual Fund and has obtained approval from SEBI for change in name to ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund vide SEBI's letter dated April 02, 2007.
The Trustee	ICICI Prudential Trust Limited, a company set up under the Companies Act, 1956, and approved by SEBI to act as the Trustee for the Scheme of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund.
The Regulations/SEBI Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time.
Trust Deed	The Trust Deed dated August 25, 1993 establishing ICICI Mutual Fund, (subsequently renamed ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund) as amended from time to time.
Trust Fund	Amounts settled/contributed by the Sponsors towards the corpus of the ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund and additions/accretions thereto.
Unit	The interest of an Investor, which consists of, one undivided shares in the Net Assets of the Scheme.
Unit holder	A participant/holder of units in the Scheme offered under this Scheme Information Document.
Words and Expressions used in this Scheme Information Document and not defined	Same meaning as in Regulations.

B. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

(i) the Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.

(ii) all legal requirements connected with the launching of the scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.

(iii) the disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed scheme.

(iv) the intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 30, 2017

Sd/-
SupriyaSapre
Head – Compliance and Legal

Note: The Due Diligence Certificate dated May 30, 2017 as stated above was submitted to SEBI.

SECTION II - INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME – An Open Ended Income Scheme

B. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME?

To generate regular income through investments primarily in debt and money market instruments. As a secondary objective, the Scheme also seeks to generate long term capital appreciation from the portion of equity investments under the Scheme.

However, there can be no assurance that the Investment Objective of the Scheme will be realized.

C. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Type of Security	Indicative allocation (% of corpus) under normal circumstances		Risk Profile
Particulars	**Maximum**	**Minimum**	**High/Medium/Low**
Debt securities, Money Market instruments, securitised debt & Cash	100%	85%	Low to Medium
Equities & Equity related securities	15%	0%	Medium to high

If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 30% of the corpus of the Scheme. The investments in central and state government securities will be in normal circumstances limited to 50% of the net assets of the Scheme.

- It may be noted that no prior intimation/indication would be given to investors when the composition/asset allocation pattern under the Scheme undergo changes within the permitted band as indicated above or for changes due to defensive positioning of the portfolio with a view to protect the interest of the unit holders on a temporary basis. The investors/unit holders can ascertain details of asset allocation of the scheme as on the last date of each month on AMC's website at www.icicipruamc.com that will display the asset allocation of the scheme as on the given day.
- Investors may note that securities, which provide higher returns, typically, display higher volatility. Accordingly, the investment portfolio of the Scheme which invests some portion in equity would reflect moderate to high volatility in its equity and equity related investments and low to moderate volatility in its debt and money market investments.
- The securities mentioned in the asset allocation pattern could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured or unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The securities may be acquired through secondary market purchases, Initial Public Offering (IPO), other public offers, Private Placement, right offers (including renunciation) and negotiated deals.
- The cumulative gross exposure should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Change in Investment Pattern

Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and defensive considerations.

Provided further and subject to the above, any change in the asset allocation affecting the investment profile of the Scheme shall be effected only in accordance with the provisions of sub regulation (15A) of Regulation 18 of the Regulations, as detailed later in this document.

D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested predominantly in debt and money market instruments and to a lesser extent in equity and equity related instruments. Subject to the Regulations, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

1) Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
2) Securities guaranteed by the Central, State Governments and local governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
3) Fixed Income Securities of domestic government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee
4) Corporate debt (of both public and private sector undertakings)
5) Securities of banks (both public and private sector) including term deposit with the banks as permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time and development financial institutions
6) Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year
7) Certificate of Deposits (CDs)
8) Commercial Paper (CPs)
9) Securitised Debt
10) The non-convertible part of convertible securities
11) Bills of Exchange / Promissory Notes
12) Any other domestic fixed income securities
13) Equity and equity related securities including Indian Depository Receipts (IDRs), convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares.
14) ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian Companies, subject to the guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India and Securities and Exchange Board of India.
15) Derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Stock Index Futures / Options and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI.

The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it as per the guidelines and regulations applicable to such transactions. Further, the Scheme intend to participate in securities lending as permitted under the Regulations.

E. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

i) Fixed Income securities:

The AMC aims to identify securities which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks rigorous in depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in will be carried out by the Risk team of the AMC. The credit evaluation includes a study of the operating environment of the issuer, the past track record as well as the future prospects of the issuer, the short as well as longer term financial health of the issuer. Rated debt instruments in which the Scheme invests will be of investment grade as rated by a credit rating agency. The AMC will be guided by the ratings of such Rating Agencies as approved by SEBI to carry out the functioning of Rating agencies. In case a debt instrument is not rated, such investments shall be made by the Board of Trustees and the Board of Asset Management Company or by an internal committee constituted by AMC to approve the investment in un-rated debt securities in terms of the parameters approved by the Board of Trustees and the Board of Asset Management Company.

In addition, the investment team of the AMC will study the macro economic conditions, including the political, economic environment and factors affecting liquidity and interest rates. The AMC would use this analysis to attempt to predict the likely direction of interest rates and position the portfolio appropriately to take advantage of the same.

ii) Equities:

For the equity portion of the corpus, the AMC intends to invest in stocks, which are bought, typically with a one-year time horizon. Stock specific risk will be minimized by investing only in those companies that have been thoroughly analyzed by the Fund Management team at the AMC.

The AMC will also monitor and control maximum exposure to any one stock or one sector. The Scheme may also use various derivatives and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted by SEBI, in an attempt to protect the value of the portfolio and enhance Unitholders' interest.

The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations. As per the Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments.

For the present, the Scheme does not intend to enter into underwriting obligations. However, if the Scheme does enter into an underwriting agreement, it would do so after complying with the Regulations and with the prior approval of the Board of the AMC/Trustee.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio turnover is defined as the lower of purchases and sales after reducing all subscriptions and redemptions and derivative transactions there from and calculated as a percentage of the average assets under management of the Scheme during a specified period of time.

POSITION OF EQUITY MARKET IN INDIA

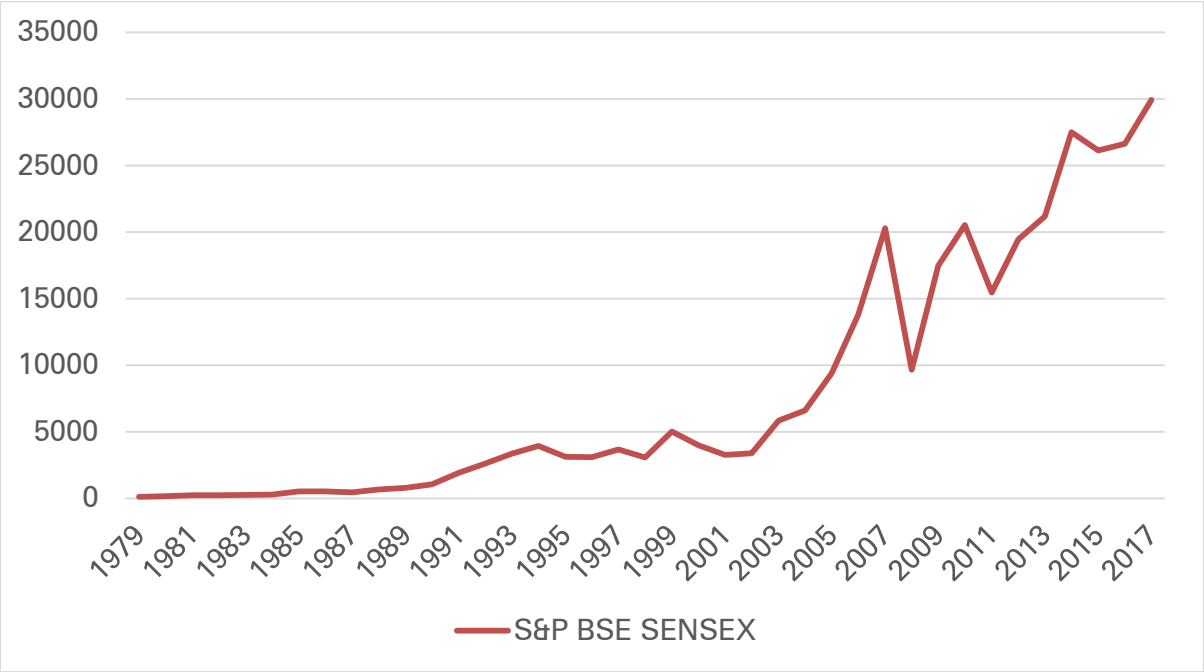
The Indian stock market is the world's third largest stock market on the basis of investor base and has a collective pool of about 20 million investors.

There are two leading stock exchanges in India, i.e. BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). BSE was established in 1875 and is the oldest stock exchange in Asia. NSE, a more recent establishment which came into existence in 1992, is the largest and most advanced stock market in India and is also the third biggest stock exchange in Asia in terms of transactions. It is among the 5 biggest stock exchanges in the world in terms of transactions volume. NSE's flagship index, NIFTY 50, is used extensively by investors in India and around the world to take exposure to the Indian equities market.

BSE has the largest number of scrips which are listed. The Indian stock market scene really picked up after the opening up of the economy in the early nineties. NSE changed the way the Indian markets function, in the early nineties, by replacing floor based trading with nationwide screen based electronic trading, which took trading to the doorstep of the investor. NSE was mainly set up to bring in transparency in the markets. Instead of trading membership being confined to a group of brokers, NSE ensured that anyone who was qualified, experienced and met minimum financial requirements was allowed to trade. The price information which could earlier be accessed only by a handful of people could now be seen by a client in a remote location with the same ease. The paper based settlement was replaced by electronic depository based accounts and settlement of trades was always done on time. One of the most critical changes was that a robust risk management system was set in place, so that settlement guarantees could protect investors against broker defaults. The corporate governance rules were gradually put in place which initiated the process of bringing the listed companies at a uniform level.

Since inception, NSE and BSE have launched many indices, tracking various sectors and market capitalisation.
Recently, the capital market regulator, SEBI granted license to MCX to become to become a full-fledged stock exchange.

Movement of S&P BSE Sensex Index since inception:*



*Source for the chart is www.bseindia.com and the data is as on April 28, 2017

POSITION OF DEBT MARKET IN INDIA

Indian debt markets, in the early nineties, were characterised by controls on pricing of assets, segmentation of markets and barriers to entry, low levels of liquidity, limited number of players, near lack of transparency, and high transactions cost. Financial reforms have significantly changed the Indian debt markets for the better. Most debt instruments are now priced freely on the markets; trading mechanisms have been altered to provide for higher levels of transparency, higher liquidity, and lower transactions costs; new participants have entered the markets, broad basing the types of players in the markets; methods of security issuance, and innovation in the structure of instruments have taken place; and there has been a significant improvement in the dissemination of market information. There are three main segments in the debt markets in India, viz., Government Securities, Public Sector Units (PSU) bonds, and corporate securities. A bulk of the debt market consists of Government Securities. Other instruments available currently include Corporate Debentures, Bonds issued by Financial Institutions, Commercial Paper, Certificates of Deposits and Securitized Debt. Securities in the Debt market typically vary based on their tenure and rating. Government Securities have tenures from one year to thirty years whereas the maturity period of the Corporate Debt now goes upto sixty years and more (perpetual). Perpetual bonds are now issued by banks as well. Securities may be both listed and unlisted and there is increasing trend of securities of maturities of over one year being listed by issuers. While in the corporate bond market, deals are conducted over telephone and are entered on principal-to-principal basis, due to the introduction of the Reserve Bank of India's NDS- Order Matching system a significant proportion of the government securities market is trading on the new system.

The yields and liquidity on various securities as on April 28, 2017 are as under:

Issuer	Instrument	Maturity	Yields (%)	Liquidity
GOI	Treasury Bill	91 days	6.18%	High

GOI	Treasury Bill	364 days	6.41%	High
GOI	Short Dated	1-3 Yrs	6.48%-6.82%	High
GOI	Medium Dated	3-5 Yrs	6.82%-7.01%	High
GOI	Long Dated	5-10 Yrs	7.01%-7.36%	High
Corporates	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	1-3 Yrs	7.08%-7.60%	Medium
Corporates	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	3-5 Yrs	7.60%- 7.71%	Low to medium
Corporates	CDs (A1+)	3 months	6.35%	Medium to High
Corporates	CPs (A1+)	3 months	6.75%	Medium to High

POSITION OF G-SEC MARKET IN INDIA

The Government Securities (G-Secs) market is the oldest and the largest component of the Indian debt market in terms of market capitalization, outstanding securities and trading volumes. The G-Secs market plays a vital role in the Indian economy as it provides the benchmark for determining the level of interest rates in the country through the yields on the government securities which are referred to as the risk-free rate of return in any economy.

The Government securities market has witnessed significant changes during the past decade. Introduction of an electronic screen based trading system, dematerialized holding, straight through processing, establishment of the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) as the central counterparty (CCP) for guaranteed settlement, new instruments, and changes in the legal environment are some of the major aspects that have contributed to the rapid development of the market.

Major players in the Government securities market include commercial banks and primary dealers besides institutional investors like insurance companies. Primary Dealers play an important role as market makers in Government securities market. Other participants include co-operative banks, regional rural banks, mutual funds, provident and pension funds. Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs) are allowed to participate in the Government securities market within the quantitative limits prescribed from time to time. Corporates also buy/ sell the government securities to manage their overall portfolio risk.

Over the years, there have been new products introduced by the RBI like zero coupon bonds, floating rate bonds, inflation indexed bonds, etc.

Fixed Income securities

The AMC aims to identify securities, which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks rigorous in depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in will be carried out by the Risk team of the AMC. The credit evaluation includes a study of the operating environment of the issuer, the past track record as well as the future prospects of the issuer, the short as well as longer-term financial health of the issuer. Rated debt instruments in which the Scheme invests will be of investment grade as rated by a credit rating agency. The AMC will be guided by the ratings of such Rating Agencies as approved by SEBI to carry out the functioning of Rating agencies, for this purpose. In case a debt instrument is not rated, such investments shall be made by the Board of Trustees and the Board of Asset Management Company or by an internal committee constituted by AMC to approve the investment in

un-rated debt securities in terms of the parameters approved by the Board of Trustees and the Board of Asset Management Company.

In addition, the investment team of the AMC will study the macro economic conditions, including the political, economic environment and factors affecting liquidity and interest rates. The AMC would use this analysis to attempt to predict the likely direction of interest rates and position the portfolio appropriately to take advantage of the same.

The Scheme could invest in Fixed Income Securities issued by government, quasi government entities, corporate issuers, structured notes and various other institutions in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme as permitted by SEBI from time to time.

Procedure followed for Investment decisions

a) The Fund Manager of the scheme is responsible for making buy/sell decisions in respect of the securities in the scheme portfolios.

b) The AMC has an Internal Investment Committee comprising the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, the Chief Investment Officer (CIO) - Fixed Income, the CIO - Equity, Head – Research, Portfolio Managers and Credit Analysts who meet at periodic intervals. The Investment Committee, at its meetings, reviews the performance of the Plans and general market outlook and formulates broad investment strategy. The Managing Director attends the meeting at his discretion.

c) The CIO who chairs the Investment Committee Meetings guides the deliberations at Investment Committee. He, on an ongoing basis, reviews the portfolios of the Plans and gives directions to the respective fund managers, where considered necessary. It is the ultimate responsibility of the CIO to ensure that the investments are made as per the internal/Regulatory guidelines, Scheme investment objectives and in the best interest of the unitholders of the respective Scheme.

d) The Managing Director makes a presentation to the Board of AMC at each of its meetings indicating the performance of the Scheme.

e) The performance of the Scheme will be benchmarked against its respective benchmark. The Trustee reserves right to change the benchmark for performance of any of the Scheme by suitable notification to the investors to this effect.

f) The Managing Director brings to the notice of the Board specific factors, if any, which are impacting the performance of any individual Scheme. The Board on consideration of all relevant factors may, if necessary, give directions to AMC. Similarly, the performance of the Scheme is submitted to the Trustees. The Managing Director explains to the Trustees the details on Scheme' performance vis-à-vis the benchmark returns.

g) Subsequent to the issue of Circular No.MFD/CIR/9/120/2000 dated November 24, 2000, the Board has constituted a Committee to approve the investment in un-rated debt securities. All such investments, as and when are made, will be placed before the Board of Directors of AMC for its review. Also such investments are approved by the Board of Trustees.

h) The AMC has been recording investment decisions since the receipt of instructions from SEBI, in terms of SEBI's circular no. MFD/CIR/6/73/2000 dated July 27, 2000.

i) The Chief Executive Officer of the AMC shall ensure that the mutual fund complies with all the provisions of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time, including all guidelines, circulars issued in relation thereto from time to time and that the investments made by the fund managers are in the interest of the unit holders and shall also be responsible for the overall risk management function of the mutual fund.

j) The Fund managers shall ensure that the funds of the Scheme are invested to achieve the investment objectives of the Scheme and in the interest of the unit holders.

EXPOSURE TO DERIVATIVES

Equity derivatives:

The Scheme will comply with provisions specified in Circular dated August 18, 2010 related to overall exposure limits applicable for derivative transactions as stated below:

1) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.
2) Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
3) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.
4) Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
5) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:

a. Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
b. Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point 1.
c. Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
d. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

6) Mutual Funds may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the Scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
7) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point 1.

The following section describes some of the more common equity derivatives transactions long with their benefits:

1. Basic Structure of a Stock & Index Future

The Stock Index futures are instruments designed to give exposure to the equity markets indices.

BSE Limited (BSE) and The National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) provide futures in select stocks and indices with maturities of 1, 2 and 3 months. The pricing of a stock/index future is the function of the underlying stock/index and short term interest rates.

Example using hypothetical figures:
1 month Nifty 50 Index Future
Say, Fund buys 1,000 futures contracts; each contract value is 75 times futures index price
Purchase Date: April 14, 2017
Spot Index: 7542.00
Future Price: 7583.85
Say, Date of Expiry: May 28, 2017
Say, Margin: 20%

Assuming the exchange imposes total margin of 20%, the Investment Manager will be required to provide total margin of approx. Rs. 11.38 Cr (i.e.20% * 7583.85* 1000 * 75) through eligible securities and cash.

Date of Expiry

Assuming on the date of expiry, i.e. May 28, 2017, Nifty 50 Index closes at 7750, the net impact will be a profit of Rs. 1,24,61,250 for the fund i.e. (7750–7583.85)*1000*75
Futures price = Closing spot price = 7750
Profits for the Fund = (7750–7583.85)*1000*75 = Rs. 1,24,61,250
Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity.

The net impact for the Fund will be in terms of the difference of the closing price of the index and cost price. Thus, it is clear from the example that the profit or loss for the Fund will be the difference of the closing price (which can be higher or lower than the purchase price) and the purchase price. The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis–pricing of the futures.

2. Basic Structure of an Equity Option

An option gives a buyer the right but does not cast the obligation to buy or sell the underlying. An option is a contract between two parties wherein the buyer receives a privilege for which he pays a fee (premium) and the seller accepts an obligation for which he receives a fee. The premium is the price negotiated and set when the option is bought or sold. A person who buys an option is said to be long in the option. A person who sells (or writes) an option is said to be short in the option.

In India, National Stock Exchange (NSE) became the first exchange to launch trading in options on individual securities. Trading in options on individual securities commenced from July 2, 2001.

Example using hypothetical figures on Index Options:
Market type: N
Instrument Type: OPTIDX
Underlying: Nifty
Purchase date: April 14, 2017
Expiry date: May 28, 2017
Option Type: Put Option (Purchased)
Strike Price: Rs. 7200.00
Spot Price: Rs. 7542.00
Premium: Rs. 59.90
Lot Size: 75
No. of Contracts: 100

Say, the Fund purchases on April 14, 2017, 1 month Put Options on Nifty on the NSE i.e. put options on 7500 shares (100 contracts of 75 shares each) of Nifty.
Date of Exercise

As these are European style options, they can be exercised only on the exercise date i.e. May 28, 2017. If the share price of Nifty falls to Rs. 7,000 on expiry day, the net impact will be as follows:
Premium expense = Rs.59.90*100* 75 = Rs. 4,49,250
Option Exercised at = Rs. 7,000
Profits for the Fund = (7,200.00–7,000.00) * 100*75 = Rs. 15,00,000
Net Profit = Rs. 15,00,000 – Rs. 4,49,250 = Rs. 10,50,750

In the above example, the Investment Manager hedged the market risk on 7,500 shares of Nifty Index by purchasing Put Options.

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity. Certain factors like margins have been ignored. The purchase of Put Options does not increase the market risk in the fund as the risk is already in the fund's portfolio on account of the underlying asset position. The premium paid for the option is treated as an expense. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis–pricing of the options.

Various Derivatives Strategies:

If and where Derivative strategies are used under the Scheme the Fund Manager will employ a combination of the following strategies:

1. **Index Arbitrage:** As the Nifty 50 derives its value from fifty underlying stocks, the underlying stocks can be used to create a synthetic index matching the Nifty Index levels. Also, theoretically, the fair value of a stock/ index futures is equal to the spot price plus the cost of carry i.e. the interest rate prevailing for an equivalent credit risk, in this case is the Clearing Corporation of the NSE.

Theoretically, therefore, the pricing of Nifty 50 Index futures should be equal to the pricing of the synthetic index created by futures on the underlying stocks. However, due to market imperfections, the index futures may not exactly correspond to the synthetic index futures. The Nifty Index futures normally trades at a discount to the synthetic Index

due to large volumes of stock hedging being done using the Nifty Index futures giving rise to arbitrage opportunities.

The fund manager shall aim to capture such arbitrage opportunities by taking long positions in the Nifty Index futures and short positions in the synthetic index. The strategy is attractive if this price differential (post all costs) is higher than the investor's cost-of-capital.

Objective of the Strategy
The objective of the strategy is to lock-in the arbitrage gains.

Risks Associated with this Strategy
- Lack of opportunity available in the market
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices:
- **Execution Risk:** The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

2. **Cash Futures Arbitrage:** (Only one way as funds are not allowed to short in the cash market).
The Plans under the Scheme would look for market opportunities between the spot and the futures market. The cash futures arbitrage strategy can be employed when the price of the futures exceeds the price of the underlying stock.

The Scheme will first buy the stocks in cash market and then sell in the futures market to lock the spread known as arbitrage return.

Buying the stock in cash market and selling the futures results into a hedge where the Scheme have locked in a spread and is not affected by the price movement of cash market and futures market.

The arbitrage position can be continued till expiry of the future contracts. The future contracts are settled based on the last half an hour's weighted average trade of the cash market. Thus there is a convergence between the cash market and the futures market on expiry. This convergence helps the Plans under the Scheme to generate the arbitrage return locked in earlier. However, the position could even be closed earlier in case the price differential is realized before expiry or better opportunities are available in other stocks The strategy is attractive if this price differential (post all costs) is higher than the investor's cost-of-capital.

Objective of the Strategy
The objective of the strategy is to lock-in the arbitrage gains.

Risk Associated with this Strategy
- Lack of opportunity available in the market.
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- **Execution Risk:** The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place

3. **Hedging and alpha strategy:** The fund will use exchange-traded derivatives to hedge the equity portfolio. The hedging could be either partial or complete depending

upon the fund managers' perception of the markets. The fund manager shall either use index futures and options or stock futures and options to hedge the stocks in the portfolio. The fund will seek to generate alpha by superior stock selection and removing market risks by selling appropriate index. For example, one can seek to generate positive alpha by buying an IT stock and selling Nifty IT Index future or a bank stock and selling Bank Index futures or buying a stock and selling the Nifty Index.

Objective of the Strategy

The objective of the strategy is to generate alpha by superior stock selection and removing market risks by hedging with appropriate index.

Risk Associated with this Strategy

- The stock selection under this strategy may under-perform the market and generate a negative alpha.
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- **Execution Risk:** The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place

4. Other Derivative Strategies: As allowed under the SEBI guidelines on derivatives, the fund manager will employ various other stock and index derivative strategies by buying or selling stock/index futures and/or options.

Objective of the Strategy

The objective of the strategy is to earn low volatility consistent returns.

Risk Associated with this Strategy

- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices
- **Execution Risk:** The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

Debt Derivatives

The Scheme may use derivatives instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or such other derivative instruments as may be introduced from time to time for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing and as may be permitted under the Regulations and guidelines.

Interest rate swap is a strategy in which one party exchanges a stream of interest for another party's stream. Interest rate swaps are normally 'fixed against floating', but can also be 'fixed against fixed' or 'floating against floating' rate swaps. Interest rate swaps will be used to take advantage of interest-rate fluctuations, by swapping fixed-rate obligations for floating rate obligations, or swapping floating rate obligations to fixed-rate obligations. A floating-to-fixed swap increases the certainty of an issuer's future obligations. Swapping from fixed-to-floating rate may save the issuer money if interest rates decline. Swapping allows issuers to revise their debt profile to take advantage of current or expected future market conditions.

The Scheme shall under normal circumstances not have exposure of more than 50% of its net assets in derivative instruments, unless stated otherwise anywhere else in this SID.

i) Advantages of Derivatives

The volatility in Indian debt markets has increased over last few months. Derivatives provide unique flexibility to the Scheme to hedge part of their portfolio. Some of the advantages of specific derivatives are as under:

ii) Interest Rate Swaps and Forward rate Agreements

Bond markets in India are not very liquid. Investors run the risk of illiquidity in such markets.
Investing for short-term periods for liquidity purposes has its own risks. Investors can benefit if the Fund remains in call market for the liquidity and at the same time take advantage of fixed rates by entering into a swap. It adds certainty to the returns without sacrificing liquidity.

The following is an illustration how derivatives work
Basic Details: Fixed to floating swap
Notional Amount: Rs. 5 Crores
Benchmark: NSE MIBOR
Deal Tenor: 3 months (say 91 days)
Documentation: International Securities Dealers Association (ISDA).
Let us assume the fixed rate decided was 10%
At the end of three months, the following exchange will take place:
Counter party 1 pays: compounded call rate for three months, say 9.90%
Counter party 2 pays fixed rate: 10%
In practice, however, the difference of the two amounts is settled. Counter party 2 will pay Rs. 5 Crores *0.10%* 91/365 = Rs. 12,465.75

Thus the trade off for the Fund will be the difference in call rate and the fixed rate payment and this can vary with the call rates in the market. Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only and the actual returns may vary depending on the terms of swap and market conditions.

Risk Factor: The risk arising out of uses of the above derivative strategy as under:

- Lack of opportunities available in the market.
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis–pricing of the options.

iii) Interest Rate Futures:

IRF means a standardized interest rate derivative contract traded on a recognized stock exchange to buy or sell a notional security or any other interest bearing instrument or an index of such instruments or interest rates at a specified future date, at a price determined at the time of the contract.
The underlying security for IRF could be either Government Securities or Treasury Bills.

Currently, exchange traded Interest Rate Futures traded on exchange are standardized contracts based on 10-Year Government of India Security and 91 day Treasury bill. IRF contracts are cash settled.

IRFs give an opportunity in the fixed income market to hedge interest rate risk or rebalance the portfolio by using them. By locking into a price, the IRF contract can help to eliminate the interest rate risk. Thus, in order to protect against a fall in the value of the portfolio due to falling bond prices, one can take short position in IRF contracts.

Example:

Date: April 01, 2017
Spot price of the Government Security: Rs.108.83
Price of IRF– April contract: Rs. 108.90

On April 01, 2017, Fund buys 1000 units of the Government security from the spot market at Rs. 108.83. Subsequently, it is anticipated that the interest rate will rise in the near future. Therefore to hedge the exposure in underlying Government security, Fund sells April 2017 Interest Rate Futures contracts at Rs. 108.90.

On April 15, 2017 due to increase in interest rate:

Spot price of the Government Security: Rs. 107.24
Futures Price of IRF Contract: Rs.107.30

Loss in underlying market will be (107.24 – 108.83)*1000 = (Rs. 1,590)
Profit in the Futures market will be (107.30 – 108.90)*1000 = Rs. 1,600

Valuation of Derivative Products

i. The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the stipulations of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

ii. The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in sub clauses (i) and (ii) of clause 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

(i) Type of a Scheme

For details on type of Scheme, please refer **"Type of the Scheme".**

(ii) Investment Objective

- Main Objective - Please refer **"What are the investment objectives of the Scheme?"**
- Investment pattern – Please refer **"How will the Scheme allocate its assets?"**

(iii) Terms of Issue

1) Liquidity
On an on-going basis, an investor can purchase and redeem Units on every Business Day at NAV based prices, subject to the applicable load structure.

- Listing
Being the open-ended fund, the Units of the Scheme will not be listed on any stock exchange, at present. The Trustee may, at its sole discretion, cause the Units under the Scheme to be listed on one or more Stock Exchanges. Notification of the same will be made through Customer Service Centres of the AMC and as may be required by the respective Stock Exchanges.

- Redemption of Units
For details on redemption of units, please refer SECTION V: UNITS AND OFFER "Redemption of Units" in Ongoing Offer details.

- Redemption Price
The redemption price will be at Applicable NAV based prices, subject to applicable exit load provisions.

2) Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme: The provisions in respect of fees and expenses as indicated in this Scheme Information Document.

3) Any safety net or guarantee provided: The present Scheme are not guaranteed or assured return Scheme.

Changes in Fundamental Attributes

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load. However, in case the change pertains to investments in units of Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) and Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT), the aforesaid exit period shall be for at least 15 days.

G. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The benchmark of the Scheme is CRISIL MIP Blended Index.

The composition of the benchmark is such that, it is most suited for comparing performance of the Scheme of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund. The Trustees reserves the right to change the benchmark in future, if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available.

H. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Manish Banthia and Mr. Rajat Chandak are the Fund Managers of the Scheme. As on April 30, 2017, Mr. Manish Banthia has been managing the debt portion of the Scheme for tenure of 3 years and 8 months since September 2013 and Mr. Rajat Chandak has been managing the equity portion for tenure of 4 years and 8 months since September 2012.

The qualifications and experience and Schemes managed by the aforesaid Fund Managers are given below:

Fund Manager	Age/ Qualification	Experience	Other Scheme managed
Mr. Manish Banthia	37/ BCom, CA, MBA	He is associated with ICICI Prudential AMC from October 2005 till date. **Past Experience** • Aditya Birla Nuvo Ltd. – From May'05 to Oct'05 • Aditya Birla Management Corporation Ltd. – From May 2004 to May 2005	• ICICI Prudential Balanced Advantage Fund – Debt Portion • ICICI Prudential Equity - Arbitrage Fund - Debt Portion • ICICI Prudential Short Term Plan • ICICI Prudential Long Term Plan • ICICI Prudential Gold iWIN ETF • ICICI Prudential Regular Gold Savings Fund • ICICI Prudential Child Care Plan – Study Plan – Debt portion • ICICI Prudential Child Care Plan – Gift Plan – Debt portion • ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Debt Portion • ICICI Prudential MIP 25 – Debt portion • ICICI Prudential Income Opportunities Fund • ICICI Prudential Income Plan • ICICI Prudential Balanced Fund – Debt Portion • ICICI Prudential Gilt Fund Investment Plan PF Option • ICICI Prudential Equity Income Fund – Debt portion • ICICI Prudential Regular Income Fund • ICICI Prudential Regular Saving Fund • ICICI Prudential Corporate Bond Fund
Mr. Rajat Chandak	32/BCom, PGDM (Finance)	He is associated with ICICI Prudential AMC from May 2008 till	• ICICI Prudential Multiple Yield Fund– Equity Portion • ICICI Prudential Capital Protection Oriented Funds –

		date.	Equity Portion • ICICI Prudential Child Care Plan – Study Plan*– Equity Portion • ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Equity Portion • ICICI Prudential Regular Income Fund – Equity Portion • ICICI Prudential Value Fund – Series 4 • ICICI Prudential Value Fund – Series 11 • ICICI Prudential R.I.G.H.T • ICICI Prudential MIP 25 – Equity portion • ICICI Prudential Balanced Advantage Fund • ICICI Prudential India Recovery Fund – Series 4

*Mr. Ihab Dalwai manages the ADR/GDR / Foreign Securities exposure of the Scheme.

I. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Pursuant to the Regulations and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are presently applicable to the Scheme:

1. Mutual Funds/AMCs shall ensure that total exposure of debt Scheme of mutual funds in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, CBLO, G-Secs, TBills, short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the scheme;

   Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 25%) not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs);

   Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the scheme.

2. A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company:

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and collateralized borrowing and lending obligations

3. A mutual fund Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the Scheme. All such investments shall be made by an internal committee constituted by AMC to approve the investment in un-rated debt securities in terms of the parameters approved by the Board of Trustees and the Board of Asset Management Company.

4. Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments.

5. The Fund under all its Scheme shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.

6. Transfer of investments from one Scheme to another Scheme in the same Mutual Fund is permitted provided:

a. Such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and
b. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Further the inter Scheme transfer of investments shall be in accordance with the provisions contained in clause Inter-Scheme transfer of investments, contained in Statement of Additional Information.

7. The Scheme may invest in other Scheme under the same AMC or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the Scheme under the same management or in Scheme under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, and no investment management fees shall be charged for investing in other Scheme of the Fund or in the Scheme of any other mutual fund.

8. The Fund shall get securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.

9. The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

   Provided that the Mutual Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI

   Provided further that the Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI

   Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase

shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI in this regard

10. No loans for any purpose can be advanced by the Scheme.

11. No mutual fund scheme shall make any investments in;

- any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
- the listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets of the scheme of the Mutual Fund
- Fund of Funds scheme

12. No mutual fund scheme shall invest more than 10% of its NAV in equity shares of any one company.

13. No open-ended mutual fund scheme shall invest more than 5% of its NAV in unlisted equity shares or equity related instruments.

14. The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of units or payment of interest and dividend to the Unitholders. Such borrowings shall not exceed more than 20% of the net assets of the individual scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.

15. Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund may invest them in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with SEBI Circular no SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 1/91171/07 dated 16th April 2007 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 7/129592/08 dated June 23, 2008:

a. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by mutual funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
b. Such short term deposits shall be held in the name of the concerned Scheme.
c. No mutual fund Scheme shall park more than 15% of the net assets in Short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, it may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the trustees. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the mutual fund in short term deposits.
d. No mutual fund Scheme shall park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
e. Trustees shall ensure that no funds of a Scheme may be parked in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme.

These conditions are not applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivative market.

f. Asset Management Company (AMC) shall not be permitted to charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in case of liquid and debt oriented Scheme.
g. All funds parked in short term deposit(s) shall be disclosed in half yearly portfolio statements under a separate heading. Details such as name of the bank, amount of funds parked, percentage of NAV may be disclosed.
h. Trustees shall certify in the half-yearly reports that the provision of the Regulation pertaining to parking of funds in short term deposits - pending deployment is being

complied with at all points of time. Further the AMC shall also certify the same in its bi-monthly compliance test report.

16. The Mutual Fund having an aggregate of securities which are worth Rs.10 crores or more, as on the latest balance sheet date, shall subject to such instructions as may be issued from time to time by the Board, settle their transactions entered on or after January 15, 1998 only through dematerialised securities. Further, all transactions in government securities shall be in dematerialised form.

17. The Scheme will comply with any other Regulation applicable to the investments of mutual funds from time to time.

18. Group exposure –

a. The Fund shall ensure that total exposure of the debt scheme in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.
b. For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the Regulations may allow or as deemed fit in the general interest of the unit holders.

The Trustee /AMC may alter the above stated limitations from time to time, and also to the extent the SEBI (MF) Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make their investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments in order to achieve their investment objective.

J. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

The performances of the Scheme are as on April 30, 2017

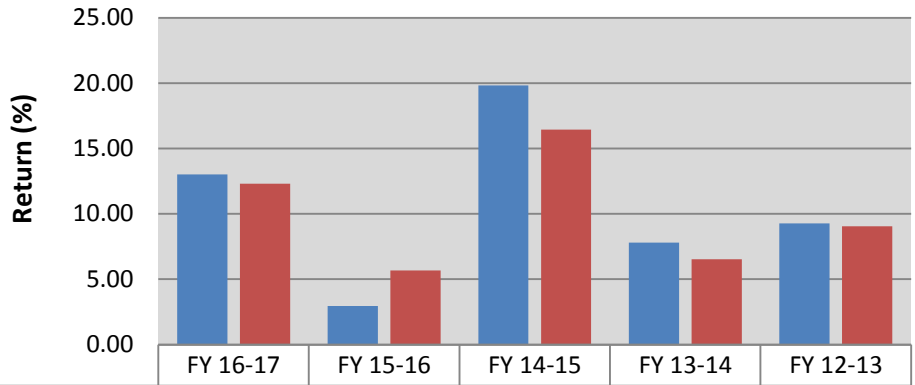
Returns of the Scheme and its benchmark for Growth Option as on April 30, 2017:

Scheme/Index Name	Inception Date ^	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception
ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan	10-Nov-00	13.01%	11.69%	10.37%	9.60%
Crisil MIP Blended Fund Index		11.42%	11.17%	9.85%	NA

Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future and the same may not necessarily provide the basis for comparison with other investment. The returns are calculated on the basis of Compounded Annualized Growth returns (CAGR). For computation of since inception returns the allotment NAV has been taken as Rs. 10. Since inception returns is not available (NA), if the inception date of the benchmark is post the scheme inception date.

^ Inception date shown is the date from which units under the Scheme are available throughout.

Absolute returns of the Scheme are as follows:



	FY 16-17	FY 15-16	FY 14-15	FY 13-14	FY 12-13
ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan	13.02	2.96	19.82	7.81	9.27
Crisil MIP Blended Index	12.30	5.67	16.45	6.52	9.06

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Absolute returns are provided for the above mentioned financial years. For computation of returns the allotment NAV has been taken as Rs. 10. NAV is considered for computation of returns without considering load.

K. COMPARISON BETWEEN THE SCHEME

Comparison of the Scheme with the existing debt schemes of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund in terms of asset allocation pattern, investment objective, size of the scheme and number of folios is mentioned below:

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Banking & PSU Debt Fund</th><th>ICICI Prudential Constant Maturity Gilt Fund</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Debt* (including government securities) and Money Market Securities issued by Banks and Public Sector Undertakings (PSU)</td><td>65%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt* and Money Market Securities issued by entities other than Banks and Public Sector Undertakings (PSU)</td><td>0%-35%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">* Including securitized debt of up to 50% and stock lending up to 50% of the portfolio.</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Government Securities</td><td>95%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>CBLO, reverse repo in Government Securities, Cash and Cash Equivalent</td><td>0%-5%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Investment in Derivatives up to 50% of the net assets.
The Scheme will not invest in securitized debt.
The cumulative gross exposure shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme in terms of SEBI circular dated August 18, 2010.
The fund manager will maintain an average maturity of the Scheme close to 10 years. The normal range of average maturity for the Scheme would be between 9 and 11 years. The residual maturity of the securities shall range between 8 to 12 years.</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Investment Objective</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate regular income through investments in a basket of debt and money market instruments consisting predominantly of securities issued by entities such as Banks and Public Sector Undertakings (PSU) with a view to providing reasonable returns, while maintaining an optimum balance of safety, liquidity and yield.</td><td>The Scheme aims to provide reasonable returns by investing in portfolio of Government Securities with average maturity of around 10 years.</td></tr>
</table>

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential Banking & PSU Debt Fund	ICICI Prudential Constant Maturity Gilt Fund
Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)	Rs. 6,957.71 crore	Rs. 37.57 crore
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	10,136	582

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential Corporate Bond Fund	ICICI Prudential Dynamic Bond Fund
Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)	Particulars | (% of Corpus) | Risk Profile Debt Instruments* | 0%-100% | Low to Medium Money market instruments | 0%-100% | Low to Medium * Includes Securitised Debt, not to normally exceed 50% of corpus of the scheme.	Particulars | (% of Corpus) | Risk Profile Debt Market Securities$ and Money Market Securities | 0%-100% | Low to High $Including securitized debt of up to 50% of the portfolio. The Scheme shall under normal circumstances not have exposure of more than 50% of its net assets in derivative instruments.
Investment Objective	The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximising income while maintaining the optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.	The Scheme aims to generate regular income through investments in debt and money market instruments with a view to provide regular dividend payments and a secondary objective of growth of capital.
Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)	Rs. 6,154.52 crore	Rs. 1,383.22 crore
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	42,165	14,634

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Flexible Income Plan</th><th>ICICI Prudential Income Opportunities Fund</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market instruments and Debentures with residual maturity of less than 1 year</td><td>10%-100%</td><td>Medium to Low</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt instruments* with maturity more than 1 year</td><td>0%-90%</td><td>Medium to Low</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">* If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 50% of the corpus of the Plan.</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market instruments with residual maturity of less than 1 year</td><td>10%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt instruments* with maturity more than 1 year</td><td>0%-90%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Note: The investments in central and state government securities will be in normal circumstances limited to 50% of the net assets of the Plan
* Including securitised debt of up to 50% of the net assets and derivatives instruments to the extent of 50% of the net assets of the Scheme</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Investment Objective</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximizing income while maintaining the optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various credit ratings and maturities with a view to maximizing income while maintaining an optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)</td><td>Rs. 21,611.64 crore</td><td>Rs. 4,218.82 crore</td></tr>
<tr><td>No. of folios as on April 30, 2017</td><td>60,579</td><td>5,476</td></tr>
</table>

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential Gilt Fund Investment Plan PF Option	ICICI Prudential Gilt Fund Treasury Plan Pf Option
Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)	The Scheme aims at generating returns commensurate with zero credit risk by investing in securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government and/or repos/ reverse repos in such government securities as may be permitted by RBI. The Scheme may also invest a portion of the corpus in the call money market, CBLO or in an alternative money market instruments as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements. The Scheme will not invest in any other securities such as shares and/or debentures or in bonds issued by any other entity other than Central or State Government. The Fund will seek to underwrite issuance of Government Securities subject to the prevailing rules and regulations as may be specified by SEBI/ RBI in this respect and may also participate in the auction of Government securities from time to time.	The Scheme aims at generating returns commensurate with zero credit risk by investing in securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government and/or repos/ reverse repos in such government securities as may be permitted by RBI. The Scheme may also invest a portion of the corpus in the call money market, CBLO or in an alternative money market instruments as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements. The Scheme will not invest in any other securities such as shares and/or debentures or in bonds issued by any other entity other than Central or State Government. The Fund will seek to underwrite issuance of Government Securities subject to the prevailing rules and regulations as may be specified by SEBI/ RBI in this respect and may also participate in the auction of Government securities from time to time.
Investment Objective	The Scheme aims to generate income through investment in Gilts of various maturities.	The Scheme aims to generate income through investment in Gilts of various maturities.
Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)	Rs. 562.62 crore	Rs. 26.96 crore
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	1,952	484

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Income Plan</th><th>ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market Instruments</td><td>0%-25%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt Instruments*</td><td>75%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
</table>
* If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 5% of the corpus of the Scheme.
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market Instruments</td><td>80%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt Instruments*</td><td>0%-20%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
</table>
* If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 5% of the corpus of the Scheme.

Note – In terms of SEBI circular dated January 19, 2009, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan shall make investments in / purchase debt and money market securities with maturity of up to 91 days only.
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Investment Objective</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximising income while maintaining the optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.

However, there can be no assurance that the Investment Objective of the Scheme will be realized.</td><td>The Scheme aims to provide reasonable returns, commensurate with low risk while providing a high level of liquidity, through investments made primarily in money market and debt securities.

However, there can be no assurance that the Investment Objective of the Scheme will be realized.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)</td><td>Rs. 1,877.69 crore</td><td>Rs. 36,418.42 crore</td></tr>
<tr><td>No. of folios as on April 30, 2017</td><td>16,495</td><td>1,59,051</td></tr>
</table>

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential Long Term Gilt Fund	ICICI Prudential Short Term Gilt Fund
Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)	The Scheme aims at generating returns commensurate with zero credit risk by investing in securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government and/or repos/ reverse repos in such government securities as may be permitted by RBI. The Scheme may also invest a portion of the corpus in the call money market, CBLO or in an alternative money market instruments as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements. The Scheme will not invest in any other securities such as shares and/or debentures or in bonds issued by any other entity other than Central or State Government. The Fund will seek to underwrite issuance of Government Securities subject to the prevailing rules and regulations as may be specified by SEBI/ RBI in this respect and may also participate in the auction of Government securities from time to time.	The Scheme aims at generating returns commensurate with zero credit risk by investing in securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government and/or repos/ reverse repos in such government securities as may be permitted by RBI. The Scheme may also invest a portion of the corpus in the call money market, CBLO or in an alternative money market instruments as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements. The Scheme will not invest in any other securities such as shares and/or debentures or in bonds issued by any other entity other than Central or State Government. The Fund will seek to underwrite issuance of Government Securities subject to the prevailing rules and regulations as may be specified by SEBI/ RBI in this respect and may also participate in the auction of Government securities from time to time.
Investment Objective	The Scheme aims to generate income through investment in Gilts of various maturities.	The Scheme aims to generate income through investment in Gilts of various maturities.
Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)	Rs. 1,601.54 crore	Rs. 107.66 crore
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	5,423	737

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Long Term Plan</th><th>ICICI Prudential Short Term Plan</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Debt instruments*</td><td>0%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market instruments & cash</td><td>0%-50%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">* If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 5% of the corpus of the Scheme.</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market Instruments</td><td>0%-50%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt Instruments*</td><td>0%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">* If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 50% of the corpus of the Scheme.</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Investment Objective</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximising income while maintaining the optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximizing income while maintaining the optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)</td><td>Rs. 2,126.15 crore</td><td>Rs. 8700.73 crore</td></tr>
<tr><td>No. of folios as on April 30, 2017</td><td>33,314</td><td>22,396</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential MIP 25</th><th>ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Equities & Equity related securities</td><td>0%-30%</td><td>Medium to High</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt Instruments *</td><td>65%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Cash & Money Market Instruments</td><td>0%-5%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">The Scheme will normally allocate 25% of its total assets to Equity and Equity related securities and 75% to Debt instruments, Money Market Instruments and cash.
* Note: If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not normally, exceed 15% of the corpus of the Scheme.</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Debt securities, Money Market instruments, securitised debt & Cash</td><td>85%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Equities & Equity related securities</td><td>0%-15%</td><td>Medium to High</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, it is the intention of the Investment Manager that such investments will not, normally, exceed 30% of the corpus of the Scheme.
The investments in central and state government securities will be in normal circumstances limited to 50% of the net assets of the Scheme.</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Investment Objective</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate regular income through investments primarily in debt and money market instruments. As a secondary objective, the Scheme also seeks to generate long term capital appreciation from the portion of equity investments under the Scheme.</td><td>The Scheme aim to generate regular income through investments primarily in debt and money market instruments. As a secondary objective, the Scheme also seeks to generate long term capital appreciation from the portion of equity investments under the Scheme.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)</td><td>Rs. 1,305.51 crore</td><td>Rs. 337.74 crore</td></tr>
</table>

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential MIP 25	ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	22,602	11,566

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Regular Income Fund</th><th>ICICI Prudential Regular Savings Fund</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID(in%)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Equities & Equity related securities*</td><td>0%10%</td><td>Medium to High</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt$* securities, Money Market instruments & Cash</td><td>90%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">$ Including securitized debt (Single loan and / or Pool loan Securitized debt) of up to 50% of the portfolio.
*Including derivatives instruments to the extent of 50% of the Net Assets as permitted by SEBI. The margin money requirement for the purpose of derivative exposure will be as per the SEBI Regulations. The Scheme shall not take leverage positions and total investments, including investments in debt and other securities and gross exposure to derivatives, if any, shall not exceed net assets under management of the scheme.
The Scheme will normally allocate 5% of its total assets to Equity and Equity related securities and 95% to Debt instruments, Money Market Instruments, Securitised debt and cash.</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Approximate Allocation (% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Debt$* securities (including government securities) with maturity more than 1 year</td><td>0-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market Securities</td><td>0-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Units issued by REITs & InvITs</td><td>0-10%</td><td>Medium to High</td></tr>
</table>
$ Including securitised debt (Single loan and / or Pool loan Securitized debt) of up to 50% of the portfolio.

* Including derivatives instruments to the extent of 50% of the Net Assets as permitted by SEBI. The margin money requirement for the purpose of derivative exposure will be as per the SEBI Regulations. The Scheme shall not take leverage positions and total investments, including investments in debt and other securities and gross exposure to derivatives, if any, shall not exceed net assets under management of the scheme.

The scheme will not invest in any foreign securities.

The asset allocation pattern may be modified in the interest of investors; however, the same will be reviewed by the Fund Manager from time to time and will be rebalanced to its normal position in a time frame as permitted by</td></tr>
</table>

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential Regular Income Fund	ICICI Prudential Regular Savings Fund
		the trustee. Any change in the investment pattern may be for a period of one month and for defensive considerations considering that Debt markets in India lack the depth and breadth which exists in the equity markets. Bulk of the deals in the corporate bond market in India are still conducted over telephone and are entered on principal-to-principal basis. Liquidity in the bonds is also very low, leading to larger spreads and sometimes securities not being available for purchase or no buyers for a security being sold. The Cumulative Gross Exposure to Equity, Debt, Derivatives Positions, REITs and InvITs will not exceed 100% of the Net Assets of the Scheme.
Investment Objective	The Scheme seeks to generate regular income through investments in fixed income securities so as to make regular dividend distribution to unitholders seeking the Dividend Option. The secondary objective of the Scheme is to generate long-term capital appreciation by investing a portion of the Scheme's assets in equity and equity related instruments.	The Scheme aims to provide reasonable returns, by maintaining an optimum balance of safety, liquidity and yield, through investments in a basket of debt and money market instruments with a view to delivering consistent performance.
Assets under Management (as on) April 30, 2017)	Rs. 2,550.80 crore	Rs. 7,101.88 crore
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	29,100	63,015

Features of the Scheme	ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund	ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Plan

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund</th><th>ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Plan</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>%</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market instruments</td><td>0%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Note – In terms of SEBI circular dated January 19, 2009, the Scheme shall make investments in / purchase money market securities with maturity of up to 91 days only.</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Money Market Instruments</td><td>20%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td>Debt Instruments*</td><td>0%-80%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">* Including securitised debt of up to 50% of the portfolio.</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>Investment Objective</td><td>The Scheme seeks to provide reasonable returns, commensurate with low risk while providing a high level of liquidity, through investments made in money market securities.</td><td>The Scheme aims to generate regular income through investments in a basket of debt and money market instruments of very short maturities with a view to providing reasonable returns, while maintaining an optimum balance of safety, liquidity and yield.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)</td><td>Rs. 14,949.80 crore</td><td>Rs. 8,672.45 crore</td></tr>
<tr><td>No. of folios as on April 30, 2017</td><td>7,652</td><td>9,420</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><th>Features of the Scheme</th><th>ICICI Prudential Savings Fund</th></tr>
<tr><td>Asset Allocation as per SID (in %)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>(% of Corpus)</th><th>Risk Profile</th></tr>
<tr><td>Floating Rate Debt Instruments
• Money market instruments (MIBOR linked debentures, floating rate CPs, CDs, floating rate bonds less than 182 days or any other instrument permitted by RBI/SEBI)
• Non-Money market instruments (including floating rate bonds & debentures issued by corporates or PSUs, floating rate gilts, fixed rate debentures/ bonds with swap or any other instrument permitted by RBI/SEBI)</td><td>40%-100%</td><td>Low to Medium</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
</table>

	Fixed Rate Debt Instruments • Money market instruments (including CPs, CDs, treasury bills, gilts less than 1 year, Repos/Reverse Repos or any other instrument permitted by RBI/SEBI) • Non-Money market instruments (including bonds & debentures issued by corporates or PSUs, gilts, securitised debt, fixed deposits or any other instrument permitted by RBI/SEBI)	0%-60%	Low to Medium
	The Scheme may invest up to 35% in securitised debt. The Scheme may invest up to 50% in derivatives instruments. Floating rate debt instruments include fixed rate instruments swapped for floating rate returns. Some of the Investments under the Scheme would also be made in securities with a maturity of slightly above 1 Year as well as in the portfolio.		
Investment Objective	The Scheme aims to generate income through investments in a range of debt and money market instruments of various maturities with a view to maximizing income while maintaining the optimum balance of yield, safety and liquidity.		
Assets under Management (as on April 30, 2017) (Rs. In crore)	Rs. 9,850.99 crore		
No. of folios as on April 30, 2017	87,240		

L. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES:

i. SCHEME PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

a) Top 10 holdings as on April 30, 2017

Company	% to Nav
Government Securities	27.24%
Tata Steel Ltd.	13.73%
IDBI Bank Ltd.	10.73%
Reliance Gas Transporation Infrastructure Ltd.	7.85%
Reliance Utilities & Power Private Ltd.	6.12%
Mahanagar Telephone Nigam Ltd.	4.57%
The Indian Hotels Company Ltd.	3.16%
Power Grid Corporation Of India Ltd.	3.06%
Jindal Steel & Power Ltd.	3.00%
HDFC Bank Ltd.	2.42%
Total	**81.87%**

Term Deposits have been excluded in calculating Top 10 holding exposure.

b) **Sector wise holdings as on April 30, 2017**

Sector	% to Nav
Government Securities	27.24%
Financial Services	17.22%
Energy	17.03%
Metals	16.72%
Cash,Cash Equivalents and Net Current Assets	4.86%
Telecom	4.57%
Automobile	3.63%
Services	3.53%
Media & Entertainment	1.45%
Consumer Goods	1.35%
Pharma	1.26%
IT	0.51%
Construction	0.44%
Healthcare Services	0.20%
Total	**100.00%**

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Net Current Assets includes CBLO, Reverse Repo, Term Deposits and Net Current Assets. Net Current Assets includes the adjustment amount for disclosures of derivatives, wherever applicable.

The aforesaid sector includes investments in Bank CDs, CBLOs, G-Secs, T-Bills, short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks, as applicable.

Investors can also obtain Scheme's latest monthly portfolio holding from the official website of AMC i.e.
http://www.icicipruamc.com/Downloads/MonthlyPortfolioDisclosure.aspx

ii. INVESTMENT DETAILS:

The aggregate investment in the Scheme under the following categories is mentioned below:

Sr. No.	Category	Total Investments as on April 30, 2017
1	AMC's Board of Directors	Nil
2	Scheme's Fund Manager(s)	Rs. 28,057.04
3	Other key managerial personnel	Nil

For the purpose of above information the Managing Director and the Executive Director of the Company are considered under Sr. No. 1 and 2 as above, as applicable.

SECTION III: UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER DETAILS – Not Applicable

This section does not apply to the Scheme covered in this SID, as the ongoing offer of the Scheme has commenced after the NFO, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.

B. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS

Ongoing Offer Period This is the date from which the Scheme will reopen for subscriptions/redemptions after the closure of the NFO period.	The Scheme is an open ended Scheme and hence are available for ongoing subscription and redemption on an ongoing basis on every business day at NAV based prices. The Units of the Scheme will not be listed on any of the exchanges at present.
Ongoing price for subscription purchase/switch-in (from other Scheme/plans of the mutual fund) by investors This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in. Example: If the applicable NAV is Rs. 10, entry load is 2% then sales price will be: Rs. 10* (1+0.02) = Rs. 10.20	The purchase price of the Units will be based on the Applicable NAV. Purchase Price = Applicable NAV The Scheme will comply with SEBI circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 regarding applicability of entry load.
Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other Scheme/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs. Example: If the applicable NAV is Rs. 10, exit load is 2% then redemption price will be: Rs. 10* (1-0.02) = Rs. 9.80	The Redemption Price of the Units will be based on the Applicable NAV subject to the prevalent exit load provisions. The Redemption Price of the Units will be computed as follows: Redemption Price = Applicable NAV * (1 - Exit Load, if any)
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches	Please refer Definition section "Applicable NAV for purchase and switch ins" & "Applicable NAV for Redemptions" **Purchases transaction including switch-ins:**

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	**A) Application amount less than Rs. 2 lakh:** In respect of valid applications received up to 3.00 pm on a business day, by the Mutual Fund alongwith a local cheque or a demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received: the closing NAV of that business day on which application is received. In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 pm on a business day, by the Mutual Fund alongwith a local cheque or a demand draft payable at par at the place where the application is received: the closing NAV of the next business day. **B) Application amount equal to or more than Rs. 2 lakh:** In respect of valid application received before the cut-off time, units shall be allotted based on the NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation before 3.00 pm. **C) Aggregation of split investment transaction of Rs. 2 Lakhs and above:** Pursuant to AMFI Best practice Circular No. 135/BP/35/2012-13 dated February 18, 2013, the following practice of aggregating split transactions shall be followed and accordingly the closing Net Asset Value (NAV) of the day on which the funds are available for utilization has been implemented where the aggregated amount of investments is Rs. 2 lacs and above: a. All transactions received on the same day as per the cut off timing and time stamping rules prescribed under SEBI Mutual Fund Regulations,1996 or circulars issued thereunder from time to time. b. Transactions shall include purchases, additional purchases, excluding Switches, Systematic Investment Plan/ Systematic Transfer Plan and triggered transactions. c. Aggregation shall be done on the basis of investor/s Permanent Account Number. In case of joint holding, transactions with similar holding structures shall be aggregated, similar to the principle applied for compilation of Consolidated Account Statement (CAS). d. All transactions shall be aggregated where investor holding pattern is same as stated above, irrespective of whether the amount of the individual transaction is above or below Rs 2 Lacs. e. Only transactions in the same scheme shall be clubbed. This will include transactions at option level (viz. Dividend and Growth). f. Transactions in the name of minor received through

	guardian shall not be aggregated with the transaction in the name of same guardian. The Mutual Fund reserves right to change/modify any of the terms with respect to processing of transaction in line with guidelines issued by SEBI or AMFI from time to time. **III) Redemptions including switch-outs:** In respect of valid applications received up to the cut-off time by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable. In respect of valid applications received after the cut off time by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable. **IV) For purchase transactions through the website of the Fund, following rules will apply:** **Internet Banking:** As stated above, provided the electronic bank confirmation is received simultaneously for web-based transactions using internet banking. **Applications accompanied by physical cheques/ Demand Drafts: -** For transaction through initial investment, the units will be issued at applicable NAV, on receipt of physical transaction request at the nearest official point of transaction of the AMC within 3 business days from the date of transaction. **Web based transactions:** For purchase transactions through the website of the Fund, following rules will apply: **Internet Banking:** As stated above, provided the electronic bank confirmation is received simultaneously for web-based transactions using internet banking.
Investment by Sponsors/AMC	The sponsors or AMC will invest not less than one percent of the AUM of the Scheme as on the date of notification of SEBI Regulations (May 06, 2014) or fifty lakh rupees, whichever is less, in the growth options of the Scheme and such investment will not be redeemed unless the Scheme are wound up.
Average AUM to be maintained	Pursuant to SEBI circular Cir/IMD/DF/15/2014 dated June 20, 2014, the open ended debt oriented Scheme shall maintain average AUM of Rs. 20 crore on an half yearly rolling basis.
Where can the applications for purchase/redemption switches be submitted?	Details of official points of acceptance of CAMS and Branches of AMC are provided on back cover page. Investors can also subscribe and redeem units from the official website of AMC i.e. www.icicipruamc.com

	Investors can subscribe to the units of the Scheme using the Invest Now facility available on the website of the AMC i.e. www.icicipruamc.com, submitting applications on fax number or the email id(s) of the AMC provided on the back cover page under the section 'ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund Official Points of Acceptance'. Invest Now facility is available only to the existing investors.
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption /switches	Refer to Highlights/ Summary of the Scheme
Additional Application Amount	Refer to Highlights/ Summary of the Scheme
Special Products / facilities available	**Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)** The Unitholders of the Scheme can benefit by investing specific Rupee amounts periodically, for a continuous period. At the time of registration the SIP allows the investors to invest a fixed equal amount of Rupees subject to minimum of Rs. 1,000/- and multiples of Re. 1 every month or Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- every quarter for purchasing additional Units of the Scheme at NAV based prices. Investors can enroll themselves for SIP in the Scheme by ticking appropriate box on the application form or by subsequently making a written request to that effect to the Registrar. Minimum number of installments for monthly frequency will be 6 and for quarterly frequency will be 4. The SIP facility is available on the specific dates of the month's viz 1st,7th, 10th, 15th, 20th or 25th. The cheques/Standing Instructions should be in favour of "ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan" and crossed "Account Payee Only", and the cheques must be payable at the centre where the applications are submitted to the Customer Service Centre. In case of fresh/additional purchases, if the name of the Scheme on the application form/transaction slip differs with the name on the Cheque/Demand Draft, then the AMC will allot units under the Scheme mentioned on the payment instrument. In case of fresh/additional purchases, if the Scheme name is not mentioned on the application form/transaction slip, then the units will be allotted under the Scheme mentioned on the Cheque/Demand Draft. The Option that will be considered in such cases if not specified by the customer will be the default option of the Scheme as per the SID. However, in case additional purchase is under the same scheme as fresh purchase, then the AMC reserves the right to allot units in the option under which units were allotted at the time of fresh purchase.

	Further, Investors/ unitholders subscribing for SIP are required to submit SIP request at least 30 days prior to the date of first debit date and SIP start date shall not be beyond 100 days from the date of submission of request for monthly and quarterly SIP. All terms and conditions for SIP/STP, including Exit Load, if any, prevailing in the date of SIP/STP enrolment/ registration by the fund shall be levied in the Schemes. Units will be allotted for the amount net of the bank charges, if any. On receipt of the post-dated cheques, the Registrar/AMC will send a letter to the Unitholder confirming that his/her name has been included in the Systematic Investment Plan. The cheques will be presented on the dates mentioned on the cheque and Units will be allotted accordingly. Within 3 Business Days of such allotment, a fresh Account Statement / Transaction Confirmation will be mailed to the Unitholder, indicating the new balance to his/her credit in the Account. An investor will have the right to discontinue the Systematic Investment Plan, subject to giving 30 days prior notice to the subsequent SIP date. **Terms and conditions for SIP:** • New Investor - If the investor fails to mention the scheme name in the SIP Mandate Form, then the Fund reserves the right to register the SIP as per the scheme name available in the main application. Incase multiple schemes are mentioned in the main application form, Fund reserves the right to reject the SIP request. • Existing Investor - If the investor fails to mention the scheme name in the SIP Mandate Form, then the Fund reserves the right to register the SIP in the existing scheme (Eligible for SIP) available in the investor's Folio. Incase Multiple Schemes or Equity Linked Savings Scheme (ELSS) are available in the folio then Fund reserves the right to reject the SIP request. • In case SIP date is not selected, then the SIP will be registered on 10th (default date) of each Month/Quarter, as applicable. Further if multiple SIP dates are opted for or if the selection is not clear, then the sip will be registered for 10th of each Month/Quarter, as applicable. • If the investor has not mentioned the SIP start Month, SIP will start from the next applicable month, subject to completion of 30 days lead time from the receipt of SIP request.

	• In case the SIP 'End period' is incorrect OR not mentioned by the investor in the SIP form, then 5 years from the start date shall be considered as default End Period. **SIP TOP UP Facility:** a. Investors can opt for SIP TOP UP facility with Fixed Top Up option or Variable Top Up option, wherein the amount of the SIP can be increased at fixed intervals. In case the investor opts for both options, the Variable Top Up option shall be triggered. b. The Fixed TOP UP amount shall be in multiples of Rs. 500/-. c. Variable TOP UP would be available in at 10%, 15% and 20% and such other denominations (over and above 10%, 15% and 20%) as opted by the investor in multiples of 5%. d. The frequency is fixed at Yearly and Half Yearly basis. In case the TOP UP facility is not opted by ticking the appropriate box and frequency is not selected, the TOP UP facility may not be registered. e. In case of Quarterly SIP, only the Yearly frequency is available under SIP TOP UP. f. SIP Top-Up facility shall also be available for the existing investors who have already registered for SIP facility without Top-Up option. This facility will be available only for those investors who have registered for SIP through Direct Debit/Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) mode. Top-Up Cap amount or Top-Up Cap month-year: Top-Up Cap amount: Investor has an option to freeze the SIP Top-Up amount once it reaches a fixed predefined amount. The fixed pre-defined amount should be same as the maximum amount mentioned by the investor in the bank mandate. In case of difference between the Cap amount & the maximum amount mentioned on Bank mandate, then amount which is lower of the two amounts shall be considered as the default amount of SIP Cap amount. Top-Up Cap month-year: It is the date from which SIP Top-Up amount will cease and last SIP installment including Top-Up amount will remain constant from Cap date till the end of SIP tenure. Investor shall have flexibility to choose either Top-Up Cap

	amount or Top-Up Cap month- year. In case of multiple selection, Top-Up Cap amount will be considered as default selection. Top-Up Cap is applicable for Fixed Top Up option as well as Variable Top Up option. All the investors of the fund availing the facility under SIP Variable Top - Up feature are hereby requested to select either Top - Up Cap amount or Top - Up Cap month - year. In case of no selection, the SIP Variable Top - Up amount will be capped at a default amount of Rs. 50 Lakhs. Under the said facility, SIP amount will remain constant from Top - Up Cap date/ amount till the end of SIP Tenure. <u>Micro Systematic Investment Plan (Micro SIP):</u> The unit holder will have the facility of MicroSIP under the current Systematic Investment Plan facility. The Minimum Investment amount per installment will be as per applicable minimum investment amount of the respective Scheme. The total investment under MicroSIP cannot exceed Rs. 50,000/-. The minimum redemption amount will be Rs. 500/- . Micro Investment: With effect from October 30, 2012, where the aggregate of the lump sum investment (fresh purchase & additional purchase) and Micro SIP installments by an investor in a financial year i.e April to March does not exceed 50,000/- it shall be exempt from the requirement of PAN. However, requirements of Know Your Customer (KYC) shall be mandatory. Accordingly, investors seeking the above exemption for PAN still need to submit the KYC Acknowledgement, irrespective of the amount of investment. This exemption will be available only to Micro investment made by the individuals being Indian citizens (including NRIs, Joint holders, minors acting through guardian and sole proprietary firms). PIOs, HUFs, QFIs and other categories of investors will not be eligible for this exemption. **Mode of Payment for SIP:** Investors shall be required to submit a cancelled cheque or a photocopy of a cheque of the bank account for which the debit mandate is provided. The details of scheme-wise availability of SIP facility, minimum amount under SIP, minimum installments etc. are stated in para "Highlights of the Scheme" Investors are requested to note that holding of units through Demat Option is also available under all open-ended equity

	and Debt schemes wherein SIP facility is available. The units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per the SID and will be credited to investors' Demat account on weekly basis upon realization of funds. For e.g. Units will be credited to investors' Demat account every Monday for realization status received in last week from Monday to Friday. The investors shall note that for holding the units in demat form, the provisions laid down in the SID and guidelines, procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) shall be applicable. In case the investor wishes to convert the units held in non-demat mode to demat mode or vice versa at a later date, such request along with the necessary form should be submitted to their Depository Participant(s). Units held in demat form will be freely transferable, subject to the applicable regulations and the guidelines as may be amended from time to time. Investors/unitholders subscribing for SIP are required to submit SIP request at least 30 days prior to the date of first debit date and SIP start date shall not be beyond 100 days from the date of submission of request for monthly & Quarterly SIP. **Facility of National Automated Clearing House (NACH) Platform in Systematic Investment Plan (SIP):** In addition to existing facility available for payments through Postdated cheques/Standing Instructions for investments in SIP, the NACH facility can also be used to make payment of SIP installments NACH is a centralized system, launched by National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) with an aim to consolidate multiple Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) mandates. This facility will enable the unit holders of the Fund to make SIP investments through NACH by filling up the SIP Registration cum mandate form. A Unique number will be allotted to every mandate registered under NACH called as Unique Mandate Reference Number ("UMRN") which can be used for SIP transactions. The NACH facility shall be available subject to terms and conditions contained in the Easy Pay Debit Mandate Form and as prescribed by NPCI from time to time.

	Systematic Investment Plan Pause (SIP Pause) SIP Pause is a facility that allows investors to pause their existing SIP for a temporary period. Investors can pause their existing SIP without discontinuing it. SIP restarts automatically after the pause period is over. This facility can be availed only once during the tenure of the existing SIP. SIP can be paused for a minimum period of 1 month to a maximum period of 3 months. **Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)** Unitholders of the Scheme have the benefit of enrolling themselves in the Systematic Withdrawal Plan. The SWP allows the Unitholder to withdraw a specified sum of money each month from his investments in the Scheme. SWP is ideal for investors seeking a regular inflow of funds for their needs. It is also ideally suited to retirees or individuals who wish to invest lump-sum and withdraw from the investment over a period of time. At the time of registration the minimum amount, which the Unitholder can withdraw, is Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re. 1. The Unitholder may avail of this facility by sending a written request to the Registrar. Minimum number of installments for both monthly and quarterly will be 2. The amount thus withdrawn by Redemption will be equated into Units at Applicable NAV based prices and the number of Units so arrived at will be subtracted from the Units balance to the credit of that Unitholder. The SWP may be terminated on a written notice by a Unitholder of the Scheme and it will terminate automatically if all Units are liquidated or withdrawn from the account or upon the Funds receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the Unitholder. The details of availability of SWP facility for the scheme have been stated in para "Highlights of the Scheme" All terms and conditions for SIP/STP, including Exit Load, if any, prevailing in the date of SIP/STP enrolment/registration by the fund shall be levied in the Scheme. **Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)** Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) is an option wherein Unit holders of designated schemes (Source Schemes) can opt to transfer a fixed amount at regular intervals and provide standing instructions to the AMC to switch the same into the designated schemes (Target Schemes). The source schemes refer to all open ended schemes [except- (i) Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs (ii) separate plans under ICICI

Prudential Liquid Plan for deployment of unclaimed amounts viz ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption Investor Education and ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend Investor Education and (iii)ICICI Prudential Long Tem Equity Fund(Tax Saving)], and the target schemes refer to all open ended schemes where subscription is allowed [except (i) Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and (ii) separate plans under ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan for deployment of unclaimed amounts viz ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption Investor Education and ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend Investor Education]. The amount transferred under STP from Source scheme to the Target Scheme shall be done by redeeming Units of Source scheme at Applicable NAV, subject to exit load, if any; and subscribing to the Units of the Scheme at Applicable NAV as on specified date as given below:

Particulars	**Frequency**
Daily option	Daily
Weekly Options	Monday
Monthly and Quarterly Options	7th, 10th, 15th, 25th or the last business day of each month/quarter

In case these dates fall on a holiday or book closure period, the next Business Day will be considered for this purpose. STP will be automatically terminated if all Units are liquidated or withdrawn from the Source scheme or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the Unit holder. Further STP would not be applicable in case of insufficient balance under the Source Scheme. All requests for registering or discontinuing Systematic Transfer Plans shall be subject to an advance notice of 7 (seven) working days.

The provision of "Minimum Redemption Amount" specified in Scheme Information Document (SID)(s) of the respective Designated Source schemes and "Minimum Application Amount" applicable to the Scheme as specified in this document will not be applicable for Systematic Transfer Plan. At the time of registration the minimum amount for this facility is Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1 for weekly, monthly and quarterly frequency and Rs.250 and in multiples of Rs.50 for daily frequency.

	Minimum no. of instalments for daily, weekly and monthly frequency will be 6 and for quarterly frequency will be 4. The Fund reserves the right to include/remove any of its Schemes under the category of 'Designated Schemes available for STP' from time to time by suitable display of notice on AMC's Website. The Scheme is available as a both Source and Target Scheme under this facility. **Value STP** The AMC had introduced ICICI Prudential Value Systematic Transfer Plan (Value STP) for the benefit of the Unitholders. 1) In this facility, unit holder(s) can opt to transfer an amount at regular intervals from a designated source scheme(s) of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund ("Transferor Scheme") to the designated target Scheme(s) of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund ("Transferee Scheme"). It includes a feature of a 'Reverse Transfer' from the Transferee Scheme into the Transferor Scheme, in order to achieve the specified Target Investment Value [(first installment amount) X (number of installments paid; including the current installment)] on each transfer date in the Transferee Scheme, subject to the terms and conditions of Value STP. 2) In Value STP, transfers into the Transferee Scheme from the Transferor Scheme are made to achieve the Total Target Investment Value [first installment amount) X (total no. of installments specified by the unitholders)] in the Transferee Scheme. This is done by transferring an amount at regular intervals in a way that it increases the Target Investment Value of units in the Transferee Scheme systematically, by a fixed amount (i.e. the first installment amount specified by the Unitholder) on the date of each transfer for the tenure of the Value STP. The amount to be transferred will be arrived at on the basis of the difference between the Target Investment Value and the Market Value of the holdings in the Transferee Scheme on the date of transfer. 3) Value STP offers a transfer facility at daily, Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly intervals. The Unit holder is free to choose the frequency of such transfers. 4) Value STP has the following features: i. Transfer: The first Value STP installment will be processed for the first installment amount specified by the Unitholder at the time of enrollment. From the second Value STP installment onwards, the transfer amount may be higher/lower than the first installment amount, as derived by the formula stated below: [(First installment amount) X (Number of installments paid including the current installment)] - (Market Value of the

	investments transferred through VALUE STP in the Transferee Scheme on the date of transfer) In case the amounts (as specified above) to be transferred are not available in the Transferor Scheme in the unit holder's account, the residual amount will be transferred to the Transferee Scheme and Value STP will be closed. ii. Reverse Transfer: On the date of transfer, if the market value of the investments in the Transferee Scheme through Value STP is higher than the Target Investment Value for that month [(first installment amount) X (number of installments paid; including the current installment)], then a reverse transfer will be effected from the Transferee Scheme to the Transferor Scheme, to the extent of the difference in the amount, in order to arrive at the Target Investment Value for that month. 5)(a) The minimum amount per Value STP installment at the time of registration, shall be as follows: • Weekly , Monthly and quarterly frequency: Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Re.1 • Daily frequency: Rs. 250 and in multiples of Rs.50. (b) There should be a minimum of 6 installments for enrolment under daily, Weekly and Monthly Value STP and 4 installments for Quarterly Value STP. (c) The minimum unit holder's account balance or a minimum amount of application at the time of Value STP enrolment should be Rs. 12,000 in the Transferor Scheme. 6) Load Structure: In respect of units created under Value STP enrollments made in the above-mentioned Transferor and Transferee Scheme(s) (and in Transferor Scheme for instances of Reverse Transfer), the Load Structure prevalent at the time of enrolment shall govern the investors during the tenure of the Value STP 7) ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan acts as both transferor and Transferee Scheme under this facility. 8) This facility is available only for units held / to be held in a Non-demat Mode in the Transferor and the Transferee Scheme. The Trustee reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of Value STP or withdraw the Value STP at a later date. For the terms and conditions of Value STP, contact the nearest ISC or visit our website www.icicipruamc.com Flex STP The AMC has introduced ICICI Prudential Flex Systematic Transfer Plan (Flex STP). Under this facility unit holder(s) can opt to transfer variable amount(s) linked to value of investments under Flex STP on the date of transfer at pre-determined intervals from designated source Scheme(s) [referred to as Transferor Scheme(s)] to the designated

target Scheme(s) [referred to as Transferee Scheme(s)].

Salient features of the facility:

1. Flex STP is available at Daily, Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly Intervals.

Particulars	Frequency
Daily option	Daily
Weekly Options	Monday
Monthly and Quarterly Options	7th, 10th, 15th, 25th or the last business day of each month/quarter

In case the date of transfer falls on a Non-Business Day or falls during a book closure period, the immediate following Business Day will be considered for the purpose of applicability of NAV.

2. At the time of registration, the minimum amount under this facility is as follows:

Frequency	Minimum Amount of Transfer (Rs.)
Daily	250/- and in multiples of Rs.50
Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly	1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1

3. There should be a minimum of 6 installments for enrollment under daily, Weekly and Monthly Flex STP and 4 installments for Quarterly Flex STP. The minimum balance in unit holder's account or minimum amount of application at the time of enrollment for Flex STP should be Rs. 12,000/-.
4. Flex STP with Daily, Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly Frequency shall commence if the application is submitted at least 7 business days prior to the applicable date.
5. Under Flex STP, the amount sought to be transferred shall be calculated as follows:

   Fixed Amount to be transferred per Installment or the amount as determined by the following formula [(fixed amount to be transferred per installment X by the number of installments including the current installment) - market value of the investments through Flex STP in the Transferee Scheme on the date of transfer] whichever is higher.

	In case the amount (as calculated basis above) to be transferred is not available in the Transferor Scheme in the unit holder's account, the residual amount will be transferred to the Transferee Scheme and Flex STP will be closed. 6. The first Flex STP installment will be processed basis the fixed installment amount specified by the unit holder at the time of enrollment. Flex STP shall be applicable from second installment onwards. 7. The total Flex STP amount invested in the Transferee Scheme shall not exceed the total enrollment amount i.e. amount per installment X number of installments. 8. The redemption / switch-out of units allotted in the Transferee Scheme shall be processed on First In First Out (FIFO) basis. In case there is a redemption / switch-out of any units allotted under Flex STP, the balance installments under Flex STP will be processed for the fixed installment amount specified by the unitholder at the time of enrollment. 9. If the Flex STP Date and/or Frequency has not been indicated or multiple frequencies are selected, Monthly frequency shall be treated as Default frequency and last business day of the month shall be treated as Default Date. 10. Flex STP shall be applicable subject to payment of exit load, if any, in the Transferor Schemes. 11. Flex STP will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the Transferor Scheme or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the unit holder. 12. In order to discontinue the facility, a written request must be submitted at least 7 business days prior to the next applicable transfer date for daily/Weekly/Monthly/Quarterly frequency. 13. For availing this facility, investors are required to submit ICICI Prudential Flex STP form duly complete in all respects. 14. ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan acts as both transferor and Transferee Scheme under this facility. Trustees reserve the right to change/modify the terms and conditions or withdraw this facility. The provision of "Minimum Redemption Amount" specified in the SID(s) of the respective Designated Source Schemes and "Minimum Application Amount" applicable to the Scheme as specified in this document will not be applicable

	for STP. This facility will ensure that the Unit Holder is able to systematically invest into equity Schemes and balanced Scheme without having to give any post dated cheque, unlike under SIP. The above list is subject to change from time to time. The Trustee reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of Value STP or withdraw the Value STP at a later date. For the terms and conditions of Value STP, contact the nearest ISC or visit our website www.icicipruamc.com All terms and conditions for SIP/STP, including Exit Load, if any, prevailing in the date of SIP/STP enrolment/ registration by the fund shall be levied in the Scheme. **Automatic Encashment Plan** AEP is available under the Scheme as mentioned in the section "Highlights of the Scheme" Automatic Encashment Plan (AEP) is available only to the Unit-holders who have opted for Cumulative Option under the Scheme. AEP will be always subject to the minimum application amount as prescribed. The Fund may suspend the AEP in respect of a particular folio, if as a result of AEP, the balance under that particular folio of the Unitholder falls below the minimum application amount. It is proposed to offer AEP in addition to Systematic Withdrawal Plan available under the Scheme. AEP envisages an automatic redemption and payment to the Unitholders, which will be structured as redemption of some units held by the investor at intervals/ frequencies indicated in this document. Unitholders under this Plan can avail of this option by providing standing instructions to the AMC. Under AEP an investor may choose anyone of the following options: **(a) Regular Option:** Unitholder will have an option to encash the Units that would be equivalent to the extent of dividend being declared by the Trustees under the scheme under its dividend option. Under the Regular Option, the Unitholders will be able to encash the Units as on dates similar to the Record Date under the Dividend Option of the Scheme. **(b) Appreciation Option:** Unitholder will have an option to encash the appreciation available on his investment on the Designated Date on quarterly or half-yearly basis,

	depending on the fund requirements of the Unitholders. Designated Date will be last Business Day of the calendar quarter or half-year. The Applicable NAV for this purpose is the NAV of the Designated Date. Computation of the available appreciation under the Designated Scheme(s) will be the NAV appreciation (being the difference between the NAV as on the Designated Date minus the purchase price of the respective Units) on outstanding Units on a First in First out (FIFO) basis will be redeemed from the Folio of the investor. There is no assurance or guarantee to Unitholders as to the extent of appreciation that the Scheme may generate. It may be noted that payments at pre-defined intervals under AEP - Regular and Appreciation options will be dependent on such appreciation available under the Scheme. The Trustees may at their discretion add one or more additional options.

How to Switch?	On an on-going basis the Unit holders will have the option to switch all or part of their investment from one Scheme to any of the other Scheme offered by the Fund provided the switch option is available in the scheme. To effect a switch, a Unitholder must provide clear instructions. A request for a switch may be specified either in terms of amount or in terms of the number of units of the Scheme from which the switch is sought. Such instructions may be provided in writing or by completing the Switch Request Slip provided in the transaction booklet and lodging the same on any Business Day at any of the Customer Service Centers. An Account Statement reflecting the new holdings is proposed to be dispatched to the Unitholders within 5 Business Days of completion of switch transaction. The switch will be effected by redeeming Units from the Scheme in which the Units are held and investing the net proceeds in the other Scheme(s), subject to the minimum balance applicable for the respective Scheme(s). The price at which the Units will be switched out of the Scheme will be based on the Applicable NAV of the relevant Scheme(s) and considering any exit loads that the Trustee may approve from time to time. Exit load applicable to redemption of units is also applicable to switch. For switches on an ongoing basis, the applicable NAV for effecting the switch out of the existing open-ended funds will be the NAV of the Business Day on which the switch request, complete in all respects, is received by the AMC, subject to the cut-off time and other terms specified in the SID of the respective existing open-ended Scheme.
Consolidated Account Statement	1. The Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) for each calendar month will be issued on or before tenth day of succeeding month to the investors who have provided valid Permanent Account Number (PAN). Due to this regulatory change, AMC shall now cease to send physical account statement to the investors after every financial transaction** including systematic transactions. Further, CAS will be sent via email where any of the folios consolidated has an email id or to the email id of the first unit holder as per KYC records. **The word 'financial transaction' shall include purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan and systematic transfer plan. 2. For folios not included in the Consolidated Account Statement (CAS), the AMC shall henceforth issue account

	statement to the investors on a monthly basis, pursuant to any financial transaction in such folios on or before tenth day of succeeding month. In case of a New Fund Offer Period (NFO), the AMC shall send confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant by way of a physical account statement or an email and/or SMS's to the investor's registered address and/or mobile number not later than five business days from the date of closure of the NFO. 3. In case of a specific request received from the unit holder, the AMC shall provide the account statement to the investors within 5 business days from the receipt of such request. 4. In the case of joint holding in a folio, the first named Unit holder shall receive the CAS/account statement. The holding pattern has to be same in all folios across Mutual Funds for CAS. 5. Each CAS issued to the investors shall also provide the total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme. Further, in case if no transaction has taken place in a folio during the period of six months ended September 30 and March 31, the CAS detailing the holdings across all Scheme of all mutual funds, shall be emailed at the registered email address of the unitholders on half yearly basis, on or before tenth day of succeeding month, unless a specific request is made to receive the same in physical form. urther, CAS issued for the half-year(September/ March) shall also provide: a. The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as service tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc. b. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) for the half-year period, of each scheme's applicable plan where the concerned investor has invested in. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors,

	excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. In case of the units are held in dematerialized (demat) form, the statement of holding of the beneficiary account holder will be sent by the respective Depository Participant periodically. CAS for investors having Demat account: • Investors having MF investments and holding securities in Demat account shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) from the Depository. • Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN). In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis. • If there is any transaction in any of the Demat accounts of the investor or in any of his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within ten days from the month end. In case, there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios and demat accounts then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis. • In case an investor has multiple accounts across two depositories, the depository with whom the account has been opened earlier will be the default depository. The dispatch of CAS by the depositories would constitute compliance by the AMC/ the Mutual Fund with the requirement under Regulation 36(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations. However, the AMC reserves the right to furnish the account statement in addition to the CAS, if deemed fit in the interest of investor(s).
Dividend Policy	**(i) Growth Option** The Scheme will not declare any dividends under this option. The income earned by the Scheme will remain reinvested in the Scheme and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value. This option is suitable for investors who are not looking for regular income but who have invested with the intention of capital appreciation. **(ii) Dividend Option** This option is suitable for investors seeking income through dividend declared by the Scheme. The Trustee may approve the distribution of dividend by AMC out of the net surplus under this Option. The remaining net surplus after

	considering the dividend and tax, if any, payable there on will be ploughed back in the Scheme and be reflected in the NAV. **(iii) Dividend Payout:** As per the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall despatch to the Unit Holders, dividend warrants within 30 days of declaration of the Dividend. Dividends will be payable to those Unit Holders whose names appear in the Register of Unit Holders on the date (Record Date). Dividends will be paid by cheque, net of taxes as may be applicable. Unit Holders will also have the option of direct payment of dividend to the bank account. The cheques will be drawn in the name of the sole/first holder and will be posted to the Registered address of the sole/first holder as indicated in the original application form. To safeguard the interest of Unit Holders from loss or theft of dividend cheques, investors should provide the name of their bank, branch and account number in the application form. Dividend cheques will be sent to the Unit Holder after incorporating such information. Dividend Payout facility will be available with all frequencies except daily frequency. In case of daily frequency, dividend will be mandatorily reinvested. The minimum amount for dividend payout shall be Rs.100 (net of dividend distribution tax and other statutory levy, if any), else dividend would be mandatorily reinvested. **(iv) Dividend Reinvestment:** The investors opting for Dividend Option may choose to reinvest the dividend to be received by them in additional Units of the Scheme. Under this provision, the dividend due and payable to the Unitholders will be compulsorily and without any further act by the Unitholders reinvested in the Scheme (under the Dividend Option, at the first ex-dividend NAV). The dividends so reinvested shall be constructive payment of dividends to the Unitholders and constructive receipt of the same amount from each Unitholder for reinvestment in Units. On reinvestment of dividends, the number of Units to the credit of Unitholder will increase to the extent of the dividend reinvested dividend by the NAV applicable on the day of reinvestment. **(v) Dividend Transfer Plan (DTP)** Dividend Transfer Plan facility will be available under the Scheme. The source schemes refer to all schemes where dividend option is available [except (i) Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) (ii) separate plans under ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan for deployment of unclaimed amounts viz ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan -

	Unclaimed Redemption Investor Education and ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend Investor Education and the target schemes refer to all open ended schemes where subscription is allowed [except (i) Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and (ii) separate plans under ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan for deployment of unclaimed amounts viz ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption Investor Education and ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend Investor Education].The Trustee reserves the right to declare dividends under the dividend option of the Scheme depending on the net distributable surplus available under the Scheme. It should, however, be noted that actual distribution of dividends and the frequency of distribution will depend, inter-alia, on the availability of distributable surplus and will be entirely at the discretion of the Trustee. On payment of dividends, the NAV will stand reduced by the amount of dividend and dividend tax (if applicable) paid. The dividend will be distributed in accordance with applicable SEBI Regulations and SEBI Circular no. SEBI/ IMD/ Cir No. 1/ 64057/06 dated April 4, 2006 on the procedure for Dividend Distribution. The requirement of giving dividend notice shall not be applicable for Dividend Options having frequency up to one month.
Deployment of unclaimed dividend / redemption	The treatment of unclaimed redemption & dividend amount will be as per SEBI circular dated Feb 25, 2016.
Dividend	The dividend warrants shall be dispatched to the unit holders within 30 days of the date of declaration of the dividend. In the event of failure to dispatch dividend within 30 days, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest at 15% per annum to the unit holders. For folios where dividend warrants are returned undelivered and/ or the dividend warrants remains unclaimed on 3 (three) consecutive occasions, the AMC reserves the right to compulsorily reinvest the future dividend amounts; wherein reinvestment option is available under the respective scheme.
Reinvestment of dividend	In case Unitholder has opted for dividend payout option under weekly, fortnightly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, annual and other frequencies (as applicable), the minimum amount for dividend payout shall be Rs.100 (net of dividend distribution tax and other statutory levy, if any), else the dividend would be mandatorily reinvested.

	The dividend would be reinvested in the same Scheme/Plan by issuing additional Units of the Scheme at the prevailing ex-dividend Net Asset Value per Unit on the record date. There shall be no exit load on the redemption of units allotted as a result of such reinvestment of dividend. Dividend declared will be compulsorily paid out under the "dividend payout" option of all schemes which have discontinued fresh subscriptions with effect from October 1, 2012. The criteria for compulsory reinvestment of dividend declared under the dividend payout option of certain schemes, where the dividend amount is less than the minimum dividend payout limit, will not be applicable to investors holding their units in DEMAT form. For unit holders, holding units in DEMAT form, if dividend is declared in any applicable Scheme, the amount will be paid out or reinvested as per the option selected by the unit holders only.
Redemption of Units	**For unitholders holding units in physical mode:** The Units can be redeemed (i.e. sold back to the Fund) on every Business Day at the Redemption Price (hereinafter defined). The redemption request can be made for a minimum amount as mentioned in para "**highlights of the Scheme**". In case, a unit holder specifies the redemption amount as well as number of Units for redemption, (subject to the minimum redemption amount as mentioned above) the number of Units specified will be considered for deciding the redemption amount. If only the redemption amount is specified by the Unit holder, the Fund will divide the redemption amount so specified by the Applicable NAV based price to arrive at the number of Units. If a unit holder submits a redemption/switch-out request mentioning only the name of the Scheme and folio number but not mentioning the units and the amount for redemption, the Fund shall assume that the redemption/switch-out request is for all the units under the stated folio from the Scheme and the option mentioned on the redemption/switch-out request and shall redeem all the units. In case an investor has purchased Units on more than one Business Day, the Units purchased prior in time (i.e. those Units which have been held for the longest period of time)

	will be deemed to have been redeemed first i.e. on a First-in-First-Out basis. The redemption will be at Applicable NAV based prices, subject to applicable exit load. The Fund reserves the right to modify exit loads, at any time in future, on perspective basis. In such an event, the Redemption Price of the Units will be adjusted by using the following formula. The maximum load (exit) under the Scheme will not exceed the limits as prescribed under the Regulations. The Fund shall ensure that the Redemption Price is not lower than 93% of the NAV and the Purchase Price is not higher than 107% of the NAV, provided that the difference between the Redemption Price and Purchase Price of the Units shall not exceed the permissible limit of 7% of the Purchase Price, as provided for under the Regulations. Notice of the changes in the load structure (exit load) shall be made by a suitable display in the Customer Service Centres of the AMC and will be published in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated. <u>Payment of proceeds</u> All redemption requests received prior to the cut-off time on any Business Day at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions will be considered accepted on that Business Day, subject to the redemption requests being complete in all respects, and will be priced on the basis of Redemption Price for that day. Requests received after the cut-off time will be treated as though they were accepted on the next Business Day. As per the Regulations, the Fund shall dispatch redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days (working days) of receiving the redemption request. Trustees reserve the right to alter or modify the number of days taken for redemption of Units under the Fund after taking into consideration the actual settlement cycle, when announced, as also the changes in the settlement cycles that may be announced by the Principal Stock Exchanges from time to time. As per the guidelines issued by SEBI, in the event of failure to dispatch the redemption or repurchase proceeds within 10 working days, the AMC is liable to pay interest to the Unit holders @ 15% p.a. SEBI has further advised the

	mutual funds that in the event of payment of interest to the Unit holders, such Unit holders should be informed about the rate and the amount of interest paid to them. If the Unit holder fails to provide the Bank mandate, the request for redemption would be considered as not valid and the Fund retains the right to reject/withhold the redemption until a proper bank mandate is furnished by the Unitholder and the provision with respect of penal interest in such cases will not be applicable/ entertained. The mode of payment may be direct credit/ECS/cheque or any other mode as may be decided by AMC in the interest of investors. **Suspension of Sale and Redemption of Units** Suspension or restriction of repurchase/ redemption facility under any scheme of the mutual fund shall be made applicable only after obtaining the approval from the Boards of Directors of the AMC and the Trustees. After obtaining the approval from the AMC Board and the Trustees. Additionally, the following requirements shall need to be observed before imposing restriction on redemptions: a) Restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as: i. Liquidity issues - when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. ii. Market failures, exchange closures - when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies. iii. Operational issues – when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems. b) Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. c) Any imposition of restriction would require specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustees and the same

	should be informed to SEBI immediately. d) When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied: 1. No redemption requests up to INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction. 2. Where redemption requests are above INR 2 lakh, AMCs shall redeem the first INR 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction. **Right to Limit Redemptions** Any Units, which by virtue of these limitations are not redeemed on a particular Business Day, will be carried forward for Redemption to the next Business Day, in order of receipt. Redemptions so carried forward will be priced on the basis of the Applicable NAV (subject to the prevailing load) of the Business Day on which Redemption is made. Under such circumstances, to the extent multiple Redemption requests are received at the same time on a single Business Day, Redemptions will be made on pro-rata basis, based on the size of each Redemption request, the balance amount being carried forward for Redemption to the next Business Day(s). Suspension or restriction of repurchase/ redemption facility under any scheme of the mutual fund shall be made applicable only after obtaining the approval from the Boards of Directors of the AMC and the Trustees. After obtaining the approval from the AMC Board and the Trustees, intimation would be sent to SEBI in advance providing details of circumstances and justification for the proposed action shall also be informed.
Bank Account Details	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications for purchase or redemption of Units. If the Unit-holder fails to provide the Bank mandate, the request for redemption would be considered as not valid and the Scheme retains the right to withhold the redemption until a proper bank mandate is furnished by the Unit-holder and the provision with respect of penal interest in such cases will not be applicable/ entertained. **Bank Mandate Requirement** For all fresh purchase transactions made by means of a cheque, if cheque provided along with fresh subscription/new folio creation does not belong to the bank mandate opted in the application form, any one of the following documents needs to be submitted. 1. Original cancelled cheque having the First Holder Name printed on the cheque. 2. Original bank statement reflecting the First Holder Name,

	Bank Account Number and Bank Name as specified in the application. 3. Photocopy of the bank statement duly attested by the bank manager with designation, employee number and bank seal. 4. Photocopy of the bank pass book duly attested by the bank manager with designation, employee number and bank seal. 5. Photocopy of the bank statement/passbook/cheque duly attested by ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited (the AMC) branch officials after verification of original bank statement/passbook shown by the investor or their representative. 6. Confirmation by the bank manager with seal, designation and employee number on the bank's letter head confirming the investor details and bank mandate information. This condition is also applicable to all purchase transactions made by means of a Demand Draft. In case the application is not accompanied by the aforesaid documents, the AMC reserves the right to reject the application, also the AMC will not be liable in case the redemption/dividend proceeds are credited to wrong account in absence of above original documents. In case the bank account details are not mentioned or found to be incomplete or invalid in a purchase application, then the AMC will consider the account details as appearing in the investment amount cheque and the same shall be updated under the folio as the payout bank account for the payment of redemption/dividend amount etc. The aforementioned updation of bank account shall however be subject to compliance with the third party investment guidelines issued by Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) from time to time. The AMC reserves the right to call for any additional documents as may be required, for processing of such transactions with missing/incomplete/invalid bank account details. The AMC also reserves the right to reject such applications.
Change of Bank details	• Updation of bank accounts in investor's folio shall be either through "Multiple Bank Account Registration Form" or a standalone separate "Change of Bank Mandate Form". • Change of bank details or redemption request shall be accepted in two different standalone request forms and processed separately for all existing and new investors. • In case of change of bank request, investors shall be required to submit below stated supporting documents to

	effect such change: **Documents required for change of bank request** New bank account: Original of any one of the following documents or originals should be produced for verification or copy should be attested by the Bank: - Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque. Or - Self attested copy of bank account statement issued by the concerned bank. (not older than 3 months).Or - Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months. Or - Bank letter, on the letterhead of the bank duly signed by branch manager/authorized personnel stating the investor's bank account number, name of investor, account type, bank branch, MICR and IFSC code of the bank branch. (The letter should be not older than 3 months). **Updation of bank account in the folios wherein bank details not registered:** In case of folios/accounts where bank details were not provided by the investor at the time of making investment (old folios, when bank details were not mandatory) the investors shall be required to submit the below stated supporting documents to update the bank details: New bank account: Original of any one of the following documents or originals should be produced for verification or copy should be attested by the Bank: - Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque. Or - Self attested copy of bank account statement issued by the concerned bank. (Not older than 3 months). Or - Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months. Or - Bank letter, on the letterhead of the bank duly signed by branch manager/authorized personnel stating the investor's bank account number, name of investor, account type, bank branch, MICR and IFSC code of the bank branch. (The letter should be not older than 3 months). And Proof of Identity: Self attested copy of any one of the documents prescribed admissible as Proof of Identity in SEBI circular no. MIRSD/SE/Cir-21/2011 dated October 5, 2011.

	Note: - In case of photocopies of the documents as stated above are submitted, investor must produce original for verification or a copy of the supporting documents duly attested by the concerned bank to any of the AMC branches or official point of acceptance of transactions. - In case request for change in bank account information being incomplete/invalid or not complying with any requirements as stated above, the request for such change will not be processed. Redemptions/dividends payments, if any will be processed as per specified service standards and last registered bank account shall be used for all the purposes. - In case the request for change in bank account information and redemption request are in the same transaction slip or letter, such change of bank mandate will not be processed. However, the valid redemption transaction will be processed and the payout will be released as per the specified service standards and the last registered bank account shall be used for all the purposes. **Cooling Period:** If the investor submits redemption request accompanied with a standalone request for change of Bank mandate or submits a redemption request within seven days from the date submission of a request for change of Bank mandate details, the AMC will process the redemption but the release of redemption proceeds would be deferred on account of additional verification. The entire activity of verification of cooling period cases and release of redemption payment shall be carried out within the period of 10 business days from the date of redemption. In case of units held in demat form, investors can approach to their respective DP for change of bank details.
Change of Address	I. KYC Complied Folios/Investors: In case of change of address for KYC complied folios, the investors must submit the below stated documents to the designated intermediaries of the KYC Registration Agency: • Proof of new address (POA) and, • Any other document the KYC Registration Agency may specify from time to time. II. For folios created before the implementation of KYC norms, as amended from time to time: In such cases, the investors must submit the below stated documents: • Proof of new address and, • Proof of Identity (POI): Only PAN card copy, if PAN is updated in the folio. In case where PAN is not updated, copy of PAN card or the other POI as may be prescribed.

	However, it is advisable to these investors to complete the KYC process. **Note:** I. List of admissible documents for POA and POI as mentioned in the SEBI circular no. MIRSD/SE/Cir-21/2011dated October 5, 2011 will be considered or any other or additional documents as may be required by SEBI, AMFI or SEBI authorized KYC Registration Agency from time to time. II. In case, the original of any of the aforesaid documents are not produced for verification, then the copies must be properly attested/ verified by the authorities who are authorized to attest as per SEBI circular no. MIRSD/SE/Cir-21/2011 dated October 5, 2011. III. The AMC, if necessary, reserves the right to collect proof of old bank account or proof of investment (in case of Change of Bank) or proof of old address (in case of change of address) or do any additional verification depending upon case to case basis. For more details please visit our website www.icicipruamc.com.

Who can invest?	The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to purchase of units of Mutual Funds being permitted under respective constitutions and relevant statutory regulations): • Resident adult individual either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) • Minor through parent/lawful guardian • Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, association of persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (so long as the purchase of units is permitted under the respective constitutions) • Religious and Charitable Trusts under the provisions of 11(5)(xii) of Income-tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17C of Income-Tax Rules, 1962 • Partnership Firms • Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) • Banks & Financial Institutions • Non-resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin residing abroad (NRIs) on full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis • Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) subject to applicable regulations • Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds • Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations • Mutual fund Scheme, as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time. • Any other category of investor who may be notified by Trustees from time to time by display on the website of the AMC. The following persons are not eligible to invest in the Scheme and apply for subscription to the units of the Scheme: • A person who falls within the definition of the term "U.S. Person" under the Securities Act of 1933 of the United States, and corporations or other entities organised under the laws of the U.S. are not eligible to invest in the schemes and apply for subscription to the units of the schemes, except for lump sum subscription and switch transactions requests received from Non-resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin who at the time of such investment, are present in India and submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited (the AMC)/ICICI Prudential Trust Limited (the Trustee) from time to time.

	The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC/the Trustee. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests on hold/reject the transaction request/reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard. However, existing investments will be allowed to be redeemed. • A person who is resident of Canada • OCB (Overseas Corporate Bodies) as defined under Income Tax Act, 1961 and under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999. Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time.
Other requirements/processes	<u>Consolidation of Folios</u> In case an investor has multiple folios, the AMC reserves the right to consolidate all the folios into one folio, based on such criteria as may be determined by the AMC from time to time. In case of additional purchases in same Scheme / fresh purchase in new Scheme, if the investor fails to provide the folio number, the AMC reserves the right to allot the units in the existing folio, based on such integrity checks as may be determined by the AMC from time to time.

	Transactions without Scheme/Option Name In case of fresh/additional purchases, if the name of a particular Scheme/Plan on the application form/transaction slip differs from the name on the Cheque/Demand Draft, then ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited (the AMC) will process the application and allot units at the applicable Net Asset Value, under the Scheme/Plan which is mentioned on the application form/transaction slip duly signed by the investor(s). The AMC reserves the right to call for other additional documents as may be required, for processing such transactions. The AMC also reserves the right to reject such transactions. The AMC thereafter shall not be responsible for any loss suffered by the investor due to the discrepancy of a Scheme/Plan name mentioned in the application form/transaction slip and Cheque/Demand Draft. In case of fresh purchases, if the Plan name is not mentioned on the application form/transaction slip, then the units will be allotted under the Plan mentioned on the Cheque/Demand Draft. The Plan/Option that will be considered in such cases if not specified by the customer will be the default option of the Plan as per the SID.
	Redemption/Switch Requests If an investor submits a redemption/switch request mentioning both the Number of Units and the Amount to be redeemed/switched in the transaction slip, then the AMC reserves the right to process the redemption/switch for the Number of units and not for the amount mentioned. If an investor submits a redemption/switch request by mentioning Number of Units or Amount to be redeemed and the same is higher than the balance Units/Amount available in the folio under the Scheme, then the AMC reserves the right to process the redemption/switch request for the available balance in the folio under the Scheme of the investor.
	Multiple Requests In case an investor makes multiple requests in a transaction slip i.e. redemption/switch and Change of Address or redemption/switch and Change of Bank Mandate or any combination thereof, but the signature is appended only under one such request, then the AMC reserves the right to process the request under which signature is appended and reject the rest where signature is not appended.
	Processing of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) cancellation request(s): The AMC will endeavour to have the cancellation of registered SIP mandate within 30 days from the date of acceptance of the cancellation request from the investor. The existing instructions/mandate will remain in force till such date that it is confirmed to have been cancelled.

	Processing of Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)/ Trigger facility request(s) Registration / cancellation of SWP and Trigger facility request(s) will be processed within 7 days from the date of acceptance of the said request(s). Any existing registration will continue to remain in force until the instructions as applicable are confirmed to have been effected. All types of trigger will be available for all the plans/options/sub-options of the designated source and target schemes. The source schemes refer to all open ended schemes [except (i) Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) (ii) separate plans under ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan for deployment of unclaimed amounts viz ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption Investor Education and ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend Investor Education and(iii) ICICI Prudential Long Term Equity Fund (Tax Saving)] and the target schemes refer to all open ended schemes where subscription is allowed [except (i) Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and (ii) separate plans under ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan for deployment of unclaimed amounts viz ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend, ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Redemption Investor Education and ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan - Unclaimed Dividend Investor Education].
	Submission of separate forms /transaction slips for Trigger Option/ Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) / Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) facility Investors who wish to opt for Trigger Option/SWP/STP facility have to submit their request(s) in a separate designated forms/transaction slips. In case, if AMC do not receive such request in separate designated forms/transaction slips, it reserves the right to reject such request(s).
	Processing of Redemption/Switch/Systematic transaction request(s) where realization status is not available The Fund shall place the units allotted to investor on hold for redemption / switch/ systematic transactions till the time the payment is realized towards the purchase transaction(s). The Fund also reserves the right to reject / partially process the redemption / switch /systematic transaction request, as the case may be, based on the realization status of the units held by the investor. In both the above cases, intimation will be sent to the investor accordingly. Units which are not redeemed/switched will be processed upon confirmation of realization status and on submission of fresh redemption / switch request.

	<u>Communication via Electronic Mail (e-mail)</u> It is hereby notified that wherever the investor(s) has/have provided his/their e-mail address in the application form or any subsequent communication in any of the folio belonging to the investor(s), the Fund/AMC reserves the right to use e-mail as a default mode to send various communication which include account statements for transactions done by the investor(s). The investor(s) may request for a physical account statement by writing or calling the Fund's Investor Service Centre/ Registrar & Transfer Agent. In case of specific request received from investor(s), the Fund shall endeavour to provide the account statement to the investor(s) within 5 working days from the receipt of such request.
Right to limit subscriptions	In the interest of the investors and in order to protect the portfolio from market volatility, the Trustees reserve the right to discontinue subscriptions under the Scheme for a specified period of time or till further notice.
Non Acceptance/processing of Purchase request(s) due to repeated Cheque Bounce	With respect to purchase request submitted by any investor, if it is noticed that there are repeated instances of two or more cheque bounces, the AMC reserves the right to, not to accept/allot units for all future purchase of such investor(s).
Reversal of cheques	Where the units under any scheme are allotted to investors and cheque(s) given by the said investors towards subscription of units are not realised thereafter or where the confirmation from the bankers is delayed or not received for non-realisation of cheque(s), the Fund reserves the right to reverse such units. If the Investor redeems such units before the reversal of units, the fund reserves the right to recover the amount from the investor – • out of subsequent redemption proceeds payable to investor. • by way of cheque or demand draft or pay order in favour of Scheme if investor has no other units in the folio.
Overwriting on application forms/transaction slips	In case of corrections/overwriting on key fields (as may be determined at the sole discretion of the AMC) of the application forms/transaction slips, the AMC reserves the right to reject the application forms/transaction slips in case the investor(s) have not countersigned in each place(s) where such corrections/overwriting have been made.
Folio(s) under Lien	For all closed-ended Scheme, if the units are under lien at the time of maturity of the Scheme, then the AMC reserves the right to pay the maturity amount to the person/entity/bank/financial institution in whose favour the lien has been marked. An intimation of such payment will be sent to the investor. The AMC thereafter shall not be responsible for any claims made by the investor/third party on account of such payments.

Multiple purchase transactions	In case, multiple purchase transactions are submitted by investors in same option or sub-option of the scheme for the same Transaction Date / Net Asset Value (NAV)date applicability, the Fund reserves the right to aggregate all such multiple applications and consider them as a single transaction for considering NAV applicability and reimbursement of Demand Draft charges.

Transaction Charges	Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011 the transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above may be charged in the following manner: i. The existing investors may be charged Rs. 100/- as transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above; ii. A first time investor may be charged Rs.150/- as transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above. There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs. 10,000/- and on transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows. In case of investment through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), transaction charges shall be deducted only if the total commitment through SIP amounts to Rs. 10,000/- and above. The transaction charges in such cases shall be deducted in 4 equal installments. However, the option to charge "transaction charges" is at the discretion of the distributors. Investors may note that distributors can opt to receive transaction charges based on 'type of the Scheme'. Accordingly, the transaction charges would be deducted from the subscription amounts, as applicable. The aforesaid transaction charge shall be deducted by the Asset Management Company from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor, as the case may be and the balance amount shall be invested subject to deduction of service tax. However, upfront commission to distributors will be paid by the investor directly to the distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by such distributor. **Transaction Charges shall not be deducted if:** • Purchase/Subscription made directly with the fund through any mode (i.e. not through any distributor/agent). • Purchase/ subscription made through stock Exchange, irrespective of investment amount. CAS/ Statement of account shall state the net investment (i.e. gross subscription less transaction charge) and the number of units allotted against the net investment.

Trading and Demat	Pursuant to SEBI circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/9/2011 dated May 19, 2011, with effect from October 1, 2011, the unit holders who wish to hold the units in the demat form, should mention the demat account details of the first holder in the application form while subscribing for units and submit other necessary documents. In case if the demat details are not mentioned or details mentioned are incorrect, then the units will be issued in physical form. Investors may use the forms available at the branches for providing demat details, while subscription. Investors are requested to note that holding of units through Demat Option is also available under all open ended equity and Debt Scheme wherein SIP facility is available. The units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per the SID and will be credited to investors' Demat account on weekly basis upon realization of funds. For e.g. Units will be credited to investors' Demat account every Monday for realization status received in last week from Monday to Friday. The option to hold the units in demat form shall not be available for daily/weekly/fortnightly dividend options. Unitholders who intend to avail of the facility to trade in units in demat mode are required to have a demat Account. If the Unit holder desires to hold the Units in a Dematerialized/ Rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of units held in Account Statement (non demat) form into Demat (electronic) form or vice versa should be submitted alongwith a Demat/Remat Request Form to their Depository Participants. However, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to change the dematerialization / rematerialization process in accordance with the procedural requirements laid down by the Depositories, viz. NSDL/ CDSL and/or in accordance with the provisions laid under the Depositories Act, 1996. Normally no Unit certificates will be issued. However, if the applicant so desires, the AMC shall issue a non-transferable Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 Business Days of the receipt of request for the certificate. Unit certificate if issued must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein.

Third party cheques	Investment/subscription made through third party cheque(s) will not be accepted for investments in the units of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund. Third party cheque(s) for this purpose are defined as: i) Investment made through instruments issued from an account other than that of the beneficiary investor, ii) In case the investment is made from a joint bank account, the first holder of the mutual fund folio is not one of the joint holders of the bank account from which payment is made. Third party cheque(s) for investment/subscription shall be accepted, only in exceptional circumstances, as detailed below: 1. Payment by Parents/Grand-Parents/related persons on behalf of a minor in consideration of natural love and affection or as gift. However, this restriction will not be applicable for payment made by a guardian whose name is registered in the records of Mutual Fund in that folio. 2. Payment by Employer on behalf of employee under Systematic Investment Plans or lump sum/one-time subscription through Payroll deductions. 3. Custodian on behalf of a Foreign Institutional Investor (FII) or a client. The above mentioned exception cases will be processed after carrying out necessary checks and verification of documents attached along with the purchase transaction slip/application form, as stated below: 1. Determining the identity of the Investor and the person making payment i.e. mandatory now Your Client (KYC) for Investor and the person making the payment. 2. Obtaining necessary declaration from the Investor/unitholder and the person making the payment. Declaration by the person making the payment should give details of the bank account from which the payment is made and the relationship with the beneficiary. 3. Verifying the source of funds to ensure that funds have come from the drawer's account only. The AMC reserves a right to seek information and/or obtain such other additional documents other than the aforesaid documents from third party for establishing the identity of the Third Party, before processing such applications. Please visit www.icicipruamc.com for further details.
Multiple Bank accounts	The unit holder/ investor can register multiple bank account details under its existing folio by submitting separate form available on the website of the AMC at www.icicipruamc.com. Individuals/HuF can register up to 5 different bank accounts for a folio, whereas non-individuals can register up to 10 different bank accounts for a folio.

Know Your Client (KYC) Norms	KYC (Know Your Customer) norms are mandatory for all investors for making investments in Mutual Funds, for more information refer SAI.
Transferability of units	Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/10/2010 dated August 18, 2010, units held in dematerialized form are freely transferable with effect from October 01, 2010, except units held in equity linked savings scheme during the lock-in period.
Tax Status of the investor	For all fresh purchases, in case the investor has not selected/incorrectly selected the tax status in the application form, the AMC shall update the tax status based on Permanent Account Number/Bank account details or such other information of the investor available with the AMC for the purpose of determining the tax status of the investor. The AMC shall not be responsible for any claims made by the investor/third party on account of updation of tax status.
Mode of crediting redemption/dividend proceeds	It is hereby notified that for the purpose of optimizing operational efficiency and in the interest of investors, the AMC reserves the right to choose the mode of payment i.e. NEFT/ECS/RTGS etc. for crediting redemption/dividend proceeds, unless a written intimation is received from the investor to the contrary. The AMC may send a communication to investors whose mode of payment has been changed to a new mode from the existing mode.
Processing of Transmission-cum-Redemption request(s)	If an investor submits redemption/switch out request(s) for transmission cases it will be processed after the units are transferred in the name of new unit holder and only upon subsequent submission of fresh redemption/switch-out request(s) from the new unit holder.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	The Units of the Scheme are not transferable, except the units held in demat form. In view of the same, additions/ deletion of names will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of units and not transfer.

	As per requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), persons who fall within the definition of the term "U.S. Person" under the Securities Act of 1933 of the United States, and corporations or other entities organised under the laws of the U.S. are not eligible to invest in the schemes and apply for subscription to the units of the schemes, except for lump sum subscription and switch transactions requests received from Non-resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin who at the time of such investment, are present in India and submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited (the AMC)/ICICI Prudential Trust Limited (the Trustee) from time to time. The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC/the Trustee. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments. The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests on hold/reject the transaction request/reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard. However, existing investments will be allowed to be redeemed.
Cash Investments in the Scheme	Pursuant to SEBI circulars dated September 13, 2012 and May 22, 2014, it is permitted to accept cash transactions to the extent of Rs. 50,000/- subject to compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under and the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable AML rules, regulations and guidelines. Provided that the limit shall be applicable per investor for investments done in a financial year across all Scheme of the Mutual Fund, subject to sufficient systems and procedures in place for such acceptance. However any form of repayment either by way of redemption, dividend, etc. with respect to such cash investment shall be paid only through banking channel. The Asset Management Company is in process of implementing adequate systems and controls to accept Cash Investment in the Scheme. Information in this regard will be provided to Investors as and when the facility is made available.

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

Net Asset Value This is the value per unit of the Scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.	The NAV will be calculated and disclosed by 9.00 pm at the close of every Business Day. NAV will be determined on every Business Day except in special circumstances. The NAV will be calculated and disclosed by 9.00 p.m. on every Business Day. NAV shall be published in at least two daily newspapers having circulation all over India. NAV of the schemes shall also be made available at all Customer Service Centers of the AMC. The AMC shall disclose portfolio of all Scheme on the website www.icicipruamc.com along with ISIN on a monthly basis as on last day of each month, on or before tenth day of the succeeding month. In addition, the AMC will disclose details of the portfolio at least on a half-yearly basis. AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and on AMC's website (www.icicipruamc.com) by 9.00 p.m. every Business Day. In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI and SEBI by the next day. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.
Monthly and Half yearly Portfolio Disclosures	The AMC shall disclose portfolio of various Plans on the website www.icicipruamc.com along with ISIN on a monthly basis as on last day of each month, on or before tenth day of the succeeding month. Portfolio of Top 10 Holdings (Issuer wise) and sector wise fund allocation are also disclosed in this SID, as applicable. The Fund shall before the expiry of one month from the close of each half year, that is as on March 31 and September 30, publish Scheme portfolio in one English daily newspaper having all India circulation and in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the AMC is situated and update the same on AMC's website at www.icicipruamc.com and on AMFI's website at www.amfiindia.com in the prescribed formats.

Half - Yearly Financial Results	In terms of Regulations 59 and SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, the AMC shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on 31st March and on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on their website. The half-yearly unaudited report shall contain details as specified in Twelfth Schedule and such other details as are necessary for the purpose of providing a true and fair view of the operations of the mutual fund. Further, the AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated.

Annual Report	Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) (Amendments) Regulations, 2011 dated August 30, 2011 read with SEBI circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/16/ 2011 dated September 8, 2011, the unit holders are requested to note that Scheme wise annual report and/or abridged summary of annual reports of the Scheme of the Fund shall be sent to the unit holders only by email at their email address registered with the Fund. Physical copies of the annual report or abridged summary of annual reports will be sent to those Unit holders whose email address is not available with the Fund and/or who have specifically requested or opted for the same. The unit holders are requested to update/ provide their email address to the Fund for updating the database. Physical copy of the Scheme wise annual report or abridged summary will be available to the unit holders at the registered office of the Fund/AMC. A separate link to Scheme annual report or abridged summary is available on the website of the Fund. As per Regulation 56(3) of the Regulations, copy of Schemewise Annual Report shall be also madeavailable to unitholder on payment of nominal fees. Further as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) (Third Amendment) Regulation 2008 Notification dated September 29, 2008 & SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 10/141712/08 October 20, 2008, the Schemewise Annual Report of a Mutual Fund or an abridged summary shall be mailed to all unitholders as soon as may be possible but not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounts year.
Associate Transactions	Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

Taxation The information is provided for general information only. This information does not purport to be a complete analysis of all relevant tax considerations; nor does it purport to be a complete description of all potential tax costs, tax incidence and risks for the investors. In view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.	As per the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 ("the Act"), as amended by the Finance Act, 2017

	Resident Investors	**Mutual Fund**
Tax on Dividend	NIL	a) For Dividend income from investments: NIL b) Additional income-tax on income distributed to investors: Individual/HUF -25%* Others -30%* (Refer Note 1,2 & 4 below)
Capital Gains: Long Term	20% with Indexation*	NIL
Short Term	Income tax rate applicable to the Unit holders as per their income slabs.	NIL

Note:

1. Income of the Mutual Fund is exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of Section 10(23)D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

2. Under the terms of the Scheme Information Document, this Scheme is classified as "other than money market mutual fund or a liquid fund".

3. Capital gains arising on transfer or redemption of units other than units of equity oriented funds (as defined under section 115T of the Act), would be regarded as long term capital gains if the units are held for a period of more than 36 months.

4. For the purposes of determining the additional income-tax payable in accordance with section 115R, the amount of distributed income referred therein shall be increased to such amount as would, after reduction of the additional income-tax on such increased amount at the rate specified in section 115R, be equal to the amount of income distributed by the mutual fund

* excluding applicable surcharge and cess.

For further details on taxation please refer to the Section on 'Tax Benefits of investing in the Mutual Fund' provided in 'Statement of Additional Information ('SAI')'.

Investor Services	The Fund will follow-up with Customer Service Centres and Registrar on complaints and enquiries received from investors for resolving them promptly. For this purpose, Mr. Yatin Suvarna has been appointed the Investor Relations Officer. He can be contacted at the Central ServiceOffice of the AMC. The address and phone numbers are: 2nd Floor, Block B-2, Nirlon Knowledge Park, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063, Tel No.: 022 26852000, Fax No.: 022-2686 8313 e-mail - enquiry@icicipruamc.com

D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date. The Fund shall value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the Regulations, or such norms as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time and as stipulated in the Valuation Policy and Procedures of the Fund, provided in SAI.

The NAV of the Scheme shall be rounded off up to four decimals.

NAV of units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

$$\text{NAV (Rs.)} = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current Assets - Current Liabilities and Provision}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under Scheme}}$$

The NAV of the Scheme will be calculated as of the close of every Business Day. The valuation of the Scheme's assets and calculation of the Scheme's NAV shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

SECTION IV: FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. As per SEBI circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No.1/64057/06 dated April 4, 2006, open ended Scheme are not permitted to charge NFO Expenses to the scheme. In case of Scheme launched after the date of the Circular, no NFO expenses were charged to the scheme. In case of Scheme launched before the date of the aforementioned SEBI Circular, the NFO expenses did not exceed the regulatory limit of 6% (applicable at that time) of the initial resources mobilized.

B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that the following percentage of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged to the Scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund. The mutual fund would update the current expense ratios on the website within two working days mentioning the effective date of the change.

Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses:

Particulars	**ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan % per annum of net assets**
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Up to 2.25
Trustee Fees	
Audit Fees	
Custodian Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades Respectively	
Service tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Service tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses$*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under	**Up to 2.25**

Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i) and (6) (a)	
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)* (more specifically elaborated below)	**Up to 0.20**
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities* (more specifically elaborated below)	**Up to 0.30**
The aforesaid does not include service tax on investment management and advisory fees. The same is more specifically elaborated below.	

*As permitted under the Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations and pursuant to SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/ DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 and SEBI (Mutual Funds) Second Amendment Regulations, 2012.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear.

ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc as compared to ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid/ charged under ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan – Direct Plan.

The aforesaid expenses are fungible within the overall maximum limit prescribed under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations. This means that mutual fund can charge expenses within overall limits, without any internal cap on the aforesaid expenses head.

Types of expenses charged shall be as per the SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulation, 1996.

As per the Regulations, the maximum recurring expenses that can be charged to debt Scheme shall be subject to a percentage limit of daily net assets as in the table below:

First Rs. 100 crore	Next Rs. 300 crore	Next Rs. 300 crore	Over Rs. 700 crore
2.25%	2.00%	1.75%	1.50%

The above excludes additional expenses that can be charged towards: i) 20 bps under the Regulation 52(6A)(c), ii) 30 bps for gross new inflows from specified cities and iii) service tax on investment management and advisory fees. The same is more specifically elaborated below.

Pursuant to SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 and SEBI (Mutual Funds) Second Amendment Regulations, 2012, following additional costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme, namely:

(i) The AMC may charge service tax on investment and advisory fees to the Scheme of the Fund in addition to the maximum limit of total expenses ratio as prescribed in Regulation 52 of the Regulations, whereas service tax on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the Scheme within the maximum limit as per regulation 52 of the Regulations.

(ii) expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, from time to time are at least –

- 30 per cent of the gross new inflows into the scheme, or;
- 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme,

whichever is higher;
Provided that if inflows from such cities are less than the higher of the above, such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis;

Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities;

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

(iii) Additional expenses, incurred towards different heads mentioned under sub-regulations (2) and (4) of Regulation 52 of the Regulations, not exceeding 0.20 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme.

At least 2 basis points on daily net assets within the maximum limit of overall expense Ratio shall be annually set apart for investor education and awareness initiatives.

Further, the brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade may be capitalized to the extent of 12bps and 5bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 12 bps and 5bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Service tax on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade, if any, shall be within the limit prescribed under regulation 52 of the Regulations.

Subject to Regulations, expenses over and above the prescribed limit shall be borne by the Asset Management Company.

The following is an illustration of the impact of expense ratio on the scheme's returns:

	Particulars	**Year 1**	**Year 2**
(A)	Net Assets Before expenses	50,00,00,000.00	58,92,00,000.00
	NAV per Unit Before Expense	10.00	11.78
	Return Before Expense	-	20.00%
(B)	**Total Expenses (1.8% of Net Assets Before Expenses)**	**90,00,000.00**	**1,00,00,000.00**
(A-B)	**Net Assets After expenses**	49,10,00,000.00	57,92,00,000.00
	Units	5,00,00,000.00	5,00,00,000.00
	NAV per Unit	9.820	11.5840
	Return After Expense	-	17.96%

For calculating expense of ICICI Prudential Monthly Income Plan - Direct Plan, brokerage component will not be considered.

C. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount, which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the Scheme. This amount is used by the AMC to pay commissions to the distributor and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.icicipruamc.com) or may call your distributor.

Entry Load: Not Applicable.
In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 has notified that, w.e.f. August 01, 2009 there will be no entry load charged to the Scheme of the Mutual Fund and the upfront commission to distributors will be paid by the investor directly to the distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.

Exit Load: Refer para, "Highlights of the Scheme"
Any redemption/switch arising out of excess holding by an investor beyond 25% of the net assets of the Scheme in the manner envisaged under specified SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 10/22701/03 dated 12th December 2003, such redemption / switch will not be subject to exit load.

The exit load charged, if any, shall be credited back to the respective scheme. Service tax on exit load shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of service tax shall be credited to the Scheme.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres. Any imposition or enhancement in the load shall be applicable on prospective investments only.

Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure on the Units subscribed/redeemed on any Business Day. Such changes will be applicable for prospective investments. The Trustee shall arrange to display a notice in the Customer Service Centers of the AMC before the change of the then prevalent load structure. The SID will be updated in respect of changes in the load structure as per the addendum issued. The addendum detailing the changes in the load structure will be published by AMC in 2 daily newspapers- one in regional language and the other in English language newspaper. Changes in the fundamental attributes may be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued by the Fund after the changes in load structure.

D. WAIVER OF LOAD FOR DIRECT APPLICATIONS
Not Applicable

SECTION V: RIGHTS OF UNIT HOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

SECTION VI: PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

1) All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed.

- In March 2013, Prudential plc and its wholly-owned subsidiary The Prudential Assurance Company Limited settled with the UK's former financial services regulator, the Financial Services Authority (FSA) over issues relating to Prudential's unsuccessful bid to acquire AIA, the Asian subsidiary of AIG, in early 2010.

These Prudential companies agreed to pay fines totalling £30 million, in respect of a decision by the FSA that it and the United Kingdom Listing Authority (UKLA) should have been informed earlier about Prudential's contemplation of the potential transaction. The Group Chief Executive, Tidjane Thiam, also agreed to be censured in respect of a decision by the FSA that it should have been informed earlier. The Final Notices published by the FSA on 27 March 2013 concerning these decisions accordingly represent the final resolution of the matter.

In a public statement accompanying the Final Notices dated 27 March 2013, the FSA stated that the investigation was into past events and did not concern the current conduct of the management of the Prudential Group. The FSA accepted that Prudential did consider their obligations in forming their assessment in respect of informing the regulator. Therefore, although the FSA considered that the circumstances of the breaches were serious, the FSA did not consider the breaches were reckless or intentional.

In a public statement regarding the FSA's findings dated 27 March 2013, the Board of Prudential confirmed that the Group Chief Executive acted at all times in the interests of the Company and with the full knowledge and authority of the Board. Prudential works diligently to maintain close and positive relationships with its regulators, and the Group's relationship with its UK regulators continues to be good.

Note:

1. Prudential plc was found to have breached Listing Principle 6 of the UKLA, requiring that "A listed company must deal with the FSA in an open and co-operative manner";
2. The Prudential Assurance Company Limited was found to have breached Principle 11 of the FSA's Principles for Businesses, requiring that "A firm must deal with its regulators in an open and cooperative way, and must disclose to the FSA appropriately anything relating to the firm of which the FSA would reasonably expect notice"; and

3. Tidjane Thiam was found to have been "knowingly concerned" in The Prudential Assurance Company Limited's breach of Principle 11. The FSA accepted that the breach by Mr Thiam (and Prudential) was neither reckless nor intentional

- A Group holding by MAGIM in Storebrand ASA was not reported by the Disclosures team before the deadline as required under the Norwegian Securities Trading Act Rules. The disclosure, which related to an "above 5% holding", was made to the company and regulator on Friday 30th January 2015 at 17.31. As this was post close of business in Norway it was deemed to be received on Monday 2nd February, resulting in a breach of two days. The Norwegian regulator has now issued a "violation charge" of 100,000 Norwegian Kroner (approximately £8,400) against Prudential plc.

2) In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.

Cases pertaining to ICICI Bank Ltd. (the Bank):

- Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has imposed penalty on the Bank in respect of the following:
  - In 2012, a penalty of Rs. 10,000/- for delayed filing of FC-GPR return for an FDI transaction of a customer. The Bank has paid the penalty of Rs. 10,000/- to RBI vide letter dated March 9, 2012.
  - Violation in opening and conduct of account of M/s SpeakAsia Online Pte ltd resulting in penalty of Rs. 3.0 mn being imposed by RBI which was paid in October 2012.
  - Penalty imposed of Rs. 66,000/- for bouncing of 2 SGL deals which was paid in May 2012.
  - On June 10, 2013, RBI imposed a penalty of Rs. 10.01 million on ICICI Bank, in exercise of the powers vested with it under the provisions of Section 47(A)(1)(c) read with Section 46(4)(i) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and subsection (3) of section 11 of FEMA on operating matters pertaining to KYC. The Bank has paid the penalty to RBI.
  - On July 25, 2014, RBI imposed a penalty of Rs. 4.0 million on the Bank, in exercise of powers vested with it under the provisions of Section 47A(1) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 with respect to facilities extended to a corporate borrower by the Bank. The Bank vide letter dated August 7, 2014 has paid the penalty to RBI.
  - On December 17, 2014, RBI imposed a penalty of Rs. 5.0 million on the Bank in exercise of powers vested with it under the provisions Section 47A(1)(c) read with Section 46(4)(i) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 for charges of non-compliance with the directions/guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India in connection with Know Your Customer (KYC)/Anti Money Laundering (AML). The Bank has paid the penalty to RBI on December 30, 2014.

- A penalty of Rs. 1.4 million was imposed on the Bank in February 2015 by the Financial Intelligence Unit, India (FIU-IND). The Bank has filed an appeal against the penalty, which was imposed for failure in reporting of the attempted suspicious transactions pertaining to media sting incidents.

3) Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) had issued a show cause notice to the Bank under SEBI (Procedure for Holding Inquiry and imposing Penalties by Adjudicating Officer) Rules, 1995 for delay of 81 days in filing disclosures under the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations 1992, for change in shareholding exceeding 2% in a listed Company, when prior shareholding exceeded 5 %. This was in respect of Bank's holding in Jord Engineers India Ltd which was largely unlisted, and trading in the scrip was suspended, though the Company was listed. The bank filed consent terms and paid Rs. 1 lac to SEBI pursuant to the consent order passed in May 2012.

4) Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.

Nil

5) Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed:

Nil

GENERAL INFORMATION

- **Power to make Rules**

Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may, from time to time, prescribe such terms and make such rules for the purpose of giving effect to the Scheme with power to the AMC to add to, alter or amend all or any of the terms and rules that may be framed from time to time.

- **Power to remove Difficulties**

If any difficulties arise in giving effect to the provisions of the Scheme, the Trustee may, subject to the Regulations, do anything not inconsistent with such provisions, which appears to it to be necessary, desirable or expedient, for the purpose of removing such difficulty.

- **Scheme to be binding on the Unitholders:**

Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may, from time to time, add or otherwise vary or alter all or any of the features of investment plans and terms of the Scheme after obtaining the prior permission of SEBI and Unitholders (where necessary), and the same shall be binding on all the Unitholders of the Scheme and any person or persons

claiming through or under them as if each Unitholder or such person expressly had agreed that such features and terms shall be so binding.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

Note: The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document (SID) was approved by the Directors of ICICI Prudential Trust Limited by resolutions dated February 22, 2000.

The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved by them was a new product offered by ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund and are not a minor modification of the existing schemes.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited

Sd/-
Nimesh Shah
Managing Director

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 31, 2017

ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund Official Points of Acceptance

•Ahmedabad: 307, 3rd Floor, Zodiac Plaza, Beside Nabard Vihar, Near St. Xavier's College Corner, H.L. Collage Road, Off C. G. Road, Ahmedabad 380009, Gujarat • Amritsar: Eminent Mall, 2nd amar Floor, Kennedy Avenue, 10 The Mall, Amritsar - 143001, Punjab • Anand: 109-110, Maruti Sharnam Complex, Opp. Nandbhumi Party Plot, Anand Vallabh Vidyanagar Road, Anand - 388001, Gujarat • Aurangabad: Unit B-5, 1st Floor, Aurangabad Business Centre, Adalat Road, Aurangabad - 431001, Maharashtra • Allahabad – Shop No. FF-1, FF-2, Vashishtha Vinayak Tower, 38/1, Tashkant Marg, Civil Lines, Allahabad 211 001 • Bangalore (M G Road): Phoenix Pinnacle, First Floor, Unit 101 -104, No 46, Ulsoor Road, Bangalore 560042, Karnataka • Bangalore: No. 311/7, Ground Floor 9th Main, 5th Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041 • Baroda: 2nd Floor, Offc No 202, Goldcroft, Jetalpur Road, Alkapuri, Vadodara 390007, Gujarat •Bharuch: 129/130, First Floor, Aditya Complex, B/H railway station, Near Kasak Fountain, Gujarat, Bharuch, 392002• Bhavnagar: 312, Third Floor, Sterling Point, Above HDFC Bank Ltd, Wagha Wadi Road, Gujarat, Bhavnagar, 364002•Bhopal: MF-26/27 Block-C, Mezzanine Floor, Mansarovar Complex, Hoshangabad Road, Bhopal-462016, Madhya Pradesh • Bhubhaneshwar: Plot No. 381, Khata 84, MZ Kharvel Nagar, (Near Ram Mandir), Dist –Khurda, Bhbaneshwar, 751001 Orissa • Pune: Ground Floor, Office no. 6, Chetna CHS Ltd, General Thimayya Marg, Camp Pune, 411 011 • Chandigarh: SCO 137-138, F.F, Sec-9C, Chandigarh 160017, Chandigarh •105, Amar Chamber, Opp. Lal School, Near HDFC Bank, Station Road, Gujarat, Valsad, 396001 • Office No. 32, Ground floor, Sahara Market, Imran Nagar, Vapi Silvasa Road, Gujarat, Vapi 396191 • Shop A & B, Block A, Apurba Complex, Senraleigh Road, Upcar Garden, Ground Floor, Near AXIS Bank, Asansol, West Bengal 713 304• Chennai- Lloyds Road: Abithil Square,189, Lloyds Road,Royapettah, Chennai 600014, Tamil Nadu • Chennai- N R Dave Complex, 1st Floor, No: 201/C34, 2nd Avenue Anna Nagar west, Chennai - 600 040 • Chennai-Door No 24, Ground Floor, GST Road, Tambaram Sanitorium, Chennai 600 047 • Cochin: #956/3 & 956/4 2nd Floor, Teepeyam Towers, Kurushupally Road, Off MG Road, Ravipuram , Kochi 682015, Kerala • Coimbatore: Ground Floor, No:1, Father Rhondy Street, Azad Road, R.S. Puram, Coimbatore 641002, Tamil Nadu • Dehradun: 1st Floor, Opp. St. Joseph school back gate, 33, Subhash road, Dehradun 248001, Uttaranchal • Durgapur : Mezzanine Floor, Lokenath Mansion, Sahid Khudiram Sarani, CityCentre, Durgapur 713216, West Bengal • Gujarat 1st Floor, Madhav Plaza No. 138-139, Opp. SBI Lal Bunglow Road, Jamnagar 361001, Gujarat • Gujarat Office No. 23-24 , Pooja-B, Near ICICI Bank, Station Road,Bhuj-Kutch 370001, Gujarat •Gurgaon: M.G. Road, Vipul Agora Bulding, Unit no 109, 1st Floor, Opp. JMD Regedt Sq, Gurgaon - 122001 • Guwahati : Jadavbora Complex, M.Dewanpath, Ullubari, Guwahati 781007, Assam • Haryana Shop No. S.C.O No. 8, Sector 16, Basement, HUDA Shopping Centre,(Below Axis Bank). Faridabad 121002, Haryana •,Hyderabad-Begumpet: Gowra Plaza, 1st Floor, No: 1-8-304-307/381/444,S.P. Road, Begumpet, Secunderabad, Hyderabad 500003, Andhra Pradesh • Indore: 310-311 Starlit Tower,29/1 Y N Road, Indore 452001, Madhya Pradesh • Jaipur: Building No 1, Opp Amrapura Sthaan, M.I. Road, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan • Jalandhar: 102, 1st Floor, Arora Prime Tower, G T Road, Jalandhar - 144001, Punjab • Jamshedpur : Padmalaya, 18 Ram Mandir Area, Ground Floor, Bistapur, Jamshedpur – 831001, Jharkhand., Jamshedpur 831001, Jharkhand • Jodhpur: 1st Floor, Plot No 3, Sindhi Colony, Shastri Nagar Jodhpur Rajasthan •Kanpur: Unit no. 317, Kan Chamber, 14/113, Civil Lines, Kanpur 208001• Kalyani: B- 9/14 (C.A), 1st Floor, Central Park, Dist- Nadia, Kalyani 741235, West Bengal • Kanpur: Unit No. G-5, Sai Square 16-116, (45), Bhargava Estate Civil Lines, Kanpur 208 001, Uttar Pradesh • Kolhapur: 1089, E Ward, Anand Plaza, Rajaram Road, Kolhapur 416001, Maharashtra • Kolkata - Dalhousie: Room No. 409, 4th Floor, Oswal Chambers, 2, Church Lane Kolkata - 700001, West Bengal • Kolkata - Lords

: 227, AJC Bose Road, Anandalok, 1st Floor, Room No. 103/103 A, Block - B, Kolkata 700020, West Bengal • Lucknow: 1st Floor Modern Business Center,19 Vidhan Sabha Marg, Lucknow 226001, Uttar Pradesh • Ludhiana: SCO 121, Ground Floor, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001, Punjab • Mumbai-Borivli: ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, Ground Floor, Suchitra Enclave Maharashtra Lane, Borivali (West), Mumbai 400092, Maharashtra • Mumbai - Fort: ICICI Prudential Asset Management Co Ltd, 2nd Floor, Brady House,12/14 Veer Nariman Road Fort, Mumbai 400001, Maharashtra • Mumbai - Ghatkopar: Ground Floor, Unit No 4 & 5, Platinum Mall, Opposite Ghatkopar Railway Station, Jawahar Road, Ghatkopar East, Mumbai 400077 • Mumbai - Goregaon: 2nd Floor, Block B-2, Nirlon Knowledge Park, Western Express Highway, Goregaon, Mumbai 400013, Maharashtra • Mumbai-Khar: ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, 101, 1st Floor, Abbas Manzil, Opposite Khar Police Station, S. V. Road, Khar (W), Mumbai 400052, Maharashtra • Mumbai-Thane: ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, Ground Floor, Mahavir Arcade,Ghantali Road, Naupada, Thane West, Thane 400602, Maharashtra • Sri Kamakshi Sadan No. 44/1, 1st Floor, 4th cross, Malleswaram, Bangalore 560 003 • Mumbai-Vashi: ICICI Prudential AMC Ltd, Devavrata Co-op Premises, Plot No 83, Office No 26, Gr Floor, Sector 17, Vashi, Navi Mumbai 400703, Maharashtra • Nagpur: 1st Floor, Mona Enclave, WHC Road, Near Coffee House Square, Above Titan Eye Showroom, Dharampeth, Nagpur 440010, Maharashtra • Nashik: 1st Floor, Plot no. 57, Karamkala, New Pandit Colony, Opp old Municipal Corporation, (NMC) Off Sharanpur Road, Nashik – 422 002 • New Delhi: 12th Floor Narain Manzil,23 Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 110501, New Delhi • Navsari: 4/411, Landmark The Mall, Near Sayaji Library, Sayaji Road, Gujarat, Navsari 396445 •Noida: K-20, First Floor, Sector 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, Pincode 201301 • New Delhi: 108, Mahatta Tower, B Block, Janak Puri, New Delhi 110558 • Panjim: Sandeep Apts, Shop No. 5 & 6, Grond Floor, Next to Hotel Samrat, Dr. Dada Vaidya Road, Panaji 403001, Goa • Patna : 1st Floor, Kashi Place, Dak Bungalow Road, Patna 800001, Bihar • Pune: 1101 /4/6 Shivaji Nagar, Chimbalkar House, Opp Sambhaji Park, J M Road, Pune 411054, Maharashtra • Raipur: Shop No. 10, 11 & 12, Ground Floor, Raheja Towers, Jail Road, Raipur, PIN 492001, Chattisgarh • Siliguri : Ganapati Plaza, 2nd Floor, Sevoke Road, Siliguri 734001, West Bengal • Prantik Para, Near Hotel Samrat, P. O Chilita, P. S. Bohorompur, Bohorompur, West Bengal 742 165 • Surat: HG 30, B Block, International Trade Center, Majura Gate, Surat 395002, Gujarat • Udaipur: Shukrana, 6 Durga Nursery Road, Near Sukhadia Memorial, Udaipur 313001, Rajasthan •Uttar Pradesh Shop No. 2, Plot No. C-74, Ground Floor, Raj Nagar, District Centre, Ghaziabad 201002, Uttar Pradesh • Varanasi: D-58/2, Unit No.52 & 53,lst Floor, Kuber Complex,Rath Yatra Crossing, Varanasi 221010, Uttar Pradesh • Email IDs: trxn@icicipruamc.com, TrxnBangalore@icicipruamc.com, TrxnChennai@icicipruamc.com, TrxnKolkatta@icicipruamc.com, TrxnHyderabad@icicipruamc.com, TrxnAhmedabad@icicipruamc.com, TrxnMumbai@icicipruamc.com, TrxnPune@icicipruamc.com, TrxnDelhi@icicipruamc.com, TrxnNRI@icicipruamc.com

Toll Free Numbers: (MTNL/BSNL) 1800222999; (Others) 18002006666 • Website: www.icicipruamc.com

Other Cities: Additional official transaction acceptance points (CAMS Transaction Points)

• Agartala: Advisor Chowmuhani (Ground Floor) Krishnanagar, Agartala 799001, Tripura • Agra: No. 8, II Floor Maruti Tower Sanjay Place, Agra 282002, Uttar Pradesh • Ahmedabad: 111-113,1st Floor, Devpath Building, off : C G Road, Behind lal Bungalow, Ellis Bridge , Ahmedabad, Ahmedabad 380006, Gujarat • Nadiad: F -134, First Floor, Ghantakarna Complex, Gunj Bazar, Nadiad – 387001, Gujarat • Ajmer: Shop No.S-5,

Second Floor Swami Complex, Ajmer 305001, Rajasthan • Akola : Opp. RLT Science College Civil Lines, Akola 444001, Maharashtra • Aligarh: City Enclave, Opp. Kumar Nursing Home Ramghat Road, Aligarh 202001, Uttar Pradesh • Allahabad: 30/2, A&B, Civil Lines Station, Besides Vishal Mega Mart, Strachey Road, Allahabad 211051, Uttar Pradesh • Alleppey: Doctor's Tower Building, Door No. 14/2562, 1st floor, North of Iorn Bridge, Near Hotel Arcadia Regency, Alleppey 688011, Kerala • Alwar: 256A, Scheme No:1, Arya Nagar, Alwar 301001, Rajasthan • Amaravati : 81, Gulsham Tower, 2nd Floor Near Panchsheel Talkies, Amaravati 444601, Maharashtra • Ambala : Opposite PEER, Bal Bhawan Road, Ambala 134003, Haryana • Jalpaiguri: Babu Para, Beside Meenaar Apartment, Ward No VIII, Kotwali Police Station, PO & Dist Jalpaiguri, Pincode: 735101, West Bengal • Amritsar: SCO - 18J, 'C' Block, Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar 140001, Punjab • Anand: 101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj Next to Nathwani Chambers , Anand 388001, Gujarat • Anantapur: 15-570-33, I Floor Pallavi Towers, Anantapur 515001, Andhra Pradesh • Andheri (parent: Mumbai ISC): CTS No 411, Citipoint, Gundivali, Teli Gali, Above C.T. Chatwani Hall, Andheri 400069, Maharashtra • Ankleshwar: Shop # F -56,1st Floor, Omkar Complex,Opp Old Colony, Near Valia Char Rasta, G.I.D.C., Ankleshwar 393002, Gujarat • Asansol: Block – G 1st Floor P C Chatterjee Market Complex Rambandhu Talab P O Ushagram, Asansol 713303, West Bengal • N. N. Road, Power House Choupathi, Coochbehar – 736101, West Bengal • Shop No. 6, Sriram Commercial Complex, In front of Hotel Blue Diamon, Ground Floor, T. P. Nagar, Korba 495677 • Ward No. 5, Basantapur More, PO Arambag, Hoogly, Aramnbagh 712 601, West Bengal • Shyamaprasad Road, Shillongpatty, 2nd floor, opposite Hindi School, Silchar 788 001 • Aurangabad: Office No. 1, 1st Floor Amodi Complex Juna Bazar, Aurangabad 431001, Maharashtra • Balasore: B C Sen Road, Balasore 756001, Orissa • • Bangalore: Trade Centre, 1st Floor 45, Dikensen Road (Next to Manipal Centre), Bangalore 560042, Karnataka • Bankura: CAMS Service Center, Cinema Road, Nutunganj, Beside Mondal Bakery, P. 0. & Dist. Bankura 722101 • Bareilly: F-62-63, Butler Plaza Civil Lines, Bareilly 243001, Uttar Pradesh • Belgaum: Tanish Tower CTS No. 192/A, Guruwar Peth Tilakwadi, Belgaum 590006, Karnataka • Bellary: CAMS Service centre,# 60/5, Mullangi Compound, Gandhinagar Main Road, (Old Gopalswamy Road), Bellary 583103, Karnataka • Berhampur: First Floor, Upstairs of Aaroon Printers Gandhi Nagar Main Road, Berhampur 760001, Orissa • Bhagalpur: Dr R P Road Khalifabag Chowk, Bhagalpur 812002, Bihar • Bharuch (parent: Ankleshwar TP): F-108, Rangoli Complex Station Road , Bharuch 392001, Gujarat • Bhatinda: 2907 GH,GT Road Near Zila Parishad, Bhatinda 151001, Punjab • Bhavnagar: 305-306, Sterling Point Waghawadi Road Opp. HDFC Bank, Bhavnagar 364002, Gujarat • Bhilai: Shop No. 117,Ground Floor, Khicharia Complex, Opposite IDBI Bank, Nehru Nagar Square, Bhilai 490020, Chattisgarh • Bhilwara: Indraparstha tower Shop Nos 209-213, Second floor, Shyam ki sabji mandi Near Mukharji garden, Bhilwara 311051, Rajasthan • Bhopal: Plot No . 10, 2nd floor, Alankar Complex, Near ICICI Bank, M P Nagar, Zone II, Bhopal 462011, Madhya Pradesh • Bhubaneswar: 101/ 7, Janpath, Unit-III, Bhubaneswar 751001, Orissa • Bhuj: Data Solution, Office No:17 I st Floor Municipal Building Opp Hotel Prince Station Road, Bhuj - Kutch 370001, Gujarat • Nalanda: R-C Palace, Amber Station Road, Opp.: Mamta Complex, Bihar Sharif (Nalanda) Bihar 803 101. • Bhusawal (Parent: Jalgaon TP): 3, Adelade Apartment Christain Mohala, Behind Gulshan-E-Iran Hotel Amardeep Talkies Road Bhusawal, Bhusawal 425201, Maharashtra • Bikaner: Behind Rajasthan patrika, in front of Vijaya Bank, 1404 Amar Singh Pura, Bikaner 334 001, Rajasthan • Bilaspur: Shop No. B-104, First Floor, Narayan Plaza, Link Road, Bilaspur, (C.G), 495 001 Contact:9203900626 • Bokaro: Mazzanine Floor, F-4, City Centre Sector 4, Bokaro Steel City 827004, Bokaro 827004, Jharkhand • Burdwan: 1st floor, Above Exide Showroom, 399 G T Road, Burdwan, 713101• Calicut: 29/97G 2nd Floor Gulf Air Building Mavoor Road Arayidathupalam, Calicut 673016, Kerala • Chandigarh: Deepak Towers, SCO 154-

155, 1st Floor, Sector17-C, Chandigarh 160017, Punjab • Chandrapur: Opp. Mustafa Décor, Near Bangalore Bakery, Kasturba Road, Chandrapur, Maharashtra 442 402. Tel. No. 07172 – 253108 Chennai: Ground Floor No.178/10, Kodambakkam High Road Opp. Hotel Palmgrove Nungambakkam, Chennai 600034, Tamil Nadu • Chennai: 7th floor, Rayala Tower - III,158, Annasalai,Chennai, Chennai 600002, Tamil Nadu • Chennai: Ground floor, Rayala Tower- I,158, Annasalai, Chennai, Chennai 600002, Tamil Nadu • Cochin: 1st Floor, K C Centre, Door No. 42/227-B, Chittoor Road, Opp. North Town Police Station, Kacheripady, Cochin - 682 018. Tel.: (0484) 6060188/6400210 • Coimbatore: Old # 66 New # 86, Lokamanya Street (West) Ground Floor R.S. Puram, Coimbatore 641002, Tamil Nadu • Cuttack: Near Indian Overseas Bank Cantonment Road Mata Math, Cuttack 753001, Orissa • Davenegere: 13, Ist Floor, Akkamahadevi Samaj Complex Church Road P.J.Extension, Devengere 577002, Karnataka • Dehradun: 204/121 Nari Shilp Mandir Marg Old Connaught Place, Dehradun 248001, Uttaranchal • Delhi: CAMS Collection Centre, Flat no.512, Narain Manzil, 23, Barakhamba Road, Connaught Place, New Delhi 110501, New Delhi • Deoghar: S S M Jalan Road Ground floor Opp. Hotel Ashoke Caster Town, Deoghar 814112, Jharkhand • Dhanbad: Urmila Towers Room No: 111(1st Floor) Bank More, Dhanbad 826001, Jharkhand • Dhule: House No. 3140, Opp. Liberty Furniture, Jamnalal Bajaj Road, Near Tower Garden, Dhule 424001 • Durgapur: City Plaza Building, 3rd floor, City Centre, Durgapur 713216, West Bengal • Erode: 197, Seshaiyer Complex Agraharam Street, Erode 638001, Tamil Nadu • Faridhabad: B-49, Ist Floor Nehru Ground Behind Anupam Sweet House NIT, Faridhabad 121001, Haryana • Gaya: C/o Mangalam Press, Near R/O Dr. Binay Kumar Sinha, Bangla Asthan, Ramdhanpur, Bihar. Gaya – 823001 • Ghaziabad: 113/6 I Floor Navyug Market, Gazhiabad 201001, Uttar Pradesh •First Floor, Canara Bank Building, Dhundhi Katra Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh 231 001, Contact no: 05442 – 220282, Email ID: camsmpr@camsonline.com• F-10, First Wings, Desai Market, Gandhi Road, Bardoli, 394 601, Contact No: 8000791814, Email ID: camsbrd@camsonline.com •Hyderabad: No. 15-31-2M-1/4, 1st floor, 14-A, MIG, KPHB Colony, Kukatpally, Hyderabad 500072• Lawande Sarmalkar Bhavan, 1st Floor, Office No. 2, Next to Mahalaxmi temple, Panaji Goa, 403 001 • Gondal: Parent CSC - Rajkot,A/177, Kailash Complex, Khedut Decor, Gondal 360311, Gujarat • Gorakhpur: Shop No. 3, Second Floor, The Mall Cross Road, A.D. Chowk Bank Road, Gorakhpur 273001, Uttar Pradesh • Guntur: Door No 5-38-44 5/1 BRODIPET Near Ravi Sankar Hotel, Guntur 522002, Andhra Pradesh • Gurgaon: SCO - 17, 3rd Floor, Sector-14, Gurgaon 122001, Haryana • Guwahati: A.K. Azad Road, Rehabari, Guwahati 781008, Assam •H. No 1-3-110, Rajendra Nagar, Mahabubnagar, Telangana, 509001 •B8, 1st floor, Mira Arcade, Library Road, Amreli, 365601• Gwalior: G-6, Global Apartment Phase-II,Opposite Income Tax Office, Kailash Vihar City Centre, Gwalior 474001, Madhya Pradesh •Haridwar – F-3, Hotel Shaurya, New Model Colony, Haridwar, Uttarkhand, 249408 • Hazaribag: Municipal Market Annanda Chowk, Hazaribagh 825301, Jharkhand • Hisar: 12, Opp. Bank of Baroda Red Square Market, Hisar 125001, Haryana • Hubli: No.204 - 205, 1st Floor, ' B ' Block, Kundagol Complex, Opp. Court, Club Road, Hubli 580029, Karnataka • Hyderabad: 208, II Floor, Jade Arcade Paradise Circle, Secunderabad 500003, Andhra Pradesh • Indore: 101, Shalimar Corporate Centre 8-B, South Tukogunj, Opp.Greenpark, Indore 452001, Madhya Pradesh • Jabalpur: 975, Chouksey Chambers, Near Gitanjali School, 4th Bridge, Napier Town, Jabalpur 482001, Madhya Pradesh • Jaipur: R-7, Yudhisthir Marg, C-Scheme Behind Ashok Nagar Police Station, Jaipur 302001, Rajasthan • Jalandhar: 367/8, Central Town Opp. Gurudwara Diwan Asthan, Jalandhar 144001, Punjab • Jalgaon: Rustomji Infotech Services 70, Navipeth Opp. Old Bus Stand, Jalgaon 425001, Maharashtra • Jalna C.C. (Parent: Aurangabad): Shop No 6, Ground Floor, Anand Plaza Complex, Bharat Nagar, Shivaji Putla Road, Jalna 431203, Maharashtra • Jammu: JRDS Heights, Lane Opp. S&S Computers,Near RBI Building, Sector 14, Nanak Nagar, Jammu 180004, Jammu &

Kashmir • Jamnagar: 207, Manek Centre, P N Marg, Jamnagar 361001, Gujarat. Tel.: (0288) 6540116 • Jamshedpur: Millennium Tower, "R" Road Room No:15 First Floor, Bistupur, Jamshedpur 831001, Jharkhand • Jhansi: 372/18 D, 1st floor, Above IDBI Bank, Beside V-Mart, Near RASKHAN, Gwalior Road, Jhansi 284001 • Jodhpur: 1/5, Nirmal Tower Ist Chopasani Road, Jodhpur 342003, Rajasthan • Junagadh: Circle Chowk, Near Choksi Bazar Kaman, Gujarat, Junagadh 362001, Gujarat • Kadapa: Bandi Subbaramaiah Complex, D.No:3/1718, Shop No: 8, Raja Reddy Street, Besides Bharathi Junior College, Kadapa 516001, Andhra Pradesh •Kangra: C/O Dogra Naresh and Associates, College Road, Kangra, Himachal Pradesh, 176001• D No – 25-4-29, 1st floor, Kommireddy vari street, Beside Warf Road, Opp Swathi Medicals, Kakinada 533001, Andhra Pradesh • Kalyani: A - 1/50, Block - A, Dist Nadia, Kalyani 741235, West Bengal • Kannur: Room No.14/435 Casa Marina Shopping Centre Talap, Kannur 670004, Kerala • Kanpur: I Floor 106 to 108 CITY CENTRE Phase II 63/ 2, The Mall, Kanpur 208001, Uttar Pradesh • Karimnagar: HNo.7-1-257, Upstairs S B H Mangammathota, Karimnagar 505001, Andhra Pradesh • Karnal (Parent: Panipat TP): 29 Avtar Colony, Behind Vishal Mega Mart, Karnal 132001• Karur: # 904, 1st Floor Jawahar Bazaar, Karur 639001, Tamil Nadu • Kharagpur: 623/1 Malancha Main Road, PO Nimpura, Ward No - 19, Kharagpur 721304, West Bengal • Kolhapur: 2 B, 3rd Floor, Ayodhya Towers,Station Road, Kolhapur 416001, Maharashtra •Kolkata: RBC Road, Ground Floor, Near Barasat Kalikrishna Girls High School, Barasat - 700124, Kolkota, West Bengal •Kolkata – 2A, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, Room No. 3A "Commerce House" (4th floor), Kolkata 700013 • Kolkata: Saket Building, 44 Park Street, 2nd Floor, Kolkata 700071, West Bengal •Kadakkan Complex, Opp Central School, Malappuram 670 504• 53, 1st Floor, Shastri Market, Sadar Bazar, Firozabad 283 203• Kollam: Kochupilamoodu Junction Near VLC, Beach Road, Kollam 691001, Kerala • Kota: B-33 'Kalyan Bhawan Triangle Part ,Vallabh Nagar, Kota 324007, Rajasthan • Kottayam: Jacob Complex, Building No - Old No-1319F, New No - 2512D, Behind Makkil Centre, Good Sheperd Road, Kottayam - 686001• Kumbakonam: Jailani Complex 47, Mutt Street, Kumbakonam 612001, Tamil Nadu • Kurnool: H.No.43/8, Upstairs Uppini Arcade, N R Peta, Kurnool 518004, Andhra Pradesh • Lucknow: Off # 4,1st Floor,Centre Court Building, 3/C, 5 - Park Road, Hazratganj, Lucknow 226001, Uttar Pradesh • Ludhiana: U/ GF, Prince Market, Green Field Near Traffic Lights, Sarabha Nagar Pulli Pakhowal Road, Ludhiana 141002, Punjab • Madurai: Cams Service Centre, # Ist Floor,278, North Perumal, Maistry Street (Nadar Lane), Madurai 625001, Tamil Nadu • Mangalore: No. G 4 & G 5, Inland Monarch Opp. Karnataka Bank Kadri Main Road, Kadri, Mangalore 575003, Karnataka • Mapusa: Office no.CF-8, 1st Floor, Business Point, Above Bicholim Urban Co-Op Bank Ltd, Angod, Mapusa 403507, Goa • Margao: F4 – Classic Heritage, Near Axis Bank, Opp. BPS Club, Pajifond, Margao, Goa 403601• Meerut: 108 Ist Floor Shivam Plaza Opposite Eves Cinema, Hapur Road, Meerut 250002, Uttar Pradesh • Mehsana: 1st Floor, Subhadra Complex Urban Bank Road, Mehsana 384002, Gujarat • • Moradabad: H 21-22, 1st Floor,Ram Ganga Vihar Shopping Complex, Opposite Sales Tax Office,, Uttar Pradesh • Hirji Heritage, 4th floor, Office No. 402, AboveTribhovandas Bhimji Zaveri (TBZ), L.T. Road, Borivali West, Mumbai 400 092. • Mumbai: Rajabahdur Compound, Ground Floor Opp Allahabad Bank, Behind ICICI Bank 30, Mumbai Samachar Marg, Fort, Mumbai 400023, Maharashtra • Muzzafarpur: Brahman toli, Durgasthan Gola Road, Muzaffarpur 842001, Bihar • Mysore: No.1, 1st Floor CH.26 7th Main, 5th Cross (Above Trishakthi Medicals) Saraswati Puram, Mysore 570009, Karnataka • Nadiad: F 142, First Floor, Gantakaran Complex, Gunj Bazar, Nadiad 387001, Gujarat • Nagpur: 145 Lendra Park, Behind Indus Ind Bank New Ramdaspeth, Nagpur 440010, Maharashtra • Nagercoil IV Floor, Kalluveettil Shyras Center 47, Court Road, Nagercoil - 629 001 • Nanded: Shop No. 303, 1st Floor, Rajmohd complex, Mani Road Sree nagar, Nanded – 431 605. Tel. No. 9579444034 Nasik: Ruturang Bungalow, 2 Godavari Colony Behind Big Bazar, Near Boys Town School Off College Road, Nasik 422005, Maharashtra • Navsari:

CAMS Service Center,16, 1st Floor, Shivani Park, Opp. Shankheswar Complex, Kaliawadi, Navsari, Navasari 396445, Gujarat • Nellore: 97/56, I Floor Immadisetty Towers Ranganayakulapet Road, Santhapet, Nellore 524001, Andhra Pradesh • New Delhi : 304-305 III Floor Kanchenjunga Building 18, Barakhamba Road Cannaugt Place, New Delhi 110501, New Delhi • Noida: CAMS Service centre C-81,1st floor, Sector - 2, Noida, Noida 201301, Uttar Pradesh • Palakkad: 10 / 688, Sreedevi Residency Mettupalayam Street, Palakkad 678001, Kerala • Panipat: 83, Devi Lal Shopping Complex Opp ABN Amro Bank, G.T. Road, Panipat 132103, Haryana • Patiala: 35, New lal Bagh Colony, Patiala 147001, Punjab • Patna: G-3, Ground Floor, Om Vihar Complex, SP Verma Road, Patna 800001, Bihar • Pathankot: 13-A, 1st Floor, Gurjeet Market, Dhangu Road, Pathankot 145001, Punjab • Pondicherry: S-8, 100, Jawaharlal Nehru Street (New Complex, Opp. Indian Coffee House), Pondicherry 605001, Pondichery • Pune: Nirmiti Eminence, Off No. 6, I Floor Opp Abhishek Hotel Mehandale Garage Road Erandawane, Pune 411054, Maharashtra •Raipur: HIG,C-23, Sector - 1, Devendra Nagar, Raipur 492004, Chattisgarh • Rajahmundry: Cabin 101 D.no 7-27-4 1st Floor Krishna Complex Baruvari Street T Nagar, Rajahmundry 533101, Andhra Pradesh • Rajkot: Office 207 - 210, Everest Building Harihar Chowk, Opp Shastri Maidan, Limda Chowk, Rajkot 360001, Gujarat • Ranchi: 4, HB Road, No: 206, 2nd Floor Shri Lok Complex, Ranchi 834001, Jharkhand • Rohtak: 205, 2ND Floor, Blg. No. 2, Munjal Complex, Delhi Road, Rohtak 124001, Haryana • Rourkela: 1st Floor Mangal Bhawan Phase II Power House Road, Rourkela 769001, Orissa • Saharanpur: I Floor, Krishna Complex Opp. Hathi Gate Court Road, Saharanpur 247001, Uttar Pradesh • Salem: No.2, I Floor Vivekananda Street, New Fairlands, Salem 636016, Tamil Nadu • Sambalpur: C/o Raj Tibrewal & Associates Opp.Town High School, Sansarak, Sambalpur 768001, Orissa • Sangli: Jiveshwar Krupa Bldg, Shop. No. 2, Ground Floor, Tilak Chowk, Harbhat Road, Sangli 416416, Contact No.: 0233-6600510 •Satna: 1st Floor, Shri Ram Market, Beside Hotel Pankaj, Birla Road, Satna 485001, Madhya Pradesh •Satara: 117 / A / 3 / 22, Shukrawar Peth Sargam Apartment, Satara 415002, Maharashtra • Shillong: 3rd Floor, RPG Complex, Keating Road, Shillong 793001, Meghalaya, Tel: (0364) 2502511 • Shimla: I Floor, Opp. Panchayat Bhawan Main gate Bus stand, Shimla 171001, Himachal Pradesh • Shimoga: Nethravathi Near Gutti Nursing Home Kuvempu Road, Shimoga 577201, Karnataka • Siliguri: No 7, Swamiji Sarani, Ground Floor Hakimpara, Siliguri 734001, West Bengal • Solapur: 4, Lokhandwala Tower, 144, Sidheshwar Peth, Near Z.P. Opp. Pangal High School, Solapur 413001, Maharashtra • Sriganganagar: 18 L Block, Sri Ganganagar 335001, Rajasthan • Srinagar: Near New Era Public School, Rajbagh, Srinagar 190008. Contact no. 0194-2311428. • 47/5/1, Raja Rammohan Roy Sarani, PO Mallickpara, Dist Hoogly, Sreerampur 712203 • Surat: Office No 2 Ahura -Mazda Complex First Floor, Sadak Street Timalyawad, Nanpura, Surat 395001, Gujarat •Thane – 3rd floor, Nalanda Chambers, B Wing, Gokhale Road, Near Hanuman Temple, Naupada, Thane (West) 400 062 • Thiruppur: 1(1), Binny Compound, II Street, Kumaran Road, Thiruppur 641601, Tamil Nadu • Thiruvalla: Central Tower,Above Indian Bank Cross Junction, Tiruvalla 689101, Kerala • Tirunelveli: III Floor, Nellai Plaza 64-D, Madurai Road, Tirunelveli 627001, Tamil Nadu • Tirupathi: Shop No: 6, Door No: 19-10-8 (Opp to Passport Office), AIR Bypass Road Tirupati - 517501, Andhra Pradesh, Tel: (0877) 6561003 • Trichur: Room No. 26 & 27,DEE PEE PLAZA,Kokkalai, Trichur 680001, Kerala • Trichy: No 8, I Floor, 8th Cross West Extn Thillainagar, Trichy 620018, Tamil Nadu • Trivandrum: R S Complex Opposite of LIC Building Pattom PO, Trivandrum 695004, Kerala • Udaipur: Shree Kalyanam 50, Tagore Nagar Sector 4, Hiranmagri, Udaipur – 313001, Email Id - camsudp@camsonline.com, Rajasthan • Unjha (Parent: Mehsana): 10/11, Maruti Complex, Opp. B R Marbles, Highway Road, Unjha 384170, Gujarat • Vadodara: 103 Aries Complex, BPC Road, Off R.C. Dutt Road, Alkapuri, Vadodara 390007, Gujarat • Valsad: Ground Floor Yash Kamal -"B" Near Dreamland Theater Tithal Road, Valsad

396001, Gujarat • VAPI: 208, 2nd Floor, Heena Arcade, Opp. Tirupati Tower, Near G.I.D.C., Char Rasata, Vapi 396195, Gujarat • Varanasi: Office no 1, Second floor, Bhawani Market, Building No. D-58/2-A1, Rathyatra, Beside Kuber Complex Varanasi - 221010, Uttar Pradesh • Vellore: No.1, Officers Line, 2nd Floor, MNR Arcade, Opp. ICICI Bank, Krishna Nagar, Vellore 632001, Tamil Nadu • Vijayawada: 40-1-68, Rao & Ratnam Complex Near Chennupati Petrol Pump M.G Road, Labbipet, Vijayawada 520010, Andhra Pradesh • Visakhapatnam: Door No. 48-3-2, Flat No. 2, 1st Floor, Sidhi Plaza, Near Visakha Library, Srinagar, Visakhapatnam – 530 016., Andhra Pradesh • Warangal: A.B.K Mall, Near Old Bus Depot Road, F-7, 1st Floor, Ramnagar, Hanamkonda, Warangal 506001, Andhra Pradesh • Yamuna Nagar: 124-B/R Model Town Yamunanagar, Yamuna Nagar 135001, Haryana. • Phagwara: 152-C, Model Town, Phagwara, Punjab 144401• Gopal katra, 1st Floor, Fort Road Jaunpur – 222001, Contact no: 05452 321630 Jaunpur

TP Lite Centres

•Ahmednagar: B, 1+3, Krishna Encloave Complex, Near Hotel Natraj, Nagar-Aurangabad Road, Ahmednagar 414001, Maharashtra • Basti: Office # 3, 1st Floor, Jamia Shopping Complex, Opp Pandey School, Station Road, Basti 272002, Uttar Pradesh • Chhindwara: Office No - 1, Parasia Road, Near Mehta Colony, Chhindwara 480001, Madhya Pradesh • Chittorgarh: CAMS Service centre, 3 Ashok Nagar,Near Heera Vatika, Chittorgarh, Chittorgarh 312001, Rajasthan • Darbhanga: Shahi Complex,1st Floor Near RB Memorial hospital,V.I.P. Road, Benta Laheriasarai, Darbhanga 846001, Bihar • Dharmapuri : # 16A/63A, Pidamaneri Road, Near Indoor Stadium, Dharmapuri, Dharmapuri 636701, Tamil Nadu • Shop No 26 and 27, Door No. 39/265A and 39/265B, Second Floor, Skanda Shopping Mall, Old Chad Talkies, Vaddageri, 39th Ward, Kurnool, Andhra Pradesh, 518001 • Dhule : H. No. 1793 / A, J.B. Road, Near Tower Garden, Dhule 424001, Maharashtra • Faizabad: Amar Deep Building, 3/20/14, IInd floor,Niyawan, Faizabad-224001• Gandhidham: S-7, Ratnakala Arcade, Plot No. 231, Ward – 12/B, Gandhidham 370201, Gujarat • Gulbarga: Pal Complex, Ist Floor Opp. City Bus Stop,SuperMarket, Gulbarga 585101, Karnataka • Haldia: 2nd Floor, New Market Complex, Durgachak Post Office, Purba Medinipur District, Haldia 721602, West Bengal • Haldwani: Durga City Centre, Nainital Road Haldwani, Haldwani 263139, Uttaranchal • Himmatnagar: D-78 First Floor, New Durga Bazar, Near Railway Crossing, Himmatnagar 383001, Gujarat • Hoshiarpur: Near Archies Gallery Shimla Pahari Chowk, Hoshiarpur 146001, Punjab • Hosur: No.303, SIPCOT Staff Housing Colony, Hosur 635126, Tamil Nadu • Jaunpur: 248, Fort Road, Near Amber Hotel, Jaunpur 222001, Uttar Pradesh • Katni: 1st Floor, Gurunanak Dharmakanta, Jabalpur Road, Bargawan, Katni 483501, Madhya Pradesh • Khammam: Shop No: 11 - 2 - 31/3, 1st floor, Philips Complex, Balajinagar, Wyra Road, Near Baburao Petrol Bunk, Khammam 507001, Andhra Pradesh • Malda: Daxhinapan Abasan, Opp Lane of Hotel Kalinga, SM Pally, Malda 732101, West Bengal • Manipal: CAMS Service Centre, Basement floor, Academy Tower, Opposite Corporation Bank, Manipal 576104, Karnataka • Mathura: 159/160 Vikas Bazar, Mathura 281001, Uttar Pradesh • Moga: Gandhi Road, Opp Union Bank of India, Moga 142001, Punjab • Namakkal: 156A / 1, First Floor, Lakshmi Vilas Building Opp. To District Registrar Office, Trichy Road, Namakkal 637001, Tamil Nadu • Palanpur: Tirupati Plaza, 3rd Floor, T - 11, Opp. Government Quarter, College Road, Palanpur 385001, Gujarat • Rae Bareli: No.17 Anand Nagar Complex, Rae Bareli 229001, Uttar Pradesh • Rajapalayam: D. No. 59 A/1, Railway Feeder Road Near Railway Station, Rajapalayam 626117, Tamil Nadu • Ratlam: Dafria & Co 81, Bajaj Khanna, Ratlam 457001, Madhya Pradesh • Ratnagiri: Kohinoor Complex Near Natya Theatre Nachane Road, Ratnagiri 415639, Maharashtra • Roorkee: Cams Service Center, 22 Civil Lines Ground, Floor, Hotel Krish Residency, (Haridwar), Roorkee 247667, Uttaranchal • Sagar: Opp. Somani Automobiles Bhagwanganj, Sagar 470002, Madhya Pradesh • Shahjahanpur: Bijlipura, Near Old Distt Hospital, Jail Road,

Shahjahanpur 242001, Uttar Pradesh • • Sirsa: Bansal Cinema Market, Beside Overbridge, Next to Nissan car showroom, Hissar Road, Sirsa 125055, Haryana • Sitapur: Arya Nagar Near Arya Kanya School, Sitapur 262001, Uttar Pradesh • Solan: 1st Floor, Above Sharma General Store Near Sanki Rest house The Mall, Solan 173212, Himachal Pradesh • Srikakulam: Door No 4-4-96, First Floor. Vijaya Ganapathi Temple Back Side, Nanubala Street, Srikakulam 532001, Andhra Pradesh • Sultanpur: 967, Civil Lines Near Pant Stadium, Sultanpur 228001, Uttar Pradesh • Surendranagar: 2 M I Park, Near Commerce College Wadhwan City, Surendranagar 363035, Gujarat • Tinsukia: Dhawal Complex, Ground Floor, Durgabari Rangagora Road, Near Dena Bank, PO Tinsukia, Tinsukia 786125, Assam • Tuticorin: 4B / A-16 Mangal Mall Complex,Ground Floor, Mani Nagar, Tuticorin 628003, Tamil Nadu • Ujjain: 123, 1st Floor, Siddhi Vinanyaka Trade Centre,Saheed Park, Ujjain 456010, Madhya Pradesh • Vasco: No DU 8, Upper Ground Floor, Behind Techoclean Clinic, Suvidha Complex,Near ICICI Bank, Vasco da gama 403802, Goa • Yavatmal: Pushpam, Tilakwadi, Opp. Dr. Shrotri Hospital, Yavatmal 445001, Maharashtra.

In addition to the existing Official Point of Acceptance of transactions, Computer Age Management Services Pvt. Ltd. (CAMS), the Registrar and Transfer Agent of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, having its office at New No 10. Old No. 178, Opp. to Hotel Palm Grove, MGR Salai (K.H.Road), Chennai - 600 034 shall be an official point of acceptance for electronic transactions received from the Channel Partners with whom ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited has entered or may enter into specific arrangements for all financial transactions relating to the units of mutual fund schemes. Additionally, the secure Internet sites operated by CAMS will also be official point of acceptance only for the limited purpose of all channel partners transactions based on agreements entered into between IPMF and such authorized entities. Additionally, the Internet site(s) operated by the AMC and online applications of the AMC (including Iprutouch) will also be official point of acceptance. The AMC also accepts applications received on designated FAX numbers.

In addition to the existing Official Point of Acceptance of transactions, authorized Points of Service (POS) of MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI) shall be an official point of acceptance for all financial and non- financial transactions. The updated list of POS of MFUI is available on www.mfuindia.com. The online transaction portal of MFU is www.mfuonline.com.

For the updated list of official Point of Acceptance of transactions of AMC and CAMS, please refer the website of the AMC viz., www.icicipruamc.com.