

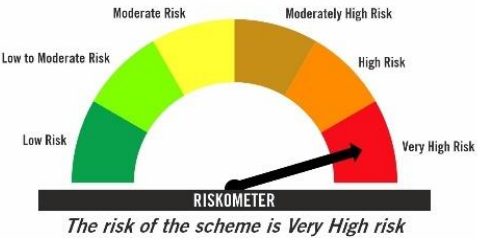
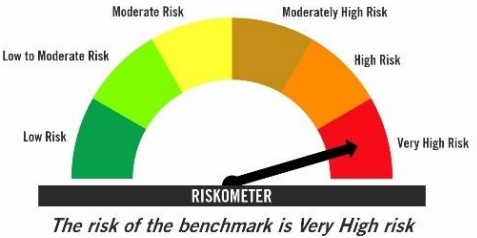
SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT



Section I

Name of the Scheme: Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund

Type of the Scheme: An open-ended scheme replicating /tracking Nifty 50 Index

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Scheme Riskometer as on September 30, 2025	Benchmark Riskometer as on September 30, 2025
- Long term capital appreciation - A passively managed Index Fund		Primary Benchmark: Nifty 50 

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Please refer to our website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloadsServlet/pdf/product-labels-jg9o5k7l>) or latest Risk-o-meters of scheme and primary benchmark (Tier I) calculated in accordance with Para 5.16 and 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.

CONTINUOUS OFFER

Offer for units on an ongoing basis at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. CIN - U67190MH1995PTC093356
Name of Trustee Company	Franklin Templeton Trustee Services Pvt. Ltd. CIN - U65991MH1995PTC095500
Addresses of Asset Management Company and Trustee Company	One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai 400013
Website	www.franklintempletonindia.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document (SID) sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-documents>.

The SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Franklin Templeton Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated November 28, 2025.

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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the Scheme	Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund
II.	Category of the Scheme	Index Fund
III.	Scheme type	A passively managed equity index fund.
IV.	Scheme Code	FTMF/O/O/OIN/00/05/0013
V.	Investment Objective	The Investment Objective of the Scheme is to invest in companies whose securities are included in the Nifty and subject to tracking errors, endeavouring to attain results commensurate with the Nifty 50 Index under NSE Nifty Plan. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.
VI.	Liquidity/ Listing details	The Scheme will open for purchase/subscriptions, repurchase/redemption on all Business Days on July 31, 2024. The redemption proceeds will be despatched to the unitholders within the regulatory time limit of 3 working days of the receipt of the valid redemption request at the OPAT of the Mutual Fund. As per AMFI guidelines dated January 27, 2023, the redemption payment cycle shall be 2 days. In case of exceptional situations, additional time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023. The Scheme is not listed.
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	NSE Nifty (Nifty 50) The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the benchmark by issuing an addendum.
VIII.	NAV Disclosure	The NAV will be calculated for every Business Day and can be viewed on www.franklintempletonindia.com and www.amfiindia.com. NAV will be calculated up to four decimal places using standard rounding criteria. Further Details in Section II.

IX.	Applicable Timelines	Dispatch of redemption proceeds - The redemption proceeds will be despatched to the unitholders within the regulatory time limit of 3 working days of the receipt of the valid redemption request at the OPAT of the Mutual Fund. As per AMFI guidelines dated January 27, 2023, the redemption payment cycle shall be 2 days. In case of exceptional situations, additional time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023. Dispatch of Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) option - 7 working days from record date.
X.	Plans & Options Plans/Options and sub options under the scheme	• Growth Plan • IDCW Plan (with Reinvestment and Payout Options) • Direct – Growth Plan • Direct IDCW Plan (with Reinvestment and Payout Options) Both the plans will have separate portfolios. The face value of the Units is Rs.10 each. The investors must clearly indicate the Plan and Option (Growth or IDCW / Reinvestment or Payout) in the relevant space provided for in the Application Form. In the absence of such instruction, it will be assumed that the investor has opted for the Default Plan which shall be Direct Plan and Default Option, which shall be: • Growth in case Growth or IDCW is not indicated • Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option in case Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option or Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option is not indicated. The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to alter / vary the default plan / option, after giving notice. For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI.

XI.	Load Structure	Exit Load: Nil
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/ Switch in	Subscription: Fresh Purchase - Rs.5,000/-. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) – Rs. 500/- The amount for subscription, SIP in excess of the minimum amount specified above is any amount in multiple of Re. 1/- .
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/ switch out amount	Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	Not Applicable
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	Not Applicable
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/ side pocketing disclosure	Not applicable.
XVIII.	Swing pricing disclosure	Not applicable.
XIX.	Stock lending/ short selling	The Scheme may engage in stock lending/ short selling of securities in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI. For details, kindly refer Section SAI.
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Investors can subscribe for the Units of the Scheme by completing the Application Form and delivering it at any Investor Service Centre or Collection Centre. KYC complied investors/ Investors who are able to provide necessary information and/or documents to perform KYC can perform a web-based transaction to purchase units of the Scheme on website of the Mutual Fund (www.franklintempletonindia.com), FT Mobile App or

		through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time. Please refer to the SAI and the Key Information Memorandum/ Application Form for the instructions. Further details provided in Section II.
XXI.	Investor services	Contact details for general service requests: Good Shepherd Square, 4th Floor, No.82, MGR Salai (Erstwhile Kodambakkam High Road), Chennai- 600034, Tamil Nadu. Tel: 1-800-425-4255 or 1-800-258-4255 (toll-free numbers). International Callers can reach at 91-44-28885200 or 91-44-69030702 (Local call rates apply to both the numbers) from 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 p.m., Monday to Saturday. Email: service@franklintempleton.com Contact details for complaint resolution: Ms. Rini Krishnan has been appointed as the Investor Relations Officer of the AMC. She can be contacted at the above address.
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Not applicable.
XXIII.	Special Product/ facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	Following facilities are available: • Exchange/Switch • Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) • Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Variants facility • Step Up SIP • Pause SIP • Any Date SIP • SIP Amount Change • Flexi SIP • Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) • Flex STP • Value Systematic Transfer Plan

		• Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) • Family Solutions' Facility • Transfer Of Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Plan (TIDCW) • Facility for subscription, redemption and switch of units through stock exchange infrastructure • Value SIP Facility For Details, kindly refer SAI
XXIV.	Weblink	TER for last 6 months, Daily TER as well as scheme factsheet shall be made available on <u>Reports (franklintempletonindia.com)</u> under Total Expense Ratio of schemes and <u>www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-literature</u> respectively.

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- i. The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- ii. All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- iii. The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- iv. The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- v. The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- vi. A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- vii. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- viii. The Trustees have ensured that Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Date: November 28, 2025

Place: Mumbai

Name: Saurabh Gangrade

Designation: Compliance Officer

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal market circumstances, the investment range would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of Net assets)#	
	Minimum	Maximum
Securities covered by the Nifty	0	100
Money Market instruments, convertible bonds & cash including money at call but excluding subscription and Redemption Cash Flow	0	5

#including investments in Foreign Securities as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI upto the limit specified for applicable asset class in the asset allocation table above.

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (including fixed income derivatives), and repo transactions in corporate debt securities, Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs), other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/ percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars):

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1	Securities Lending	A maximum of 40% of net assets may be deployed in securities lending and the maximum single party exposure may be restricted to 10%# of net assets outstanding at any point of time. # Presently, Securities lending and borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Counterparty is not known for transactions carried out under SLB segment and they are guaranteed by Clearing Corporations and hence do not carry any counter party risk. Accordingly, single party exposure limit will not apply to trades on Stock Exchange platform. Single party exposure limits can only apply in	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024

		case of OTC (over the counter) trades where counterparty can be identified.	
2	Securitized Debt	The scheme shall not invest in securitized debt.	Para 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
3	Derivatives for hedging and rebalancing purposes	The Scheme may invest in index futures, stock futures and options contracts, warrants, convertible securities, swap agreements or other derivative products, as and when introduced but always subject to regulatory requirements and in compliance with the investment objective of the Scheme. The scheme may enter into derivatives in line with the guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The scheme may take exposure in derivatives up to a maximum of 50% of its AUM. The exposure limit per scrip/instrument shall be to the extent permitted by the SEBI Regulation for the time being in force. These limits will be reviewed by the AMC from time to time. Trading in derivatives by the scheme shall be restricted to hedging and portfolio balancing purposes.	Para 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.
4	Credit default Swaps	As per applicable regulations	Para 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
5	Covered call options	The Scheme shall not invest in covered call options	Para 12.25.8 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
6	Repos/reverse repo in corporate debt securities	The scheme shall not invest in Repos/reverse repo in corporate debt securities.	Para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
7	Overseas Securities	The scheme may invest in Foreign Securities as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI upto the limit specified for applicable asset class in the asset allocation table above	Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024

8	ReITS and InVITS	The scheme does not intend to invest in units issued by REITs* and InvITs. *Any potential future investment in units of Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) shall be undertaken in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2025, notified on October 31, 2025, and any other applicable Regulations, circulars or guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time.	Para 12.21 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 In accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2025, notified on October 31, 2025
9	Securities borrowing & Short selling	If permitted by SEBI Regulations, the Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI. Short sale of securities means selling of securities without owning them. The AMC will comply with the guidelines issued by SEBI in this behalf, including reporting obligations and the Trustee will carry out the reviews required under said guidelines.	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
10	Debt instruments with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption (For eg. Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2	The scheme shall not invest in such securities.	Referred in Para 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024

	bonds issued under Basel III framework)		
11	Debt instruments with Credit enhancement/ structured obligations	The scheme shall not invest in such securities.	Para 4.5.3 (for Overnight & Liquid fund)/ Para 12.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
12	Units of mutual Fund schemes	The Scheme may invest in any other scheme with similar investment objectives without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the management of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited or in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund	Schedule 7 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996
13	Tri-party repos	Upto 5% of net assets	Not applicable

Change in Investment Pattern

As an Index Based Scheme, the policy is passive management. However, the investment pattern is indicative and may change for short duration. In the event the Nifty 50 Index is dissolved or is withdrawn by IISL respectively, or is not published due to any reason whatsoever, the Trustee reserves a right to modify the Scheme so as to track a different and suitable index or to suspend tracking the Nifty till such time it is dissolved/withdrawn or not published and appropriate intimation will be sent to the unitholders of the Scheme. In such a case, the investment pattern will be modified suitably to match the composition of the securities that are included in the new index to be tracked and the scheme will be subject to tracking errors during the intervening period.

It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially (subject to and within the maximum limits prescribed above) depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. The asset allocation pattern described above may alter from time to time on a short-term basis on defensive considerations (As per Para 1.14.1.2.b of SEBI Master circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024), keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic

factors (i.e., for reasons other than downgrade in rating) and would, in such cases, shall be rebalanced within 30 calendar days from date of deviation. However, if the asset allocation pattern is to be altered for other reasons, as this is a fundamental attribute, the procedure outlined in the paragraph on fundamental attributes below, shall be followed.

Portfolio Rebalancing

In the event of deviations the portfolio will be rebalanced as per Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. In the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation mentioned in the Scheme Information Document (SID) due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), rebalancing period shall be 30 Business Days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 Business Days justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment committee shall then decide on the course of action. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

All the reporting and disclosure requirements as mentioned in Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 shall be complied with. This includes disclosure to investors in case the AUM of deviated portfolio is more than 10% of the AUM of main portfolio of scheme.

Tracking Error

The performance of the Scheme may not be commensurate with the performance of the Nifty on any given day or over any given period. Such variations, referred to as tracking error, are expected to be around 2% per annum, but may vary substantially due to several factors including but not limited to:

- Any delay experienced in the purchase or sale of shares due to illiquidity of the market, settlement and realisation of sales proceeds and the registration of any securities transfer and any delays in receiving cash and scrip dividends and resulting delays in reinvesting them.
- The Nifty Index reflects the prices of securities at close of business hours. However the Fund may buy or off-load securities at different points of time during the trading session at the then prevailing prices which may not correspond to the closing prices on the NSE.
- NIFTY 50 from time to time may exclude existing securities or include new ones. In such an event the Fund will endeavour to reallocate its portfolio, but the available investment/disinvestment opportunities may not permit precise mirroring of the Nifty immediately.
- The potential for trades to fail, which may result in the Scheme not having acquired shares at a price necessary to track the index.
- The holding of a cash position and accrued income prior to distribution and accrued expenses.
- Disinvestments to meet redemptions, recurring expenses, IDCW payouts etc.

NOTE: The investment under Direct Plans shall have the same portfolio as that of the plan/option under which it is introduced, and hence the same investment objectives and investment pattern as that of the existing respective Scheme/Scheme Portfolio.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the SEBI Regulations and the asset allocation pattern mention above for the respective scheme, the Scheme may invest in various types of instruments including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- (a) Equity and Equity related instruments of domestic companies / corporations
- (b) Securities issued, guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or any state government (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- (c) Securities issued by any domestic government agencies, quasi-government or statutory bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, which may or may not be guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or any state government.
- (d) Domestic non-convertible securities as well as non-convertible portion of convertible securities, such as debentures, coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds, deep discount bonds, Mibor-linked or other floating rate instruments, premium notes and other debt securities or obligations of public sector undertakings, banks, financial institutions, corporations, companies and other bodies corporate/entity as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time
- (e) Domestic securitised debt, pass through obligations, various types of securitisation issuances such as Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation and so on as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.
- (f) Domestic Commercial Paper (CP), Certificate of Deposits (CD), Bills Rediscounting, TREPs, Repo, Reverse Repo, Treasury Bills and other Money Market Instruments as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- (g) Domestic derivatives
- (h) Deposits with domestic banks and other bodies corporate as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time
- (i) Any other domestic debt and money market instruments that may be available or evolve with the development of the securities markets and as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.

Further, the scheme investing in Foreign Securities may invest in various types of instruments including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- Equity and Equity related instruments of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas
- Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognised stock exchanges overseas
- ADRs / GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies

- Foreign debt securities (convertible or non-convertible), in the countries with fully convertible currencies
- Overseas short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- Overseas Money market instruments rated not below investment grade
- Overseas repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade (repos shall not however, involve any borrowing of funds by the Scheme)
- Foreign government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
- Overseas derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas (currently permitted only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities)
- Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade
- Overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs)
- units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in permitted Foreign Securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).
- Any other permitted overseas securities / instruments that may be available from time to time.

Investment in Foreign Securities shall be made in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

The securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, publicly offered, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of varying maturity. The securities may be acquired through public offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it as per the guidelines and regulations applicable to such transactions.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The scheme is a passively managed index fund replicating composition of Nifty 50 index.

Derivatives

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

For detailed derivative strategies, please refer to SAI.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio turnover is defined as lesser of purchases and sales as a percentage of the average corpus of the Scheme during a specified period of time. Portfolio turnover in the scheme will be a function of market opportunities. The scheme is open-end scheme. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and repurchases on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. The AMC will endeavour to optimise portfolio turnover to optimise risk adjusted return keeping in mind the cost associated with it. A high portfolio turnover rate is not necessarily a drag on portfolio performance and may be representative of arbitrage opportunities that exist for securities held in the portfolio rather than an indication of change in AMC's view on a security etc. However, the AMC will take advantage of the opportunities that present themselves from time to time because of the inefficiencies in the securities markets.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The Mutual Fund has identified the following as the benchmark for the scheme:

Benchmark	Justification
Nifty 50	The fund is an index fund and invests in NSE Nifty and Nifty 50 is the ideal benchmark.

As per clause 1.9 of Master Circular requires mutual funds to adopt first tier benchmarks for schemes as notified by AMFI. Accordingly, the benchmark is selected from the benchmarks notified by AMFI for the category of scheme. The performance will be benchmarked to the Total Returns Variant of the Index.

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with the investment objectives and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, and other prevailing guidelines, if any.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Fund Manager	Tenure of managing the scheme as on September 30, 2025
Shyam Sundar Sriram	1 year
Sandeep Manam (Dedicated Foreign Fund Manager)	3 Years 11 months

Name	Qualifications	Functions & Experience	Schemes Managed
Shyam Sundar Sriram Age: 42 years Total Experience: 17.5 years	PGDM (IIM Ahmedabad) equivalent to MBA B.E (Electronics and Communication - College of Engineering, Guindy, Anna University)	Associate Vice President - Equities of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd (based in Chennai) - Since Oct 2022- till date. He is responsible for research in Cement and Consumer Discretionary sectors <u>Prior Assignments:</u> Equity Analyst at Sundaram Mutual Fund - March 2018-Sep 2022 Equity Analyst at JM financial - Jul 2015 -Feb 2018 Equity associate - Cognizant technology (for UBS, Mumbai) - Jan 2014 - Aug 2014 Associate Vice President - IIFL wealth management - Jun 2011 - Nov 2013.	- Franklin Asian Equity Fund - Franklin India Nifty 50 Index Fund
Sandeep Manam Age: 39 years Total	PGDM- IIM- Ahmedabad B.Tech (Electronics & Communication Engg.)- National	AVP/ Senior Research Analyst, Emerging Markets India (based at Chennai)	Dedicated Fund Manager for investment in Foreign Securities for Franklin Equity Team and also the fund manager of Franklin

Name	Qualifications	Functions & Experience	Schemes Managed
Experience: 15 years	Institute of Technology Calicut	He is responsible for researching on investment opportunities in automotive and airline sectors. <i>Prior Assignments:</i> Cognizant Technology Solutions (April 2014- July 2015) He was supporting UBS lead analyst in covering Indian Auto, Auto component sectors. Also supported coverage of Indian Pharma companies. Shapoorji Pallonji & Company Private Limited (April 2011- March 2014) He was responsible for supporting the Group's Head (Strategy) in driving strategy at group and company level.	U.S. Opportunities Equity Active Fund of Funds.

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

As per Para 2.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund is a unique Product. It falls under 'Index Funds/ETF Category'. The list of existing open ended Schemes falling under the broad "other Funds Category" are mentioned below.

Other Schemes	Scheme Category	Product Positioning
Franklin India Income Plus Arbitrage Active Fund of Funds (FIPAF)	Hybrid FoF (Income Plus Arbitrage FoF)	A fund of funds scheme investing in units of Debt-oriented and Arbitrage schemes with an objective to earn steady returns
Franklin India Dynamic Asset Allocation Active Fund of Funds (FIDAAF)	Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund	A fund of fund scheme investing in dynamically balanced portfolio of equity and debt funds based on asset allocation model.
Franklin U.S. Opportunities Fund Active Fund of Funds (FUSOF)	FoF - Overseas	A fund of funds investing predominantly in units of Franklin U.S. Opportunities Fund, an overseas equity fund, which primarily invests in securities in the United States of America.
Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund (FIIF)	Index Fund	A passively managed equity index fund.

For detailed comparative table of the aforesaid schemes, please click here: <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-table-bw-schemes/77b11672-39af-4c36-aa6e-e6865dacbf67/Detailed-Comparative-table-of-existing-schemes.pdf>

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

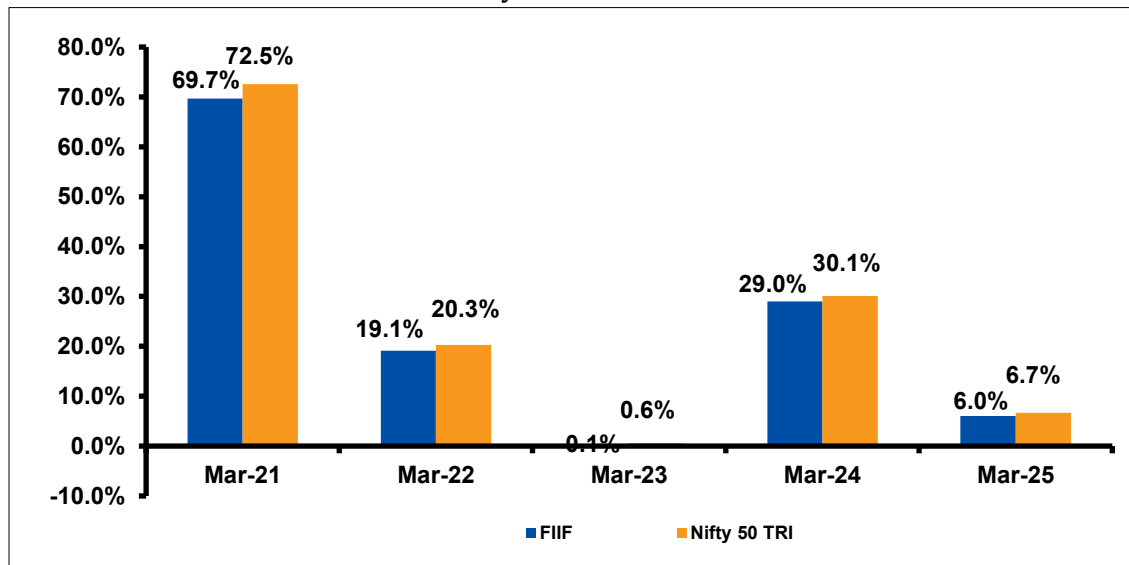
FIIF

Compounded annualised returns	FIIF	Nifty 50 TRI
Returns for the last 1 year	-4.00%	-3.45%
Returns for the last 3 years	13.43%	14.21%
Returns for the last 5 years	17.41%	18.36%
Returns since inception	12.61%	13.86%

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.

Based on Growth Plan NAVs of September 30, 2025. TRI: Total Return Index Values. Inception date: August 4, 2000.

Absolute Returns for last 5 financial years:



Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Based on Growth Plan NAVs. TRI : Total Return Index Values

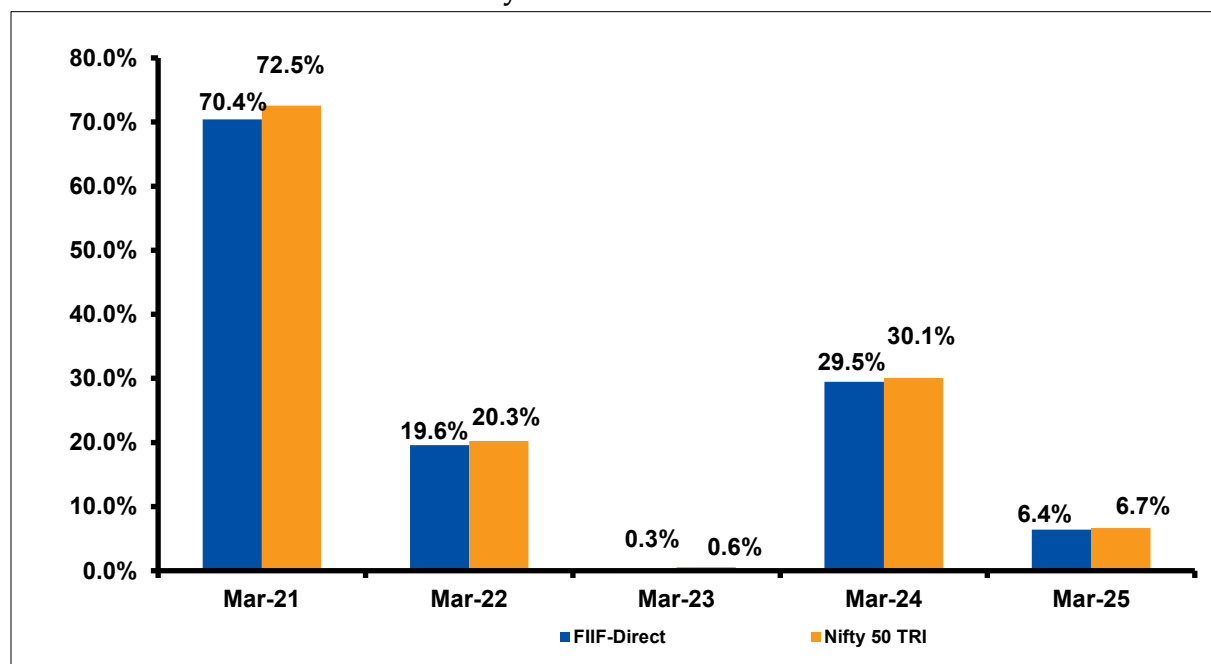
FIIF - Direct

Compounded annualised returns	FIIF- Direct	Nifty 50 TRI
Returns for the last 1 year	-3.64%	-3.45%
Returns for the last 3 years	13.86%	14.21%
Returns for the last 5 years	17.87%	18.36%
Returns since inception	12.43%	13.15%

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.

Based on Growth Plan NAVs of September 30, 2025. TRI: Total Return Index Values. Inception date: January 1, 2013

Absolute Returns for last 5 financial years:



Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Based on Growth Plan NAVs. TRI: Total Return Index Values

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings – (Top 10 portfolio holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors): These details are available on : <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-documents>
- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETFs/index funds through a functional website link that contains detailed description- <https://franklintempletonprod.widen.net/s/8rmbf9d9pv/franklin-india-index-fund-march-31-2025>
- iii. Portfolio Disclosure – Fortnightly / Monthly/ Half yearly –The same will be available on the below link hereinafter:- <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports> and <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/funds-and-solutions/funds-explorer/all-mutual-funds>
- iv. Portfolio Turnover Rate – 7.14%.

- v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s):

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
		Units	NAV per unit	
1.	Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund	NIL		

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

- vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme – Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited, the asset management company may invest in the Scheme. However, as per SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited will not charge any Investment Management Fee for its investment in the Scheme. In addition, the funds managed by the sponsors, Franklin Templeton Group may invest in the Scheme.

The details are provided on <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports> under AMC reports

- vii. Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the Risk-o-meter shall be disclosed along with portfolio disclosure on FTMF website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloadsServlet/pdf/product-labels-jg9o5k7l>) and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.
- viii. Scheme Summary Document (SSD) shall be updated on a Monthly basis or on changes in any specified fields, whichever is earlier. The same shall be uploaded on websites of FTMF (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-documents>), AMFI and stock exchanges.

Part III. OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) is the value of a Unit and is computed as shown below:

NAV = (Rs. Per unit)	Market Value of the scheme's investments + other assets (including accrued interest) - all liabilities except unit capital & reserves
	Number of units outstanding at the end of the day

For example, if the market value of securities of a mutual fund scheme is INR 200 lakh and the mutual fund has issued 10 lakh units of INR 10 each to the investors, then the NAV per unit of the fund is INR 20 (i.e. 200 lakh/10 lakh).

The NAV will be normally computed for all Business Days of the Scheme and will be calculated to four decimals using standard rounding criteria.

While determining the price of the units, the mutual fund shall ensure that the repurchase price of an open ended scheme is not lower than 97 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

Valuation of the scheme's assets, calculation of the scheme's NAV and the accounting policies & standards will be subject to such norms and guidelines that SEBI may prescribe from time to time. For the detailed Valuation Policy and the accounting policy of the AMC, please refer the Statement of Additional Information.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

Not Applicable.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below.

In accordance with Regulations, the asset management company ("AMC") is entitled to charge the scheme with investment and advisory fees. In addition to such fees, the AMC may charge the scheme such expenses as may be permitted under Regulations from time to time.

The maximum annual recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the asset management company, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be within the limits stated in Regulations 52 read with SEBI notification no. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/51 dated December 13, 2018 and Para 10. 1 of Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as follows:

- (I) 1.00% of the daily net assets of the scheme including the investment and advisory fees
- (II) In addition to the above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme, as per sub regulation 52(6A) namely-
 - (a) brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade up to 0.12 per cent of trade value in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 per cent of trade value in case of derivatives transactions
 - (b) additional expenses not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets of the scheme towards various permissible expenses.

Provided that such additional expenses shall not be charged to the schemes where the exit load is not levied or applicable.

Any expenditure in excess of the limits specified in sub-regulations 52 (6) and 52 (6A)] shall be borne by the asset management company or by the trustee or sponsors.

(III) The AMC may charge Goods and Service Tax on investment and advisory fees to the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed in Regulation 52. Further, the below mentioned expenses and charges shall be borne by the Scheme within the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed in Regulation 52.

- a) Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees; and,
- b) brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax) incurred for the purpose of execution of trade in excess of 0.12% in case of cash market transactions and 0.05% in case of derivatives transactions, if any.

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (I) and (II)(c) above.

The total annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with Para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as explained above.

As per Para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, ETFs/Index Funds may charge 1 bps of daily net assets for investor awareness. However, effective March 16, 2024, per SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD2/P/CIR/2024/183 dated Dec 31, 2024, Index Funds may charge up to 5% of TER of direct plans, subject to a cap of 0.5 bps of AUM.

The investments under 'Direct' shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc., and no commission shall be paid on investments under Direct Plan. The Direct Plan shall also have a separate NAV.

The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to charge higher operating expenses in relation to investing overseas as and when SEBI permits.

The AMC has estimated the following recurring expenses for the first Rs.500 crores of Average Daily Net Assets:

Particulars	% of Average Daily Net Assets
Recurring expenses permissible under Regulation 52(6)(c)(i): (a) Investment Management and Advisory Fee (b) Expenses - - Custodial Fees - Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost related to providing accounts statement, IDCW/redemption cheques/warrants etc., Listing Fees - Marketing & Selling Expenses including distributor /agent Commission, brokerage & transaction Cost pertaining to the distribution of units and statutory advertisements - Costs related to investor communications - Expenses towards investor education and awareness initiatives shall be up to 5% of TER of direct plans, subject to a cap of 0.5 bps of AUM - Fees and Expenses of Trustees / Audit Fees - Costs of fund transfer from location to location - Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees - Brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax) incurred for the purpose of execution of trade in excess of 0.12% (in case of cash market transactions) /0.05% (in case of derivatives transactions) - Other permissible expenses	((a) + (b) - not exceeding 1.00% of daily net asset)
(c) Goods and Service Tax on investment and advisory fees	At actual
(d) Additional expenses permissible under Regulation 52(6A)(c) towards various permissible expenses	not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets

The above estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the Investment Manager based on past experience and are subject to change inter-se and types of the expenses charged shall be as per the Regulations.

For the actual Annual Scheme Recurring expenses currently being charged, the investor should refer to <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports?secondFilter=15>

The tables relating to Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses given above and the Load structure given below have been given to the investor to assist him / her in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor of the scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

Investment management fees are payable monthly in arrears. The direct expenses incurred by each scheme of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund shall be chargeable to that scheme. The common expenses incurred on various schemes could be allocated to the schemes based on various parameters such as number of unitholders, the size of the corpus / assets, equally or any other basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illustration of expenses and impact on the return						
	Regular Plan			Direct Plan*		
	Amount	Units	NAV Per Unit	Amount	Units	NAV Per Unit
Opening Investment and NAV Per Unit for the Day (a)	1,000,000	100,000	10.0000	1,000,000	100,000	10.0000
Closing Investment and NAV Per Unit for the Day (b)	1,099,940	100,000	10.9994	1,099,970	100,000	10.9997
NAV Movement (c = a - b)	99,940		0.9994	99,970		0.9997
Return for the Day after expenses (d = (c / a) %)	9.9940%		9.9940%	9.9970%		9.9970%
TER % (e)	2%			1%		
Distribution Expenses %(j)	1%					
Expenses for the Day (f = (b * e)/365 days)	60		0.0006	30		0.0003
Impact on Return due to Expenses % (g = (f / a) %)	0.0060%			0.0030%		
Value of investment prior to expense (h = b + f)	1,100,000		11.0000	1,100,000		11.0000
Return prior to expenses for the Day (i = d + g)	10.00000%			10.00000%		

*The investments under 'Direct' has lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc., and no commission is paid on investments under Direct Plan. The Direct Plan also has a separate NAV as illustrated above.

Notes:

- The above illustration is provided only to explain the impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns, and not to be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee on returns on investments.
- The Expense are charged on the closing asset under management and are subject to change on a periodic basis.
- The tax impact has not been considered in the above illustration. In view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE:

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please visit Franklin Templeton India's website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/funds-and-solutions/funds-explorer/all-mutual-funds>) or call at 1800 425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (Please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone. Local call rates apply to both the number) or contact your distributor.

Type of Load	Load Chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Exit Load on redemption/ repurchase/ switch-out	Nil

As per Para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, no entry load will be charged for purchase/additional purchase/switches accepted by the Mutual Fund. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to all applications for registrations under the Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)/Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) accepted by the Mutual Fund.

The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered distributor) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder.

All the switches / exchanges will be treated as redemption in the source scheme and subscription in the destination scheme, with the entry and exit load as may be applicable. The switches of Units will be considered on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to modify the Load/Fee mentioned above at any time in future on a prospective basis, subject to the limits prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

For the information of the investors, any introduction / change of load in the Scheme may be put up on the website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/updates>) of the Mutual Fund. The addendum detailing the changes may be circulated among the Investor Service Centres / Distributors / Brokers under directions to display it at their respective offices in form of a Notice and attach it to the copies of Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memorandum (if required) already in stock. The load may also be disclosed in the account statement issued after the introduction of such load.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

All loads collected on units shall be retained in the Fund and maintained in a separate account

and would strictly and fully be utilised by the Investment Manager in providing distribution related services to the Mutual Fund relating to the sale, promotion, advertising and marketing of Units of the Scheme, including payments to brokers / registrars for their services in connection with the distribution of the Units. Any surplus in this account may be credited to the scheme, whenever felt appropriate by the AMC. As per Para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, effective August 01, 2009, of the exit load or CDSC charged to the investor, a maximum of 1% of the redemption proceeds shall be maintained in a separate account which can be used by the AMC to pay commissions to the distributor and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Any balance shall be credited to the scheme immediately.

Credit of exit load to scheme:

Exit load (if any) charged to the unit holders by the Mutual Fund on redemption (including switch-out) of units shall be credited to the respective scheme net of goods and service tax. Goods and Service tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds.

SECTION II

I. INTRODUCTION:

A. Definitions/ interpretation

Words and expression used but not defined in this Scheme Information Document shall have the same meaning respectively assigned to them under the Statement of Additional Information.

In this SID, all references to “U.S.\$” or “\$” are to United States of America Dollars and “Rs.” are to Indian Rupees.

For detailed description please click the link:
<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-documents>

B. Risk Factors

Some of the specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

1. The performance of the scheme may be affected by the corporate performance, macro-economic factors, changes in Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risk associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems in the securities markets.
2. Low trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the scheme's investments. Transacting may become difficult due to extreme volatility in the market resulting in constriction in volumes. Additionally, changes in the SEBI/ RBI regulations/Guidelines may have an adverse impact on the liquidity of the scheme. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods, and such period may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The length of time for settlement may affect the Scheme in the event the Scheme has to meet an inordinately large number of redemption requests. In addition, the Trustee, at its sole discretion, reserves the right to limit or withdraw sale and/or repurchase/redemption and/or switching of the units in the scheme (including any one of the Plans of the scheme) temporarily or indefinitely under certain circumstances. For details refer the Section 'Suspension of sale of units' and 'Suspension of redemption of units'. The scheme will retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalent for the day to day liquidity requirements.

3. Risks associated with equity investment

- **Market Risk:** The scheme proposes to invest in equity and equity-related securities. Prices, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict liquidity of investments in equity and equity-related securities. Market risk is a risk which is inherent to an equity investment.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Risk will be monitored in terms of the number of days it takes to liquidate every stock in the portfolio assuming a share of the average volume traded over the previous one year. Efforts would be made to keep the average liquidation period under prudent limits prescribed internally. While securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, the ability to sell these investments may be limited by overall trading volumes of the stock exchanges.
- Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options. This may, however, increase the risk of the portfolio. Additionally, the liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.

Risks associated with debt investment

- **Interest rate risk:** This risk results from changes in demand and supply for money and other macroeconomic factors and creates price changes in the value of debt instruments. Consequently, the Net Asset Value of the scheme may be subject to fluctuation. Changes in the interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby possible movements in the NAV. This may expose the scheme to possible capital erosion.
- **Credit risk or default risk:** This refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e. will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Default risk / credit risk arises due to an issuer's inability to meet obligations on the principal repayment and interest payments. Because of this risk corporate debentures are sold at a yield above those offered on Government Securities, which are sovereign obligations and free of credit risk. Normally the value of a fixed income security will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default. The greater the credit risk, the greater the yield required for someone to be compensated for the increased risk.
- **Market risk:** This risk arises due to price volatility due to such factors as interest sensitivity, market perception or the credit worthiness of the issuer and general

market liquidity, change in interest rate expectations and liquidity flows. Market risk is a risk which is inherent to investments in securities. This may expose the scheme to possible capital erosion.

- **Reinvestment risk:** This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received for the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. Investments in debt instruments are subject to reinvestment risks as interest rates prevailing on interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond, which might result in the proceeds being invested at a lower rate. The additional risk from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.
- **Liquidity or Marketability Risk:** This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk today is a characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.
- Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call its securities, before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such pre-payment risk may force the fund to re-invest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, thereby reducing the fund's interest income.
- The scheme may invest in non-publicly offered debt securities. This may expose the scheme to liquidity risks.
- Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risks. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds which are AAA rated are comparatively less risky than bonds which are AA rated.
- Money market securities, while fairly liquid, lack a well-developed secondary market, which may restrict the selling ability of the scheme.

4. Risks associated with investments in Gilt Securities

Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in interest rates. Price risk is not unique to government securities but is true for all fixed income securities. The default risk however, in respect of Government securities is zero. Therefore, their prices are influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system. On the other hand, in the case of corporate or institutional fixed income securities, such as bonds or debentures, prices are influenced by credit standing of the issuer as well as the general level of interest rates.

Even though the Government securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.

5. Risks associated with derivatives

- The Schemes may use various derivative products as permitted by the Regulations. Use of derivatives requires an understanding of not only the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself. Other risks include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- The Fund may use derivatives instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or other derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines. Usage of derivatives will expose the Schemes to certain risks inherent to such derivatives.
- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.
- Thus, derivatives are highly leveraged instruments. Even a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.
- The specific risk factors arising out of a derivative strategy used by the Fund Manager may be as below:
 - Lack of opportunity available in the market.
 - The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
 - Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.
 - Basis Risk: This risk arises when the derivative instrument used to hedge the underlying asset does not match the movement of the underlying asset being hedged.
 - Exchanges could raise the initial margin, variation margin or other forms of margin on derivative contracts, impose one sided margin or insist that margins be placed in cash. All of these might force positions to be unwound at a loss and might materially impact returns.

Risks associated with Securities Lending

6. As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The scheme may not be able to sell lent out securities, which can lead to temporary illiquidity & loss of opportunity.

Risks associated with Short-selling of Securities

7. Purchasing a security entails the risk of the security price going down. Short selling of securities (i.e. sale of securities without owning them) entails the risk of the security price going up thereby decreasing the profitability of the short position. Short selling is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks. If required by the Regulations, short selling may entail margin money to be deposited with the clearing house and daily mark to market of the prices and margins. This may impact fund pricing and may induce liquidity risks if the fund is not able to provide adequate margins to the clearing house. Failure to meet margin requirements may result in penalties being imposed by the exchanges and clearing house.

Risks associated with overseas investment

8. To the extent the assets of the scheme are invested in overseas financial assets, there may be risks associated with currency movements, restrictions on repatriation and transaction procedures in overseas market. Further, the repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment. In addition, country risks would include events such as introduction of extraordinary exchange controls, economic deterioration, bi-lateral conflict leading to immobilisation of the overseas financial assets and the prevalent tax laws of the respective jurisdiction for execution of trades or otherwise.
9. **Currency Risk:** The fund may invest in overseas mutual fund / foreign securities as permitted by the concerned regulatory authorities in India. Since the assets will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes/fluctuations in the value of the foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee.

10. **Country Risk:** The Country risk arises from the inability of a country, to meet its financial obligations. It is the risk encompassing economic, social and political conditions in a foreign country, which might adversely affect foreign investors' financial interests.

Risks Pertaining to the Index Based Scheme

- Performance of the Nifty 50 Index will have a direct bearing on the performance of the scheme. In the event the Nifty 50 Index is dissolved or withdrawn by NSE Indices Limited, the Trustees reserve the right to modify the scheme so as to track a different and suitable index and appropriate intimation will be sent to the Unitholder of the scheme.
- Tracking errors are inherent in any indexed fund and such errors may cause the scheme to generate returns, which are not in line with the performance of the Nifty or one or more securities covered by/ included in the Nifty. Such variations, referred to as tracking error, are expected to be around 2% per annum, but may vary substantially due to several factors including but not limited to:
- Any delay experienced in the purchase or sale of shares due to liquidity of the market, settlement and realisation of sales proceeds and the registration of any security transfer and any delays in receiving cash and scrip dividends and resulting delays in reinvesting them.
- The Nifty reflects the prices of securities at close of business hours. However, the Fund may buy or off-load securities at different points of time during the trading session at the then prevailing prices which may not correspond to the closing prices on the National Stock Exchange (NSE).
- NIFTY 50 from time to time may exclude existing securities or include new ones. . In such an event the Fund will endeavour to reallocate its portfolio but the available investment / disinvestment opportunities may not permit precise mirroring of the Nifty immediately.
- The potential for trades to fail, which may result in the particular scheme not having acquired shares at a price necessary to track the index.
- The holding of a cash position and accrued income prior to distribution and accrued expenses.

Disinvestments to meet redemption, recurring expenses, dividend payout etc. as elsewhere indicated in this Scheme Information Document.

Risk factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange Mechanism

11. The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc.

upon which the AMC has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).

Risk factors associated with investment in Tri-Party Repo

12. All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). This reduces the settlement and counterparty risks considerably.

Mutual funds are member of securities segment and Triparty Repo trade settlement of CCIL. The members are required to contribute an amount from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. Additionally, the fund contribution is allowed to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member). CCIL maintains two separate Default Funds with respect to the Securities Segment. One with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades.

Therefore, mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

C. Risk Mitigation Strategies:

Equity:

- **Liquidity Risk:** The fund will try to maintain a proper asset-liability match to ensure redemption payments are made on time and not affected by illiquidity of the underlying stocks.
- **Concentration Risk:** The scheme will endeavour to have a well-diversified equity portfolio comprising stocks across various sectors of the economy. This would aid in managing concentration risk and sector-specific risks. Generally, diversification

across market cap segments also aids in managing volatility and ensuring adequate liquidity at all times.

- **Derivatives Risk:** The fund will endeavour to maintain adequate controls to monitor the derivatives transactions entered into.

Debt

- **Interest Rate Risk:** The Fund seeks to mitigate this risk by keeping the maturity of the scheme in line with the interest rate expectations.
- **Credit risk or default risk:** Management analysis will be used for identifying company specific risks. Management's past track record will also be studied. In order to assess financial risk a detailed assessment of the issuer's financial statements will be undertaken.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of coupons received on debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the portfolio value.
- The Scheme may invest in derivative for the purpose of hedging, portfolio balancing and other purposes as may be permitted under the Regulations. Interest Rate Swaps will be done with approved counter parties under pre-approved ISDA agreements. Interest rate swaps and other derivative instruments will be used as per local (RBI and SEBI) regulatory guidelines.
- **Liquidity or Marketability Risk:** Liquidity risk may be high on select securities due to duration and/or issue structure and/ or issuer-specific risk.
Liquidity Risk can be partly mitigated by diversification, staggering of maturities as well as internal risk controls that lean towards purchase of liquid securities.

II. Information about the Scheme:

A. Where will the scheme invest

Detailed description of the instruments (including overview of debt markets in India, if applicable) mentioned in Section I is provided below:

- **Equity Securities:**
Equity and Equity related instruments include convertible debentures, equity warrants, convertible preference shares and equity derivatives.
- **Debt Securities:**

Debt instruments (in the form of non-convertible debentures, bonds, secured premium notes, zero interest bonds, deep discount bonds, floating rate bonds/notes, securitised debt, pass through certificates, asset backed securities, mortgage backed securities and

any other domestic fixed income securities including structured obligations etc.) include, but are not limited to:

1. Debt issuances of the statutory bodies (which may or may not carry a state/central government guarantee),
 2. Debt securities that have been guaranteed by Government of India and State Governments,
 3. Debt securities issued by Corporate Entities (Public /Private sector undertakings),
 4. Debt securities issued by Public/Private sector banks and development financial institutions,
 5. Structured Obligations, Credit enhanced Debt,
 6. Non Convertible Preference Shares.
- **Money Market Instruments include:**
 1. Commercial papers
 2. Commercial bills
 3. Tri-party Repos on Government securities or treasury bills (TREPS)
 4. Certificate of deposit
 5. Usance bills
 6. Permitted securities under a repo/reverse repo agreement
 7. Any other like instruments as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI for liquidity requirements from time to time.

Investment In Foreign Securities

The Scheme may invest in permitted Foreign Securities and any other overseas instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI/other regulatory authorities from time to time.

As per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, has issued guidelines pertaining to investments in overseas financial assets. Accordingly, the investments in Foreign Securities shall be made in compliance with the said circular.

The Fund has appointed a dedicated fund manager for the purpose of investment in overseas financial assets (except for investment in units/securities of overseas mutual funds/unit trusts/ETFs and such other securities/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time) as prescribed in the aforesaid SEBI circular. Service of custodian and other intermediaries/advisors of international repute will be used for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses. The fees and expenses would include, besides the investments management

fees, custody fees and costs, fees of appointed advisors and sub-managers, transaction costs and overseas regulatory costs.

Offshore investment will be made subject to any/ all approvals/conditions thereof as may be stipulated by SEBI/ RBI/ other regulatory authorities. Boards of asset management companies (AMCs) and trustees shall exercise due diligence in making investment decisions as required under Regulation 25(2). They shall make a detailed analysis of risks and returns of investment in foreign securities and how these investments would be in the interest of investors. Investment must be made in liquid actively traded securities/instruments and such other types of securities/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time. Boards of AMCs and trustees may prescribe detailed parameters for making such investments, which may include identification of countries, country rating, country limits, etc. They shall satisfy themselves that the AMC has experienced key personnel, research facilities and infrastructure for making such investments. Other specialised agencies and service providers associated with such investments e.g. custodian, bank, advisors, etc should also have adequate expertise and infrastructure facilities. Their past track record of performance and regulatory compliance record, if they are registered with foreign regulators, may also be considered. Necessary agreements may be entered into with them as considered necessary. All investment decisions shall be recorded in accordance with para 12.19.3.2.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. Such investments shall be disclosed while disclosing half-yearly portfolios in the prescribed format by making a separate heading "Foreign Securities/overseas ETFs." Scheme-wise percentage of investments made in such securities shall be disclosed while publishing half-yearly results in the prescribed format, as a footnote.

It is the investment manager's belief that overseas securities offer new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multi-currency products. However, such investments also entail additional risks.

Investment in derivatives traded on recognised stock exchanges overseas shall be made only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities.

As advised by SEBI, in order to avoid breach of industry-wide overseas investment limits as allowed by RBI and as per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular of Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the total investment in overseas funds or securities across all schemes of FTMF is capped at the level as of February 1, 2022. The aforesaid capping is temporary in nature and will continue only till further enhancement of limit by Regulators in this regard.

Investments In Derivative Instruments

As part of the Fund Management process, the Trustee may permit the use of derivative instruments such as index futures, stock futures and options contracts, warrants, convertible securities, swap agreements, Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) or any other derivative instruments that are permissible or may be permissible in future under applicable regulations and such investments shall be in accordance with the investment objectives of the scheme.

Index futures/options are meant to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index compared to buying/selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. Index futures/options can be an efficient way of achieving the scheme's investment objective. On the fixed income side, an interest rate swap agreement from fixed rate to floating rate is an example of how derivatives can be an effective hedge for the portfolio in a rising interest rate environment.

Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on Stock Exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties.

Derivatives may be high risk - high return instruments, upon leveraging. As they are highly leveraged, a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value and may also result in a loss.

Position Limits:

The scheme may enter into derivative transactions in line with the guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The exposure limit per scrip/instrument shall be to the extent permitted by the SEBI Regulation for the time being in force. These limits will be reviewed by the AMC from time to time. Trading in derivatives by the scheme shall be restricted to hedging and portfolio balancing purposes.

Currently, the position limits for Mutual Funds and its schemes, as permitted by the SEBI Regulations, are as under:

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions (including commodity and fixed income derivatives), and repo transactions in corporate debt securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time) should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limit subject to the following:

- Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
- Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned above.
- Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
- The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned above.

Further, the total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Pursuant to SEBI letter dated November 03, 2021, Cash or cash equivalents shall consist of following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days which are not considered for the purpose of calculating gross exposure limit:

- 1) Government Securities
- 2) T-Bills
- 3) Repo on Government Securities

Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.

i. Position limit for Mutual Funds in index options contracts:

1. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
2. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. Position limit for Mutual Funds in index futures contracts:

1. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
2. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Funds may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

1. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall

not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.

2. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for Mutual Funds for stock based derivative contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund

The position limits for each scheme of mutual fund and disclosure requirements shall be identical to that prescribed for a sub-account of a FII. Therefore, the scheme-wise position limit/disclosure requirements shall be –

1. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a mutual fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts)

2. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.

3. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

Purpose of investment:

- Trading in derivatives by the scheme shall be restricted to hedging and portfolio balancing purposes.
- The scheme shall fully cover its positions in the derivatives market by holding underlying securities/cash or cash equivalents/option and/or obligation for acquiring underlying assets to honour the obligations contracted in the derivatives market.
- Separate records shall be maintained for holding the cash and cash equivalents/securities for this purpose.
- The securities held shall be marked to market by the AMC to ensure full coverage of investments made in derivative products at all time.

Valuation:

- The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the stipulations of sub clauses (i) to (v) of clause 1 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in sub clauses (i) and (ii) of clause 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

Stock and Index Options:

Option contracts are of two types - Call and Put; the former being the right, but not obligation, to purchase a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date and the latter being the right, but not obligation, to sell a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date. The price at which the shares are contracted to be purchased or sold is called the strike price. Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options, while those that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options. In India, all individual stock options are American Options, whereas all index options are European Options. Option contracts are designated by the type of option, name of the underlying, expiry month and the strike price.

Strategies that employ Options:

Buying a Call Option: Let us assume that the Fund buys a call option of XYZ Ltd. with strike price of Rs. 1000, at a premium of Rs. 25. If the market price of ABC Ltd on the expiration date is more than Rs. 1000, the option will be exercised. The Fund will earn profits once the share price crosses Rs. 1025 (Strike Price + Premium i.e. 1000+25). Suppose the price of the stock is Rs. 1100, the option will be exercised and the Fund will buy 1 share of XYZ Ltd. from the seller of the option at Rs 1000 and sell it in the market at Rs. 1100, making a profit of Rs. 75. In another scenario, if on the expiration date the stock price falls below Rs. 1000, say it touches Rs. 900, the Fund will choose not to exercise the option. In this case the Fund loses the premium (Rs. 25), which will be the profit earned by the seller of the call option.

Risks:

In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.

Buying a Put Option: Let us assume the Fund owns the shares of XYZ Ltd, which is trading at Rs. 500. The fund wishes to hedge this position in the short-term as it perceives some downside to the stock in the short-term. It can buy a Put Option at Rs. 500 by paying

a premium of say Rs. 10/- In case the stock goes down to Rs. 450/- the fund has protected its downside to only the premium i.e Rs 10 instead of Rs. 50. On the contrary if the stock moves up to say Rs. 550/- the fund may let the Option expire and forego the premium thereby capturing Rs. 40/- upside. The strategy is useful for downside protection at cost of foregoing some upside.

Risks:

In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.

Stock and Index Futures:

The Stock Exchange, Mumbai and the National Stock Exchange have introduced Index futures on BSE Sensex (BSE 30) and Nifty (NSE-50). Generally, three futures of 1 month, 2 months and 3 months are presently traded on these exchanges. These futures will expire on the last working Thursday of the respective month.

There are futures based on stock indices as mentioned above as also futures based on individual stocks. Individual stock futures are also widely used derivative instruments for enhancing portfolio returns. Stock futures trade either at a premium or at discount to the spot prices, usually the level of premium reflective of the cost of carry. Many a times the stock-specific sentiments too have a bearing on Futures as speculators may find futures as a cost-effective way of executing their view on the stock. However such executions usually increase the premium/discount to the spot significantly, thereby giving rise to clean arbitrage opportunities for a fund.

Strategies that employ Index Futures:

Illustrative list of strategies that can employ index futures:

- (a) The fund has an existing equity portion invested in a basket of stocks. In case the fund manager has a view that the equity markets are headed downwards, the fund can then hedge the exposure to equity either fully or partially by initiating short futures positions in the index. A similar position in the long direction can also be initiated by the fund to hedge its position of cash and permissible equivalents. The extent to which this can be done is determined by existing guidelines.
- (b) To the extent permissible by extant regulations the scheme can initiate a naked short position in an underlying index future traded on a recognized stock exchange.

In case the Nifty near month future contract trading at say, 1850, and the fund manager has a view that it will depreciate going forward, the fund can initiate a sale transaction of nifty futures at 1850 without holding a portfolio of equity stocks or any other underlying long equity position. Once the price falls to 1800 after say, 20 days the fund can initiate a square-up transaction by buying the said futures and book a profit of 50. Correspondingly

the fund can take a long position without an underlying cash/ cash equivalent subject to the extant regulations.

Risks:

- The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- The Long position in the Nifty will have as much loss as the gain in the short portfolio if hedged completely and would be vice versa if we were holding long portfolio, short Index.

Strategies that employ Stock Futures:

Sell Spot Buy Future: To illustrate, let us assume the fund holds the stock XYZ Ltd which is trading @ Rs. 100/- at the spot market. If for some reasons the stock trades at Rs. 98 in the futures, the fund may sell the stock and buy the futures. On the date of expiry, the fund may reverse the transactions (i.e. Buy Spot & Sell futures) and earn a risk-free Rs. 2/- (2% absolute) on its holdings. Since this is done without diluting the fund's view on the underlying stock, the fund will benefit from any upside move i.e. if on the date of futures expiry, the stock is trading at Rs. 110/- the futures too will be trading at Rs. 110- and the fund will capture the 10% upside the stock provided and along with it the 2% arbitrage too, thereby enhancing returns to 12%

Risks:

- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

Buy Spot Sell Future: If the fund holds a stock XYZ Ltd which trades @ Rs 100/- at the spot market and is trading at Rs. 102/- in the futures market. The fund may buy the spot and sell the futures and earn the premium of Rs.2 /- which is risk-free. However this strategy can be used only when the fund is sitting in cash and is looking at enhancing the returns on the cash.

Risks:

- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.

- The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

Sell Future: This helps in shorting the market and taking a direct short position in the market. Futures facilitate a short position if fund manager has a bearish view in the market. A sold Futures can be re-purchased any time up to the date of its expiry. If not re-purchased, it is automatically squared off on the expiry date at Spot Rate.

Risks:

The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Buy Future: If the fund wants to initiate a long position in a stock whose spot price is at say, Rs.100 and futures is at 98, the fund may just buy the futures contract instead of the spot thereby benefiting from a lower cost option.

Risks:

The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Interest Rate Swaps:

The Indian markets have faced high volatility in debt and equity markets. An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange streams of interest amount on a notional principal basis. In this, one party agrees to pay a fixed stream of interest amount against receiving a variable or floating stream of interest amount. The variable or floating part is determined on a periodical basis.

The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.

In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if Scheme is transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for

such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

➤ **Purpose of Interest Rate Swaps:**

- The Indian markets have faced high volatility in debt and equity markets. An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange streams of interest amount on a notional principal basis. In this, one party agrees to pay a fixed stream of interest amount against receiving a variable or floating stream of interest amount. The variable or floating part is determined on a periodical basis.
- The scheme shall use derivative position for hedging the portfolio risk on a non-leverage basis. The scheme shall fully cover their positions in the derivatives market by holding underlying securities / cash or cash equivalents / option and / or obligation for acquiring underlying assets to honour the obligations contracted in the derivatives market.

Let us look at an example of an interest rate swap:

Entity A has Rs.20 crores, 3 month asset which is being funded through call. Entity B, on the other hand, has deployed Rs.20 crores in overnight call money market, 3 month liability. Both the entities are taking on an interest rate risk.

To hedge against the interest rate risk, both the entities can enter into a 3 month swap agreement based on say MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate). Through this swap, entity B will receive a fixed pre-agreed rate (say 8%) and pay NSE MIBOR ("the benchmark rate") which will neutralize the interest rate risk of lending in call. Similarly, entity A will neutralize its interest rate risk from call borrowing as it will pay 8% and receive interest at the benchmark rate.

Assuming the swap is for Rs.20 crores 1 September to 1 December, Entity A is a floating rate receiver at the overnight compounded rate and Entity B is a fixed rate receiver. On a daily basis, the benchmark rate fixed by NSE will be tracked by them.

On December 1, they will calculate as explained below:

Entity A is entitled to receive daily compounded call rate for 92 days and pay 8% fixed. Entity B is entitled to receive interest on Rs.20 crores @ 8% i.e. Rs.40.33 lakhs, and pay the compounded benchmark rate.

Thus on December 1, if the total interest on the daily overnight compounded benchmark rate is higher than Rs.40.33 lakhs, entity B will pay entity A the difference and vice versa.

Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)

A FRA is basically a forward starting IRS. It is an agreement between two parties to pay or receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate (reference rate) prevailing on a stipulated future date, based on a notional principal amount for an agreed period. The only cash flow is the difference between the FRA rate and the reference rate. As is the case with IRS, the notional amounts are not exchanged in FRAs.

Example: Let us assume that a scheme has an investment of Rs.10 crore in an instrument that pays interest linked to NSE Mibor. Since the NSE Mibor would vary daily, the scheme is running interest rate risk on its investment and would stand to lose if rates go down. To hedge itself against this risk, the scheme could do an IRS where it receives a fixed rate (assume 10%) for the next 5 days on the notional amount of Rs. 10 crore and pay a floating rate (NSE Mibor). In doing this, the scheme would effectively lock itself into a fixed rate of 10% for the next five days. The steps would be:

1. The scheme enters into an IRS on Rs. 10 crore from December 1 to December 6. It receives a fixed rate of interest at 10% and the counter party receives the floating rate (NSE Mibor). The scheme and the counter party exchange a contract of having entered into this IRS.
2. On a daily basis, the NSE Mibor will be tracked by the counterparties to determine the floating rate payable by the scheme.
3. On December 6, the counterparties will calculate the following:
 - The scheme will receive interest on Rs. 10 crore at 10% p.a. for 5 days i.e. Rs.1,36,986/-
 - The scheme will pay the compounded NSE Mibor for 5 days by converting its floating rate asset into a fixed rate through the IRS.
 - If the total interest on the compounded NSE Mibor rate is lower than Rs. 1,36,986/-, the scheme will receive the difference from the counterparty and vice-versa. In case the interest on compounded NSE Mibor is higher, the scheme would make a lower return than what it would have made had it not undertaken IRS.

Risks:

Interest rate swaps and Forward Rate Agreement require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that the derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast failure of another party (usually referred to as the “counter-party”) to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, the credit risk where the danger is that of a counter-party failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the danger is that the derivative cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion.

As is clear from the above examples, engaging in derivatives has the potential to help the scheme in minimising the portfolio risk and/or improve the overall portfolio returns.

Please note these examples are hypothetical in nature and are given for illustration purposes only. The actual returns may vary depending on the market conditions.

The AMC retains the right to enter into such derivative transactions as may be permitted by the applicable regulations from time to time.

SECURITIES LENDING

If permitted by SEBI under extant regulations/guidelines, the Scheme may also engage in scrip lending as provided under Securities Lending Scheme 1997, as per Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, and other applicable guidelines/regulations, as amended from time to time. Scrip lending means lending a security to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The security lent will be returned by the borrower on or before the expiry of the stipulated period.

The AMC will comply with the required reporting obligations and the Trustee will carry out the reviews required under SEBI/RBI guidelines. Further a maximum of 40% of net assets will be deployed in securities lending and the maximum single party exposure will be restricted to 10%# of net assets outstanding at any point of time.

Presently, Securities lending and borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Counterparty is not known for transactions carried out under SLB segment and they are guaranteed by Clearing Corporations and hence do not carry any counter party risk. Accordingly, single party exposure limit will not apply to trades on Stock Exchange platform. Single party exposure limits can only apply in case of OTC (over the counter) trades where counterparty can be identified.

Engaging in scrip lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in the collateral value / settlement / liquidity / counter party.

- **Usage of Short Term Deposits:**

Pending deployment of the funds in securities in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to the guidelines issued by SEBI vide Para 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time.

- **Debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements**

The investment of the scheme in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

- a. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
- b. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

In pursuance of the Regulations, the following restrictions are currently applicable to the scheme:

1. Investment in securities from the scheme's corpus would be only in transferable securities in accordance with Regulation 43 of Chapter VI of SEBI [Mutual Funds] Regulations, 1996.
2. The Scheme shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities; provided that the Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI; provided further that the Scheme may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI; provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
3. The Mutual Fund shall, get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long term nature.
4. No investment shall be made in any Fund of Funds scheme.
5. The mutual fund shall not advance any loans for any purpose.
6. The Scheme may invest in any other scheme without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the management of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited or in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.
7. Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's voting rights or ten per cent of units of REITs issued by a single issuer, as the case may be.
8. All investments by the scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall

only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.

9. The scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in the equity or equity related instruments of any entity.
10. The scheme shall not make any investment in debt & money market instrument more than:
 - a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
 - b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
 - c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

11. Investment in unlisted debt instruments:

11.1. The scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used for hedging.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

11.2. The implementation of the provisions mentioned above would be subject to the following:

- a. The existing investments of the scheme as on October 1, 2019 in unlisted debt instruments, including NCDs (identified NCDs), may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments. The grandfathering of the identified NCDs is applicable across the mutual fund industry. Accordingly, mutual funds can transact in such identified NCDs and the criteria as specified in point 11.1 is not applicable.
- b. With effect from October 1, 2019, all fresh investments in unlisted NCDs shall be made only in NCDs satisfying the conditions mentioned in 11.1 above.
- c. Extension of maturity or rolling over of existing investments in unlisted NCDs shall be subject to the prescribed limits mentioned in point 11.2(a) and the requirements mentioned at 11.1 above.
- d. For mutual fund schemes whose existing investments in unlisted NCDs are more than the threshold limit as on the timeline mentioned at 11.2(a), all fresh

investments in NCDs by mutual fund schemes, shall only be in listed NCDs till they comply with the requirements mentioned in 8.1 above.

- e. For the purpose of the provisions of point 11, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.
 - f. All fresh investments by the scheme in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.
12. Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by the scheme shall be subject to the following:
- a. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills rediscounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
 - b. Exposure of the scheme in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the scheme.
 - c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of Trustees.
 - d. The investments of the schemes in such instruments as on October 1, 2019 in excess of the aforesaid limit of 5% may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments.
 - e. The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.
 - f. In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if Scheme is transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.
13. **a. Sector Exposure –**
The exposure in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, TREPs, G-Secs, T-Bills and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) under the portfolio will not exceed 20% of the net assets on account of purchase.
An additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the scheme on account of purchase shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs)

only. Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.

Provided that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme on account of purchase.

The above restriction will not be applicable to the equity portion of the Scheme's portfolio (where applicable).

b. Group Exposure - The total exposure of Scheme in a Group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

Investments by the Scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

The above restrictions will not be applicable to the equity portion of the Scheme's portfolio.

14. Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments as specified under Clause 1 and 1A of Seventh Schedule to SEBI Regulations.
15. As per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, each mutual fund is currently permitted to invest up to US\$1 billion in Foreign Securities irrespective of the size of the assets. The ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 300 million per mutual fund.

Additionally, an investment headroom of 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months would be available to the Mutual Fund for that month to invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs subject to maximum limits as specified above.

Currently, the mutual funds can invest in ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies, equity of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges

overseas, Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas, foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies, Money market instruments rated not below investment grade, Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade (repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds), Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade, Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities, Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade and Overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) that invest in securities. The mutual funds can also invest in the units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets). The restriction on the investments in mutual fund units up to 5% of net assets and prohibition on charging of fees shall not be applicable to investments in mutual funds in foreign countries made in accordance with SEBI Guidelines. However, the management fees and other expenses charged by the mutual fund in foreign countries along with the management fee and recurring expenses charged to the domestic mutual fund scheme shall not exceed the total limits on expenses as prescribed under Regulations. Where the scheme is investing only a part of the net assets in the foreign mutual fund(s), the same principle shall be applicable for that part of investment.

16. Transfers of investments from one Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund scheme to another will be done in inconformity with as per Para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 and Interscheme Transfer policy of FTMF
17. No investment shall be made in
 - any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
18. Pending deployment of funds in securities in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund can invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in line with Para 4.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 as amended from time to time. The Scheme shall abide by the following guidelines for parking of funds in short term deposits:

- Such short term deposits shall be held in the name of the scheme.
- The scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in Short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
- Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the mutual fund in short term deposits.
- The scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank, which has invested in the Scheme. The bank in which the scheme has short-term deposit shall not be permitted to invest in the said scheme until the scheme has short-term deposit with such bank.
- AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The aforesaid limits are not applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

19. Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

- Investment of the scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the Group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme:
 - a) Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade.; and
 - b) Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.
- These investment limits mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.
- Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.
AMC may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever

required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMC shall initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.

- The existing investments by the scheme as on October 1, 2019 in debt instruments that are not in terms of the provisions of point herewith may be grandfathered till maturity date of such debt instruments.

20. Repo transactions in corporate debt securities

- The gross exposure of any mutual fund scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.

21. The scheme may invest in certain debt instruments with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption (For eg. Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework) subject to the following:

- a) Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer
- b) A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest:
 - a. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
 - b. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limit for a mutual fund scheme shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer, as specified at clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, and other prudential limits with respect to the debt instruments.

The investments of mutual fund schemes in such instruments in excess of the limits specified above as on March 10, 2021 may be grandfathered and such mutual fund schemes shall not make any fresh investment in such instruments until the investment comes below the specified limits.

22. The scheme may consider investment in other financial market investments as per guidelines issued by the Central Government/SEBI/RBI from time to time.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these investment restrictions from time to time to the extent SEBI regulations/applicable rules change/permit so as to achieve the investment objective of the scheme. Such alterations will be made in conformity with SEBI

regulations. Further, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI regulations, the scheme may follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector, etc.

The investment restrictions specified as a percentage of net assets will be computed at the time of making the investment and it is clarified that changes need not be effected, merely by reason of appreciation or depreciation in value or by reason of factors beyond the control of the scheme (such as receipt of any corporate or capital benefits or amalgamations). In case the limits are exceeded due to reasons beyond its control, the AMC shall adopt necessary measures of prudence to reset the situation having regard to the interest of the investors.

Portfolio rebalancing

In the event of deviations, the portfolio will be rebalanced as per Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. In the event of deviation from mandated investment restrictions (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), rebalancing period shall be 30 Business Days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 Business Days justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment committee shall then decide on the course of action. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

All the reporting and disclosure requirements as mentioned in Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, shall be complied with. This includes disclosure to investors in case the AUM of deviated portfolio is more than 10% of the AUM of main portfolio of scheme.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024:

(i) Type of a scheme

- o Open ended/~~Close ended/Interval scheme~~
- o ~~Sectoral Fund/Equity Fund/Balance Fund/Income Fund/Index Fund/Any other type of Fund~~ —

(ii) Investment Objective

- o **Main Objective -** ~~Growth/Income/Both~~

- o **Investment pattern** - Please refer to the section “How will the scheme allocate its assets?”. The fund retains the option to alter the asset allocation on a short-term basis in the interest of unitholders on defensive considerations.

(iii) Terms of Issue

- o **Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption** - Please refer to the Part I.
- o **Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme:** Please refer to the Part III - Other Details.
- o **Any safety net or guarantee provided:** None

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 /of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. Index methodology (for index funds, ETFs and FOFs having one underlying domestic ETF)

Nifty 50 index represents 50 companies selected from the universe of Nifty 100 based on freefloat market capitalisation and liquid companies having average impact cost of 0.50% or less for 90% of the observations for a basket size of Rs. 10 Crores. The constituents should have derivative contracts available on NSE.

The Nifty 50 is the flagship index on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE). The Index tracks the behaviour of a portfolio of blue-chip companies, the largest and most liquid Indian securities. It includes 50 of the all companies listed and/ or traded on the NSE, captures approximately 66% of its float-adjusted market capitalization and is a true reflection of the Indian stock market.

The Nifty 50 covers major sectors of the Indian economy and offers investment managers exposure to the Indian market in one efficient portfolio. The Index has been trading since April 1996 and is well suited for benchmarking, index funds and index-based derivatives.

The Nifty 50 is owned and managed by NSE Indices Limited (formerly known as India Index Services & Products Limited-IISL), India's first specialized company focused on an index as a core product.

Index Computation:

The Nifty 50 is computed using a float-adjusted, market capitalization weighted methodology*, wherein the level of the index reflects the total market value of all the stocks in the index relative to a particular base period. The methodology also takes into account constituent changes in the index and corporate actions such as stock splits, rights issuance, etc., without affecting the index value.

** Beginning June 26, 2009, the Nifty 50 is being computed using float-adjusted market capitalization weighted method, wherein the level of index reflects the float-adjusted market capitalization of all stocks in the Index.*

Index review and eligibility criteria**Index Review frequency:**

The review of Nifty 50 is undertaken semi-annually based on data for six months ending January and July. The replacement of stocks in Nifty 50 (if any) is implemented from the last trading day of March and September. In case of any replacement in the index, a four weeks' prior notice is given to the market participants.

Additional index reconstitution may be undertaken in case any of the index constituent undergoes merger, demerger, delisting, specific cases of capital restructuring etc., in case any of the index constituent is moved to BZ series, if trading permission of any of the index constituent is withdrawn from F&O segment, if a security is suspended for trading from Capital Market for any reason and in case of any adverse regulatory findings or orders issued against any of the index constituent that necessitates removal of such stock from the index. In case of a capital restructuring or voluntary delisting, equity shareholders' approval is considered as a trigger to initiate the replacement of such stock from the index through additional index reconstitution. For all other cases, replacements will be initiated based on notifications issued by the Exchange.

Further, additional index reconstitution may be undertaken to screen to continued eligibility of an index constituent that may have undergone corporate action involving demerger in accordance with the guidelines prescribed under a separate section 'Corporate actions involving demerger/ spin-off' of this document.

Eligible Securities:

Constituents of Nifty 100 index that are available for trading in NSE's Futures & Options segment are eligible for inclusion in the Nifty 50 index. The latest composition of Nifty 100 including most recent changes whether announced or yet to be announced shall be considered eligible subject to availability of trading in NSE's Futures & Options segment in such stocks.

Portfolio Concentration Norms for Index Funds

In order to address the risk related to portfolio concentration in Index Funds, it has been decided to adopt the following norms:

- The index shall have a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
- No single stock shall have more than 25% weight in the index.
- The weightage of the top three constituents of the index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.
- The individual constituent of the index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over previous six months.

Accordingly, any ETF/ Index Fund that seeks to replicate a particular Index shall ensure that such index complies with the aforesaid norms.

Compliance Procedure:

- The aforesaid norms shall be applicable to all ETFs/ Index Funds tracking equity indices.
- The ETF/ Index Fund issuer shall evaluate and ensure compliance to the aforesaid norms for all its ETFs/ Index Funds at the end of every calendar quarter.

The ETF/Index Fund issuer shall ensure that the updated constituents of the Indices (for all its ETFs/ Index Funds) are available on the website of such ETF/Index Fund issuers at all points of time.

Index Constituents as on September 30, 2025

Sr No.	Security Name	Weightage (%)	Impact Cost
1	Adani Enterprises Ltd.	0.58	0.02
2	Adani Ports And Special Economic Zone Ltd.	0.92	0.03
3	Apollo Hospitals Enterprise Ltd.	0.66	0.01
4	Asian Paints Ltd.	0.94	0.01
5	Axis Bank Ltd.	2.87	0.02
6	Bajaj Auto Ltd.	0.85	0.02
7	Bajaj Finance Ltd.	2.35	0.02
8	Bajaj Finserv Ltd.	1.01	0.03
9	Bharat Electronics Ltd.	1.28	0.02
10	Bharti Airtel Ltd.	4.53	0.01
11	Cipla Ltd.	0.75	0.02
12	Coal India Ltd.	0.78	0.03
13	Dr. Reddy'S Laboratories Ltd.	0.66	0.02
14	Eicher Motors Ltd.	0.85	0.02
15	Eternal Ltd.	2.01	0.02

16	Grasim Industries Ltd.	0.93	0.02
17	HCL Technologies Ltd.	1.30	0.02
18	HDFC Bank Ltd.	12.87	0.01
19	HDFC Life Insurance Company Ltd.	0.72	0.02
20	Hindalco Industries Ltd.	0.98	0.02
21	Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	1.98	0.02
22	ICICI Bank Ltd.	8.52	0.02
23	Infosys Ltd.	4.60	0.02
24	Interglobe Aviation Ltd.	1.08	0.02
25	ITC Ltd.	3.43	0.02
26	Jio Financial Services Ltd.	0.85	0.03
27	JSW Steel Ltd.	0.95	0.03
28	Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	2.60	0.01
29	Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	3.81	0.02
30	Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd.	2.69	0.01
31	Maruti Suzuki India Ltd.	1.86	0.02
32	Max Healthcare Institute Ltd.	0.73	0.03
33	Nestle India Ltd.	0.73	0.03
34	NTPC Ltd.	1.43	0.03
35	Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Ltd.	0.82	0.02
36	Power Grid Corporation Of India Ltd.	1.12	0.03
37	Reliance Industries Ltd.	8.18	0.01
38	SBI Life Insurance Company Ltd.	0.71	0.03
39	Shriram Finance Ltd.	0.76	0.02
40	State Bank Of India	3.21	0.01
41	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.	1.49	0.02
42	Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	2.61	0.02
43	Tata Consumer Products Ltd.	0.65	0.02
44	Tata Motors Ltd.	1.26	0.02
45	Tata Steel Ltd.	1.24	0.02
46	Tech Mahindra Ltd.	0.79	0.03
47	Titan Company Ltd.	1.23	0.02
48	Trent Ltd.	0.92	0.02
49	Ultratech Cement Ltd.	1.29	0.02
50	Wipro Ltd.	0.60	0.02

About NSE Indices Limited

NSE Indices Limited (formerly known as India Index Services & Products Ltd. - IISL), a subsidiary of NSE, provides a variety of indices and index related services for the capital markets. The

company focuses on the index as a core product. The company owns and manages a portfolio of indices under the Nifty brand of NSE, including the flagship index, the Nifty 50. Nifty equity indices comprise of broad-based benchmark indices, sectoral indices, strategy indices, thematic indices and customised indices. NSE Indices Limited also maintains fixed income indices based on Government of India securities, corporate bonds, money market instruments and hybrid indices. Many investment products based on Nifty indices have been developed within India and abroad. These include index based derivatives traded on NSE and NSE International Exchange IFSC Limited (NSE IX) and a number of index funds and exchange traded funds. The flagship 'Nifty 50' index is widely tracked and traded as the benchmark for Indian Capital Markets.

E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs) – Not applicable

F. Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds dated June 27, 2024 (only for close ended debt schemes) – Not applicable

G. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

INDEX FUNDS

Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund is an open-ended passively managed index fund tracking Nifty 50 index. A market index helps us evaluate the performance of a given market. For example, the S&P BSE Sensex comprises of 30 stocks and has grown from a base of 100 in 1979-80 to over 33,000 in recent times. We can have different indices for a given market – for example the BSE 30, BSE 100 and Nifty are all representative of the stock market in India. Similarly, we can have indices for Debt markets (e.g. I- Bex for Govt. Securities Market), commodity markets etc.

The Mutual Fund invests into a portfolio of securities based on the investment objectives of the scheme. The Mutual Fund provides a service of a professional manager who selects and monitors these investments and provides the benefits of professional management, diversification and liquidity. Mutual Fund schemes can be of two types viz., actively managed and passively managed. An actively managed scheme would try and beat the returns generated by a given market by employing sophisticated research tools, actively trading a portfolio etc. – all these translate to higher costs of managing the fund – but do not necessarily guarantee outperformance – specially over the long term. On the other hand, a passively managed scheme like an index fund holds securities in the same proportion as that of a market index in an attempt to closely match the returns generated by the index, subject to tracking errors.

The index fund provides with the following benefits:

- a) **Diversification:** An index would generally represent all the components/ sectors of a given market and hence provide for a broad level of diversification.

- b) Low operating expenses: The costs incurred in terms of advisory services, research, distribution expenses are extremely low compared to actively managed funds. Hence, most of the funds have a minimal annual expense ratio.
- c) Low transaction costs: Losses due to trading are minimised as there is no active attempt to beat the market returns, the idea is to replicate the returns of the market by ensuring that the fund is fully invested at any given point in time.

The disadvantages of an index fund are:

- a) There is no attempt to outperform the market. As mentioned earlier, in any case it is a difficult proposition to do so.
- b) Tracking Error: There can be some amount of tracking error, as it is not possible to replicate the index completely.

Tracking Error:

The extent to which the NAV of the Scheme moves in a manner inconsistent with the movements of the Index (Nifty) on any given day or over given period of time arising from any cause or reason whatsoever including but not limited to differences in the weightage of the investments in the Securities and the weightage to such securities in the Nifty and the time lags in deployment or realisation of funds under the scheme as compared to the movement of or within the Nifty. Tracking error will also be influenced by the market liquidity, cost of trading, management and other expenses etc.

Listing and transfer of units	The Scheme is open ended and the Units are not listed on any stock exchange. However, the Mutual Fund may, at its sole discretion, list the Units on one or more Stock Exchanges at a later date, and thereupon the Mutual Fund will make suitable public announcement to that effect. The Mutual Fund will offer and redeem Units on a continuous basis during the Continuous Offer Period. The Unit holders are given an option to hold the Units by way of an Account Statement (physical form) or in Dematerialized (demat form). Units held in Demat form are transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for
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	transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP. For units held in paper form, normally, units are not certified. However, if an applicant so desires to transfer units, the AMC, upon submission of documents which will be prescribed from time to time, shall certify the units and issue a fresh statement/certificate to the extent of certified units to the investor within 5 business days of the receipt of request. If the investor intend to transfer units, it could be done to the extent of certified units mandatorily using the statement/certificate issued post certification of units. Certificate/ statement issued post certifying of units must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for Transfer / Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. AMC reserves the right to accept the request for certification of units. The AMC reserves the right to reject the application for transfer, post acceptance of the same, if any of the requisite documents / declarations are unavailable or incomplete. However, if a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Mutual Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.
Dematerialization of units	The Unit holders have an option to hold the Units in dematerialized (demat) form or account statement (non-demat) form. Units held in Demat Form are freely transferable. The Applicant intending to hold Units in

	demat form will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	Not Applicable.
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not applicable.
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	The Trustee may, at its sole discretion distribute income under IDCW option/ plan in the fund at any time and at such frequency (such as daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, annually etc.) as it deems appropriate. Although there is every intention to distribute income, there is no assurance or guarantee as to the frequency or quantum of such distribution nor that the distributions be regularly paid. Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) is based on the availability of adequate distributable surplus in the scheme. Distributions can be made out of available distributable surplus (including Equalization Reserve, which is part of sale price that represents realized gains). Such distributions are payable to the Unitholders in the IDCW Plan, whose names appear on the Unitholders' register on the record date. The Trustee may not distribute income at all in the event of inadequacy of distributable income. The scheme reserves the right to suspend sale of units for such period of time as it deems necessary before the record date to ensure proper processing.

	The amount of distribution will be distributed within 7 working days from the record date. IDCWs will be paid through electronic mode or by cheque (in exceptional circumstances only), net of taxes as may be applicable, and payments will be in favour of the first-named registered holder in the folio. To safeguard the interest of Unitholders from loss or theft of IDCW cheques, it is mandatory for investors to provide the details of their bank account in the Application Form. IDCW cheques or electronic payments will be sent in accordance with such information. Record dates for declaration of IDCW The procedure of declaring IDCW and fixing of record dates will be in accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.
Allotment (Detailed Procedure)	Full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during continuous offer period. Refund of subscription money will be made to applicants without any return, in case applications are invalid or are rejected. An Account Statement containing the number of Units allotted will be issued within 5 business days from the date of allotment. The allotment of units is subject to realisation of the payment instrument/receipt of credit. The Trustee is entitled, in its sole and absolute discretion, to reject any Application. Further, the AMC/Trustee reserves the right to reject any application post allotment or processing, if subsequently found invalid, contravention of any law or provisions of this Scheme Information Document. In this case, AMC will reverse such invalid allotments in their records and communicate to investors.
Refund	Full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during continuous offer period. Refund of subscription money will be made to applicants without

	any return, in case applications are invalid or are rejected. An Account Statement containing the number of Units allotted will be issued within 5 business days from the date of allotment. The allotment of units is subject to realisation of the payment instrument/receipt of credit. The Trustee is entitled, in its sole and absolute discretion, to reject any Application. Further, the AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application post allotment or processing, if subsequently found invalid, contravention of any law or provisions of this Scheme Information Document. In this case, AMC will reverse such invalid allotments in their records and communicate to investors.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	The scheme units can be purchased by the following entities (subject to the applicable legislation/regulation governing such entities): 1. Adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three), resident in India. 2. Parents/Guardian on behalf of minors. 3. Companies/ Domestic Corporate Bodies/ Public Sector Undertakings registered in India. 4. Charitable, Religious or other Trusts authorised to invest in units of mutual funds. 5. Banks, Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions. 6. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) and Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) (including erstwhile Person of Indian Origin card holders) on full repatriation basis and on non-repatriation basis but not (a) United States Persons within the meaning of Regulation 'S' under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, as amended from time to time or (b) residents of Canada. 7. Foreign institutional investors and their sub accounts on full repatriation basis/ Foreign Portfolio Investors (subject to RBI approval) and such other entities as may be permitted under SEBI (Foreign

	Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time. 8. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF). 9. Wakf Boards or Endowments / Societies / Co-operative societies / Association of Persons or Body of individuals (whether incorporated or not), Trusts and clubs authorised to invest in units of mutual funds. 10. Sole Proprietorship, Partnership Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs). 11. Army/Air Force/Navy/Para-military funds and other eligible institutions. 12. Scientific and/or industrial research organizations. 13. Other Associations, Institutions, Bodies etc. authorized to invest in the units of mutual funds. 14. Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations. 15. Mutual fund Schemes/ Alternative Investment Funds can also invest in the Scheme, subject to SEBI Regulations applicable from time to time. Subject to the requirement applicable under respective state laws governing public Trust, units of the schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund is an eligible investment for charitable and religious trusts under the provisions of Section 11(5)(xii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, read with Rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. Further, the Government of Maharashtra has authorized and declared Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund as 'public security' under the Bombay Public Trusts Act, 1950 in its order dated January 19, 2002. In view of the individual nature of implications, the investors are advised to consult their own advisors to ascertain if they are eligible to invest in the scheme as per the laws applicable to them and whether the scheme is suitable for their risk profile.
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Who cannot invest	The below mentioned persons/entities shall not be eligible to invest in the Scheme, if such persons/entities are: 1. United States Person (U.S. person*) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America. <i>*The term "U.S. person" means any person that is a U.S. person within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc, as may be in force from time to time.</i> 2. Residents of Canada
How to Apply and other details	Investors can subscribe for the Units of the Scheme by completing the Application Form and delivering it at any Investor Service Centre or Collection Centre. KYC complied investors/ Investors who are able to provide necessary information and/or documents to perform KYC can perform a web-based transaction to purchase units of the Scheme on website of the Mutual Fund (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/forms-and-instructions) , FT Mobile app or through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time. Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions. The Applications Forms shall be made available at Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of Mutual Fund and/or may be downloaded from the website of AMC. The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund will be provided on the website of the AMC (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-list-of-opats/c948bf89-5b6e-4e15-9b17-def6817a7fbd/List-of-official-points-of-acceptance.pdf). Please refer to Application form for the instructions.

	Email based non-commercial transactions (NCT) facility Will also accept specified non-commercial transactions (NCT) on email as attachments on nonfintransaction@franklintempleton.com will be dedicated for receiving specified non-commercial transaction requests. The list of Non-commercial Transactions that are eligible for this facility and Terms & Conditions applicable to the NCT requests received through email mode for the same is available on our website https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/forms-and-instructions Financial transactions through email in respect of non-individual investors shall be accepted in terms of AMFI Best Practice Guidelines (BPG) no. 118/ 2024-25 dated January 31, 2025, and such other circulars issued in this regard from time to time. Name, address and contact no. of Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T), email id of R&T, website address of R&T, official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. are also provided on back cover page. As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/ request for redemption and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Not applicable.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being	Suspension of sale of units With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee

offered.	and the Asset Management Company, the sale of Units may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist: 1. The equity / debt market stops functioning or trading is restricted. 2. Periods of extreme volatility in the equity / debt market, which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, is prejudicial to the interest of the investors. 3. When there is a strike by the banking community or trading is restricted by RBI or other authority. 4. Period of extreme volatility in the equity / debt / money market, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the scheme's investors. 5. As and when directed by the Government of India or RBI or SEBI to do so or conditions relating to natural calamity/external aggression/internal disturbances etc. arises, so as to cause volatile movements in the money or debt market, which in the opinion of the AMC, will be prejudicial to the interest of the unitholders, if further trading in the scheme is continued. 6. Break down in the information processing/communication systems affecting the valuation of investments/processing of sale/repurchase request. 7. Natural calamity. 8. SEBI, by order, so directs. 9. Trustee views that increasing the Scheme's size further may prove detrimental to the existing/prospective Unitholders of the Scheme. 10. Any other circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the existing/prospective investors. Suspension of redemption of units With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the redemption of Units may be suspended temporarily when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that
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	severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as: i. Liquidity issues - when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. Further, restriction on redemption due to illiquidity of a specific security in the portfolio of a scheme due to a poor investment decision, shall not be allowed. ii. Market failures, exchange closures - when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies. iii. Operational issues – when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems. iv. Based on any other guidance/ circular issued by SEBI from time to time. Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. The approval from the Boards of AMC / Trustee shall also be informed to SEBI in advance. When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied: i. No redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction. ii. Where redemption requests are above Rs. 2 lakh, AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction. Any Units which, by virtue of these limitations, are not redeemed on a particular Business Day will be carried forward for redemption on the next following Business
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	Day in order of receipt. Redemptions carried forward will be made at the NAV in effect on the subsequent Business Day(s) on which the condition for redemption request is fulfilled. To the extent multiple redemptions are being satisfied in a single day under these circumstances, such payments will be made pro-rata based on the size of each redemption request. Under such circumstances, redemption cheques may be mailed out to investors within a reasonable period of time and will not be subject to the normal response time for redemption cheque mailing. In case where more than one application is received for redemption in a scheme for an aggregate redemption amount equal to or more than Rs.2 lakhs on any Business Day across all plans/options of the relevant scheme, then such applications shall be aggregated at the investor level (same holders/joint holders identified by their Permanent Account Numbers (PAN) in the same sequence). Such aggregation shall be done irrespective of the number of folios under which the investor is redeeming and irrespective of mode, location and time of application.
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	<u>For subscriptions:</u> Pursuant to SEBI guidelines, the cut off timings and the applicability of Net Asset Value of the scheme is under: In respect of valid applications received* up to 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund and the funds are available for utilisation on the same day before the cut-off time - the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable. In respect of valid applications received* after 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund and the funds are available for utilisation on the same day - the closing NAV of the Business Day following the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable. However, irrespective of the time of receipt of

	application, where the funds are not available for utilisation on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable provided the application is received* prior to availability of the funds. Investors are encouraged to avail electronic payment modes to transfer funds to the bank account of the Scheme to expedite unit allotment. For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective scheme. For investments through systematic investment routes such as Systematic Investment Plans (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plans (STP), Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (TIDCW) etc. the units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the destination Scheme irrespective of the instalment date of the SIP, STP or record date of IDCW etc. The Trustee/AMC may alter the limits and other conditions in line with the SEBI Regulations. *Received at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund. For Redemptions: Pursuant to SEBI guidelines, the cut off timings and the applicability of Net Asset Value of the scheme is under: In respect of valid applications received up to 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable.
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	In respect of valid applications received after 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches (mention the provisions for ETFs, as may be applicable, for direct subscription/redemption with AMC.	Subscription: Fresh Purchase - Rs.5,000/-. Additional Purchase - Rs.1,000/-. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) - Rs. 500/- Redemption: Rs.1,000/-. The amount for subscription, SIP and redemption in excess of the minimum amount specified above is any amount in multiple of Re. 1/-. There is no upper limit on the investment amount. The Trustee/ AMC reserves the right to vary these limits from time to time, in the interest of investors. Since the redemption request for units held in dematerialized mode can be given only in 'number of units' with Depository Participants or on Stock exchange Platform, the provision pertaining to 'Minimum redemption amount' shall not be applicable to such investors. Unitholder may request the redemption of a certain specified Rupee amount or of a certain number of Units. If a redemption request is for both a specified Rupee amount and a specified number of Units, the specified number of Units will be considered the definitive request. In the case where a Rupee amount is specified or deemed to be specified for redemption, the number of Units redeemed will be the amount redeemed divided by the applicable NAV. Redemption requests will be honoured to the extent permitted by the credit balance in the Unitholder's account. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the Unitholder's account and a statement to this effect will be issued to the Unitholder. If the redemption request exceeds the Balance in the account then the account would be closed and balance sent to the investors. To pay the investor the redemption amount requested for (in Rupees), Franklin Templeton will redeem that many

	units as would give the investor the net redemption amount requested for, after deducting exit load as applicable from time to time.
Accounts Statements	The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form). A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable For further details, refer SAI.
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within two working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023. For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form

	failing which applications are liable to be rejected. Change in Bank Mandate - For investors holding units in demat mode, the procedure for change in bank details would be as determined by the depository participant. - For investors holding units in non-demat mode, the Unit holders may change their bank details registered with the Mutual Fund by submitting an application for the same In an endeavour to protect the investors from possible fraudulent activities, the AMC may require the investors to submit such documents as may be deemed necessary or appropriate from time to time, for verification and validation of the bank account details furnished by the investors. The AMC reserves the right to deny the request for registration of a bank account for the investor's Folio in case the investor fails to submit the necessary document to the satisfaction of the AMC.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 by SEBI for the period of such delay.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	The unclaimed redemption and IDCW amount may be deployed by the mutual fund in call money market, money market instruments or separate plan of Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts only. The investors who claim the unclaimed amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors, who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. The AMC would make a continuous effort to remind the investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The investment management fees charged by the AMC for managing unclaimed amounts will not exceed 50 basis points. The Fund/AMC shall not be

	liable to pay any interest or compensation on unclaimed amount.
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	Investments in the name of a minor acting through guardian In case of investments held in the name of a minor, no joint holders will be registered. The minor, acting through the guardian, should be the first and sole holder in the Folio/Account. The guardian should be either the parent (i.e. father or mother) or the court appointed legal guardian. The guardian of the minor may need to submit such declarations and/or other documents/information as a proof of guardianship, as may be prescribed by the AMC from time to time. Date of birth of the minor along with photocopies of the supporting documents (viz. birth certificate, school leaving certificate/ Mark sheet issued by Higher Secondary Board of respective states, ICSE, CBSE etc., or, passport or any other document evidencing the date of birth of the minor) should be mandatorily provided while opening the account. Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities. Upon attainment of majority by the minor, the account should be regularised forthwith, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major. The AMC may specify such procedures for regularisation of

	the Folio, as may be deemed appropriate from time to time. Post attainment of majority by the minor, the Mutual Fund/AMC will not be obliged to accept any instruction or transaction application made under the signature of the guardian. In case of an application for registration of a systematic transaction facility (Systematic Investment Plan / Systematic Transfer Plan / Systematic Withdrawal Plan or Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal), if the end date of the facility extends beyond the date of attainment of majority by the minor, such facility will be registered only up to the date of attaining majority.
Non applicability Minimum Application Amount (Lump-sum) and Minimum Redemption amount	As per Para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes has, inter alia mandated that a certain percentage of gross annual CTC net of income tax and any statutory contributions of the Designated Employees of the AMCs shall be invested in units of the scheme(s) of the Fund in which they have a role/oversight. In accordance with the regulatory requirement, the minimum application amount and minimum redemption amount will not be applicable for investment made in schemes of the Fund in compliance with the aforesaid circular(s). The above-mentioned provisions shall override the conflicting provisions, if any.
NSE INDICES LIMITED DISCLAIMER	Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund (FIIF-Nifty) (Product) is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by NSE INDICES LIMITED (formerly known as India Index Services & Products Limited ("IISL")). NSE INDICES LIMITED does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Product(s) or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Product(s) particularly or the ability of the Nifty 50 to track general stock market performance in India. The relationship of NSE INDICES LIMITED to the Issuer is only in respect of

	the licensing of the Indices and certain trademarks and trade names associated with such Indices which is determined, composed and calculated by NSE INDICES LIMITED without regard to the Issuer or the Product(s). NSE INDICES LIMITED does not have any obligation to take the needs of the Issuer or the owners of the Product(s) into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Nifty 50. NSE INDICES LIMITED is not responsible for or has participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the Product(s) to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Product(s) is to be converted into cash. NSE INDICES LIMITED has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Product(s). NSE INDICES LIMITED do not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of the Nifty 50 or any data included therein and NSE INDICES LIMITED shall have not have any responsibility or liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions therein. NSE INDICES LIMITED does not make any warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the Issuer, owners of the product(s), or any other person or entity from the use of the Nifty 50 or any data included therein. NSE INDICES LIMITED makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaim all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the index or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, NSE INDICES LIMITED expressly disclaim any and all liability for any claims ,damages or losses arising out of or related to the Products, including any and all direct, special, punitive, indirect, or consequential damages (including lost profits), even if notified of the possibility of such damages. An investor, by subscribing or purchasing an interest in the Product(s), will be regarded as having acknowledged, understood and accepted the disclaimer referred to in Clauses above and will be bound by it.
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III. Other Details:

- A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding/ link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided: Not Applicable
- B. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report
- **Portfolio / Financial Results:** This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.

The Mutual Fund shall within one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September, upload the soft copy of its unaudited financial results containing the details specified in Regulation 59 on its website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports>) under the head Mutual Fund reports and shall publish an advertisement disclosing uploading of such financial results on its website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/updates>), in one English newspaper having nationwide circulation and in one regional newspaper circulating in the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

Further, the mutual fund shall also disclose the debt and money market securities transacted (including inter scheme transfers) in schemes portfolio on daily basis with a time lag of 15 days.

The Mutual Fund shall disclose the scheme portfolios as on the last day of the month/ as on the last day of every half year ended March and September within 10 days from the close of each month / half-year respectively. Further, the Mutual Fund shall also disclose portfolio of the scheme on a fortnightly basis within 5 days from the end of the fortnight. The disclosure shall be on www.franklintempletonindia.com and www.amfiindia.com. The AMC shall send via email the fortnightly statement of scheme portfolio within 5 days from the close of each fortnight and the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month / half-year respectively.

Mutual Fund shall publish an advertisement every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of its schemes portfolio on its website (<https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/updates>) and on the website of AMFI. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi. Mutual Fund shall provide

a physical copy of the statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

- **Annual Report:** Scheme Annual report in the format prescribed by SEBI, will be hosted on the website of the Fund viz. <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports> and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com as soon as may be but not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounts year (i.e. 31st March each year). Mutual Fund/AMC will publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the Scheme wise Annual Report on the website of the Fund and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Mutual Fund/AMC will e-mail the Scheme Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof to those unitholders, whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. Investors who have not registered their email id will have an option of receiving a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof. Mutual Fund/AMC will provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder through any mode. A physical copy of the scheme wise annual report shall be made available for inspection to the investors at the registered office of the AMC.
- **Other disclosures:** To enhance investor awareness and information dissemination to investors, SEBI prescribes various additional disclosures to be made by Mutual Funds from time to time on its website/on the website of AMFI, stock exchanges, etc. These disclosures include Scheme Summary Documents, various activities of Mutual Funds with timelines, DOs and DON'Ts for Investors, Grievance Redressal Mechanism, etc.). Investors may refer to the same.

C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I)

- The NAV shall be normally calculated for all Business Days.
- The Mutual Fund is required to declare the NAV of the Scheme on AMFI's website www.amfiindia.com and also on our website [NAV of Mutual Funds: Latest NAV & Dividend Information - Franklin Templeton India®](#).
- NAV will be calculated up to four decimal places using standard rounding criteria.
- The disclosure of NAV as outlined above is as per the prevailing SEBI Regulations and is subject to change from time to time.

D. Stamp duty- Indicate only the amount of stamp duty applicable. Details to be provided in SAI.

- Mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or reinvestment under IDCW Option) would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. Transfer of mutual fund units (such as transfers between demat accounts) are subject to payment of stamp duty @ 0.015%. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time.

Please refer SAI for further details.

E. Associate Transactions- Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

F. Taxation-

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

This information is provided for general information only and is based on the prevailing tax laws, as applicable in case of this Scheme. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/ authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund is registered as a Mutual Fund with Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') under SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996. Any income earned by such mutual fund registered with SEBI is exempt from taxation as per section 10(23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ('Act')

Category of this Scheme: Equity oriented fund as currently defined under the Act as on September 30, 2025.

"Equity oriented fund" is defined to mean a fund set up under a scheme of a mutual fund specified under clause 23D of section 10 and

In case where the fund invests in the units of another fund which is traded on a recognised stock exchange –

- a minimum of 90% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the units of such other fund; and
- such other fund also invests a minimum of 90% of its total proceeds in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognized stock exchange; and

In any other case, a minimum of 65% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognised stock exchange

Provided that the percentage of equity shareholding or unit held in respect of the fund, as the case may be, shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the monthly averages of the opening and closing figures.

Taxability in the hands of Investor

If the units are held as stock-in-trade of a business, the said income will be taxed at the rates at which the normal income of that investor is taxed.

If the units are held as investments, the said income will be taxed as capital gains. In such case, the tax rates applicable will depend on whether the gain on sale of units is classified as a short-term capital gain or a long-term capital gain.

Nature of Income	Resident Individual & HUF	Domestic Corporate	Non-Resident Investor
IDCW	As per applicable tax rate	As per applicable tax rate	20%
LTCG Holding Period > 12 Months	12.5%*	12.5%*	12.5%*
STCG Holding Period <= 12 Months	20%	20%	20%

* where LTCG exceeds Rs. 1,25,000 in a financial year

Withholding Tax Rates (TDS)

Nature of Income	Resident Individual & HUF	Domestic Corporate	Non-Resident Investor[#]
IDCW	10%**	10%**	20%
LTCG Holding Period > 12 Months	Nil	Nil	12.5%
STCG Holding Period <= 12 Months	Nil	Nil	20%

IDCW – Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal

LTCG – Long Term Capital Gain

STCG – Short Term Capital Gain

In case of a foreign portfolio investor, no TDS is required on LTCG and STCG

** As per provision of section 194K of the Act, where the amount of income credited or paid in a financial year, in aggregate, does not exceed Rs. 10,000, no withholding is required to be carried out. However, the scheme shall be withholding tax when the aggregate amount in financial year at Permanent Account Number (PAN) level exceeds Rs. 9,000.

The above beneficial rates should be applicable only in a case of sale/redemption of units of equity-oriented fund where transaction is chargeable to STT.

Tax rates mentioned above are further increased by surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable for respective investor.

Surcharge and cess shall not be applied on basic tax while deducting TDS, if any, on income of resident investors.

Surcharge Rates

Total income	Individual /HUF ~~	Partnership Firms & Co-operative Societies	Domestic Companies*	Foreign Companies
Less than or equal to 50 lakhs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
>50 lakhs <= 1 crore	10%	NIL	NIL	NIL
>1 crore <= 2 crores	15%	12%	7%	2%
>2 crores <= 5 crores	25%	12%	7%	2%
>5 crores <= 10 crores	37%	12%	7%	2%
>10 crores	37%	12%	12%	5%

~~ Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF being taxed under tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act. In case total income includes income by way of dividend on shares, short-term capital gains on units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes and long-term capital gains on mutual fund schemes, the rate of surcharge on the said type of income not to exceed 15% [refer clause on Taxation in the SAI for further details].

* 10% basic surcharge (irrespective of taxable income) for domestic companies availing benefit under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the Act.

Tax plus surcharge shall be further increased by a health and education cess of 4 percent.

DTAA Benefits

Taxability in the hands of non-resident investor shall be subject to Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (“DTAA” or “tax treaty”) benefits which can be claimed in the return of income to be filed by such investors, as applicable. Further, such DTAA benefit may also be claimed at the time of withholding of taxes (subject to requisite documents for claiming DTAA benefit made available by investor to the Mutual Fund). The investors should obtain specific advice from their tax advisors regarding the availability of the tax treaty benefits.

PAN-AADHAR Linking

As per section 139AA of the Act read with rule 114AAA of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, in the case of a resident person, whose PAN has become inoperative due to non-linking of PAN with Aadhaar, it shall be deemed that he has not furnished the PAN and tax could be withheld at a higher rate of 20% as per section 206AA of the Act.

Securities Transaction Tax (STT)

STT at 0.001% is payable on sale (redemption) of unit of an equity-oriented fund to the mutual fund (except in case redemption by any person for, or on behalf of, the New Pension System Trust).

As per Rule 4 of the STT Rules 2004, where the STT payable is 50 paise and above, it shall be rounded off to the nearest rupee. Thereby, where the amount of STT payable is lower than 50 paise, no STT is deducted. Long-term capital gains arising on transfer of units of an equity-oriented fund chargeable to Securities Transaction tax (STT) are subject to tax in accordance with the provisions of section 112A of the Act. Therefore, as per provisions of the Act, if STT payable is NIL due to rounding off, the long-term capital gain shall be chargeable to tax in accordance with the provisions of section 112A and the concessional rate of tax shall be applicable.

DISCLAIMER: The information given here is neither a complete disclosure of every material fact of Income-tax Act 1961 nor does it constitute tax or legal advice. Investors are requested to review the prospectus carefully and obtain expert professional advice with regard to specific legal, tax and financial implications of the investment/participation in the scheme.

G. Rights of Unitholders- Please refer to SAI for details.

H. List of official points of acceptance: Details to be uploaded and updated on a functional website link. Website link: <https://franklintempletonprod.widen.net/s/gq9lcrfdk5/list-of-official-points-of-acceptance>

I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for which action may have been taken or is in the process of being taken by any Regulatory Authority.

Please refer <https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-penalties/6e03f15a-bb96-4cfb-a3cf-ca14711b1a82/Penalties-and-Pending-Litigation-Section.pdf>

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the Guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustee vide its resolution dated November 30, 2000.

The Trustees have ensured that Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of the existing scheme/fund/product.

DIRECTORY

Sponsor Templeton International, Inc. 300 S.E. 2nd Street, 11th Floor, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301, USA.	Investment Manager Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai 400013	Trustee Franklin Templeton Trustee Services Pvt. Ltd. One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai 400013
Registrars Computer Age Management Services Private Limited No.10 (Old No.178), M.G.R. Salai, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600 034 Website: www.camsonline.com Email: enq_fti@camsonline.com	Custodians Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited (HSBC) 52/60, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001	Auditors B S R & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants – having its office at 5 th Floor, Lodha Excelus, Appollo Mills Compound, N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai – 400 011

Franklin Templeton Branch Offices (Investor Service Centres)

Name of the Branch	Address
Ahmedabad	Ground Floor/Part, Achal Raj Building, Opp. Mayor's House, Law Garden, Ahmedabad – 380006.
Allahabad	S N Tower, 4C Maharishi Dayananad Marg, Opp. Radio Station, Civil Lines, Allahabad-211001
Bangalore	26-27, 1st floor, Northern Area West Wing, Raheja Towers MG Road, Bangalore – 560001.
Bhubaneswar	77, Kharavel Nagar, Unit III, Janpath, Bhubaneswar 751001
Bhopal	Guru Arcade, 2nd Floor, Ramgopal Maheshwari Marg, Plot No.153, M P Nagar Zone 1, Bhopal – 462011
Chandigarh	S.C.O 413-414, 1st Floor, Sector 35-C, Chandigarh - 160022
Chennai	Century Centre, 75 T.T.K. Road, Alwarpet, Chennai 600018
Cochin (Kochi)	41/418-C, Chicago Plaza, First Floor, Rajaji Road, Ernakulam, Cochin 682035
Coimbatore	424-C Red Rose Towers, Second Floor, D. B. Road, R. S. Puram,

	Coimbatore 641002
Dehradun	Office No. 102, 1st Floor, Sri Ram Arcade - 74, Rajpur Road, Dehradun - 248001
Guwahati	01 st Floor, Royal Center, GS Road, Ulubari, Guwahati - 781007
Hyderabad	Unit No 402, 6-3-1085/1 4th Floor, Dega Towers Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad-500 082
Indore	Office No.101, 1 st Floor, Vikram Heights, Opposite Rani Sati Gate,25/2, Yashwant Niwas Road, Indore - 452001
Jaipur	Office No.18, 2nd Floor, Laxmi Complex, M.I Road, Jaipur -302001, Rajasthan.
Jalandhar	Ground Floor, SCO- 15 PUDA Complex Ladowali Road Jalandhar - 144 001
Jamshedpur	Fair Deal Complex,1st Floor, Office Unit 1B, Main Road, Opp. Ram Mandir, Bistupur, Jamshedpur-831001
Kanpur	Office no 208, 209 & 210, 2nd floor KAN Chambers, Civil lines, Kanpur-208001
Kolkata	4th Floor, A Block, 22, Abanindra Nath Thakur Sarani (Known as Camac Street), Kolkata - 700016
Lucknow	Office no. 2, Ground Floor, Regency Plaza, Opposite Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherji Hospital (Civil), 5 Park road, Hazratganj, Lucknow - 226001
Ludhiana	SCO-37, First Floor, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001
Madurai	Suriya Towers, 1st floor ,Door No 272 /273 , Good Shed Street , Madurai 625001
Mangalore	Lotus Paradise Elite, Unit No 101 & 102, First Floor, Karangalpady, Opp to AJ Grand Hotel, Mangalore - 575003.
Mumbai	(a) Unit No.202/203/204, 2nd Floor, Dalamal Tower, Plot No. 211, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021 (b) One International center, Tower 2, 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone (W), Mumbai - 400013
Nagpur	Shop No. 3 & 4, Ground Floor, Maharshi Shivpad Complex, Plot No. 262, West High Court Road, Bajaj Nagar, Nagpur 440010
Nasik	Marvel Tanishq, Office No.402, 4th Floor, Sharanpur Road, New Pandit Colony, Nasik - 422002.
New Delhi	707-710, 7th Floor, Ashoka Estate Building, 24 Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 110001
Patna	Unit No.402, 4th Floor, Sai Tower, New Dak Bungalow Road, Patna - 800 001
Panjim	House No. 9/33/1, First Floor, Agva House, Dada Vaidya Road, Panjim Goa 403001.
Pune	Office No. 13,14, 15, 4 th Floor, CTS 96B, 96 Boulevard Suvarnarekha Ghodke Chowk, Prabhat Road, Erandwane, Pune - 411004.
Raipur	First Floor, Piyank tower, GE Road, Raja Talab, Raipur - 492001

Rajkot	408-409, 4th Floor, Sadhana Downtown, Jubilee Chowk, Jawahar Road, Rajkot – 360 001
Ranchi	Saluja Tower, 6th Floor, Peepe Compound, Sujata Chowk, Main Road, Ranchi – 834001
Salem	214/215, Second Floor, Kandaswarna Shopping Mall, Sarada College Road, Salem 636016
Surat	HG-29 International Trade Centre, Majura Gate Cross Road Signal, Ring Road, Surat 395002
Trichy	Arun Arcade, 75/1, First Floor, First Cross, North East Extension, Thillainagar, Trichy 620018
Vadodara	Unit No. - 306, Third Floor, Golden Icon, Opp. BSNL, Bird Circle, Old Padra Road, Vadodara – 390007
Varanasi	D-64/127, C-H, Arihant Complex, 4 th Floor, Sigra, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh
Vijayawada	White House, III Floor, Room # 2, M. G. Road, Opposite All India Radio, Vijayawada 520010
Visakhapatnam	204, First Floor, Eswar Plaza, Dwaraka Nagar, Visakhapatnam - 530016

National Call Centre:

1800 425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone, Local call rates apply to both the numbers) from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., Monday to Saturday.

Collection Centres:**Branch Office of Computer Age Management Services Limited**

Name of the branch	Address
Agartala (Tirupura)	Advisor Chowmuhan (Ground Floor), Krishnanagar Agartala, Tripura - 799001
Agra (Uttarpradesh)	No. 8, II Floor Maruti Tower Sanjay Place, Agra , Uttarpradesh-282002
Ahmedabad (Gujarat)	111- 113,1 st Floor- Devpath Building Off C G Road Behind Lal Bungalow, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad Gujarat 380006
Ahmednagar (Maharashtra)	Office No.3.1st Floor,Shree Parvati,Plot No.1/175, Opp. Mauli Sabhagruh, Zopadi Canteen, Savedi, Ahmednagar-414003
Ajmer (Rajasthan)	AMC No. 423/30 Near ChurchOpp T B Hospital,Jaipur Road, Ajmer, Rajasthan,305001
Akola (Maharashtra)	Opp. RLT Science CollegeCivil Lines,Akola,Maharashtra,444001
Aligarh (Uttarpradesh)	City Enclave, Opp. Kumar Nursing Home Ramghat Road Aligarh Uttarpradesh-202001
Allahabad (Uttarpradesh)	30/2, A&B, Civil Lines Station Besides ,Vishal Mega Mart Strachey Road, Allahabad ,Uttarpradesh-211001
Alleppey (Kerala)	Doctor's Tower Building, Door No. 14/2562, 1st floor, North of Iorn Bridge,Near Hotel Arcadia Regency, Alleppey Kerala,688001
Alwar (Rajasthan)	256A, Scheme No:1, Arya Nagar, Alwar, Rajasthan - 301001
Amaravati (Maharashtra)	81, Gulsham Tower,2nd Floor, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Amaravati, Maharashtra - 444601
Ambala (Haryana)	Shop No.4250, Near B D Senior Secondary School, Ambala Cantt., Ambala, Haryana 133001
Amritsar (Punjab)	3rd Floor, Bearing Unit No-313, Mukut House, Amritsar-143001
Anand(Gujarat)	101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj, Next to Nathwani Chambers, Anand Gujarat - 388001
Anantapur(Andhra Pradesh)	15-570-33, I FloorPallavi Towers,Subash Road Opp:Canara Bank,Anantapur,AndhraPradesh,515001
Andheri (Maharashtra)	CAMS Pvt Ltd, No.351, Icon,501,5 th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East,Mumbai-400069
Angul (Orissa)	Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage, Angul-759122
Ankleshwar (Gujarat)	Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002

Arrah (Bihar)	Old NCC Office, Ground Floor, Club Road, Arrah-802301
Arambagh (West Bengal)	CAMS, Mukherjee Building First Floor, Beside MP Jewellers, Next to Mannapuram, Ward no 5 Link Road, Arambagh Hooghly, West Bengal - 712601
Asansol (West Bengal)	Block - G 1st Floor, P C Chatterjee Market Complex Rambandhu Talab PO, Ushagram Asansol West Bengal - 713303
Aurangabad (Maharashtra)	2nd Floor, Block No.D-21-D-22, Motiwala Trade Centre, Nirala Bazar, New Samarth Nagar, Opp.HDFC Bank, Aurangabad-431001
Balasore (Orissa)	B C Sen Road, Balasore, Orissa - 756001
Ballari (Karnataka)	No.18/47/A, Govind Nilaya, Ward No.20, Sangankal Moka Road, Gandhinagar, Ballari-583102
Bangalore (Karnataka)	Trade Centre, 1st Floor 45, Dikensen Road (Next to Manipal Centre) Bangalore, Karnataka, 560042
Bangalore (Wilson Garden) (Karnataka)	First Floor, No.17/1, (272) 12Th Cross Road, Wilson Garden, Bangalore - 560027
Bankura (West Bengal)	1st Floor, Central Bank Building, Machantala, P.O. & District-Bankura, West Bengal- 722101
Bagalkot (Karnataka)	Shop No. 2, 1st floor, Shreyas Complex, Near Old Bus Stand, Bagalkot - 587 101
Barasat (West Bengal)	N/39, K.N.C Road, 1st Floor, Shrikrishna Apartment, (Behind HDFC Bank Barasat Branch) Dist :24PGS (North) Barasat -700 124 West Bengal
Bareilly (Uttarpradesh)	F-62-63, 2nd Floor, Butler Plaza Commercial Complex Civil Lines Bareilly Uttarpradesh - 243001
Basti (Uttarpradesh)	CAMS C/O RAJESH MAHADEV & CO SHOP NO 3, 1st Floor JAMIA COMPLEX STATION ROAD BASTI PIN 272002
Belgaum (Karnataka)	Classic Complex, Block No.104, 1st Floor, Saraf Colony, Khanapur Road, Tilakwadi, Belgaum-590006
Berhampur (Orissa)	Kalika temple Street, Ground Floor, Beside SBI BAZAR Branch, Berhampur-760002
Bhadrak (Orissa)	Das & Das Complex, 1st Floor, Bypass Road, Opposite to Vishal Mega Mart, Chhapulia, Bhadrak-756100, Odisha
Bhagalpur (Bihar)	Ground Floor, Gurudwara Road, Near Old Vijaya Bank, Bhagalpur - 812001
Bharuch (Gujarat)	A-111, First Floor, R K Casta, Behind Patel Super Market, Station Road, Bharuch-392001
Bhatinda (Punjab)	2907 GH, GT Road, Near Zila Parishad, Bhatinda, Punjab - 151001
Bhavnagar (Gujarat)	501 - 503, Bhayani Skyline, Behind Joggers Park, Atabhai Road, Bhavnagar - 364001
Bhilai (Chattisgarh)	1st Floor, Plot No.3, Block No.1, Priyadarshini Pariswar west, Behind IDBI Bank, Nehru Nagar, Bhilai-490020

Bhilwara (Rajasthan)	C/o Kodwani Associates Shop No 211-213 2nd floor Indra Prasth Tower syam Ki Sabji Mandi Near Mukerjee Garden Bhilwara-311001 (Rajasthan)
Bhopal (Madhyapradesh)	Plot no 10, 2nd Floor, Alankar Complex, Near ICICI Bank,MP Nagar, Zone II, Bhopal, MadhyaPradesh - 462011
Bhubaneswar (Orissa)	Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar-Orissa-751001
Bhuj (Gujarat)	Office No.4-5, First Floor, RTO Relocation Commercial Complex-B, Opp.Fire Station, Near RTO Circle, Bhuj-Kutch-370001
Bhusawal (Parent: Jalgaon TP) (Maharashtra)	3, Adelaide Apartment, Christain Mohala, Behind Gulshan-E-Iran Hotel, Amardeep Talkies Road, Bhusawal, Maharashtra - 425201
Bijapur (Karnataka)	Padmasagar Complex,1st floor, 2nd Gate, Ameer Talkies Road, Vijayapur (Bijapur) - 586101
Bikaner (Rajasthan)	Behind rajasthan patrika, In front of vijaya bank 1404, amar singh pura Bikaner - 334001
Bilaspur (Chattisgarh)	Shop No.B-104, First Floor,Narayan Plaza,Link Road,Bilaspur(C.G)-495001
Bohorompur (West Bengal)	No.107/1, A C Road,Ground Floor,Bohorompur,Murshidabad,West Bengal-742103
Bokaro (Jharkhand)	1st Floor, Plot No. HE-7 City Centre, Sector 4, Bokaro Steel City Bokaro- 827004
Bolpur (West Bengal)	Netaji Market, 1st Floor Room No Fb 28, Bolpur Birbhum Birbhum - 731204
Borivali (Maharashtra)	501 - TIARA, CTS 617, 617/1-4, off Chandavarkar Lane, Maharashtra Nagar, Borivali - West, Mumbai - 400092
Burdwan (West Bengal)	399 G T Road, Basement, Building Name: - Talk of the Town, Burdwan-713101.West- Bengal
Calicut (Kerala)	29/97G 2nd Floor,S A Arcade,Mavoor Road, Arayidathupalam,CalicutKerala-673016
Chandigarh (Punjab)	Deepak Tower SCO 154-155,1st Floor-Sector 17-Chandigarh-Punjab-160017
Chandrapur (Maharashtra)	Opp Mustafa décor, Behind Bangalore, Bakery Kasturba Road, Chandrapur, Maharashtra - 442402
Chennai (Tamilnadu)	Ground Floor No.178/10,Kodambakkam High Road, Opp. Hotel Palmgrove, Nungambakkam-Chennai-Tamilnadu-600034
Chennai-Satelite (Tamilnadu)	ISC No.158, Rayala Tower-1, Anna salai, Chennai-600002
Chhindwara (Madhyapradesh)	2nd Floor, Parasia Road, Near Surya Lodge, Sood Complex,Above Nagpur CT Scan, Chhindwara, MadhyaPradesh - 480001
Chittorgarh (Rajasthan)	3, Ashok Nagar, Near Heera Vatika, Chittorgarh, Rajasthan 312001
Cochin (Kerala)	Building Name Modayil, Door No. 39/2638 DJ,2nd Floor 2A M.G. Road, Cochin - 682 016
Coimbatore (Tamilnadu)	No.1334, Thadagam Road, Thirumurthy Layout, R.S.Puram, Behind Venketeswara Bakery, Coimbatore-641002

Coochbehar (West Bengal)	Nipendra Narayan Road (N.N Road) Opposite Udichi Market, Near Banik Decorators, PO & Dist: Coochbehar. Pin 736101
Cuttack (Orissa)	Near Indian Overseas Bank Cantonment Road, Mata Math,Cuttack, Orissa - 753001
Darbhanga (Bihar)	Ground Floor, Belbhadrapur, Near Sahara Office, Laheriasarai Tower Chowk, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga- 846001.
Davangere (Karnataka)	13, 1st Floor, Akkamahadevi Samaj Complex Church Road, P.J.Extension, Davangere, Karnataka,577002
Dehradun (Uttarkhand)	204/121 Nari Shilp Mandir Marg (1st Floor) Old Connaught Place, Chakrata Road, Dehradun, Uttarakhand - 248001
Deoghar (Jharkhand)	S S M Jalan Road, Ground floor, Opp. Hotel Ashoke, Caster Town, Deoghar, Jharkhand - 814112
Dhanbad (Jharkhand)	Urmila Towers, Room No: 111(1st Floor) Bank More, Dhanbad, Jharkhand - 826001
Dharmapuri (Tamilnadu)	16A/63A, Pidamaneri Road, Near Indoor Stadium, Dharmapuri, Tamilnadu - 636701
Dhule (Maharashtra)	House No 3140, Opp Liberty Furniture, Jamnalal Bajaj Road, Near Tower Garden, Dhule, Maharashtra - 424001
Dibrugarh (Assam)	Amba Complex, Ground Floor, H S Road, Dibrugarh-786001
Dimapur (Nagaland)	H/NO-2/2, SKK Building, OPP SUB-Urban Police Station, Dr Hokishe Sema Road, Signal Point, Dimapur-797112
Durgapur (West Bengal)	Plot No.3601, Nazrul Sarani, City Centre, Durgapur-713216
Erode(Tamilnadu)	No.197, Seshaiyer Complex,Agraharam Street, Erode, Tamilnadu,638001
Faizabad(Uttarpradesh)	9/1/51, Rishi Tola, Fatehganj, Ayodhya (Faizabad), Uttar Pradesh-224001
Faridabad(Haryana)	LG3, SCO 12 Sector 16, Behind Canara Bank, Faridabad - 121002
Firozabad(Uttarpradesh)	53,1st Floor, Shastri Market, Sadar Bazar, Firozabad, Uttarpradesh- 283203
Gandhi Nagar(Gujarat)	No.507,5Th Floor, Shree Ugati Corporate Park, Opp Pratik Mall,Nr Hdfc Bank, Kudasan, Gandhinagar-382421
Gandhidham(Gujarat)	Shyam Sadan, First Floor, Plot No.120, Sector 1/A, Gandhidham- 370201
Gangtok(Sikkim)	House No: GTK /006/D/20(3), (Near Janata Bhawan) D.P.H. road, Gangtok-737101, Sikkim
D(Bihar)	C/o Sri Vishwanath Kunj, Ground Floor, Tilha Mahavir Asthan, Gaya - 823001
Ghatkopar (Maharashtra)	Platinum Mall, Office No.307,3rd Floor, Jawahar Road, Ghatkopar East, Mumbai-400077
Ghaziabad (Uttarpradesh)	1st Floor, C-10 RDC Rajnagar, Opp Kacheri Gate No.2, Ghaziabad- 201002
Goa (Goa)	Office No.103,1st Floor, Unitech City Centre, M.G.Road, Panaji Goa, Goa-403001

Gondal (Parent Rajkot) (Gujarat)	A/177, Kailash Complex Opp. Khedut Decor Gondal, Gujarat - 360311
Gorakhpur (Uttarpradesh)	Shop No.5 & 6,3Rd Floor,Cross Road The Mall,A D Tiraha,bank Road, Gorakhpur-273001
Gulbarga (Karnataka)	Pal Complex, Ist Floor,Opp. City Bus Stop,SuperMarket,Gulbarga,Karnataka 585101
Guntur (Andhra Pradesh)	D No.31-13-1158,1st Floor,13/1 Arundelpet,Ward No.6,Guntur-522002
Gurgaon (Haryana)	Unit No-115, First Floor Vipul Agora Building Sector-28, Mehrauli Gurgaon Road Chakkar Pur, Gurgaon - 122001 Haryana
Guwahati (Assam)	Piyali Phukan Road,K.C.Path,House No.1,Rehabari,Guwahati-781008
Gwalior (Madhyapradesh)	G-6 Global Apartment,Kailash Vihar Colony, Opp. Income Tax Office, City Centre Gwalior Madhya Pradesh-474002
Haldia (West Bengal)	Mouza-Basudevpur, J.L. No. 126, Haldia Municipality, Ward No 10, Durgachak, Haldia. Pin Code: - 721602
Haldwani (Uttarpradesh)	Durga City Centre, Nainital Road, Haldwani, Utt- 72160263139
Haridwar (Uttarpradesh)	F-3, Hotel Shaurya, New Model Colony, Haridwar-249 408
Hazaribag (Jharkhand)	Municipal Muktananda Chowk, Hazaribag, Jharkhand,825301
Himmatnagar (Gujarat)	Unit No. 326, Third Floor, One World - 1, Block - A, Himmatnagar, Gujarat - 383001
Hisar (Haryana)	No-12, Opp. HDFC Bank, Red Square Market, Hisar, Haryana - 125001
Hoshiarpur (Punjab)	Near Archies Gallery, Shimla Pahari Chowk, Hoshiarpur, Punjab - 146001
Hassan (Karnataka)	Pankaja,2nd Floor, Near Hotel Palika, Race Course Road, Hassan - 573201
Hosur (Tamilnadu)	Survey No.25/204, Attibele Road, HCF Post, Mathigiri, Above Time Kids School, Oppsite To Kuttys Frozen Foods,Hosur-635110
Hubli (Karnataka)	No.204 - 205,1st Floor' B ' Block, Kundagol ComplexOpp. Court, Club Road,Hubli,Karnataka,580029
Hyderabad (Telangana)	208, II FloorJade ArcadeParadise Circle,Hyderabad,Telangana,500003
Ichalkaranji (Maharashtra)	CAMS, 12/179, Bairagdar Building, Behind Congress Committee Office, Ichalkaranji - 416115, Maharashtra
Indore (Madhyapradesh)	101, Shalimar Corporate Centre8-B, South Tukogunj,Opp.Greenpark, Indore,MadhyaPradesh,452001
Jabalpur (Madhyapradesh)	8, Ground Floor, Datt Towers,Behind Commercial Automobiles,Napier Town,Jabalpur,MadhyaPradesh,482001
Jaipur (Rajasthan)	R-7, Yudhisthir Marg C-SchemeBehind Ashok Nagar Police Station,Jaipur,Rajasthan,302001
Jalandhar (Punjab)	144,Vijay Nagar,Near Capital Small Finance Bank,Football Chowk,Jalandar City-144001

Jalgaon (Maharashtra)	Rustomji Infotech Services70, NavipethOpp. Old Bus StandJalgaon,Maharashtra,425001
Jalna (Maharashtra)	Shop No 6, Ground Floor,Anand Plaza Complex,Bharat Nagar,Shivaji Putla Road,Jalna,Maharashtra,431203
Jalpaiguri (West Bengal)	Babu Para, Beside Meenaar Apartment ,Ward No VIII, Kotwali Police Station,Jalpaiguri-735101 West Bengal
Jammu (Jammu & Kashmir)	JRDS Heights,Lane Opp. S&S Computers Near RBI Building, Sector 14, Nanak Nagar Jammu,Jammu &Kashmir,180004
Jamnagar (Gujarat)	207,Manek Centre,P N Marg,Jamnagar,Gujarat,361001
Jamshedpur (Jharkhand)	Tee Kay Corporate Towers 3rd Floor,S B Shop Area, Main Road, Bistupur, Jamshedpur-831001
Janakpuri (New Delhi)	Office Number 112, 1 st Floor Mahatta Tower, B Block Community Centre, Janakpuri, New Delhi -110058. Phone- 011-41254618
Jaunpur (Uttarpradesh)	248, Fort Road Near Amber Hotel, Jaunpur Uttarpradesh-222001
Jhansi (Uttarpradesh)	No.372/18D,1 st Floor Above IDBI Bank,Beside V-Mart,Near RAKSHAN,Gwalior Road,Jhansi-284001
Jodhpur (Rajasthan)	1/5, Nirmal Tower,1 st Chopasani Road,Jodhpur,Rajasthan,342003
Jorhat (Assam)	Singh Building, Ground Floor, C/o Prabhdeep Singh, Punjabi Gali, Opp V-Mart, Gar Ali, Po & Ps-Jorhat, Jorhat 785001
Junagadh (Gujarat)	"Aastha Plus", 202-A, 2nd FloorSardarbag Road, Nr. AlkapuriOpp. Zansi Rani Statue Junagadh Gujarat-362001
Kadapa (Andhra Pradesh)	Bandi Subbaramaiah Complex,D.No:3/1718, Shop No: 8, Raja Reddy Street,Kadapa,AndhraPradesh,516001
Kakinada (Andhra Pradesh)	D No.25-4-29,1St floor,Kommiredy vari street,Beside Warf Road,Opp swathi medicals,Kakinada-533001
Kalyani (West Bengal)	A-1/50,Block A,Kalyani,Dist Nadia,Westbengal-741235
Kannur (Kerala)	Room No.PP.14/435Casa Marina Shopping CentreTalapp,Kannur,Kerala,670004
Kangra (Himachal Pradesh)	College Road Kangra, Opp. Vishal Mega Mart, Tehsil & Distt. Kangra Himachal Pardesh -176001
Kanpur (Uttarpradesh)	I Floor 106 to 108City Centre Phase II,63/ 2, The Mall Kanpur Uttarpradesh-208001
Karimnagar (Telangana)	HNo.7-1-257, Upstairs S B H mangammathota, Karimnagar,Telangana,505001
Karnal (Parent: Panipat TP)(Haryana)	No.29, Avtar Colony,Behind vishal mega mart, Karnal-132001
Karur (Tamilnadu)	126 G, V.P.Towers, Kovai Road, Basement of Axis BankKarur, Tamilnadu,639002
Katni (Madhyapradesh)	1st Floor, Gurunanak dharmakanta, Jabalpur Road,Bargawan,Katni, MadhyaPradesh 483501

Khammam (Telangana)	Shop No: 11 - 2 - 31/3, 1st floor, Philips Complex, Balajinagar, Wyr Road, Near Baburao Petrol Bunk, Khammam, Telangana 507001
Kharagpur (West Bengal)	"Silver Palace" OT Road,Inda-Kharagpur,G-P-Barakola, P.S.Kharagpur Local,Dist West Midnapore-721305
Kolhapur (Maharashtra)	2 B, 3rd Floor, Ayodhya Towers, Station Road, Kolhapur, Maharashtra,416001
Kolkata (West Bengal)	2/1, Russell Street,2nd Floor, Kankaria Centre, Kolkata-700071
Kolkata (West Bengal)	3/1, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 3rd Floor, Office space -3C, Shreeram Chambers, Kolkata -700 001
Kollam (Kerala)	Uthram Chambers(Ground Floor), Thamarakulam,Kollam-691006
Korba (Chattisgarh)	KH. No. 183/2G, Opposite Hotel Blue Diamond, T.P. Nagar, Korba- 495677
Kota (Rajasthan)	B-33 'Kalyan Bhawan,Triangle Part,Vallabh Nagar,Kota,Rajasthan,324007
Kottayam (Kerala)	1307 B,Puthenparambil Building,KSACS Road,Opp.ESIC Office,Behind Malayala Manorama Muttambalam P O,Kottayam-686501
Kukatpally (Telangana)	No.15-31-2M-1/4,1st floor,14-A,MIG,KPHB colony,Kukatpally,Hyderabad-500072
Kumbakonam (Tamilnadu)	No.28/8, 1st Floor, Balakrishna Colony, Pachaiappa Street, Near VPV Lodge, Kumbakonam - 612001
Krishnanagar (West Bengal)	Municipality More , Opposite Kotwali Thana. Pin 741101
Kurnool (Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No.26 and 27,Door No.39/265A and 39/265B,Second Floor,Skanda Shopping Mall,Old Chad Talkies,Vaddageri,39th Ward,Kurnool-518001
Lucknow (Uttarpradesh)	Office No.107,1st Floor,Vaisali Arcade Building,Plot No 11, 6 Park Road,Lucknow-226001
Ludhiana (Punjab)	U/ GF, Prince Market, Green Field,Near Traffic Lights,Sarabha Nagar Pulli,Pakhowal Road,Ludhiana,Punjab,141002
Madurai (Tamilnadu)	Shop No 3 2nd Floor, Suriya Towers, 272/273 - Goodshed Street, Madurai -625001
Malappuram (Kerala)	Kadakkadan Complex, Opp central school, Malappuram-676505
Malda (West Bengal)	Daxhinapan Abasan, Opp Lane of Hotel Kalinga, SM Pally, Malda, Westbangal 732101
Mangalore (Karnataka)	14-6-674/15(1), Shop No -UG11-2, Maximus Complex, Light House Hill Road, Mangalore- 575001
Mandi (Himachal Pradesh)	1st Floor, Above Ram Traders, 328/12, Ram Nagar, Mandi, Himachal Pradesh - 175001
Manipal (Karnataka)	Shop No-A2, Basement floor, Academy Tower, Opposite Corporation Bank, Manipal, Karnataka - 576104
Mapusa (Parent ISC: Goa)(Goa)	CAMS COLLECTION CENTRE, Office No.503, Buildmore Business Park, New Canca Bypass Road, Ximer, Mapusa Goa-403507

Margao (Goa)	F4-Classic Heritage, Near Axis Bank, Opp.BPS Club, Pajifond, Margao, Goa - 403601
Mathura (Uttarpradesh)	159/160 Vikas Bazar Mathura Uttarpradesh-281001
Meerut (Uttarpradesh)	108 1st Floor Shivam Plaza,Opp: Eves Cinema, Hapur Road,Meerut, Uttarpradesh - 250002
Mehsana (Gujarat)	1st Floor,Subhadra ComplexUrban Bank RoadMehsana,Gujarat,384002
Mirzapur(Uttarpradesh)	1st Floor,Canara Bank Building,Dhundhi Katra,Mirzapur-231001
Moga(Punjab)	Street No 8-9 Center, Aarya Samaj Road. Near Ice Factory. Moga - 142 001
Moradabad(Uttarpradesh)	H 21-22, Ist Floor Ram Ganga Vihar Shopping Complex, Opposite Sale Tax Office, Moradabad-244001
Mumbai(Maharashtra)	Rajabahdur Compound,Ground FloorOpp Allahabad Bank, Behind ICICI Bank30, Mumbai Samachar Marg, FortMumbai,Maharashtra,400023
Muzaffarnagar(Uttarpradesh)	No.235,Patel Nagar,Near Ramlila Ground,New Mandi,Muzaffarnagar
Muzaffarpur(Bihar)	Brahman Toli,DurgasthanGola Road,Muzaffarpur,Bihar,842001
Mysore(Karnataka)	No.1,1st Floor,CH.26 7th Main, 5th Cross (Above Trishakthi Medicals),Saraswati Puram,Mysore,Karnataka,570009
Nadiad(Gujarat)	F 134, First Floor,Ghantakarna Complex Gunj Bazar,Nadiad,Gujarat,387001
Nagpur(Maharashtra)	145 ,Lendra,New Ramdaspath,Nagpur,Maharashtra,440010
Namakkal(Tamilnadu)	156A / 1, First Floor, Lakshmi Vilas BuildingOpp. To District Registrar Office, Trichy Road,Namakkal,Tamilnadu 637001
Nanded(Maharashtra)	Shop No.8,9 Cellar "Raj Mohammed Complex" Main Road Shri Nagar,Nanded-431605
Nasik(Maharashtra)	1st Floor,"Shraddha Niketan",Tilak Wadi,Opp Hotel City Pride,Sharanpur Road,Nasik-422002
Navsari(Gujarat)	214-215,2nd floor, Shivani Park, Opp.Shankheswar Complex,Kaliawadi,Navsari -396445,Gujarat
Nellore(Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No. 2, 1st Floor,NSR Complex,James Garden, Near Flower Market,Nellore - 524001
New Delhi(New Delhi)	7-E, 4th FloorDeen Dayaal Research Institute BuildingSwami Ram Tirath Nagar,Near Videocon Tower Jhandewalan Extension,New Delhi,NewDelhi,110055
New Delhi-CC(New Delhi)	Flat no.512, Narian Manzil, 23 Barakhamba Road Connaught Place,NewDelhi,110001
Nizamabad(Telangana)	5-6-208, Saraswathi nagar, Opposite Dr.Bharathi rani nursing home, Nizamabad, AndhraPradesh503001
Noida(Uttarpradesh)	Commercial Shop No.GF 10 & GF 38, Ground Floor, Ansal Fortune Arcade, Plot No. K-82, Sector -18,Noida-201301

Ongole (Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No 1128, 1st Floor, 3rd Line, Sri Babuji Market complex, Ongole- 523001
Palakkad(Kerala)	10 / 688, Sreedevi Residency,Mettupalayam Street,Palakkad,Kerala,678001
Palanpur(Gujarat)	Gopal Trade center,Shop No.13-14,3Rd Floor,Nr.BK Mercantile bank,Opp.Old Gunj,Palanpur-385001
Panipat(Haryana)	SCO 83-84, First Floor, Devi Lal Shopping Complex, Opp RBL Bank, G.T.Road , Panipat, Haryana, 132103
Pathankot(Punjab)	13 - A, Ist Floor, Gurjeet Market,Dhangu Road,Pathankot,Punjab 145001
Patiala(Punjab)	No.35 New Lal Bagh,Opp.Polo Ground,Patiala-147001
Patna(Bihar)	301B, Third Floor, Patna One Plaza,Near Dak Bunglow Chowk Patna 800001
Pitampura(New Delhi)	Number G-8, Ground Floor,Plot No C-9, Pearls Best Height -II, Netaji Subhash Place,Pitampura, New Delhi - 110034
Pondicherry(Pondicherry)	S-8, 100,Jawaharlal Nehru Street(New Complex, Opp. Indian Coffee House),Pondicherry,Pondicherry,605001
Pune(Maharashtra)	Vartak Pride,1st Floor,Survey No.46,City Survey No.1477,Hingne budruk,D.P.Road,Behind Dinanath mangeshkar Hospital,Karvenagar,Pune-411052
Rae Bareli(Uttarpradesh)	17, Anand Nagar Complex Opposite Moti Lal Nehru Stadium SAI Hostel Jail Road Rae Bareilly Uttar pradesh -229001
Raipur(Chattisgarh)	HIIG,C-23 Sector - 1Devendra Nagar,Raipur,Chattisgarh,492004
Rajahmundry(Andhra Pradesh)	Door No: 6-2-12, 1st Floor,Rajeswari Nilayam,Near Vamsikrishna Hospital,Nyapathi Vari Street, T Nagar,Rajahmundry,AndhraPradesh,533101
Rajapalayam(Tamilnadu)	No 59 A/1, Railway Feeder Road(Near Railway Station)RajapalayamTamilnadu626117
Rajkot(Gujarat)	Office 207 - 210, Everest BuildingHarihar ChowkOpp Shastri Maidan,Limda Chowk,Rajkot,Gujarat,360001
Ranchi(Jharkhand)	4,HB RoadNo: 206,2nd Floor Shri Lok ComplexH B Road Near Firayalal,Ranchi,Jharkhand,834001
Ratlam(Madhyapradesh)	Dafria & Co,No.18, Ram Bagh, Near Scholar's School,Ratlam, MadhyaPradesh 457001
Ratnagiri(Maharashtra)	Orchid Tower,Gr Floor,Gala No.06,S.V.No.301/Paiki 1/2,Nachane Municiple Aat,Arogya Mandir,Nachane Link Road,At,Post,Tal.Ratnagiri Dist.Ratnagiri-415612
Rohtak(Haryana)	SCO 06,Ground Floor,MR Complex,Near Sonipat Stand Delhi Road,Rohtak-124001
Roorkee(Uttarkhand)	22, Civil Lines, Ground Floor,Hotel Krish Residency,Roorkee,Uttarakhand 247667
Rourkela(Orissa)	2nd Floor,J B S Market Complex,Udit Nagar,Rourkela-769012
Sagar(Madhyapradesh)	Opp. Somani Automobile,s Bhagwanganj Sagar, MadhyaPradesh 470002

Saharanpur(Uttarpradesh)	I Floor, Krishna ComplexOpp. Hathi GateCourt Road,Saharanpur,Uttarpradesh,247001
Salem(Tamilnadu)	No.2, I Floor Vivekananda Street,New Fairlands,Salem,Tamilnadu,636016
Sambalpur(Orissa)	C/o Raj Tibrewal & AssociatesOpp.Town High School,Sansarak Sambalpur,Orissa,768001
Sangli(Maharashtra)	Jiveshwar Krupa BldgShop. NO.2, Ground Floor,Tilak ChowkHarbhat Road,Sangli,Maharashtra-416416
Satara(Maharashtra)	117 / A / 3 / 22, Shukrawar Peth,Sargam , Apartment,Satara,Maharashtra,415002
Seerampur(West Bengal)	47/5/1, Raja Rammohan Roy SaraniPO. Mallickpara,Dist. Hoogly,Seerampur,Westbangal,712203
Shahjahanpur(Uttarpradesh)	Bijlipura, Near Old Distt Hospital, Jail Road ,Shahjahanpur Uttarpradesh-242001
Shillong(Meghalaya)	3rd FloorRPG Complex,Keating Road,Shillong,Meghalaya,793001
Shimla(Himachal Pradesh)	I Floor, Opp. Panchayat Bhawan Main gateBus stand,Shimla,Himachal Pradesh,171001
Shimoga(Karnataka)	No.65 1st FloorKishnappa Compound1st Cross, Hosmane Extn,Shimoga,Karnataka,577201
Sikar (Rajasthan)	CAMS, C/O Gopal Sharma & Company, Third Floor Sukhshine Complex, Near Geetanjali Book depot, Tapadia Bagichi, Sikar - 332001, Rajasthan
Silchar (Assam)	House No 18B , 1 st Floor , C/o Lt. Satyabrata Purkayastha Ambicapatty , Silchar 788004
Siliguri(West Bengal)	No.78,Haren Mukherjee Road,1st Floor,Beside SBI Hakimpura,Siliguri-734001
Sirsa(Haryana)	M G Complex, Bhawna marg , Beside Over Bridge, Sirsa Haryana,125055
Sitapur(Uttarpradesh)	Arya Nagar Near Arya Kanya School Sitapur Uttarpradesh-261001
Solan(Himachal Pradesh)	1st Floor, Above Sharma General Store,Near Sanki Rest house,The Mall,Solan, Himachal Pradesh 173212
Solapur(Maharashtra)	Flat No 109, 1st FloorA Wing, Kalyani Tower126 Siddheshwar Peth,Near Pangal High SchoolSolapur,Maharashtra,413001
Sonepat (Haryana)	CAMS, SCO - 12, 1st Floor, Pawan Plaza, Atlas Road, Subhash Chowk, Sonepat - 131001, Haryana
Sri Ganganagar(Rajasthan)	18 L BlockSri Ganganagar,Rajasthan,335001
Srikakulam(Andhra Pradesh)	Door No 4-4-96,First Floor.Vijaya Ganapathi Temple Back Side,Nanubala Street ,Srikakulam, Andhra Pradesh 532001
Sultanpur(Uttarpradesh)	967, Civil Lines Near Pant Stadium Sultanpur Uttarpradesh-228001
Surat(Gujarat)	Shop No.G-5,International Commerce Center,Nr.Kadiwala School,Majura Gate, Ring Road, Surat-395002
Surendranagar(Gujarat)	2 M I Park, Near Commerce College, Wadhwan City,Surendranagar Gujarat 363035

Suri (West Bengal)	Police Line , Ramkrishna Pally , Suri , Birbhum 731101
Tambaram(Tamilnadu)	3rd Floor, B R Complex,No.66,Door No.11A,Ramakrishna Iyer Street,Opp.National Cinema Theatre,West Tambaram,Chennai-600045
Tezpur(Assam)	Kanak Tower -1st Floor Opp. IDBI Bank/ ICICI Bank C.K. Das Road, Tezpur Sonitpur, Assam - 784001
Thane(Maharashtra)	Dev Corpora,1st Floor,Office No.102,Cadbury Junction,Eastern Express Way,Thane-400601
Tinsukia(Assam)	CAMS Transaction Point, Bhowal Complex Ground Floor, Near Dena Bank, Rongagora Road PO / Dist - Tinsukia Assam PIN -786 125
Tirunelveli(Tamilnadu)	No.F4,Magnam Suraksaa Apatments,Tiruvananthapuram Road,Tirunelveli-627002
Tirupati(Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No : 6,Door No: 19-10-8,(Opp to Passport Office),AIR Bypass Road,Tirupati-517501,Andhra Pradesh
Tirupur(Tamilnadu)	1(1), Binny Compound,II Street,Kumaran Road,Tirupur,Tamilnadu,641601
Tiruvalla(Kerala)	1st Floor,Room No-61(63),International shopping Mall,Opp.ST Thomas Evangelical Church,Above Thomsan Bakery,Manjady,Thiruvalla-689105
Trichur(Kerala)	Room No. 26 & 27Dee Pee Plaza,Kokkalai,Trichur,Kerala,680001
Trichy(Tamilnadu)	No 8, I Floor, 8th Cross West Extn,Thillainagar,Trichy,Tamilnadu,620018
Trivandrum(Kerala)	TC No: 22/902, 1st - Floor "Blossom" Bldg, Opp.Nss Karayogam, Sasthamangalam Village P.O, Thiruvananthapuram, Trivandrum-695010
Tuticorin(Tamilnadu)	4B/A16, Mangal Mall Complex,Ground Floor,Mani Nagar,TuticorinTamilnadu628003
Udaipur(Rajasthan)	No.32,Ahinsapuri,Fatehpura Circle,Udaipur-313001
Ujjain(Madhyapradesh)	109, 1st Floor, Siddhi Vinayak Trade Center, , Shahid Park, Ujjain - 456010
Vadodara(Gujarat)	103 Aries Complex,Bpc Road, Off R.C.Dutt Road,Alkapuri,Vadodara,Gujarat,390007
Valsad(Gujarat)	3rd floor,Gita Nivas, opp Head Post Office,Halar Cross LaneValsad,Gujarat,396001
Vapi(Gujarat)	208, 2nd Floor HEENA ARCADE,Opp. Tirupati TowerNear G.I.D.C. Char Rasta,Vapi,Gujarat,396195
Varanasi(Uttarpradesh)	Office no 1, Second floor, Bhawani Market, Building No. D-58/2-A1, Rathyatra Beside Kuber Complex, Varanasi, Uttarpradesh-221010
Vasco(Parent Goa)(Goa)	No DU 8, Upper Ground Floor, Behind Techoclean Clinic, Suvidha Complex Near ICICI Bank,Vasco,Goa,403802
Vashi(Maharashtra)	BSEL Tech Park,B-505,Plot No.39/5 & 39/5A,Sector 30A,Opp.Vashi Railway StationmVashi,Navi Mumbai-400705

Vellore(Tamilnadu)	Door No. 86, BA Complex, 1 st Floor, Shop No.3, Anna Salai (Officer Line), Tollgate, Vellore - 632 001
Vijayawada(Andhra Pradesh)	40-1-68, Rao & Ratnam Complex,Near Chennupati Petrol Pump,M.G Road, Labbipet,Vijayawada,AndhraPradesh,520010
Vijaynagaram (Andhra Pradesh)	Door No. 4-8-73, Beside Sub Post Office, Kothagraharam, Vizianagaram - 535001, Andhra Pradesh
Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh)	Flat No GF2, D NO 47-3-2/2, Vigneswara Plaza, 5th Lane, Dwarakanagar, Visakhapatnam- 530 016
Warangal(Telangana)	Hno. 2-4-641, F-7, 1st Floor, A.B.K Mall, Old Bus Depot Road, Ramnagar, Hanamkonda, Warangal.Telangana- 506001
Yamuna Nagar(Haryana)	124-B/R, Model Town, Yamunanagar, Yamuna Nagar,Haryana - 135001
Yavatmal(Maharashtra)	Pushpam, Tilakwadi,Opp. Dr. Shrotri Hospital, Yavatmal, Maharashtra - 445001