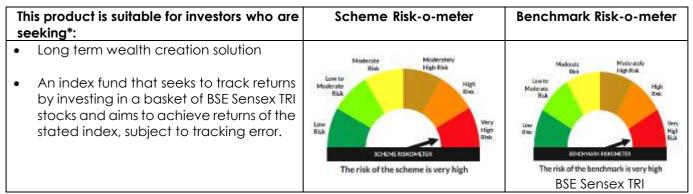


SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund

(An Open Ended Index Fund tracking the BSE Sensex TRI)



^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Continuous offer for Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	:	Axis Mutual Fund	
Name of Asset Management	:	Axis Asset Management Company Ltd.	
Company			
Name of Trustee Company		Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Ltd	
Addresses, Website of the entities		One Lodha Place, 22nd & 23rd Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai, Maharashtra, Pin Code – 400013	
		<u>www.axismf.com</u>	
Name of the Sponsor	:	Axis Bank Ltd.	

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI(MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Axis Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.axismf.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated May 30, 2025.



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SECTION I

Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description		
I.	Name of the scheme	Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund ('the Scheme')		
II.	Category of the Scheme	Index Fund		
III.	Scheme type	An Open Ended Index fund tracking the BSE Sensex TRI		
IV.	Scheme code	AXIS/O/O /EIN/23/12/0084		
V.	Investment objective	To provide returns before expenses that corresponds to the total returns of the BSE Sensex TRI subject to tracking errors.		
		There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.		
VI.	Liquidity/ listing details	The Scheme offers Units for Subscription and Redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days. Under normal circumstances the AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within three working days from date of receipt of request from the Unit holder. The AMC shall adhere to guidelines published by AMFI /SEBI for exceptional circumstances under which the scheme is unable to transfer redemption or repurchase proceeds within prescribed timelines.		
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return	Benchmark: BSE Sensex TRI		
	Index)	Justifications of Benchmark:		
	,	The scheme aims to provide returns before expenses that closely correspond to the total returns of the BSE Sensex TRI subject to tracking errors. Hence the benchmark.		
		Tier 2 Benchmark: Not Applicable		
VIII.	NAV disclosure	By 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day on AMC (<u>www.axismf.com</u>) and AMFI website.		
		Further Details in Section II.		
IX.	Applicable	Timeline for		
	timelines	Timeline for Dispatch of redemption proceeds: Under normal circumstances the AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within three (3) working days from the date of receipt of request from the Unit holder. The AMC shall adhere to guidelines published by AMFI /SEBI for exceptional circumstances under which the scheme is unable to transfer redemption or repurchase proceeds within prescribed timelines.		
		Dispatch of IDCW: The warrants/cheque/demand draft shall be dispatched to the Unit holders within seven working days from the record date.		
X.	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub	Plans Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund - Regular Plan Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund - Direct Plan		
	options under the Scheme	Options under each Plans Growth Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) (Payout and Re-investment Facility)		



Regular Plan Regular Plan is available for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme through a Distributor.
Direct Plan Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase/ subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.
Eligible investors / modes for applying All categories of investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under the Scheme Information Document of the Scheme are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan. Investments under Direct Plan can be made through various modes offered by the Fund for investing directly with the Fund {except Platform(s) where investors' applications for subscription of units are routed through Distributors}.
All the plans will have a common portfolio.
Default Option / Facility The investor must clearly specify his choice of option/facility. In the absence of such clear instruction, it will be assumed that the investor has opted for 'default' option / facility and the application will be processed accordingly. The default plan/ option / facility are:
Default Option: Growth (between Growth and IDCW)
Default Facility: IDCW Re-investment facility (between IDCW Re-investment and IDCW Payout facility).
For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI. Jeture Entry Load: Not Applicable In accordance with para 10.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds as amended from time to time, there shall be no entry load.
Exit Load:
If redeemed/switched out within 7 days from the date of investment/allotment: 0.25%,
If redeemed/switched out after 7 days from the date of investment/allotment: Nil
For more details on Load Structure, please refer paragraph "Load Structure"
On Continuous basis Minimum Application Amount/switch in Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter
Minimum application amount is applicable at the time of creation of new folio and at the time of first investment in a plan.
Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter
There will be no minimum redemption criterion.



	switch out	
XV.	New Fund Offer Period	This section does not apply to the Scheme as it has already been launched.
	renod	The New Fund offer opened on February 08, 2024 and closed on February 22, 2024. The units of the scheme were allotted on February 27, 2024.
		The Scheme is now available for Subscription and Redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days.
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price	This section does not apply to the Scheme as it has already been launched.
		The Scheme is now available for Subscription and Redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days.
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/ side pocketing disclosure	The Scheme has the provision of Segregated portfolio. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	The Scheme does not have provision for swing pricing.
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	The Scheme may engage in stock lending subject to disclosure as specified in asset allocation. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
		The Scheme shall not engage in short selling.
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Investors can undertake transactions in the Schemes of Axis Mutual Fund either through physical, online / electronic mode or any other mode as may be prescribed from time to time.
		Physical Transactions For making application for subscription / redemption / switches, application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from / submitted to the Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of AMC or downloaded from the website of AMC viz. www.axismf.com . Online / Electronic Transactions Investors can undertake transactions via electronic mode through various online facilities offered by Axis AMC / other platforms specified by AMC from time to time.
VVI	Investor	For further details of online / electronic mode please refer SAI.
XXI.	Investor services	Contact details for general service requests and complaints: Investors can lodge any service request or complaints or enquire about NAVs, Unit Holdings, IDCW, etc by calling the Investor line of the AMC at contact number 8108622211 (chargeable) from 9.00 am to 6.00 pm (Monday to Saturday) or (022) 6649 6100 (at local call rate for enquiring at AMC ISC's) or email – customerservice@axismf.com. The service representatives may require personal information of the Investor for verification of his / her identity in order to protect confidentiality of information. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any investor grievances promptly.
		Investor Relations Officer: Mr. C P Sivakumar Nair Address: Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. One Lodha Place, 22nd & 23rd Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai, Maharashtra, Pin Code – 400013 Phone no.: (022) 6649 6102



		For any grievances with respect to transactions through BSE StAR and / or NSE MFSS, the investors / Unit Holders should approach either the stock broker or the				
XXII	Specific	investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange. Not Applicable				
XXII	attribute of the	The The production				
XXIII	Special product/facilit	The facilities offered	d under the Scher	me are as follows:		
	y available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	2) Atmanirbhar3) Systematic In4) Systematic In5) Systematic In	vestment Plan (SIF SIP vestment Plan (SIF vestment Plan (SIF vestment Plan (SIF	P) Switch Facility P) Top-Up Facility P) Pause / Unpause facility		
		6) FLEX SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN 7) Choti SIP B. SYSTEMATIC TRANSFERS 1) SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN (STP) 2) CAPITAL APPRECIATION SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN (CAPSTP) 3) FLEX - SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN "Flex STP") C. SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWAL PLAN (SWP) D. TRANSFER OF INCOME DISTRIBUTION CUM CAPITAL WITHDRAWAL PLAN				
		(IDCW TRANSFER PLAN) E. SWITCHING OPTIONS 1) Inter – Scheme Switching option 2) Intra –Scheme Switching option F. ONLINE SCHEDULE TRANSACTION FACILITY 1. Systematic Investment Plan Investors shall have an option of choosing any date of the Month from 1st to 28th or last date of the Month as his SIP date. Minimum amount and minimum installments for daily, weekly, monthly and yearly frequency under SIP Facility is				
		Frequency under	Minimum	Minimum SIP amount		
		SIP Facility Daily	Installments 6 installments	Rs. 100 and in multiple of Re. 1/-		
		Weekly	6 installments	Rs. 100 and in multiple of Re. 1/-		
		Monthly	6 Installments	Rs. 100/- and in multiple of Re. 1/-		
		Yearly 3 Installments Rs. 12,000/- and in multiple of Re. 1/-				
		2. Systematic Transfer Plan Investors can opt for the Systematic Transfer Plan by investing a lumpsum amount in one scheme of the fund and providing a standing instruction to transfer sums at following intervals into any other scheme (as may be permitted by the Scheme Information Document of the respective schemes) of Axis Mutual Fund.				
		STP Frequency	Cycle Date	Minimum Amount* Minimum		



						(in Rs	.)	Inst	allment
		Daily	М	onday To I	riday	1,000,			6
		Weekly	М	onday To I	-riday	1,000/-			6
		Fortnightly	Alte	rnate Wec	Inesday	1,000/-			6
		Monthly	1st, 7	7th, 10th, 15t	h or 25 th	1,000/-			6
		Quarterly	1st, 7	7 th , 10 th , 15 th or 25 th		3,000/-			2
		3. Systematic Withdrawal Plan There are five options available under SWP viz. Weekly option, Monthly option quarterly option, Half Yearly and Yearly option. The details of which are given below:							
				Weekly Option	Monthly Option	Quarterly Option	Half Y Option	•	Yearly Option
		Minimum valu SWP	Minimum value of SWP		· · · ·				
		Additional ar	mount	nt Re.1					
		Dates of Installment	SWP	Any Business Day		1/5/10	/15/25*		
		Minimum No. c	of SWP	Five	Six	Four	For	Jr	Two
		* In the event that such a day is a holiday, the withdrawals would be affected on the next business day. For further details of special products / facilities / Modes of Transaction kindly refer SAI.							
XXIV	Weblink	 TER for last 6 months / Daily TER: For details, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/total-expense-ratio Scheme factsheet: For details, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/downloads 							

INTERPRETATION

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- all references to the masculine shall include the feminine and all references, to the singular shall include the plural and vice-versa.
- all references to "dollars" or "\$" refer to United States Dollars and "Rs" refer to Indian Rupees. A "crore" means "ten million" and a "lakh" means a "hundred thousand".
- all references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).
- References to a day are to a calendar day including a non-Business Day.
- All references to SEBI Master Circular would refer to SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 as amended from time to time.



DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) The AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved by them is a new product offered by Axis Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Date: May 30, 2025 Name: Darshan Kapadia

Place: Mumbai Designation: Compliance Officer



Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		
	Minimum	Maximum	
Securities covered by BSE Sensex TRI*	95	100	
Debt & Money Market Instruments	0	5	

*The net assets of the scheme will be invested in stocks constituting the BSE Sensex TRI. This would be done by investing in all the stocks comprising the BSE Sensex TRI in the same weightage that they represent in the BSE Sensex TRI. A small portion of the net assets will be invested in Debt and money market instruments permitted by SEBI / RBI including call money market or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI, to meet the liquidity requirements of the scheme.

Being a passively managed index fund, change in investment pattern is normally not foreseen. However, for short durations part of the corpus may be pending for deployment, in cases of extreme market conditions, special events or corporate events, like declaration of dividend by the companies comprising the index.

The gross cumulative exposure through equity, debt and money market instruments position should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme in accordance with Para 12.24 of Master Circular of Mutual Fund as amended from time to time. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI vide letter dated November 3, 2021 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days.

The Scheme shall not invest in Overseas securities/ADR/GDR, Derivatives, Securitized debt, REIT / InvITs, Repo in corporate debt, Unrated debt instruments, Credit Default Swaps, debt instruments having Structured obligations / Credit enhancements and instruments with special features as specified in Para 12.2 of Master circular for Mutual Fund Scheme. The Scheme shall not undertake short selling.

Stock Lending

The Scheme shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending.

- 1. Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending.
- 2. Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending to any single counter party (as may be applicable).

Pending deployment of the funds in securities in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to the guidelines issued by Para 12.16 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds.

Investment in Units of Mutual Fund

The Scheme may invest upto 5% of the net assets of the Scheme in units of mutual fund schemes of Axis AMC or in the Scheme of other mutual funds in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations.

In terms of Para 3.4 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds which specifies the portfolio concentration norms as follows and as amended from time to time, shall be complied with respect to the underlying Index:

- The index has a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
- No single stock in the index shall have more than 25% weight in the index.
- The weightage of the top three constituents of the index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.



• The individual constituent of the index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over previous six months.

Indicative Table

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1.	Securities Lending and borrowing	 The Scheme shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending. Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending. Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending to any single counter party (as may be applicable). 	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds as amended from time to time.
2.	Tri party Repo	Allocation may be made to TREPS from any amounts that are pending deployment or on account of any adverse market situation.	-
3.	Mutual Fund Units	The Scheme may invest upto 5% of the net assets of the Scheme in units of mutual fund schemes of Axis AMC or in the Scheme of other mutual funds in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations.	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996

The limits given above shall be subject to Schedule VII of the Regulations / circulars issued by SEBI and shall stand revised to the extent of changes in the Regulations/ circulars from time to time.

The Scheme shall not invest in following instruments:

Sr.	Type of Instrument		
No.			
1	Securitized Debt		
2	REITS and InVITS		
3	Overseas Securities		
4	Debt instruments with Credit Enhancement /Structured Obligations		
5	Credit default swaps		
6	Derivatives		
7	Repo and Reverse repo in corporate debt securities		
8	The Scheme shall not undertake Short selling		
9	Securities with special features such as Debt instruments with special features AT1 & AT2 Bonds,		
	etc.		
10	Unlisted debt instrument		
11	Bespoke or complex debt products		
12	The Scheme shall not undertake Inter scheme transactions		
13	Unrated debt and money market instruments (except G-Secs, T-Bills and other money market instruments)		

Portfolio rebalancing due to short term defensive considerations:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations as per Para 1.14.1.2 of Master Circular for Mutual Fund or as may be amended from time to time, and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 7 calendar days from the date of deviation.

Portfolio rebalancing:

In the event of deviation due to change in constituents of the index due to periodic review, in accordance with Para 3.6.7 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds as amended from time to time, the portfolio of the Scheme shall be rebalanced within 7 calendar days from the date of such deviation.



In the event of involuntary corporate action, the scheme shall dispose the security not forming part of the underlying index within 7 days from the date of allotment/listing.

Any transactions undertaken in the scheme portfolio in order to meet the redemption and subscription obligations shall be done while ensuring that post such transactions replication of the portfolio with the index is maintained at all points of time.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Following are list of all instruments in which the scheme will invest:

- Equity Instruments (forming part of the underlying index)
- Debt & Money Market Instruments (as per asset allocation pattern)
- Units of mutual fund schemes
- Short Term Deposits

The Scheme shall invest in any other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time in line with the investment objective of the Scheme.

Kindly refer detailed definitions and applicable regulations/guidelines for each instruments given in the Section II.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The scheme follows a passive investment strategy.

The Scheme would invest in stocks comprising the underlying index and shall track the benchmark index. The Scheme may also invest in debt and money market instruments, in compliance with Regulations to meet liquidity and expense requirements. The Scheme shall invest in stocks forming part of the underlying Index in the same ratio as per the index to the extent possible and to that extent follow a passive investment strategy, except to the extent of meeting liquidity and expense requirements. Events like the constituent stocks becoming illiquid in the cash market, the exchange changing the constituents, a large dividend going ex but lag in its receipts, etc. tend to increase the tracking error.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Scheme is an open-ended scheme. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

There may be an increase in transaction cost such as brokerage paid, if trading is done frequently. However, the cost would be negligible as compared to the total expenses of the Scheme. Frequent trading may increase the profits which will offset the increase in costs. The fund manager will endeavor to optimize portfolio turnover to maximize gains and minimize risks keeping in mind the cost associated with it. However, it is difficult to estimate with reasonable accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio of the Scheme. The Scheme has no specific target relating to portfolio turnover.

For details pertaining to Risk Controls and Risk Mitigation refer Point no. C Part I of Section II of the Scheme Information Document.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

For details refer Point no. VII - Part I - Section I of the Scheme Information Document.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Name of Fund	Age and	Experience of the Fund	Names of other schemes under his
Manager	Qualification	Manager	management



	T		1
Mr. Karthik	Age: 42 years	Total number of years of	
Kumar			Axis Quant Fund
		last 10 years' experience	Axis NIFTY 100 Index Fund
, ,	Qualifications:	are as follows:	Axis NIFTY 50 Index Fund
		Axis Asset Management	Axis NIFTY 50 ETF
February 2024)	School of	•	Axis NIFTY Next 50 Index Fund
		June 2019 – Till date	Axis NIFTY Bank ETF
	-	SilverTree Hong Kong	Axis Nifty Smallcap 50 Index Fund
		April 2017 – May 2019	Axis Nifty Midcap 50 Index Fund
		Asiya Investment, Hong	Axis NIFTY IT ETF
	Sardar Patel College		Axis NIFTY Healthcare ETF
	of Engg, Mumbai	3epi 2006 – Feb 2017	Axis Equity ETFs FoF
	University		Axis NIFTY India Consumption ETF
			Axis BSE SENSEX ETF
			Axis Nifty IT Index Fund
			Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund
			Axis Nifty Bank Index Fund
			Axis Nifty 500 Index Fund
			Axis Nifty500 Value 50 Index Fund
			AXIS MOMENTUM FUND
			Axis Nifty500 Momentum 50 Index
			Fund
			Axis Nifty500 Value 50 ETF
			Axis Income Plus Arbitrage Active
			FOF

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund, an open ended Index Fund tracking BSE Sensex TRI is a new scheme offered by Axis Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any other existing scheme/product of Axis Mutual Fund.

a. Reference list of existing open ended equity Index schemes of Axis Mutual Fund are as follows:

Sr No	Name of the Schemes
1	Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund
2	Axis Nifty 100 Index Fund
3	Axis Nifty 50 Index Fund
4	Axis Nifty Next 50 Index Fund
5	Axis Nifty Smallcap 50 Index Fund
6	Axis Nifty Midcap 50 Index Fund
7	Axis Nifty IT Index Fund
8	Axis Nifty Bank Index Fund
9	Axis Nifty 500 Index Fund
10	Axis Nifty500 Value 50 Index Fund
11	Axis Nifty500 Momentum 50 Index Fund

b. For detailed comparative table on 'How the Scheme is different from existing schemes of Axis Mutual Fund', please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures

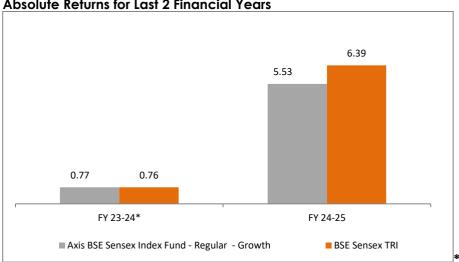


G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance of Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund -Regular Plan - Growth Option as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Period	Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund - Regular Plan - Growth^	BSE Sensex TRI
1 Year returns	5.53%	6.39%
3 Year returns	-	-
5 Year returns	-	-
Returns since Inception (27-Feb-24)	5.80%	6.63%

Absolute Returns for Last 2 Financial Years



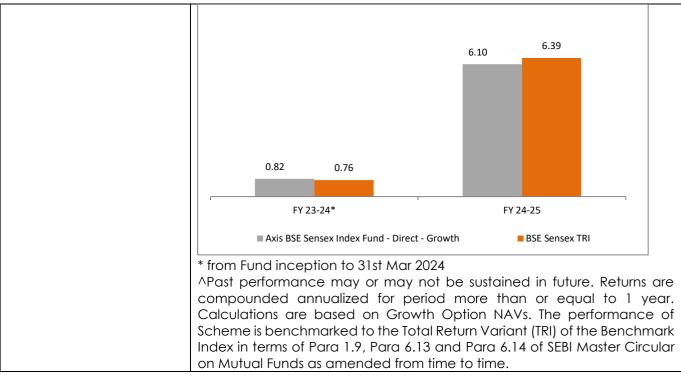
^{*}from Fund inception to 31st Mar 2024

Performance of the Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund – Direct Plan – Growth Option as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Period	Axis BSE Sensex Index Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	BSE Sensex TRI
1 Year returns	6.10%	6.39%
3 Year returns	-	-
5 Year returns	-	-
Returns since Inception (27-Feb-24)	6.37%	6.63%

Absolute Returns for Last 2 Financial Years





For risk-o-meter and benchmark risk-o-meter refer cover page.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors: Please refer the AMC website https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures for said details.
- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETFs/index funds through a functional website link that contains detailed description Please refer the AMC website https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures for said details.
- iii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure Fortnightly / Monthly/ Half Yearly / Quarterly:
 Please refer the AMC website (https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures) for said details
- iv. Portfolio turnover ratio for the one-year period ended March 31, 2025: 0.22 times*

 *Based on Equity and Fixed Income securities transactions only. TREPS/Repo/FD/Margin FD/MFU/SLB are not considered.
- v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s):

Sr.	Category of persons	Ne	et Value	Market Value (In Rs)
No.	(Axis BSE Sensex Index	Units	NAV (Rs. per unit)	
	Fund – Fund			
	Manager(s))Category			
	of Persons			
	Not Applicable			

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme -

Subject to the applicable Regulations, the AMC may invest either directly or indirectly, in the Scheme during Ongoing Offer Period. However, the AMC shall not charge any investment management fee on



such investments in the Scheme.

Further, in terms of requirement of the Regulations, the AMC shall invest such amounts in Scheme, based on the risks associated with the Scheme, as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time.

Please refer the AMC website (https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures) for detailed AMC Investments in Scheme(s) of Axis Mutual Fund.



Part III. OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit under the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation day. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Assets Value (NAV) of the Units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

	Market or Fair Value +	Current Assets including -	Current Liabilities	
	of Scheme's	Accrued Income	and Provisions	
NAV (Rs.) =	Investments			
	No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day			

The NAV shall be calculated up to four decimal places. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Option.

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme within a period of 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on all the Business Days.

Illustration of Computation of NAV:

The computation of NAV per unit using various components is explained as follows:

Particulars	Amount in Rs
Market or Fair Value of Scheme's Investments(A)	10,00,00,000.00
Add: Current Assets including Accrued Income(B)	75,34,345.00
Less: Current Liabilities and Provisions (C)	(30,00,000.00)
Net Assets (A+B-C)	10,45,34,345.00

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day: 100,00,000

The NAV per unit will be computed as follows: 10,45,34,345.34 / 100,00,000 = Rs. 10.4534 per unit (rounded off to four decimals)

The Mutual Fund will ensure that the Redemption Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that following expenses will be charged to the Scheme as expenses as permitted under Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Mutual Fund.

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets
	1161 733613
Investment Management and Advisory fees	Upto 1.00 %



Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness@	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades	
Goods & Service Tax (GST) on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52(6)(c)	Upto 1.00%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under Regulation	Upto 0.30%
52(6A)(b)#	

^{*}Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

@5% of total TER charged to direct plan, subject to maximum of 0.5 bps of AUM.

All fees and expenses charged in a Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in Regular Plan.

Direct Plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid/ charged under Direct Plan.

The expenses towards Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52(2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations can be apportioned under various expense heads/ sub heads without any sub limit, as permitted under the applicable regulations. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively.

These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available with the Investment Manager and are subject to change inter-se or in total subject to prevailing Regulations.

The AMC will charge the Scheme such actual expenses incurred, subject to the statutory limit prescribed in the Regulations and amendments thereto.

The recurring expenses of the Scheme (including the Investment Management and Advisory Fees) shall be as per the limits prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations. It is as follows:

In case of an index fund scheme, the total expense ratio of the Scheme including the investment and advisory fees shall not exceed 1.00 per cent of the daily net assets.

The total expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52(6) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The AMC will charge the Scheme such actual expenses incurred, subject to the statutory limit prescribed in the Regulations.

Expenses charged to the Scheme:

A. In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (MF) Regulations or the Total Recurring Expenses (Total Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme namely-



Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities

- (a) expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI/AMFI from time to time are at least -
- (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the Scheme, or;
- (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the Scheme, whichever is higher:

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that, expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the Scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Provided further that, additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from B30 cities in terms of Para 10.1 of SEBI master circular dated. For this purpose inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor".

#Note: Pursuant to SEBI letter dated February 24, 2023 read with AMFI communication dated March 02, 2023, w.e.f March 01, 2023 no additional expense shall be charged on the new inflows received on or after March 01, 2023 from specified cities as per Regulation 52 (6A) (b) till any further guidance is received from SEBI in this regard.

Additional expenses under regulation 52(6A)(c)

GST payable on investment and advisory service fees ('AMC fees') charged by Axis Asset Management Company Limited;

Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes as provided under Regulation 52 (6A) (a) upto 12 bps for cash market transactions. Any payment towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said 12 bps for cash market transactions within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the Regulations

- B. Within the Total Expense Limit chargeable to the Scheme, following will be charged to the Scheme:
- (a) GST on other than investment and advisory fees, if any shall be borne by the Scheme.
- (b) Investor education and awareness initiative fees shall be 5% of total TER charged to direct plans, subject to maximum of 0.5 bps of AUM.
- C. AMC fees charged by Axis AMC to the Scheme will be within the Total Expense Limit as prescribed by SEBI (MF) Regulations, with no sub-limit on said AMC fees.

Expenses over and above the prescribed limit shall be charged / borne in accordance with the Regulations prevailing from time to time.

The mutual fund would update the notice for change in base TER on its website (www.axismf.com) at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. Investors can refer 'Total Expense Ratio of Mutual Fund Schemes' section on https://www.axismf.com/total-expense-ratio for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

Illustration: Impact of Expense Ratio on Scheme's return:

Expense ratio, normally expressed as a percentage of Average Assets under Management, is calculated by dividing the permissible expenses under the Regulations by the average net assets.

To further illustrate in rupee terms the above, for the Scheme under reference, suppose an Investor invested Rs. 10,000/- (after deduction of stamp duty and transaction charges, if any) under the Growth Option, the



impact of expenses charged will be as under:

Sr.	Particulars	Regular	Direct
No.1		Plan	Plan
A.	Amount invested at the beginning of the year (Rs.)	10,000	10,000
В.	Returns before expenses (Rs.)	1,500	1,500
C.	Expenses other than the expenses mentioned in 'D' below (Rs.)	50	50
D.	Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission (Rs.)	150	0
E.	Returns after expenses at the end of the year (Rs.) [B – (C + D)]	1300	1450
•	Returns after expenses at the end of the year (in $\%$) [(E/A) – 1]	13%	14.5%

Note(s):

- The purpose of the above illustration is purely to explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Plan(s) under the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year.
- The expenses of the Direct Plan of the Scheme will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to seek appropriate advice.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the Investor to redeem the Units from the Scheme. This amount is used by the AMC to pay commission to the distributors and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, investors may refer to the website of the AMC (www.axismf.com) or may call at contact number 8108622211 from 8.00 am to 8.00 pm (Monday to Friday) and 9.00 am to 6.00 pm (on Saturday and Sunday) or can contact his distributor.

Para 10.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds as amended from time to time has decided that there shall be no entry Load for all Mutual Fund Schemes.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Exit Load	For details refer Point no. XI of Part – I of Section I of the Scheme Information Document.

Units issued on reinvestment of IDCW shall not be subject to Load. For switches within the Scheme from Regular to Direct Plan or vice versa, no exit load shall be charged.

No load shall be levied on switches between options and sub-options of the Scheme.

The above mentioned load structure shall be equally applicable to the special products offered under the Scheme such as SIP, STP, SWP, etc. offered by the AMC.

Exit load charged to the investors will be credited back to the Scheme net of GST.

Investors are requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/ Investor Service Centres.

Para 10.4 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds has decided that there shall be no Entry Load for all Mutual Fund schemes.

Under the Scheme, the AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund. The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to introduce / modify the load depending upon the circumstances prevailing at that time subject to



maximum limits as prescribed under the Regulations.

The Redemption Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV. Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only.

At the time of changing the Load Structure:

- 1. The AMC shall be required to issue an addendum and display the same on its website immediately;
- 2. The addendum shall be circulated to all the distributors / brokers so that the same can be attached to all Scheme Information Document and Key Information Memorandum already in stock.
- 3. Latest applicable addendum shall be a part of KIM and SID of the respective Scheme(s).
- 4. Further, the account statements shall continue to include applicable load structure.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the load structure subject to the limits prescribed under the Regulations. Any change in load structure shall be only on a prospective basis i.e. any such changes would be chargeable only for Redemptions from prospective purchases (applying first in first out basis).

E. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 Investors and no single Investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. The aforesaid conditions should be complied with in each calendar quarter on an average basis. In case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 Investors on an ongoing basis for each calendar quarter, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at Applicable NAV. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any Investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the Investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic Redemption by the Mutual Fund at the Applicable NAV on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.



Section II

I. <u>Introduction</u>

A. Definitions/interpretation

For details refer website of Axis Mutual Fund: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures.

B. Risk factors

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

Risks associated with Passive investments strategy

The Scheme will be a passively managed scheme providing exposure to constituents of BSE Sensex TRI and tracking its performance and yield, before expenses. The Scheme performance may be affected by a general decline in the Indian markets relating to its underlying Index. The Scheme invests in the underlying Index regardless of its investment merit.

Tracking Error Risk:

The Fund Manager would not be able to invest the entire corpus exactly in the same proportion as in the underlying index due to certain factors such as delay in purchase or non-availability of underlying securities forming part of the index, the fees and expenses of the Scheme, corporate actions, cash balance, changes to the underlying index and regulatory restrictions, which may result in Tracking Error with the underlying index of the Scheme. The Scheme's returns may therefore deviate from its underlying index. "Tracking Error" is defined as the standard deviation of the difference between daily returns of the underlying index and the NAV of the Scheme. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of Tracking Error relative to performance of the underlying Index. Tracking Error may arise due to the following reasons:

- 1. Delay in purchase or non-availability of underlying securities forming part of the index.
- 2. Delay in liquidation of securities which have been removed by the Index.
- 3. Difference in valuation of underlying securities by the Index Provider and AMC's valuation providers.
- 4. Expenditure incurred by the Fund.
- 5. Available funds may not be invested at all times as the Scheme may keep a portion of the funds in cash to meet Redemptions, or corporate actions or otherwise.
- 6. Securities trading may halt temporarily due to circuit filters.
- 7. Corporate actions such as debenture or warrant conversion, rights issuances, mergers, change in constituents etc.
- 8. Rounding-off of the quantity of securities/shares in the underlying index.
- 9. Interest payout.
- 10. Index providers undertake a periodical review of the securities/scrips that comprise the underlying index and may either drop or include new securities/scrips.

In such an event, the Fund will try to reallocate its portfolio but the available investment/ reinvestment opportunity may not permit absolute mirroring immediately. SEBI Regulations (if any) may impose restrictions on the investment and/or divestment activities of the Scheme Such restrictions are typically outside the control of the AMC and may cause or exacerbate the Tracking Error.

Tracking difference:

Tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index and the NAV of the Scheme shall be disclosed on the website of the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 year, 5 year, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units.

Risk pertaining to BSE Sensex TRI

BSE Sensex TRI comprises of 30 stocks from the Sensex theme across a variety of sectors linked to end user Sensex. Equities are volatile in nature and are subject to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The volatility in the value of the equity instruments is due to various micro and macroeconomic factors affecting the securities markets. This may have an adverse impact on individual securities /sector and consequently on



the NAV of Scheme. Since this is a sectoral index, adverse risks associated with the sector will also have an impact on the performance of the Index and hence the Index Fund

Risks associated with investments in Equity and Equity related securities

- Equity and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio. Also, the value of the Scheme investments may be affected by interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law/policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual Securities, a specific sector or all sectors.
- Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest in the equity Schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.

Risks associated with investments in Fixed Income Securities

Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as government bonds, corporate bonds, and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices depends upon the coupon and maturity of the security. It also depends upon the yield level at which the security is being traded.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.

Liquidity Risk: The liquidity of money market instruments may change, depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium attached to the price of the instrument. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid, leading to loss in value of the portfolio.

Credit Risk: This is the risk associated with the issuer of a Money Market Instrument defaulting on coupon payments or in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even when there is no default, the price of a security may change with expected changes in the credit rating of the issuer. It is to be noted here that a Government Security is a sovereign security and is the safest.

Settlement Risk: Fixed income securities run the risk of settlement which can adversely affect the ability of the fund house to swiftly execute trading strategies which can lead to adverse movements in NAV

Risks associated with Segregated Portfolio

- 1. Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- 2. Security comprises of segregated portfolio may not realise any value.
- 3. Listing of units of segregated portfolio on recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

Risks associated with transaction in Units through stock exchange(s)

In respect of transaction in Units of the Scheme through BSE and / or NSE, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing / settlement by BSE and / or NSE and their respective clearing corporations on which the Fund has no control.

Risks associated with Securities lending

Securities Lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed.



The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lenders of securities i.e. any scheme and the approved intermediary/counterparty. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary/counterparty to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Scheme may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

C. Risk mitigation strategies

Risk Control & Risk Mitigation:

Risk is an inherent part of the investment function. Effective Risk Management is critical to Fund Management for achieving financial soundness. Investments by the Scheme shall be made as per the investment objectives of the Scheme and provisions of the Regulations.

The Scheme aims to track the BSE Sensex TRI before expenses. The index is tracked on a regular basis and changes to the constituents or their weights, if any, are replicated in the Scheme portfolio with the purpose of minimizing tracking error.

Investments in equity securities and money market securities carry various risks such as inability to sell securities, trading volumes and settlement periods, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, default risk, reinvestment risk etc. Whilst such risks cannot be eliminated, they may be mitigated by diversification.

In order to mitigate the various risks, the portfolio of the Scheme will be constructed in accordance with the investment restriction specified under the Regulations which would help in mitigating certain risks relating to investments in securities market.

The AMC has incorporated adequate safeguards to manage risk in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep it in line with the investment objective of the Scheme.

Risk control measures with respect to investment Equity instruments

Market Risk: Equity and Equity related securities by nature are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis due to both macro and micro factors.

Mitigation - Market risk is a risk which is inherent to an equity scheme. The scheme will try to reduce the market risk by undertaking active portfolio management as per the investment objective.

Liquidity risk: The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods

Mitigation- As such the liquidity of stocks that the scheme invests into could be relatively low. The scheme will try to maintain a proper asset-liability match to ensure redemption / Maturity payments are made on time.

Tracking error risk: The performance of the Scheme may not commensurate with the performance of the benchmark index on any given day or over any given period. Such variation, referred to as tracking error may impact the performance of the Scheme.

Mitigation: The Investment Manager would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible.

<u>Risk control measures with respect to Debt & Money Market Instruments</u>

Market Risk / Interest Rate Risk: Changes in interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. The price movement up and down in fixed income securities will lead to possible movements in the NAV.

Mitigation - In a rising interest rates scenario the scheme may increase its investment in money market securities whereas if the interest rates are expected to fall the allocation to debt securities with longer maturity may be increased thereby mitigating risk to that extent.



Liquidity or Marketability Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM).

Mitigation- The scheme may invest in government securities, corporate bonds and money market instruments. While the liquidity risk for government securities, money market instruments and short maturity corporate bonds may be low, it may be high in case of medium to long maturity corporate bonds.

Credit risk or default risk: It refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e., will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Normally, the value of a fixed income security will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default. The greater the credit risk, the greater the yield required for someone to be compensated for the increased risk.

Mitigation– Apart from the basic examination, management's past track record will also be studied. In order to assess financial risk a detailed assessment of the issuer's financial statements will be undertaken to review its ability to undergo stress on cash flows and asset quality. A detailed evaluation of accounting policies, off-balance sheet exposures, notes, auditors' comments and disclosure standards will also be made to assess the overall financial risk of the potential borrower.

Tracking error risk: The performance of the Scheme may not commensurate with the performance of the benchmark index on any given day or over any given period. Such variation, referred to as tracking error may impact the performance of the Scheme.

Mitigation: The Investment Manager would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible.

II. <u>Information about the scheme:</u>

A. Where will the scheme invest -

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Equity & Equity related instruments forming part of the constituents of the underlying index. The scheme will track BSE Sensex TRI and is a passively managed scheme. In case of any change in the index due to corporate actions or change in the constituents of BSE Sensex TRI the relevant investment decision will be determined considering the composition of BSE Sensex TRI.

The scheme would invest in stocks comprising the underlying index. The Fund may also invest in Debt Instruments, Money Market Instruments in compliance with Regulations to meet liquidity and expense requirements.

Equity Instruments

- 1. Equity share is a security that represents ownership interest in a company.
- 2. <u>Equity Related Instruments</u> are securities which give the holder of the security right to receive Equity Shares on pre agreed terms. It includes convertible bonds, convertible debentures, equity warrants, convertible preference shares, etc. The Scheme shall invest in Equity shares of constituents of BSE Sensex TRI, however it may be entitled to and receive Equity Related instruments of such entities by way of corporate action

Debt & Money Market Instruments

Certificate of Deposit (CD)

Certificate of Deposit is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select all-India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of Fls, maturity is one year to 3 years from the date of issue.

Commercial Paper (CP)

Commercial Paper is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold



before maturity.

Treasury Bill (T-Bills)

Treasury Bills are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 14 days, 91 days, 182 days and 364 days.

The Scheme may also invest in Cash Management Bill (CMB) issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. CMB are generally issued for maturities of less than 91 days.

Commercial Usance Bills

Bill (bills of exchange/promissory notes of public sector and private sector corporate entities) Rediscounting, usance bills and commercial bills.

Repos

Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase or sell the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The transaction results in collateralized borrowing or lending of funds. Presently in India, corporate debt securities, Government Securities, State Government Securities and T-Bills are eligible for Repo/Reverse Repo.

Tri-party repo means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.

The Scheme may undertake repo or reverse repo transactions in accordance with the directions issued by RBI and SEBI from time to time. Such investment shall be made subject to the guidelines which may be prescribed by the Board of Directors of the Asset Management Company and Trustee Company.

Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI, securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). State Government securities (popularly known as State Development Loans or SDLs) are issued by the respective State Government in co-ordination with the RBI.

Non-Convertible Debentures

Non-convertible debentures are securities issued by companies / institutions promoted / owned by the Central or State Governments and statutory bodies which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee, Public and private sector banks, all India Financial Institutions and Private Sector Companies. These instruments may have fixed or floating rate coupon. These instruments may be secured or unsecured against the assets of the Company and generally issued to meet the short term and long term fund requirements.

The Scheme may also invest in the non-convertible part of convertible debt securities.

Units of mutual fund schemes

The scheme may invest in units of debt and liquid mutual fund schemes of Axis AMC or in the Scheme of other mutual funds in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations. Provided that such investment will be within the limits specified under SEBI (MF) Regulations and will be done for cash management purposes

Short Term Deposits

Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits issued by Para 12.16 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds.

The securities / instruments mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated and of any maturity.

The securities may be acquired through initial public offering (IPOs), secondary market, private placement,



rights offers, negotiated deals, etc. Further investments in debentures, bonds and other fixed income securities will be in instruments which have been assigned investment grade rating by the Credit Rating Agency.

The Fund Manager may invest in any other security as maybe permitted from time to time and which are in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme.

Debt and Money Markets in India

The Indian debt market is today one of the largest in Asia and includes securities issued by the Government (Central & State Governments), public sector undertakings, other government bodies, financial institutions, banks and corporates. Government and public sector enterprises are the predominant borrowers in the markets. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, insurance companies, primary dealers, trusts, pension funds and corporates. The Indian debt market is the largest segment of the Indian financial markets. The debt market comprises broadly two segments, viz. Government Securities market or G-Sec market and corporate debt market. The latter is further classified as market for PSU bonds and private sector bonds.

The Government Securities (G-Secs) market, consists of G-Sec outstanding of Rs. 81,94,730.225 cr as on May 09, 2022 (State Govt securities - Rs 42,19,393.100 cr, (as on Mar'22) Source: CCIL), is the oldest and the largest component (50% share in market cap) of the Indian debt market in terms of market capitalization, outstanding securities and trading volumes. The G-Secs market plays a vital role in the Indian economy as it provides the benchmark for determining the level of interest rates in the country through the yields on the Government Securities which are referred to as the risk-free rate of return in any economy. Over the years, there have been new products introduced by the RBI like zero coupon bonds, floating rate bonds, inflation indexed bonds, etc.

The corporate bond market, in the sense of private corporate sector raising debt through public issuance in capital market, is only an insignificant part of the Indian Debt Market. A large part of the issuance in the non-Government debt market is currently on private placement basis.

The money markets in India essentially consist of the call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at a specified price), commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory notes, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI). In a predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates. In money market, activity levels of the Government and nongovernment debt vary from time to time. Instruments that comprise a major portion of money market activity include but not limited to:

- Overnight Call
- Tri Party Repo
- Repo/Reverse Repo Agreement
- Treasury Bills
- Government securities with a residual maturity of < 1 year.
- Commercial Paper
- Certificate of Deposit

Apart from these, there are some other options available for short tenure investments that include MIBOR linked debentures with periodic exit options and other such instruments. Though not strictly classified as Money Market Instruments, PSU / DFI / Corporate paper with a residual maturity of < 1 year, are actively traded and offer a viable investment option.

The market has evolved in past 2-3 years in terms of risk premia attached to different class of issuers. Bank CDs have clearly emerged as popular asset class with increased acceptability in secondary market. PSU banks trade the tightest on the back of comfort from majority government holding. Highly rated manufacturing companies also command premium on account of limited supply. However, there has been increased activity in papers issued by private/foreign banks/NBFCs/companies in high-growth sector due to higher yields offered by them. Even though companies across these sectors might have been rated



on a same scale, the difference in the yield on the papers for similar maturities reflects the perception of their respective credit profiles.

The following table gives approximate yields prevailing on March 31, 2025 on some of the instruments and further illustrates this point.

Instrument	Current Yield range (%)
Tri-party Repo	6-6.25
Repo	6-6.25
3M T-bill	6.50-55
1Y T-bill	6.55-60
10Y G-sec	6.50-55
3m PSU Bank CD	7-7.05
3m Manufacturing co. CP	7.10-15
1Y PSU Bank CD	7.05-10
1Y NBFC CP	7.40-45
1Y Manufacturing co. CP	7.15-20
5Y AAA Institutional Bond	7.10-15
10Y AAA Institutional Bond	7.10-15

Source: Bloomberg

These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in macro-economic conditions and RBI policy. The price and yield on various debt instruments fluctuate from time to time depending upon the macro economic situation, inflation rate, overall liquidity position, foreign exchange scenario etc. Also, the price and yield vary according to maturity profile, credit risk etc.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- 1. The Mutual Fund under all its Scheme(s) shall not own more than ten per cent of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
 - Provided, investment in the asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by clause (a), of sub-regulation (1), of regulation 7B.
- 2. No mutual fund scheme shall invest more than 10 per cent of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company:
 - Provided that, the limit of 10 per cent shall not be applicable for investments in case of index fund or exchange traded fund or sector or industry specific scheme
 - All investments by a mutual fund scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
- 3. The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments:

Note: According to the Asset Allocation of the Scheme, the indicative allocation of the Scheme to Debt and Money market instruments shall be in the range of 0% to 5% of the net assets of the Scheme, subject to conditions specified.



4. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustee and the Board of Directors of AMC.

Such limit shall not be applicable for investment in Government Securities, treasury bills and triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills.

Considering the nature of the Scheme, investments in such instruments will be permitted up to 5% of its NAV.

Note: According to the Asset Allocation of the Scheme, the indicative allocation of the Scheme to Debt and Money market instruments shall be in the range of 0% to 5% of the net assets of the Scheme, subject to conditions specified.

- 5. The scheme shall not invest more than:
 - a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
 - b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
 - c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

The long term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of CRAs between short term and long term ratings, the most conservative long term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating. Exposure to government money market instruments such as TREPS on G-Sec/T-bills shall be treated as exposure to government securities.

Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investment in Government Securities, treasury bills and tri-party repo on government securities and treasury bills.

Note: According to the Asset Allocation of the Scheme, the indicative allocation of the Scheme to Debt and Money market instruments shall be in the range of 0% to 5% of the net assets of the Scheme, subject to conditions specified.

- 6. The Scheme may invest in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- 7. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
- a. any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- b. any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- c. the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets; except for investments by equity-oriented exchange traded funds (ETFs) and Index Funds.

Provided that, Equity oriented ETFs and Index Funds, based on widely tracked and non-bespoke indices, can make investments in accordance with the weightage of the constituents of the underlying index. However, such investments shall be subject to an overall cap of 35% of net asset value of the scheme, in the group companies of the sponsor.



- 8. The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 9. The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities.

Provided that the Mutual Fund may engage in securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.

Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- 10. The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- 11. Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines issued Para 12.16 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds and as amended from time to time:

The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:

- i. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustee.
- iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. Further Trustees/ AMCs shall also ensure that the bank in which the Scheme has STD do not invest in the said scheme until the Scheme has STD with such bank.
- vi. The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash market.

- 12. The Scheme shall not advance any loans.
- 13. The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Scheme for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holders.

Provided that the Scheme shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 month. The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

- 14. In terms of Para 3.4 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds which specifies the portfolio concentration norms as follows, shall be complied with respect to the underlying Index:
- The index has a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
- No single stock in the index shall have more than 25% weight in the index.
- The weightage of the top three constituents of the index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.
- The individual constituent of the index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over previous six months.

The benchmark shall be in compliance of the aforesaid norms.



15. Investment in Partly Paid Debenture, if undertaken, will be subject to a cap on maximum investment of Mutual Fund Scheme at 5% of the AUM of the scheme. However, once the Partly Paid Debentures are fully paid up, the cap on maximum investment of Mutual Fund Scheme at 5% of the AUM of the scheme will not apply.

The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

All the investment restrictions will be applicable at the time of making investments.

Apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the fund may follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector, etc

The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Para 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds:

(i) Type of a scheme

o An open ended Index Fund tracking the BSE Sensex TRI

(ii)Investment Objective

- Main Objective: To provide returns before expenses that corresponds to the total returns of the BSE Sensex TRI subject to tracking errors.
 - There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.
- o Investment Pattern: Please refer to Section I Part II A. 'How will the Scheme Allocate its Assets?'

(iii) Terms of Issue

- o Liquidity provisions such as listing, Repurchase, Redemption. '(Please refer to relevant provisions on listing, repurchase, redemption in Section II Part II Point G 'Other Details').
- o Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme (Please refer to Section I Part III C "Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses").
- Any safety or guarantee net provided. Not applicable for the Scheme

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Regulation 25(26) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, read with clause 1.14.1.4 and 17.10 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the Trustees and AMC shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement
 is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper
 published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of at least 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. Index methodology

About the Index

The BSE Sensex Index is designed It is designed to measure the performance of the 30 largest, most liquid



and financially sound companies across key sectors of the Indian economy that are listed at BSE Ltd. The index is calculated based on float adjusted market cap weighted methodology.

Methodology & Eligible Universe

Index constituents are weighted based on their float-adjusted market capitalization.

The index is derived from the constituents of the BSE 100. The inclusion of DVRs in the index will result in more than 30 stocks in the index. However, the number of companies in the index remains fixed at 30. Stocks in the eligible universe must satisfy the following eligibility factors in order to be considered for index inclusion:

- i. Listing History Stocks must have a listing history of at least six months at BSE.
- ii. Trading Days The stock must have traded on every trading day at BSE during the six-month reference period.
- iii. Derivative Linkage Stock must have a derivative contract.
- iv. Multiple Share Classes DVRs satisfying the above eligibility criteria are aggregated with the company's common stock and index construction is done based on the aggregated company data as detailed below.

Eligibility Criteria for Selection of Constituent Stocks

The index is derived from the constituents of the BSE 100. The inclusion of DVRs in the index will result in more than 30 stocks in the index. However, the number of companies in the index remains fixed at 30. Stocks in the eligible universe must satisfy the following eligibility factors to be considered for index inclusion: Listing History. Stocks must have a listing history of at least six months at BSE.

- **Trading Days.** The stock must have traded on every trading day at BSE during the six-month reference period.
- Multiple Share Classes. DVRs satisfying the above eligibility criteria are aggregated with the company's common stock and index construction is done based on the aggregated company data as detailed below.

Index Construction

- i. All companies meeting the eligibility factors are ranked based on their average six-month float-adjusted market capitalization. The top 75 are identified.
- ii. All companies meeting the eligibility factors are ranked again based on their average six-month total market capitalization. The top 75 are identified.
- iii. All companies identified based on steps 1 and 2 are then combined and sorted based on their annualized traded value. Companies with a cumulative annualized traded value greater than 98% are excluded.
- iv. The remaining companies are then sorted by average six-month float-adjusted market capitalization. Companies with a weight of less than 0.5% are excluded.
- v. The remaining companies from step 4 are then ranked based on their average six-month float-adjusted market capitalization, and are selected for index inclusion according to the following rules:
- a. The top 21 companies (whether a current index constituent or not) are selected for index inclusion with no sector consideration.
- b. Existing constituents ranked 22 39 are selected in order of highest rank until the target constituent count of 30 is reached.
- c. If after this step the target constituent count is not achieved, then non-constituents ranked 22 30 are selected by giving preference to those companies whose common India Industry Classification Structure macro-economic indicator is underrepresented in the index as compared to the macro-economic indicator representation in the BSE All Cap.
- d. If after this step, the target constituent count is still not achieved, non-constituents are selected in order of highest rank until the target constituent count is reached.

Annualized traded value is calculated by taking the median of the monthly medians of the daily traded values over the six-month period. The annualization is calculated using 250 trading days in a year.

All additions and deletions are made at the discretion of the index committee.



Index Service Provider

Asia Index Pvt. Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of BSE Ltd, Asia's oldest stock exchange.

Constituent Capping

In terms of SEBI Circular dated January 10, 2019, which specifies the portfolio concentration norms as follows, shall be complied with respect to the underlying Index:

- i. The Index shall have a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
- ii. For a sectoral / thematic Index, no single stock shall have more than 35% weight in the index. For other than sectoral / thematic indices, no single stock shall have more than 25% weight in the index.
- iii. The weightage of the top three constituents of the Index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.
- iv. The individual constituent of the Index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over previous six months.

For complete methodology, please refer https://www.asiaindex.co.in/Downloads/Methodology_Doc/BSE_Indices_Methodology.pdf

Constituents of the BSE Sensex TRI as on March 31, 2025

ISIN	Security	Weightage (%)	Impact Cost
INE296A01024	BAJAJ FINANCE LIMITED	2.60	0.01
INE062A01020	STATE BANK OF INDIA	3.30	0.02
INE280A01028	TITAN COMPANY LIMITED	1.39	0.02
INE040A01034	HDFC BANK LTD.	15.43	0.01
INE009A01021	INFOSYS LTD.	6.25	0.02
INE237A01028	KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD.	3.56	0.01
INE002A01018	RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD.	9.61	0.01
INE081A01020	TATA STEEL LTD.	1.42	0.02
INE018A01030	LARSEN & TOUBRO LTD.	4.55	0.02
INE101A01026	MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA LTD.	2.62	0.02
INE155A01022	TATA MOTORS LTD.	1.58	0.02
INE030A01027	HINDUSTAN UNILEVER LTD.	2.25	0.02
INE239A01024	NESTLE INDIA LTD.	0.89	0.03
INE021A01026	ASIAN PAINTS LTD.	1.17	0.02
INE154A01025	ITC LTD.	4.23	0.02
INE044A01036	SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES	2.09	0.02
INE090A01021	ICICI BANK LTD.	10.69	0.02
INE095A01012	INDUSIND BANK LTD.	0.47	0.02
INE238A01034	AXIS BANK LTD.	3.50	0.02
INE860A01027	HCL TECHNOLOGIES LTD.	1.88	0.02
INE397D01024	BHARTI AIRTEL LTD.	5.17	0.02
INE585B01010	maruti suzuki india ltd.	1.70	0.02
INE481G01011	ULTRATECH CEMENT LTD.	1.47	0.03
INE467B01029	TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES LTD.	4.07	0.02
INE733E01010	NTPC LTD.	1.89	0.03
INE669C01036	TECH MAHINDRA LTD.	1.01	0.03
INE752E01010	POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDI	1.47	0.03



	ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL		
INE742F01042	ECONOM	0.97	0.03
INE918I01026	BAJAJ FINSERV LTD.	1.21	0.03
INE758T01015	ZOMATO LIMITED	1.56	0.03

E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs)

- Not Applicable
- **F.** Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds (only for close ended debt schemes)
- Not Applicable

G. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of	Listing
units	The Scheme is an open ended scheme under which Sale and Repurchase will be made on a continuous basis and therefore listing on stock exchanges is not envisaged. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the Units as and when considered necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Fund.
	Transferability of units: Units unless otherwise restricted or prohibited shall be freely transferable by act of parties or by operation of law. Transfer of units will be subject to submission of valid documents and fulfillment of the eligibility requirements by the unitholder/investor as stated under AMFI best Practice guideline No.135/BP/ 116 /2024-25 dated August 14, 2024 and AMC internal processes, if any. For more details refer to the SAI
Dematerialization of units	Investors shall have an option to receive allotment of Mutual Fund units in their demat account while subscribing to the Scheme in terms of the guidelines/procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) from time to time.
	Investors desirous of having the Units of the Scheme in dematerialized form should contact the ISCs of the AMC/Registrar.
	Where units are held by investor in dematerialized form, the demat statement issued by the Depository Participant would be deemed adequate compliance with the requirements in respect of dispatch of statements of account.
	In case investors desire to convert their existing physical units (represented by statement of account) into dematerialized form or vice versa, the request for conversion of units held in physical form into Demat (electronic) form or vice versa should be submitted along with a Demat/Remat Request Form to their Depository Participants. In case the units are desired to be held by investor in dematerialized form, the KYC performed by Depository Participant shall be considered compliance of the applicable SEBI norms.
	Further, demat option shall also be available for SIP transactions. Units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per Scheme Information Document and will be credited to investors Demat Account as per the settlement calendar.
	Units held in Demat form are freely transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favour of transferees who are capable of



	holding units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the Depository Participant in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.
	For details, Investors may contact any of the Investor Service Centres of the AMC.
Minimum Target amount	Not Applicable
Maximum Amount to	Not Applicable
be raised (if any)	
IDCW)	Under the IDCW option, the Trustee will have the discretion to declare the IDCW, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. The actual declaration of IDCW and frequency will inter-alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations and the decisions of the Trustee shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW nor that it will be paid regularly.
	The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change the frequency of declaration of IDCW or may provide for additional frequency for declaration of IDCW.
	 IDCW Distribution Procedure In accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds as amended from time to time, the procedure for distribution would be as under: 1. Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. 2. Within one calendar day of the decision by the Trustees, AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision including the record date. The record date shall be three (3) working days from the date of publication in at least one English newspaper or in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving IDCW. 4. The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Scheme would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if applicable). 5. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date. 6. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund. However, the requirement of giving notice shall not be applicable for IDCW options having frequency up to one month.
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	
	the account statement by e-mail.



- Unit holders will be required to download and print the documents after receiving e-mail from the Mutual Fund. Should the Unit holder experience any difficulty in accessing the electronically delivered documents, the Unit holder shall promptly advise the Mutual Fund to enable the Mutual Fund to make the delivery through alternate means. It is deemed that the Unit holder is aware of all security risks including possible third party interception of the documents and contents of the documents becoming known to third parties.
- The Unit holder may request for a physical account statement by writing/calling the AMC/ISC/Registrar. In case of specific request received from the Unit Holders, the AMC/Fund will provide the Account Statement to the Investors within 5 business days from the receipt of such request.
- In cases where the email does not reach the Unit holder, the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agents will not be responsible, but the Unit holder can request for fresh statement. The Unit holder shall from time to time intimate the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agent about any changes in his e-mail address.

Refund

Ongoing Offer period:

The AMC will refund the subscription money to applicants whose applications are found to be incomplete, invalid or have been rejected for any other reason whatsoever in accordance with the AMFI best practice guidelines in the matter.

The AMC will endeavor to refund such amounts within 5 business days from the date of purchase transactions as per the timestamp / applicable NAV, where the application form / online transaction is received along with the payment and the funds have been realized. Where the subscription amount and the application/online transaction are received separately, the period of 5 business days shall be reckoned from the later of the date of identifying the remitter details, based on the credit provided by the Bank or receipt and time stamping of application/online transaction.

In the event of delay beyond 5 business days, the AMC in line with AMFI best practice guidelines on the matter, will pay interest at 15% per annum or such other rate of interest as may be prescribed from time to time.

Who can invest

This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is Suitable to their risk profile.

The following persons (subject to, wherever relevant, purchase of units of mutual funds, being permitted under respective constitutions, and relevant statutory regulations) are eligible and may apply for Subscription to the units of the Scheme:

- and investors shall 1. Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an consult their financial Anyone or Survivor basis;
- advisor to ascertain 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta;
 - the 3. Minor (as the first and the sole holder only) through a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother, as the case may be) or a court appointed legal guardian. There shall not be any joint holding with minor investments;
 - 4. Partnership Firms;
 - 5. Limited liability partnership firms;
 - 6. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor;
 - 7. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860(so long as the purchase of Units is permitted under the respective constitutions);
 - 8. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions;
 - 9. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as "Public Securities" as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
 - 10. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIOs))/ Overseas Citizens of India (OCI)residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis:
 - 11. Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) registered with SEBI on repatriation basis. These investments shall be subject to the conditions prescribed by SEBI, RBI, Income Tax authorities and the AMC, from time to time;



- 12. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;
- 13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations;
- 14. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / RBI;
- 15. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted; Other schemes of Axis Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations;
- 16. Schemes of Alternative Investment Funds;
- 17. The Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme;
- 18. Such other person as maybe decided by the AMC from time to time.

Subject to SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, any application for subscription of units may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/ Trustee company. The AMC/ Trustee company may also reject any application for subscription of units if the application is invalid, incomplete, or if the AMC/ Trustee company for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the interest of the scheme or its unitholders to accept such an application.

Who cannot invest

- 1. Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA Act) except where registered with SEBI as a FPI or otherwise explicitly permitted under FEMA Act/ by RBI/ by any other applicable authority.
- 2. Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) circular no. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds.
- 3. NRIs residing in Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) as determined by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), from time to time.
- 4. U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada as defined under the applicable laws of U.S. and Canada except the following:
- a. subscriptions received by way of lump sum / switches / systematic transactions received from Non-resident Indians (NRIs) /Persons of Indian origin (PIO) / Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) who at the time of such investment, are present in India and
- b. FPIs

Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time.

These investors need to submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. ('AMC')/Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Ltd. ('the Trustee')/Axis Mutual Fund ('the Fund') from time to time.

The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests on hold/reject the transaction request/reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard.

Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Limited/ the AMC /the Fund reserve the right to change/ modify the above provisions at a later date.

How to Apply and other details (where can you submit the filled up applications including purchase/redemption switches be submitted.)

How to Apply and Investors can undertake transactions in the Schemes of Axis Mutual Fund either other details (where through physical, online / electronic mode or any other mode as may be can you submit the prescribed from time to time.

Physical Transactions

For making application for subscription / redemption / switches, application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from / submitted to the Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of AMC or downloaded from the website of AMC viz. www.axismf.com.



Online / Electronic Transactions

Investors can undertake transactions via electronic mode through various online facilities offered by Axis AMC / other platforms specified by AMC from time to time.

For name, address and contact no. of Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T), email id of R&T, website address of R&T, official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. refer back cover page.

Please note it is mandatory for unitholders to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/requests for redemption.

Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.

The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.

Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.

Pledge/Lien of Units

The Unit under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / lien/charge in favour of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), or any other person. The AMC and / or the ISC will note and record such Pledged/liened Units. The AMC shall mark a pledge/lien only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other person concerned and the Mutual Fund assumes no responsibility thereof.

The Pledger/ lienor will not be able to redeem/Switch-out Units that are pledged/liened until the entity to which the Units are pledged/liened provides written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged/liened, the Pledgee/lienee will have complete authority to redeem / Switch-out such Units. IDCW declared on Units under lien/pledge will be paid / re-invested to the credit of the Unit Holder and not the lien holder unless specified otherwise in the lien letter.

If there are subsisting credit facilities secured by a duly created pledge/lien, I, the nominee(s) or legal heirs / legal representative(s) shall be required to obtain a due discharge certificate from the creditors at the time of transmission of units.

For NRIs, the Scheme may mark a lien on Units in case documents which need to be submitted are not given in addition to the application form and before the submission of the redemption / Switch-out request.

The Units held in demat mode can be pledged/ liened as per the provisions of Depositories Act and Depositories Rules and Regulations.

However, the AMC reserves the right to change operational guidelines for pledge/lien on Units from time to time.

Suspension/Restriction on Redemption of Units of the Scheme

Subject to the approval of the Boards of the AMC and of the Trustee and subject also to necessary communication of the same to SEBI, the redemption of / switchout of Units of Scheme, may be temporarily suspended/ restricted. In



accordance with Para 1.12 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds as amended from time to time and subject to prevailing regulations, restriction on/suspension of redemptions / switch-out of Units of the Scheme, may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:

- a) **Liquidity issues:** when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security;
- b) Market failures, exchange closures: when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies;
- c) **Operational issues:** when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).

Restriction on / suspension of redemption of Units of the Scheme may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period.

When restriction on / suspension of redemption of Units of the Scheme is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:

- i. No redemption / switch-out requests upto Rs. 2 lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.
- ii. Where redemption / switch-out requests are above Rs. 2 lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakhs without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.

In addition to the above, the AMC / Trustee may restrict / suspend redemptions / switch-out of Units of the Scheme pursuant to direction/ approval of SEBI.

In case of any of the above eventualities, the general time limits for processing requests for redemption of Units will not be applicable.

Also refer to the paragraph 'Suspension of Purchase and Redemption of Units' in the Statement of Additional Information.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

for Subscriptions/Purchases including Switch - ins:

The following cut-off timings shall be observed by the Mutual Fund in respect of purchase of units of the Scheme and the following NAVs shall be applied for such purchase:

- where the application is received upto 3.00 pm on a Business day and funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time – the closing NAV of the Business day shall be applicable;
- all 2. where the application is received after 3.00 pm on a Business day and funds are available for utilization on the same day or before the cut-off time of the next Business Day the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable;
 - 3. irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds are not available for utilization before the cut-off time the closing NAV of Business day on which the funds are available for utilization shall be applicable.

For determining the applicable NAV for allotment of units in respect of purchase / switch in the Scheme, it shall be ensured that:

- i. Application is received before the applicable cut-off time.
- ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time.
- iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time.



The aforesaid provisions shall also be applicable to systematic transactions like Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan, etc offered by scheme.

Redemptions including Switch - outs:

The following cut-off timings shall be observed by the Mutual Fund in respect of Repurchase of units:

- a. where the application received upto 3.00 pm closing NAV of the day of receipt of application; and
- b. an application received after 3.00 pm closing NAV of the next Business Day.

The above mentioned cut off timing shall also be applicable to transactions through the online trading platform.

In case of Transaction through Stock Exchange Infrastructure, the Date of Acceptance will be reckoned as per the date & time; the transaction is entered in stock exchange's infrastructure for which a system generated confirmation slip will be issued to the investor.

Ongoing price subscription (purchase)/switch-in (from

for At the Applicable NAV

other mutual fund) investors.

Para Para 10.4 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds has decided that there shall be no Entry Load for all Mutual Fund schemes. Hence, no entry load is levied for schemes/plans of the subscription transactions by the Scheme.

Methodology of calculating subscription price:

Subscription Price = Applicable NAV*(1+Entry Load, if any)

This is the price you need to pay purchase/switch-in.

Example: If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 10, Entry Load is NIL then the subscription price will be:

= Rs. 10* (1+NIL)

= Rs. 10

Ongoing for price redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other Mutual Fund) investors.

At the Applicable NAV subject to prevailing Exit Load.

This is the price you will receive redemptions/switch outs.

schemes/plans of the Ongoing price for redemption /Switch out (to other Schemes/Plans of the Mutual Fund) is price which a Unit holder will receive for redemption/Switch-outs. During the continuous offer of the Scheme, the Unit holder can redeem the Units at Applicable NAV, subject to payment of Exit Load, if any.

Methodology of calculating repurchase price:

Redemption Price = Applicable NAV*(1-Exit Load, if any)

Example: If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 10, Exit Load is 2% then redemption price will be:

= Rs. 10* (1-0.02)

= Rs. 9.80

Investors/Unit holders should note that the AMC/Trustee has right to modify existing Load structure and to introduce Loads subject to a maximum limits prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

Any change in Load structure will be effective on prospective basis and will not affect the existing Unit holder in any manner.

However, the Mutual Fund will ensure that the Redemption Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV. The Purchase Price shall be at applicable NAV.



Minimum amount for purchase / redemption / switches

Minimum amount for Refer Section I – Part I for Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches.

Minimum Redemption Amount/Switch Out

There will be no minimum redemption criterion. The Redemption / Switch-out would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the Unit holder's account of the Plan(s) / Option(s) of the Scheme (subject to completion of Lock-in period or release of pledge / lien or other encumbrances). The Redemption / Switch-out request can be made by specifying the rupee amount or by specifying the number of Units of the respective Plan(s) / Option(s) to be redeemed. In case a Redemption / Switch-out request received is for both, a specified rupee amount and a specified number of Units of the respective Plan(s)/ Option(s), the specified number of Units will be considered the definitive request.

In case of Units held in dematerialized mode, the Unit Holder can give a request for Redemption only in number of Units which can be fractional units also. Depository participants of registered Depositories can process only redemption request of units held in demat mode.

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change/ modify the terms of minimum redemption amount/switch-out.

Accounts Statements

The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).

The AMC shall dispatch a Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.

For investor having demat account, the depositories shall dispatch a monthly consolidated statement with details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts and dispatch the same to investors who have opted for delivery via electronic mode (e-CAS) by the 12th day from the month end and to investors who have opted for delivery via physical mode by the 15th day from the month end.

For folios where there are no transactions during the half – year, the AMC shall dispatch a half – yearly CAS at the end of every six months (i.e. September/March) on or before the 21st day of the succeeding month for holdings across all mutual funds at the end of the half-year.

For folios where there are no transactions during the half – year, the depositories shall dispatch a consolidated statement (for investors having a demat account) i.e. half-yearly CAS at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) to investors that have opted for e-CAS on or before the 18th day of April and October and to investors who have opted for delivery via physical mode by the 21st day of April and October to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable

For further details, refer SAI.



Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
	The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit holders at 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, in the event of failure of despatch of dividend payments within the stipulated time period calculated from the record date.
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds
	For detailed procedure on how to redeem, kindly refer SAI.
Bank Mandate	It is mandatory for investors to mention investor's bank account details on the form. Applications without this information are liable to be rejected. The Mutual Fund / AMC reserves the right to hold redemption proceeds in case requisite bank details are not submitted.
redemption /	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds by SEBI for the period of such delay.
, aividend	The AMC shall pay interest to the Unit holders at 15% or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, in case the Redemption / Repurchase proceeds are not made within three (3) working Days of the date of Redemption / Repurchase.
	However, the AMC will not be liable to pay any interest or compensation or any amount otherwise, in case the AMC / Trustee is required to obtain from the Investor / Unit holders verification of identity or such other details relating to Subscription for Units under any applicable law or as may be requested by a Regulatory Agency or any government authority, which may result in delay in processing the application.
	As per Para 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds as amended from time to time, the unclaimed Redemption and IDCW amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in money market instruments and such other instruments/securities as maybe permitted from time to time. The investment management fee charged by the AMC for managing such unclaimed amounts shall not exceed 50 basis points. The circular also specifies that investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing NAV. Thus, after a period of three years, this amount can be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the said amounts at the NAV prevailing at the end of the third year. In terms of the circular, the onus is on the AMC to make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The details of such unclaimed amounts shall be disclosed in the annual report sent to the Unit Holders.
Disclosure w.r.t	Further, according to Para 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds as amended from time to time the unclaimed Redemption and IDCW amounts may be deployed in separate plan of Overnight scheme/Liquid scheme/Money market mutual fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed Redemption and IDCW amounts. Following is the process for investments made in the name of a Minor through a
investment by minors	Guardian: - Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank
	account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian.



- Mutual Fund will send an intimation to Unit holders advising the minor (on attaining majority) to submit an application form along with prescribed documents to change the status of the account from 'minor' to 'major'.
- All transactions / standing instructions / systematic transactions etc. will be suspended i.e. the Folio will be frozen for operation by the guardian from the date of beneficiary child completing 18 years of age, till the status of the minor is changed to major. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new bank account.
- No investments (lumpsum/SIP/ switch in/ STP in etc.) in the scheme would be allowed once the minor attains majority i.e. 18 years of age.

Tracking Error and Tracking Difference

and Tracking Error

Tracking error is a measure of the difference in returns from the Scheme and the returns from the index. It is computed as the standard deviation of the difference between the daily returns of the underlying benchmark and the NAV of the Scheme on an annualized basis.

Tracking error could be the result of a variety of factors including but not limited to:

- Delay in the purchase or sale of stocks within the benchmark due to:
 - o Illiquidity in the stock
 - Delay in realization of sale proceeds
- The Scheme may buy or sell the stocks comprising the index at different points of time during the trading session at the then prevailing prices which may not correspond to its closing prices.
- The potential for trades to fail, which may result in the Scheme not having acquired the stocks at a price necessary to track the benchmark price.
- The holding of a cash position and accrued income prior to distribution of income and payment of accrued expenses.
- Disinvestments to meet redemptions, recurring expenses, IDCW payouts etc.
- Execution of large buy / sell orders
- Transaction cost and recurring expenses
- Delay in realization of Unit holders' funds
- Levy of margins by exchanges

The Scheme will endeavor to minimize the tracking error by:

- Rebalancing of the portfolio.
- Setting off of incremental subscriptions against redemptions.

The tracking error i.e. the annualised standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between BSE Sensex TRI and the NAV of scheme based on past one year rolling over data shall not exceed 2% or as may be prescribed by regulations from time to time.

In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure which are beyond the control of the AMCs, the tracking error may exceed 2% or as may be prescribed by regulations from time to time, and the same shall be brought to the notice of Trustees with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any

Under normal circumstances, such tracking errors are not expected to exceed 2% p.a. for daily 12 month rolling return. However, in case of events like, dividend received from underlying securities, rights issue from underlying securities and market volatility during rebalancing of the portfolio following the rebalancing of the underlying index, etc. or in abnormal market circumstances, the tracking error may exceed the above limits. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error relative to performance of the Index.



	<u>Iracking difference:</u> Tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index and the NAV of the Scheme shall be disclosed on the website of the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 year, 5 year, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units. Tracking difference shall be targeted to be 50 bps (over and above actual TER charged). In case the same is not maintained, it shall be brought to the notice of trustees along with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any.
Any other disclosure in	Nil
terms of Consolidated	
Checklist on Standard	
Observations	

III. Other Details

- A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding/ link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided
- Not Applicable

B. Periodic Disclosures

Quarterly Portfolio Disclosures:	The AMC will disclose the portfolio of the Scheme (alongwith ISIN) as on the last day of the quarter on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI within 10 days from the close of each quarter in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. The AMC will provide a dashboard, in a comparable, downloadable (spreadsheet) and machine readable format, providing performance and key disclosures like Scheme's AUM, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, scheme's past performance etc. on website. For details, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures
Annual Report	The Scheme annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be mailed (emailed, where e mail id is provided unless otherwise required)) to all Unit holders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year) and full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any. Scheme wise annual report shall also be displayed on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.axismf.com) and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.axismf.com).
	Unitholders whose email addresses are not registered with the Mutual Fund may 'optin' to receive a physical copy of the annual report or an abridged summary thereof. Further, AMC shall provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on a specific request received from a unitholder. AMC shall also publish an advertisement every year, in an all India edition of one national English daily newspaper and in one Hindi newspaper, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI and the modes through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the annual report or abridged summary thereof. For details, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures



	The AMC shall review Risk-o-meters on a monthly basis based on evaluation of risk level of Scheme's month end portfolio. Any change in risk-o-meter of the scheme or its benchmark shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders of that particular scheme. Investors may also refer to the website/portfolio disclosure for the latest Risk-o-meter of the Scheme.
Scheme Summary Document	The AMC has provided on its website Scheme Summary Document which is a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc.
	For details, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures Tracking Error - The tracking error based on past one year rolling data, on a daily basis shall be disclosed on the website of AMC (www.axismf.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).
	Tracking Difference - the Scheme shall also disclose the tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the underlying Index and the NAV of the Index Fund shall also be disclosed on the website of the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 year, 5 year, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units.
Disclosure Norms as per Para 3.6.8 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds	 The Scheme shall disclose the following on monthly basis: I. Name and exposure to top 7 issuers and stocks respectively as a percentage of NAV of the scheme II. Name and exposure to top 7 groups as a percentage of NAV of the scheme. III. Name and exposure to top 4 sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme.
	Change in constituents of the index, if any, shall be disclosed on the AMC website (i.e. www.axismf.com) on the day of change.

C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme within a period of 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the AMC will calculate and disclose the NAVs on all Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on website of the Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day and shall also update the NAVs on the website of AMC (www.axismf.com).

If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Information regarding NAV can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.

D. Transaction charges and stamp duty

Transaction Charges - Not Applicable

Stamp Duty -

Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 1226(E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, stamp duty @0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions.

Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including IDCW reinvestment) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.



For further details on Stamp Duty, please refer SAI.

E. Associate Transactions

- Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

F. Taxation

- For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

Taxation Rates	Particulars	Taxability in the hands of Ind Corporates	ividuals / Non-corporates /
applicable for the FY 2025-26.	Tarriculais	Resident	Non-Resident
The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual	Tax on distributed income	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at applicable rate under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (Act) (Refer Note 3)	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at the rate of 20% u/s 115A/ 115AD of the Act (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)
nature of the	Capital Gains		
implications, each investor is	Long Term Capital Gains:	12.5% (plus applicable	12.5% (plus applicable
advised to consult his or her own tax	(Held for a period of more than 12 Months)	surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation	surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation
advisors /		(Refer Note 7)	(Refer Note 7)
authorised	Short Term Capital Gains	20% (plus applicable	20% (plus applicable
dealers with respect to the specific	(Held for a period of 12 months or less)	surcharge and health and education cess)	surcharge and health and education cess)

Notes -

amount of tax and other

participation in

the schemes.

implications arising out of his

or her

- 1. Axis Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India and hence the entire income of the Mutual Fund will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act.
- 2. An equity-oriented fund has been defined as:
 - a) In case where the fund invests a minimum of 90% of the total proceeds in units of another fund, which is traded on recognized stock exchange, and such other fund also invests a minimum of 90% of its total proceeds in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognized stock exchange; and
 - b) In any other case, a minimum of 65% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognized stock exchange.

Provided that the percentage of equity shareholding or unit held in respect of the fund, as the case may be, shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the monthly averages of the opening and closing figures.

3. Applicable rates for individual, corporates and non-corporates are as under:

1.	<u> </u>		
	Particulars	Income slab	Rate of tax



Individual/ Undivided Fi AOP/ BOI#	amily (HUF)/	Where total income for a tax year (April to March) is less than or equal to Rs 2,50,000* (the basic exemption limit) Where such total income is more than Rs 2,50,000* but is less than or equal to Rs 5,00,000	Nil 5% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs 2,50,000*
		Where such total income is more than Rs 5,00,000* but is less than or equal to Rs 10,00,000 Where such total income is more than Rs 10,00,000	Rs 12,500 plus 20% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs 5,00,000* Rs 1,12,500 plus 30% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs 10,00,000
Co-operativ	_	Where total income for a tax year (April to March) is less than or equal to Rs 10,000 Where such total income is more than Rs 10,000 but is less than or equal to Rs 20,000 Where the total income exceeds Rs 20,000	Rs 1,000 plus 20% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs 10,000 Rs 3,000 plus 30% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs 20,000
tax rate ben to conditions) section 115 Act	oncessional efit (subject prescribed under BAD of the	22%	THEOTHE EXCEEDS RS 20,000
Co-operative availing of tax rate benefit to conditions) section 115	oncessional efit (subject prescribed under	15%	



Domestic Corporate	30%
(where the total	
turnover or gross	
receipts of such	
company for financial	
year 2023-24 exceeds	
Rs 400 crores)/	
Partnership firm/ LLP/	
Local authority/ FPIs	
Domestic company,	25%
where the total	
turnover or gross	
receipts of such	
company for financial	
year 2023-24 does not	
exceed Rs 400 crores	
Domestic company	22%
availing concessional	
tax rate benefit (subject	
to prescribed	
conditions) under	
section 115BAA of the	
Act	
Domestic company	15%
engaged solely in the	
business of	
manufacture/	
production and	
availing concessional	
tax rate benefit (subject	
to prescribed	
conditions) under	
section 115BAB of the	
Act	
AOP/BOI	30% or such higher rate of tax applicable to the individual
	members of the AOP/ BOI
Foreign Corporates	35%
FPIs	30%

*In case of resident individuals of age 60 years or more, but less than 80 years, the basic exemption limit is Rs 3,00,000. Income between Rs 3,00,000 and Rs 500,000 will be taxable at the rate of 5%.

In case of resident individuals of age 80 years or more, the basic exemption limit is Rs 5.00,000. Income exceeding Rs 5,00,000 but less than or equal to Rs 10,00,000 will be taxable at the rate of 20%.

*Section 115BAC of the Act provides individuals and HUFs to pay tax in respect of their total income at the following rates (default regime):

Income slab	Tax rate
Where total income for a tax year (April to	Nil
March) is less than or equal to Rs 4,00,000 (the	



basic exemption limit)	
Where such total income is more than Rs	5% of the amount by which the
4,00,000 but is less than or equal to Rs 8,00,000	total income exceeds Rs 4,00,000
Where such total income is more than	Rs 20,000 plus 10% of the amount by
Rs 8,00,000 but is less than or equal to	which the total income exceeds
Rs 12,00,000	Rs 8,00,000
Where such total income is more than	Rs 60,000 plus 15% of the amount by
Rs 12,00,000 but is less than or equal to	which the total income exceeds Rs
Rs 16,00,000	12,00,000
Where such total income is more than	Rs 1,20,000 plus 20% of the amount
Rs 16,00,000 but is less than or equal to	by which the total income exceeds
Rs 20,00,000	Rs 16,00,000
Where such total income is more than	Rs 2,00,000 plus 25% of the amount
Rs 20,00,000 but is less than or equal to	by which the total income exceeds
Rs 24,00,000	Rs 20,00,000
Where such total income is more than Rs	Rs 3,00,000 plus 30% of the amount
24,00,000	by which the total income exceeds
	Rs 24,00,000

Further, Finance Bill 2025 has proposed to enhance the threshold of total income for claiming the rebate under concessional tax regime (i.e. default regime) in case of resident individual from Rs 7,00,000 to Rs 12,00,000 and increased the limit of rebate from Rs 25,000 to Rs 60,000. However, the said rebate is not available on incomes chargeable to tax at special rates (for eg. capital gains under section 111A, 112 etc.).

4. Surcharge at the following rate to be levied in case of individual / HUF / non-corporate non-firm unit holders for equity oriented mutual fund:

Income	Individual /HUF / non-corporate non- firm unit holders
(a) Above Rs 50 lakh upto 1 crore (including dividend income and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	10%
(b) Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs 2 crores (including dividend income and capital gains income under section 111A and 112A of the Act)	15%
(c) Above Rs 2 crores upto Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	25%
(d) Above Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	37%*
(e) Above Rs 2 crores [including dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)] but not covered in point (c) and (d) above	15%

*Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF pays tax under section 115BAC of the Act.

5. Surcharge rates for Companies/ firm



Total Income	Rate of Surcharge for Domestic companies*	Rate of Surcharge for Foreign Companies
Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs	7%	2%
10 crores		
Above Rs 10 crores	12%	5%

*Surcharge rate shall be 10% in case resident companies opting taxation under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the Act on any income earned.

In case of firm with total income exceeding Rs 1 crore, surcharge rate shall be 12%.

- 6. Health and Education cess at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
- 7. As per section 112A of the Act, long-term capital gains, exceeding Rs 1,25,000, arising from transfer of equity oriented mutual funds, shall be chargeable at the rate of 12.5%% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess).
- 8. The Scheme will attract securities transaction tax (STT) at 0.001% on the redemption value.
- 9. Withholding of Taxation by Mutual Fund will as per applicable withholding tax rate.
- 10. All the above non-resident investors may also claim the tax treaty benefits available, if any.

For further details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI

G. Rights of Unitholders

- Please refer to SAI for details.

H. List of official points of acceptance

: For Details of official points of acceptance, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures

I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for which action may have been taken or is in the process of being taken by any Regulatory Authority

For details, please refer our website: https://www.axismf.com/statutory-disclosures

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustee Company at its meeting held on October 17, 2023. The Trustee has ensured that the Scheme is a new product offered by Axis Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of Axis Asset Management Company Sd/Gop Kumar Bhaskaran
Managing Director &
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 30, 2025

Axis Asset Management Company Limited (Investment Manager to Axis Mutual Fund) One Lodha Place,



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Axis Bank Limited is not liable or responsible for any loss or shortfall resulting from the operation of the scheme.

Mutual Fund Investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.