



Think Investments. Think Kotak®

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID)

SECTION I

KOTAK SILVER ETF

An open ended Exchange Traded Fund replicating/tracking price of Silver

NSE Symbol: SILVER1

	Scheme Risk-o-meter #	Benchmark Risk-o-meter
This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*: - Investors seeking returns that are in line with the performance of silver over the long term, subject to tracking errors - Investments in physical silver of 99.9% purity (fineness)	 The risk of the scheme is Very High	 The risk of the benchmark is Very High Domestic Prices of physical Silver

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them

*The above risk-o-meter is based on the scheme portfolio as on May 31, 2026. An addendum may be issued or updated in accordance with provisions of Para 6.16 of SEBI Master circular no HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, on an ongoing basis on the website viz. www.kotakmf.com

Continuous Offer for Units at NAV based prices

Scheme Re-opens on: December 19, 2022

Name of Mutual Fund	Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd CIN: U65991MH1994PLC080009
Name of Trustee Company	Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Ltd CIN: U65990MH1995PLC090279
Registered Address of the Companies	27 BKC, C-27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051
Corporate Office Address of Asset Management Company	2nd Floor, 12-BKC, Plot No. C-12, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai - 400 051
Website	www.kotakmf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 2026, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.kotakmf.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

Stock Exchange Disclaimer Clause:

“As required, a copy of this Scheme Information Document has been submitted to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as NSE). NSE has given vide its letter no. NSE/LIST/5406 dated February 01, 2022, permission to the Mutual Fund to use the Exchange’s name in this Scheme Information Document as one of the stock exchanges on which the Mutual Fund’s units are proposed to be listed subject to, the Mutual Fund fulfilling the various criteria for listing. The Exchange has scrutinized this Scheme Information Document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to the Mutual Fund. It is to be distinctly understood that the aforesaid permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the Scheme Information Document has been cleared or approved by NSE; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Scheme Information Document; nor does it warrant that the Mutual Fund’s units will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of the Mutual Fund, its sponsors, its management or any scheme of the Mutual Fund. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquire any units of the Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription / acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or any other reason whatsoever.”

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I.....	0
Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME.....	4
DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY.....	9
Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME.....	10
A. How Will The Scheme Allocate Its Assets?	10
B. Where Will The Scheme Invest?	12
C. What Are The Investment Strategies?.....	12
D. How Will The Scheme Benchmark Its Performance?	13
E. Who Manages The Scheme?	13
F. How Is The Scheme Different From Existing Schemes Of The Mutual Fund?	18
G. How Has The Scheme Performed?	18
Part III- OTHER DETAILS.....	21
A. Computation Of Nav.....	21
B. New Fund Offer (NFO) Expenses.....	22
C. Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses	22
D. Load Structure.....	24
Section II.....	26
I. INTRODUCTION.....	26
A. Definitions/interpretation.....	26
B. Risk factors	26
C. Risk mitigation strategies.....	31
II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME:	34
A. Where will the scheme invest?	34
B. What are the investment restrictions?	35
C. Fundamental Attributes.....	38
D. Index Methodology: Not Applicable	38
E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers.....	39
III. OTHER DETAILS	56
A. Periodic Disclosures	56
B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure	59
C. Transaction charges and stamp duty	59
D. Associate Transactions	60
E. Taxation.....	60
F. Rights of Unitholders: Please refer to SAI for details.	63
G. List of Official Points of Acceptance:	63
H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings	63

Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	Kotak Silver ETF
II.	Category of the Scheme	Other - ETFs
III.	Scheme type	An open ended Exchange Traded Fund replicating/tracking price of Silver.
IV.	Scheme code	KOTM/O/O/OET/22/06/0083
V.	Investment objective	To generate returns that are in line with the performance of physical silver in domestic prices, subject to tracking error. The Scheme may also participate in silver related instruments. Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs) having silver as the underlying shall be considered as Silver related instrument for Silver ETFs. However, there is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.
VI.	Liquidity/listing details	Liquidity: The Units of the Scheme can be purchased/ redeemed on a continuous basis on the Stock Exchanges during the trading hours like any other publicly listed security. The AMC shall appoint at least two Market Makers (MMs) who are members of the Stock Exchanges, for ETFs to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform by providing two-way quotes in the units of the Scheme during trading hours. Market Makers (MMs) shall transact subscribe/redeem the Units of the Scheme directly with the Mutual Fund/AMC in creation unit size or in multiples thereof. Depending on the market volatility, liquidity conditions and any other factors, The Scheme may allow subscription/ redemption in 'Creation Unit' Size or in multiples thereof by Market Makers and Large Investors (LI) based on the Portfolio Deposit/ equivalent amount of cash and Cash Component as defined by the Scheme for that respective Business Day. Listing: The units of the Scheme are listed on NSE on allotment under intimation to SEBI. It may also list on any other exchanges subsequently. AMC has proposed to engage MM for creating liquidity for ETFs in the stock exchange so that investors are able to buy or redeem units on the stock exchange using the services of a stockbroker.
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	The performance of Kotak Silver ETF is benchmarked against Domestic Prices of physical Silver

		<u>Benchmark Rationale:</u> The benchmark index is designed to reflect the behaviour and performance of the asset class as per asset allocation of the scheme. The composition of the aforesaid benchmark is such that, it is most suited for comparing the performance of the scheme. The AMC/Trustees may change benchmark in future for measuring performance of the scheme and as per the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
VIII.	NAV disclosure	The NAVs of the Scheme will be calculated and updated on every Business day on AMFI's website www.amfiindia.com by 9.00 a.m. of the following business day. For further details, refer Section II.
IX.	Applicable timelines	<u>Dispatch of redemption proceeds</u> The Mutual Fund shall initiate payment of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. In case of exceptional situations listed in AMFI Circular No. AMFI/35P/MEM-COR/74/2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, the scheme shall be allowed additional timelines for transfer of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders. <u>Dispatch of IDCW</u> The Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) payments shall be dispatched to the unitholders within seven working days from the record date.
X.	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	Presently, the Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment.
XI.	Load Structure	<u>Exit Load: Nil</u>
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/switch in	<u>On Ongoing Basis:</u> Ongoing purchases directly from the Mutual Fund would be restricted to Market Makers and Large Investors (subject to transactions greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) provided the value of units to be purchased is in creation unit size or multiples thereof. The aforesaid limit of Rs.25 crores is not applicable for Market Makers. Market Makers / Large Investors may exchange Portfolio Deposit / cash equivalent to the portfolio deposit and applicable cash component and transaction handling charges for Purchase of Units of the Scheme in 'Creation Unit' size or in multiples thereof directly from the Mutual Fund, as defined by the Scheme for that respective Business Day. Units may be allotted only on realization of the full consideration for creation unit and at the value at which the underlying stocks for the creation unit is purchased against that purchase request.

		NAV for continuous offer <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Value of portfolio deposit (basket of securities) in creation unit size</td><td>1</td><td>7828020</td></tr> <tr> <td>Price of 1-unit portfolio creation</td><td>2</td><td>26.0934</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cash Component (say)</td><td>3</td><td>-302640</td></tr> <tr> <td>Net Assets</td><td>4=(1+3)</td><td>7525380</td></tr> <tr> <td>No. of units in creation unit</td><td>5</td><td>300000</td></tr> <tr> <td>NAV per unit</td><td>6=(4/5)</td><td>25.0846</td></tr> </table> Note 1. In addition to the NAV, any person transacting with the fund will have to reimburse transaction charges - brokerage, stamp duty, NSDL charges etc. 2. Transaction charges payable by the investor is per creation request and will be as determined by the AMC at the time of transaction 3. The above creation unit is for 300000 units of Kotak Silver ETF which is minimum lots size for creation • The units are listed on NSE to provide liquidity through secondary market. All categories of Investors may purchase the units through secondary market on any trading day. • The AMC shall appoint at least two Market Makers, who are members of the Stock Exchanges, for ETFs to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform by providing two-way quotes in the units of the Scheme during trading hours. Switches are not allowed under the scheme.	Value of portfolio deposit (basket of securities) in creation unit size	1	7828020	Price of 1-unit portfolio creation	2	26.0934	Cash Component (say)	3	-302640	Net Assets	4=(1+3)	7525380	No. of units in creation unit	5	300000	NAV per unit	6=(4/5)	25.0846
Value of portfolio deposit (basket of securities) in creation unit size	1	7828020																		
Price of 1-unit portfolio creation	2	26.0934																		
Cash Component (say)	3	-302640																		
Net Assets	4=(1+3)	7525380																		
No. of units in creation unit	5	300000																		
NAV per unit	6=(4/5)	25.0846																		
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Not Applicable																		
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	<u>Minimum Redemption Amount:</u> The requisite number of units of the Scheme equalling the Creation Unit has to be transferred to the Fund's DP account and the Cash Component to be paid to the AMC / Custodian. On confirmation of the same by the AMC, the Custodian will transfer the Portfolio Deposit by handing over the physical silver of the predefined purity and quantity or equivalent amount of cash to the investor and pay the Cash Component, if applicable. The units of the Scheme may change from time to time based on the Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component due to change in NAV. The Scheme may from time to time change the size of creation unit size in order to equate it with marketable lot of underlying instruments. Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores and shall be at intra-day NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio. The aforesaid threshold shall not be applicable for MMs.																		

XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	This does not apply to the scheme, as the ongoing offer of the Scheme has commenced after the NFO period, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	This does not apply to the scheme, as the ongoing offer of the Scheme has commenced after the NFO period, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	Segregated Portfolio has been enabled in the scheme. For Details, kindly refer SAI
XVIII.	Swing pricing disclosure	Not Applicable
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	Not Applicable
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the offices of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from www.kotakmf.com. Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund will be available on the website http://www.kotakmf.com Purchase from Stock Exchanges (applicable for Market Makers, Large Investors and other investor). An investor can buy units of the Scheme on a continuous basis on the national stock exchange and other recognised stock exchanges where the Scheme units are listed and traded like any other publicly traded securities at prices which may be close to the actual NAV of the Scheme. There is no load for investors transacting on the stock exchange. However, there would be cost of brokerage and other transactions costs (like stamp duty) payable to broker or sub-broker of the exchange. All cheques should be crossed "Account Payee Only" and drawn in favour of the scheme viz: Kotak Silver ETF The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfilment of any regulatory requirements, fulfilment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and not furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC. Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. For Further details refer section II.

XXII.	Investor services	- Contact details for general service requests: 18003091490 / 044-40229101 (Monday to Friday between 9.30am to 6.00 pm & Saturday between 9.30am to 12.30pm) https://www.kotakmf.com/feedback/customer - Contact details for complaint resolution: Ms. Sushma Mata, Investor Relations Officer Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited, 6thFloor, Kotak Towers, Building No.21, Infinity Park, Off: Western Express Highway Goregaon - Mulund Link Road, Malad (East), Mumbai 400097 Phone Number: 18003091490 / 044-40229101 Fax: 6708 2213 e-mail: https://info.kotakmf.com/write-to-us or WhatsApp us by sending us “Hi” at 9321884488. For portfolio valuation, give a missed call to 7039055555
XXIII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Not Applicable
XXIV.	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	Not Applicable.
XXV.	Weblink	Link for Total Expense Ratio (TER) last 6 months, Daily TER as well as - https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/TER Link for scheme factsheet- https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/information

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well-informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Kotak Silver ETF approved by them is a new product offered by Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Date: June 25, 2026

Place: Mumbai

Name: Jolly Bhatt

Designation: Compliance Officer

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Silver and instruments with Silver as underlying that may be specified by SEBI#	95%	100%
Debt & Money Market Instruments including units of Debt oriented Mutual Funds	0%	5%

#The Scheme may also participate in Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs) with Silver as underlying to the extent of 10% of net asset value of the scheme. However, the above limit of 10% shall not be applicable to Silver ETFs where the intention is to take delivery of the physical silver and not to roll over its position to next contract cycle. Such investments shall be made in line with the SEBI regulations as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. Before investing in ETCDs having silver as the underlying, mutual funds shall put in place a written policy with regard to such investment with due approval from the Board of the AMC and the Trustees. The policy shall be reviewed by the Board of AMC and Trustees at least once a year.

The cumulative gross exposure through Silver (including ETCDs with silver as underlying) and Debt & Money Market Instruments and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time, subject to prior approval from SEBI, if required, should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Money Market instruments includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time and subject to regulatory approval.

The scheme may invest upto 5% of net assets in Liquid & Overnight Mutual Fund Schemes without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the management of Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund.

The Scheme does not intend to undertake/ invest/ engage in:

- Repos in corporate debt securities;
- Securities lending & borrowing and short selling;
- Structured obligations and credit enhancements.
- Foreign securities/ADR/GDR;
- Securitised debts;
- Derivatives (except ETCDs);
- Fund of Fund Schemes;
- Credit Default Swaps;
- Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs); and
- Debt instruments with special features as mentioned in Para 5.5.3 of Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026
- The Scheme shall not invest in Unrated debt and money market instruments
- The Scheme shall not invest in Unlisted debt instruments
- The Scheme shall not invest in Bespoke or complex debt products
- The Scheme shall not invest in short selling
- The Scheme shall not engage in inter-scheme transactions

It may be noted that the margin placed for taking exposure to ETCs are generally lower than the ETC exposure limit considered for the purposes of monitoring investment limits and therefore, the residual cash (i.e. ETC exposure less placement of margin towards participation in ETCs) are placed in cash and cash equivalents in the interest of investors. The said placement in cash and cash equivalents shall not be considered as part of the limit of 0% to 5% allocated towards Debt & Money Market Instruments.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Silver and instruments with Silver as underlying	100% of the net assets	Para 4.2 of Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026
2.	Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCs)	Aggregate - Upto 10% of net asset value of the Scheme	Para 4.2.14.a of Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026
3.	Units of Mutual Fund	Upto 5% of net assets in Liquid & Overnight Mutual Fund Schemes	N.A.
4.	Repos in corporate debt securities	The Scheme shall not invest in Repos in Corporate Debt Securities	N.A.
5.	Securities lending & borrowing and short selling	The Scheme Shall not invest in Securities Lending & borrowing and short selling	N.A.
6.	Structured obligations and credit enhancements	The Scheme shall not invest in Structured Obligations and credit enhancements	N.A.
7.	Foreign securities/ADR/GDR	The Scheme shall not invest in Foreign securities/ADR/GDR	N.A.
8.	Securitized debts	The Scheme shall not invest in Securitized debts.	N.A.
9.	Derivatives (except ETCs)	The Scheme shall not invest in Derivatives (except ETCs)	N.A.
10.	Fund of Fund Schemes	The Scheme shall not invest in Fund of Fund Schemes	N.A.
11.	Credit Default Swaps	The Scheme shall not invest in Credit Default Swaps	N.A.
12.	Units of Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs)	The Scheme shall not invest in Units of InvITs	N.A.
13.	Debt instruments with special features as mentioned in Para 5.5.3 of Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026	The Scheme shall not invest in Debt Instruments with Special features.	N.A.

Portfolio Rebalancing:

Pursuant to Para 4.5.5. of SEBI Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, in case of change in constituents of the index due to periodic review, the portfolio of the scheme will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days.

Short term defensive consideration:

Subject to Para 1.9.1(b) of SEBI Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026 and circulars issued thereunder, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change for a short term period on defensive considerations, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. These proportions may vary depending upon the perception of the Fund Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days from the date of deviation and further action may be taken as specified under SEBI Circulars/ AMFI guidelines issued from time to time. In the event of involuntary corporate action, the scheme shall dispose the securities not forming part of the underlying index within 7 days from the date allotment/ listing.

For residual portion of 5% in asset allocation, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the scheme follows certain internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular issuer or sector, etc. within the mentioned restrictions, and these are subject SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars issued thereunder and to review from time to time.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the Regulations, the amount collected under the scheme can be invested in any of the following securities/ instruments, as per the indicative asset allocation given under the heading —How will the Scheme allocate its assets:

1. Silver and Silver-related instrument(s).
2. Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs) with silver as underlying
3. Units of Mutual Fund Schemes;
4. Debt Instruments & Money Market Instruments:
5. Debt obligations of domestic government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee;
6. Short Term Deposits of banks (both public and private sector) and development financial institutions to the extent permissible under SEBI Regulations;
7. Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements;
8. Reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI;
9. Certificate of Deposits (CDs);
10. Commercial Paper (CPs);
11. Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills or repo;

Subject to the Regulations, the securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate returns that are in line with the performance of physical Silver in domestic prices, subject to tracking error.

The Scheme may invest in Silver and Silver related instruments (including derivatives) and intends to track the domestic price of Silver. Investment in Debt securities and money market instruments will be as per the limits in the asset allocation table of the Scheme, subject to permissible limits laid under SEBI (MF) Regulations. Investment in debt securities will be guided by credit quality, liquidity, interest rates and their outlook. The Scheme may also invest in the schemes of Mutual Funds.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio Turnover is a term used to measure the volume of trading that occurs in a Scheme's portfolio during a given time period. The scheme being a passively managed open-ended exchange traded fund, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Hence, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. Generally, turnover will depend upon the extent of purchase and redemption of units and the need to rebalance the portfolio on account of change in the composition, if any, and corporate actions of securities included in the Index. The Scheme has no specific target relating to portfolio turnover.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of Kotak Silver ETF is benchmarked against the Domestic Prices of physical Silver.

The benchmark index is designed to reflect the behaviour and performance of the asset class as per asset allocation of the scheme. The composition of the aforesaid benchmark is such that, it is most suited for comparing the performance of the scheme. The AMC/Trustees may change benchmark in future for measuring performance of the scheme and as per the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Jeetu Valechha Sonar will be the dedicated Fund Manager for the scheme and Mr. Abhishek Bisen will be the Fund Manager for debt securities in the Scheme.

Name	Age	Qualification	Business Experience	Schemes Managed
Mr. Jeetu Valechha Sonar	36 years	P.G.D.M in Finance Management	Mr. Jeetu Valechha Sonar has more than 14 years' experience in Commodity and Equity dealing and advisory. Prior to joining Kotak AMC Limited, he has worked as institutional dealer with Kotak Securities Ltd. and is part of Kotak Group since 2014.	- Kotak BSE Housing Index Fund - Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund - Kotak Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Index Fund - Kotak Nifty Financial Services Ex-Bank Index Fund - Kotak BSE Sensex ETF - Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF - Kotak Nifty 50 ETF - Kotak Nifty 50 Value 20 ETF - Kotak NIFTY 50 Index Fund - Kotak NIFTY Next 50 Index - Kotak Nifty Alpha 50 ETF - Kotak Nifty Bank ETF

				• Kotak Nifty India Consumption ETF • Kotak Nifty IT ETF • Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 ETF • Kotak Nifty Smallcap 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty MNC ETF • Kotak Nifty PSU Bank ETF • Kotak BSE PSU Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 Index Fund • Nifty India Tourism Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 50 Equal Weight Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 100 Equal Weight Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Midcap 150 Momentum 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Smallcap 250 Index Fund • Kotak BSE Sensex Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Commodities Index Fund • Kotak MSCI India ETF • Kotak Nifty 100 Equal Weight ETF • Kotak Nifty Midcap 150 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Midcap 150 ETF • Kotak Nifty Top 10 Equal Weight Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 200 Quality 30 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 200 Quality 30 ETF • Kotak Nifty Alpha 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 200 Momentum 30 ETF • Kotak Nifty Chemicals ETF • Kotak Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF
--	--	--	--	--

				• Kotak Nifty500 Momentum 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Next 50 ETF • Kotak Gold ETF • Kotak Silver ETF • Kotak Gold Fund • Kotak Silver ETF Fund of Fund • Kotak Multi Asset Allocation Fund • Kotak Nifty 200 Value 30 Index Fund • Kotak Chemicals ETF • Kotak Nifty Next 50 ETF
Mr. Abhishek Bisen	46 Years	B A Management, MBA Finance EPAF- IIM-C	Mr. Abhishek Bisen has been associated with the company since October 2006 and his key responsibilities include fund management of debt schemes. Prior to joining Kotak AMC, Abhishek was working with Securities Trading Corporation of India Ltd where he was looking at Sales & Trading of Fixed Income Products apart from doing Portfolio Advisory. His earlier assignments also include 2 years of merchant banking experience with a leading merchant banking firm.	• Kotak Equity Hybrid Fund • Kotak Debt Hybrid Fund • Kotak Bond Fund • Kotak Gilt Fund • Kotak Equity Savings Fund • Kotak Gold Fund • Kotak Multi Asset Allocator Fund of Fund – Dynamic • Kotak Gold ETF • Kotak Balanced Advantage Fund • Kotak NASDAQ 100 FUND OF FUND • Kotak Multicap Fund • Kotak NIFTY Alpha 50 ETF • Kotak NIFTY 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 ETF • KOTAK NIFTY SDL APR 2027 TOP 12 EQUAL WEIGHT INDEX FUND • KOTAK NIFTY SDL APR 2032 TOP 12 EQUAL WEIGHT INDEX FUND • Kotak Manufacture in India Fund • Kotak Nifty India Consumption ETF • Kotak Nifty MNC ETF • Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF

				• Kotak Banking and PSU Debt Fund • Kotak Bond Short Term Fund • Kotak Dynamic Bond Fund • Kotak Business Cycle Fund • Kotak Income Plus Arbitrage FOF • Kotak Nifty SDL JUL 2026 INDEX FUND • Kotak Silver ETF • Kotak Silver ETF Fund of Fund • Kotak Banking and Financial Services Fund • Kotak Nifty SDL JUL 2033 INDEX FUND • Kotak Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Financial Services Ex-Bank Index Fund • Kotak BSE Housing Index Fund • Kotak Quant Fund • Kotak Multi Asset Allocation Fund • KOTAK NIFTY SDL PLUS AAA PSU BOND JUL 2028 60:40 INDEX FUND • Kotak Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF • Kotak Nifty Smallcap 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty G-sec July 2033 Index Fund • Kotak Consumption Fund • Kotak Healthcare Fund • Kotak Technology Fund • Kotak Long Duration Fund • Kotak Nifty AAA Bond Jun 2025 HTM Index Fund • Kotak Nifty India Tourism Index Fund • Kotak CRISIL-IBX AAA Financial Services Index – Sep 2027 Fund.
--	--	--	--	---

				• Kotak Nifty Midcap 150 Momentum 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund • Kotak Special Opportunities Fund • Kotak BSE PSU Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 Index Fund • Kotak MNC Fund • Kotak Transportation & Logistics Fund • Kotak MSCI India ETF • Kotak Nifty 100 Equal Weight ETF • Kotak Nifty Midcap 150 ETF • Kotak Nifty 50 Equal Weight Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 100 Equal Weight Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Smallcap 250 Index Fund • Kotak BSE Sensex Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Commodities Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Midcap 150 Index Fund • Kotak CRISIL-IBX AAA Bond Financial Services Index – Dec 2026 Fund • Kotak Nifty Top 10 Equal Weight Index Fund • Kotak Energy Opportunities Fund • Kotak Nifty 200 Quality 30 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty200 Quality 30 ETF • Kotak Nifty AAA Bond Financial Services Mar 2028 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Chemicals ETF • Kotak Nifty Next 50 ETF
--	--	--	--	--

Name of the Fund Manager	Tenure of Managing the scheme	Tenure in years
Mr. Jeetu Valechha Sonar	09-12-2022	3.22

Mr. Abhishek Bisen	09-12-2022	3.22
--------------------	------------	------

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

The list of existing schemes under ETF are given below:

1. Kotak Nifty 50 ETF
2. Kotak Nifty Alpha 50 ETF
3. Kotak Nifty Bank ETF
4. Kotak BSE Sensex ETF
5. Kotak Nifty 50 Value 20 ETF
6. Kotak Nifty India Consumption ETF
7. Kotak Nifty IT ETF
8. Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 ETF
9. Kotak Nifty MNC ETF
10. Kotak Nifty PSU Bank ETF
11. Kotak Gold ETF
12. Kotak Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF
13. Kotak Silver ETF
14. Kotak MSCI India ETF
15. Kotak Midcap 150 ETF
16. Kotak Nifty 100 Equal Weight ETF
17. Kotak Nifty200 Quality 30 ETF
18. Kotak Nifty200 Momentum 30 ETF
19. Kotak Nifty Next 50 ETF
20. Kotak Nifty Chemicals ETF
21. Kotak Nifty Next 50 ETF

The detailed comparative table will be available in the given link: <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

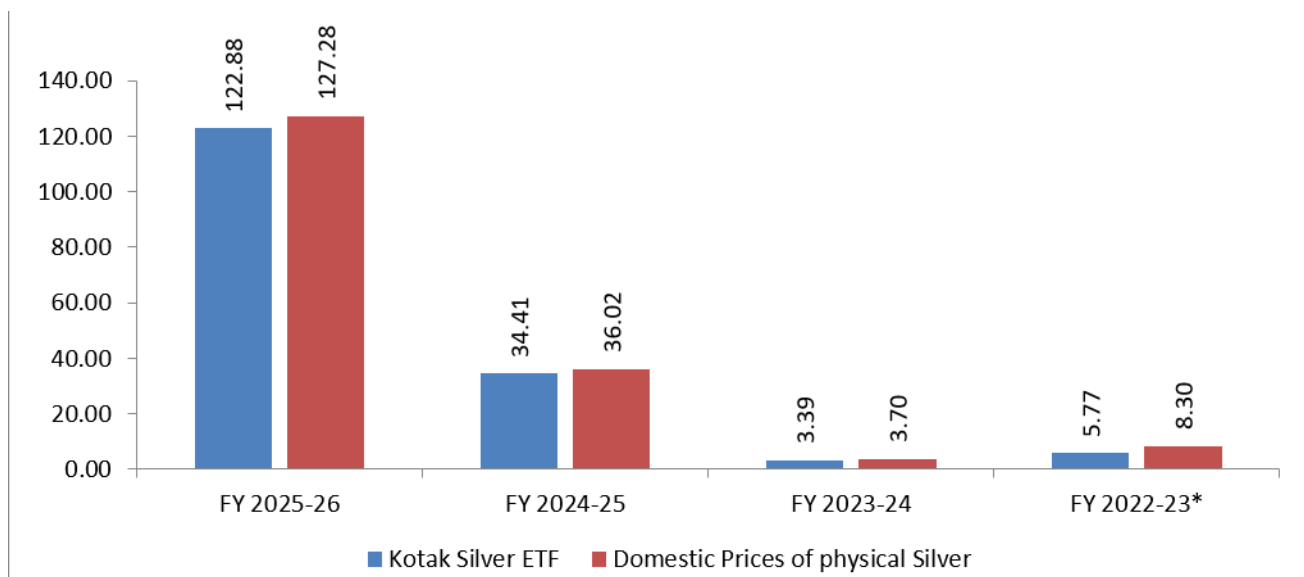
G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance of the scheme as on May 31, 2026

Compounded Annualized Growth Rate	Kotak Silver ETF	Domestic Prices of physical Silver
Returns Since Inception	46.49%	49.04%
Returns for the last 1 year	165.75%	171.56%
Returns for the last 3 years	52.98%	54.93%

Since Inception Date is November 09, 2022. Past Performance may or may not be Sustained in future.

Absolute Returns (%) for each financial year for the last 5 years



Since Inception Date is November 09, 2022. Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. **Scheme's portfolio holdings:** Top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation will be available in the given link – <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>
- ii. **Disclosure of name and exposure to top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme** will be available in the given link - <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/etfcommunication>
- iii. **Portfolio Disclosure** – The detailed portfolio and related disclosures for the scheme please refer our website - <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/information>
- iv. **Functional website link to the respective addendums to the SID after the last update of SID:** <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure>
- v. **Portfolio Turnover Rate:** 71:36 (As on May 31, 2026)
- vi. **Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned Fund Manager:** Not Applicable
For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.
- vii. **Investments of AMC in the Scheme:**

The AMC may invest in the Scheme subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Under the Regulations, the AMC is not permitted to charge any investment management and advisory services fee on its own investment in the Scheme.

Pursuant to Regulation 22(3)(a) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026 and para 7.13.3 of SEBI Master circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20,

2026HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, AMC shall not be required to invest minimum amount as a percentage of AUM in the Scheme.

Details of Investments of AMC in the Scheme will be available in the given link. – Not Applicable

Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The AMC shall compute NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date.

The AMC shall value its investments according to the valuation norms (Valuation Policy includes computation of NAV in case of investment in foreign securities), as specified in the Seventh Schedule of the Regulations, or such guidelines / recommendations as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. The broad valuation norms are detailed in the Statement of Additional Information.

NAV of Units under the Scheme will be calculated as shown below:

NAV =	Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments	+	Current assets including Accrued Income	-	Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses
	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.				

As per para 9.2.3 of SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, all expenses and incomes accrued upto the date of valuation shall be incorporated into the computation of net asset value. For this purpose, while major expenses like management fees and other periodic expenses shall be accrued on a day-to-day basis, other minor expenses and income need not be so accrued, provided the non-accrual does not affect the NAV calculations by more than 1%.

As per para 9.2.4 of SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, any changes in securities and in the number of units be recorded in the books of accounts no later than the first valuation date following the date of the transaction. If this is not possible given the frequency of the NAV disclosure, the recording may be delayed upto a period of 7 calendar days following the date of the transaction, provided that as a result of the non-recording, the NAV calculations shall not be affected by more than 1%.

As per para 9.2.5 of SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, in case the NAV of a scheme differs by more than 1%, due to nonrecording of the transactions, the investors or scheme/s as the case may be, shall be paid the difference in amount as follows:

- If the investors are allotted units at a price higher than NAV or are given a price lower than NAV at the time of sale of their units, they shall be paid the difference in amount by the scheme.
- If the investors are charged lower NAV at the time of purchase of their units or are given higher NAV at the time of sale of their units, asset management company shall pay the difference in amount to the scheme. The AMC may recover the difference from the investors.

NAV for the Scheme and the repurchase prices of the Units will be calculated and announced at the close of each Business Day. The NAV shall be computed upto four decimals.

INAV = Indicative NAV or INAV reflects the indicative value of each unit by valuing the previous day portfolio using real time prices. A measure of the intraday net asset value (NAV) of an investment, which gives an updated measure of the value of the investment based on its assets less its liabilities. An investment's NAV is usually calculated at the end of the trading day, but the indicative NAV measure gives a more real-time view of this value.

Illustration for Computation of NAV:

NAV=	Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments	+	Current assets including Accrued Income	-	Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses	
	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.					
10.109=	10,01,00,000.00	+	10,00,000.00	-	10,000.00	10,10,90,000.00
			1,00,00,000.00			1,00,00,000.00

As required under the Regulations, the asset management company shall ensure that exit load of an open ended mutual fund scheme shall not exceed three per cent of the Net Asset Value of the scheme.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

The New Fund Offer expenses of the scheme were borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below.

The AMC has estimated that upto 0.90 % daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund viz. www.kotakmf.com

As per Regulation 67 of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026, the total of all expenses charged to the investors of the scheme, shall be total of expense charged within the base limit specified under sub-regulation 7 of regulation 66, brokerage cost permitted under sub regulation 9 of regulation 66, transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade as referred under sub-regulation 10 of regulation 66, and statutory levies.

Base Expense Ratio (Regulation 66(7)): In accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026, the base expense ratio charged to the scheme shall be 0.90% of the scheme's daily net assets.

Total Expense Ratio for the scheme

Expense Head	% p.a. of daily Net Assets* (Estimated p.a.)
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 0.90%
Audit fees/fees and expenses of trustees	
Custodial Fees	

Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements / IDCW / redemption cheques/ warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including fees, commission and charges towards distribution of mutual fund schemes	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost towards investor education, awareness and financial inclusion (5% of total TER charged to direct plans, subject to maximum of 0.5 bps of AUM)	
Brokerage & transaction cost pertaining execution of trade	
Cost of statutory advertisements	
Other Expenses (to be specified as per Reg 66 of SEBI MF Regulations)	
Maximum Base expenses ratio (BER) permissible under Regulation 66	Upto 0.90 %
Brokerage cost as referred under sub-regulation 9 of regulation 66	Upto 6 bps and 2 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively.
Transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade as referred under sub-regulation 10 of regulation 66	As Applicable
Statutory levies @ (including GST) on all expenses excluding brokerage and transaction cost	As applicable
Statutory levies @ (including GST) on brokerage and transaction cost	As applicable

@ As per Regulation 2(yy), statutory levy means imposed by state government and central government such as GST, STT, Stamp duty etc.

As per Para 11.9 of SEBI Master circular no HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, AMCs shall annually set apart 1bps for investor education, awareness and financial inclusion initiatives.

Brokerage cost as referred under sub-regulation 9 of regulation 66

The following brokerage cost may be charged to the scheme under Regulation 66(9), -

- Brokerage cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade shall be charged to the scheme over and above base expenses ratio (a) upto 6 bps and 2 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage costs, over and above the said 6 bps and 2 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively shall be part of the base expense ratio limit specified under Regulation 66(7).

Transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade as referred under sub-regulation 10 of regulation 66:

Transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade namely regulatory levies and any other expenses charged by the stock exchanges, clearing corporation, and clearing house, as applicable shall be charged to scheme over and above base total expenses ratio prescribed in Regulation 66(7)

Statutory Levies charge to Investors

All Statutory levies imposed by state government and central government shall be charged to the scheme in addition to the maximum limit of BER as prescribed in Regulation 66(7)

No charges other than the base expense ratio, brokerage cost, transaction cost, statutory levy and exit load including levies as may be specified by the Board, shall be charged to the investors.

TER for the Segregated Portfolio

1. AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in segregated portfolio.
2. The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence.
3. The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. However, the same shall be within the maximum TER limit as applicable to the main portfolio. The legal charges in excess of the TER limits, if any, shall be borne by the AMC.

The costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns:

Particulars	NAV p.u. in Rs.	%
Subscription received on March 31, 2024 (A)	100.00	-
Value of Subscribed Amount before expenses as on March 31, 2025(B)	112.25	-
Expense charged by the scheme (C)	1.06	0.09%
Value of Subscribed Amount as on March 31, 2025 (Net of expenses charged) (D)	111.19	-
Net Return to investors (E) (E=D-A)	11.19	11.19%

Illustration is given to understand the impact of expense ratio on a scheme return and this should not be construed as an indicative return of the scheme

The aforesaid estimates are made in good faith by the Investment Manager and are subject to change inter se among the various heads of expenses and between the Plans. It may also be noted that the total expenses of the Plans will also be subject to change within the overall limits of expenses under Regulation 67. Actual expenses under any head and / or the total expenses may be more or less than the estimates. The Investment Manager retains the right to charge the actual expenses to the scheme, however the expenses charged will not exceed the statutory limit prescribed by the Regulations. There will be no sub limit on management fee, and it shall be within the overall TER specified above.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of www.kotakmf.com or may call at 18003091490 or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % age of NAV)
Exit	Nil

* In terms of Para 11.7. of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, no entry load will be charged on purchase / additional purchase / switch-in. The commission as specified in aforesaid circular, if any, on investment made by the investor shall be paid by the investor directly to the Distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor.

** Any exit load charged (net off Goods and Services tax, if any) shall be credited back to the Scheme.

Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only. For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres. In case of changes in load structure the addendum carrying the latest applicable load structure shall be attached to all KIM and SID already in stock till it is updated.

Investors may obtain information on loads on any Business Day by calling the office of the AMC or any of the Investor Service Centers. Information on applicability of loads will also be provided in the Account Statement.

As required under the Regulations, the asset management company shall ensure that exit load of an open-ended mutual fund scheme shall not exceed three per cent of the Net Asset Value of the scheme.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

SECTION II

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Definitions/interpretation

The details detailed definitions/ interpretations refer to the link on website of the mutual fund viz. <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

B. Risk factors

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

The Scheme is subject to the specific risks that may adversely affect the Scheme's NAV, return and / or ability to meet its investment objective. The specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Risk factors associated with investing in Silver and Silver related instruments:

- **Absence of Prior Active Market:** Although the units of Kotak Silver ETFs are listed on the Stock Exchange for trading, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained.
- **Lack of Market Liquidity:** Trading in units of Kotak Silver ETFs on the Stock Exchange on which it is listed may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the concerned Stock Exchange or Market Regulator, trading in the ETF Units is inadvisable. In addition, trading in the units of ETFs is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to 'circuit breaker' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the concerned Stock Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the units of ETFs will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
- **Units of Exchange Traded Funds May Trade at Prices Other than NAV:** Units of Kotak Silver ETF's may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of Units of Kotak Silver ETF's may fluctuate with changes in the market value of a Scheme's holdings. The trading prices of units of Kotak Silver ETF's will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAVs as well as market supply and demand. However, given that Kotak Silver ETFs can be created / redeemed in Creation Units, directly with the fund, large discounts or premiums to the NAVs will not sustain due to arbitrage possibility available.
- **Political Risks:** Whereas the Indian market was formerly restrictive, a process of deregulation has been taking place over recent years. This process has involved removal of trade barriers and protectionist measures, which could adversely affect the value of investments. It is possible that the future changes in the Indian political situation, including political, social or economic instability, diplomatic developments and changes in laws and regulations could have an effect on the value of investments. Expropriation, confiscatory taxation or other relevant developments could affect the value of investments.
- **Market Risk:** The value of the Units relates directly to the value of the Silver held by the Scheme and fluctuations in the price of Silver could adversely affect investment value of the Units. The factors that may effect the price of Silver, inter-alia, include economic and political developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in bullion prices, exchange rates, inflation trends, market movements, etc.
- **Currency Risk:** The formula for determining NAV of the Units is based on the imported (landed) value of Silver. The landed value of Silver is computed by multiplying international market price by US dollar value. The value of Silver or NAV, therefore will depend upon the conversion value of US dollar into Indian rupee and attracts all the risks attached to such conversion.
- **Counter party Risk:** There is no Exchange for physical Silver in India. The Scheme may have to buy or sell Silver from the open market, which may lead to counter party risks for the Scheme for trading and settlement.

- **Asset Class Risk:** The returns from physical Silver in which the Scheme invests may underperform returns from other securities or asset classes. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under performance in comparison of the general securities markets.
- **Physical Silver:** There is a risk that part or all of the Scheme's Silver could be lost, damaged or stolen. Access to the Scheme's Silver could also be restricted by natural events or human actions. Any of these actions may have adverse impact on the operations of the Scheme and consequently on investment / redemption in Units.
- **Liquidity Risk:** The Scheme may retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalents for its day-to-day liquidity requirements. The Scheme has to sell Silver only to bullion bankers / traders who are authorized to buy Silver. Though, there are adequate numbers of players (commercial or bullion bankers) to whom the Scheme can sell Silver, the Scheme may have to resort to distress sale of Silver if there is no or low demand for Silver to meet its cash needs of redemption or expenses.
- **Right to Limit Redemptions:** The Trustee, in general interest of the Unit holders of the Scheme offered under this Scheme Information Document and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances / unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units, which can be redeemed on any Business Day.
- **Regulatory Risk:** Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Market Makers to arbitrage resulting into wider premium / discount to NAV. Any changes in the regulations relating to import and export of Silver or Silver jewellery (including customs duty, sales tax and any such other statutory levies) may affect the ability of the Scheme to buy / sell Silver against the purchase and redemption requests received. Although Kotak Silver ETF is proposed to be listed on Exchange, the AMC and the Trustees will not be liable for delay in listing of Units of the Scheme on Exchange / or due to connectivity problems with the depositories due to the occurrence of any event beyond their control.
- **Passive Investments:** The Scheme is not actively managed. The performance of the Scheme may be affected by a general price decline in the Silver prices. The Scheme invests in the physical Silver regardless of their investment merit. The AMC does not attempt to take defensive positions in declining markets. Further, the fund manager does not make any judgment about the investment merit nor shall attempt to apply any economic, financial or market analysis.
- **Indirect taxation:** For the valuation of Silver by the Scheme, indirect taxes like customs duty, VAT, etc. would also be considered. Hence, any change in the rates of indirect taxation / applicable taxes would affect the valuation of the Scheme.
- **Operational Risk:** Silver Exchange Traded Funds (SETFs) are relatively new products and their value could decrease if unanticipated operational or trading problems arise. In addition, investors should be aware that there is no assurance that Silver will maintain its long-term value in terms of purchasing power. In the event that the price of Silver declines, the value of investment in Units is expected to decline proportionately.
- **Redemption Risk:** Though this is an open-ended scheme, the Scheme would ordinarily repurchase Units in Creation Unit Size. Thus unit holdings less than the Creation Unit size can normally only be sold through the secondary market unless no quotes are available on the Exchange for 3 trading days consecutively. Further, the price received upon the redemption of Units of the Scheme may be less than the value of the Silver represented by them.
- A day on which valuation on London Bullion Market Association (LBMA) is not available shall not be a Business day and hence NAV for the said day shall not be available to the Investors.
- Investments by the Scheme are subject to availability of Silver. If favorable investment opportunities do not exist or opportunities have notably diminished, the scheme may suspend accepting fresh subscriptions.
- Performance of the Scheme may be affected by political, social and economic developments, which may include changes in government policies, diplomatic conditions, taxation and other policies.
- NAV of the Scheme is dependent on valuation of silver. Silver has to be valued based on the formula prescribed by SEBI. NAV so computed may vary from the price of silver in the domestic market.
- **Custody risk:** There is a risk that part or all of the physical silver belonging to the Scheme could be lost, damaged or stolen. In order to ensure safety, the said silver will be stored with custodian in its vaults. In order to mitigate the risks associated with handling, storing and safekeeping of physical silver necessary insurance covers are taken by custodians.

- **Tracking Error:** Factors such as the fees and expenses of the Scheme, cash balance, changes to the Underlying assets and regulatory policies may affect AMC's ability to achieve close correlation with the Underlying assets of the scheme. The Scheme's returns may therefore deviate from those of its Underlying assets. The tracking error i.e. the annualized standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between physical silver and the NAV of Silver ETF based on past one year rolling over data shall not exceed 2%. In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure which are beyond the control of the AMCs, the tracking error may exceed 2%, for which approval of Board of AMC and Trustees shall be taken and the same shall prominently be disclosed on the website of the AMC. Due to the Creation / Redemption of units through the in-kind mechanism the fund can keep lesser funds in cash. Also, time lag between buying / selling units and the underlying silver is much lower. AMC would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible. However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error relative to performance of the Underlying Index.

2. Risk Factors Associated with Investments in Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs)

- An exchange traded commodity derivative is a derivative instrument that mimics the price movements of an underlying commodity, allowing an investor exposure to the commodity without physical purchase.
- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of investment strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager(s) to identify such opportunities which may always not be available. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager(s) involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager(s) may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager(s) will be able to identify or execute such strategies.
- **Liquidity Risk:** While ETCDs that are listed on an exchange carry lower liquidity risk, the ability to sell these contracts is limited by the overall trading volume on the exchanges. The liquidity of the Schemes' investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes of the ETCD contracts in which it invests. Additionally, change in margin requirements or intervention by government agencies to reduce overall volatility in the underlying commodity could lead to adverse impact on the liquidity of the ETCD.
- **Price risk:** ETCDs are leveraged instruments hence, a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value. Also, the market for ETCDs is nascent in India hence, arbitrages can occur between the price of the physical commodity and the ETCD, due to a variety of reasons such as technical issues and volatile movement in the price of the physical good. This can result in mispricing and improper valuation of investment decisions as it can be difficult to ascertain the amount of the arbitrage.
- **Settlement risk:** ETCDs can be settled either through the exchange or physically. The inability to sell ETCDs held in the Schemes' portfolio in the exchanges due to the extraneous factors may impact liquidity and would result in losses, at times, in case of adverse price movement. Wherein the underlying commodity is physically delivered in order to settle the derivative contract, such settlement could get impacted due to various issues, such as logistics, Government policy for trading in such commodities etc. The possible lack of a liquid secondary market for a futures contract or listed option may result in inability to close futures or listed option positions prior to their maturity date.
- If the Commodities futures position passes its last square off date or the 'Intention' is missed to be provided before the Delivery Intention period, the buyer or the seller will be allocated delivery of the commodity. Thus, there emerges a risk of holding goods in physical form at the warehouses. Though the commodity is inclusive of insurance cost, there is a small deductible in each claim which is not payable by the Insurance company.
- **Capital Gains Impact:** Investors who trade in Kotak Silver ETF may be subject to Long Term Capital Gains or Short-Term Capital Gains. Investors are requested to consult their tax / legal consultants before investing in the scheme. The Fund may have to sell silver to meet recurring expenses due to which underlying assets may deplete to that extent.
- The NAV of the units is determined based on the formula for valuation of silver prescribed by SEBI whereas the actual price of silver in the market may be different from the value of silver arrived at, based on the prescribed formula. This may lead to extreme conditions like NAV being far too different from the domestic

market price of silver. In such extreme conditions, the trustees reserve the right to delay or suspend the redemption of units.

- The units will be issued only in demat form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of units available to the credit of unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of units by the mutual fund depend up on the confirmations to be received from depository (ies) on which the mutual fund has no control.

Risks associated with Debt / Money Markets (i.e. Markets in which Interest-bearing Securities or Discounted Instruments are traded)

a) Credit Risk:

Securities carry a Credit risk of repayment of principal or interest by the borrower. This risk depends on micro-economic factors such as financial soundness and ability of the borrower as also macro-economic factors such as Industry performance, Competition from Imports, Competitiveness of Exports, Input costs, Trade barriers, Favourability of Foreign Currency conversion rates, etc.

Credit risks of most issuers of Debt securities are rated by Independent and professionally run rating agencies. Ratings of Credit issued by these agencies typically range from "AAA" (read as "Triple A" denoting "Highest Safety") to "D" (denoting "Default"), with about 6 distinct ratings between the two extremes.

The highest credit rating (i.e. lowest credit risk) commands a low yield for the borrower. Conversely, the lowest credit rated borrower can raise funds at a relatively higher cost. On account of a higher credit risk for lower rated borrowers lenders prefer higher rated instruments further justifying the lower yields.

b) Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk:

From the perspective of coupon rates, Debt securities can be classified in two categories, i.e., Fixed Income bearing Securities and Floating Rate Securities. In Fixed Income Bearing Securities, the Coupon rate is determined at the time of investment and paid/received at the predetermined frequency. In the Floating Rate Securities, on the other hand, the coupon rate changes - 'floats' - with the underlying benchmark rate, e.g., MIBOR, 1 yr. Treasury Bill.

Fixed Income Securities (such as Government Securities, bonds, debentures and money market instruments) where a fixed return is offered, run price-risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, the payment-frequency of such coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The prices of Government Securities (existing and new) will be influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system. Whereas, in the case of corporate or institutional fixed income securities, such as bonds or debentures, prices are influenced not only by the change in interest rates but also by credit rating of the security and liquidity thereof. However, debt securities in the scheme are intended to be held till maturity. For such securities held till maturity, there will not be any interest rate risk at the end of the tenure.

Floating rate securities issued by a government (coupon linked to treasury bill benchmark or a real return inflation linked bond) have the least sensitivity to interest rate movements, as compared to other securities. The Government of India has already issued a few such securities and the Investment Manager believes that such securities may become available in future as well. These securities can play an important role in minimizing interest rate risk on a portfolio.

c) Risk of Rating Migration:

The following table illustrates the impact of change of rating (credit worthiness) on the price of a hypothetical AA rated security with a maturity period of 3 years, a coupon of 10.00% p.a. and a market value of Rs. 100. If it is downgraded to A category, which commands a market yield of, say, 11.00% p.a., its market value would drop to Rs. 97.53 (i.e. 2.47%) If the security is up-graded to AAA category which commands a market yield of, say, 9.00%

p.a. its market value would increase to Rs102.51 (i.e. by 2.51%). The figures shown in the table are only indicative and are intended to demonstrate how the price of a security can be affected by change in credit rating.

Rating	Yield (% p.a.)	Market Value (Rs.)
AA	10.00	100.00
If upgraded to AAA	9.00	102.51
If downgraded to A	11.00	97.53

d) Basis Risk:

During the life of floating rate security or a swap the underlying benchmark index may become less active and may not capture the actual movement in the interest rates or at times the benchmark may cease to exist. These types of events may result in loss of value in the portfolio. Where swaps are used to hedge an underlying fixed income security, basis risk could arise when the fixed income yield curve moves differently from that of the swap benchmark curve.

e) Spread Risk:

In a floating rate security, the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. However, depending upon the market conditions the spreads may move adversely or favorably leading to fluctuation in NAV.

f) Reinvestment Risk:

Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

g) Liquidity Risk:

The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-a- vis the government securities market. There could therefore be difficulties in exiting from corporate bonds in times of uncertainties. Liquidity in a scheme therefore may suffer. Even though the Government Securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through. In view of this, redemption may be limited or suspended after approval from the Boards of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee, under certain circumstances as described in the Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

Risk associated with investment in Government securities and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills:

- The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counter party risks considerably for transactions in the said segments.
- The members are required to contribute towards margin obligation (Initial / Mark to Market etc.) as per bye-laws of CCIL as also an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in discharging their obligation. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members as determined by CCIL.
- Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

- CCIL maintains two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/ default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time realisable value is recovered.
- Security comprising of segregated portfolio may realise lower value or may realise zero value.
- Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

C. Risk mitigation strategies

Type of Risks	Measures/ Strategies to control risks
Debt and Money Market instruments	• Credit Risk: Management analysis will be used for identifying company specific risks. Management's past track record will also be studied. In order to assess financial risk a detailed assessment of the issuer's financial statements will be undertaken. • Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the price volatility due to interest rate changes generally associated with long-term securities. • Risk of Rating Migration: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the risk of rating migration generally associated with long-term securities • Basis Risk: The debt allocation of scheme is primarily as a cash management strategy and such strategy returns are expected to reflect the very short term interest rate hence investment is done in short term debt and money market instruments. • Spread Risk: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the risk of spread expansion which is generally associated with long-term securities

	- Reinvestment Risk: The debt allocation of scheme is primarily as a cash management strategy and such strategy returns are expected to reflect the very short-term interest rate hence investment is done in short term debt and money market instruments. Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the overall portfolio value. - Liquidity Risk: The Scheme may, however, endeavour to minimize liquidity risk by primarily investing the debt portion of the portfolio in relatively liquid short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes.
Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCD)	Investment in commodity has an inherent market risk in terms of volatility, which cannot be mitigated generally. However, SEBI has allowed participation in ETCDs only which likely to have enough liquidity in the market. The settlement risk shall be mitigated by ensuring that the trade positions do not fall in delivery mode. However, as mutual fund schemes participating in ETCDs may hold the underlying goods in case of physical settlement of contracts, such goods shall be disposed of from the books of the scheme, at the earliest, not exceeding the timeline prescribed under the Regulations.
Government securities and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills:	As a member of securities segment and Triparty repo segment, maintenance of sufficient margin is a mandatory requirement. CCIL monitors these on a real time basis and requests the participants to provide sufficient margin to enable the trades etc. Also, there are stringent conditions / requirements before registering any participants by CCIL in these segments. Since settlement is guaranteed the loss on this account could be minimal though there could be an opportunity loss.
Units of mutual fund schemes	Mutual Fund portfolios are generally well diversified and typically endeavour to provide liquidity on a T+1/T+2 basis and aim to mitigate any risks arising out of underlying investments. Commodity ETF's are quite liquid as they can either be created / redeemed with the fund house or traded on the exchange.
Tracking errors	Over a short period, the Scheme may carry the risk of variance between portfolio composition and Benchmark. The objective of the Scheme is to closely track the performance of physical silver prices over the same period, subject to tracking error. The Scheme would endeavour to maintain a low tracking error by actively aligning the portfolio in line with the Index.

While these measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

The measures mention above is based on current market conditions and may change from time to time based on changes in such conditions, regulatory changes and other relevant factors. Accordingly, our investment strategy, risk mitigation measures and other information contained herein may change.in response to the same.

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME:

A. Where will the scheme invest?

Securities/ Instruments	Definitions
Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)	Government Security (G-Sec) is a tradeable instrument issued by the Central Government or the State Governments. It acknowledges the Government's debt obligation. They are generally long term with maturity of one year or more. In India, the Central Government issues both, treasury bills and bonds or dated securities while the State Governments issue only bonds or dated securities, which are called the State Development Loans (SDLs). G-Secs carry practically no risk of default and, hence, are called risk-free gilt-edged instruments. Repos / Reverse Repos enables collateralized short term borrowing and lending through sale/purchase operations in the such government securities.
Debt obligations of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee (including but not limited to Indian Government Bond, State Development Loans issued and serviced at the Public Debt Office, Bonds issued by Central & State Government PSU's which are guaranteed by Central or State Governments);	These are instruments are issued by various government agencies and bodies (including but not limited to Indian Government Bond, State Development Loans issued and serviced at the Public Debt Office, Bonds issued by Central & State Government PSU's which are guaranteed by Central or State Governments. They can be issued at discount, par or premium.
Short Term Deposits of banks (both public and private sector) and development financial institutions to the extent permissible under SEBI Regulations;	Short Term Deposits are offered by Scheduled Commercial Banks (both public and private sector banks) with a fixed/floating interest rate and maturity date.
Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year but not limited to: • Certificate of Deposits (CDs). • Commercial Paper (CPs) • Tri-party Repo, Bills re-discounting, as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time. Repo of corporate debt securities	• "Certificate of Deposit" or "CD" is issued by Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) and All-India Financial Institutions. There is a term period of 7 days to 1 year for CDs that are issued by SCBs, whereas the term period ranges from 1 year to 3 years for CDs issued by financial institutions. CDs are usually issued at a discounted rate and redeemed at par. • "Commercial Paper" or "CP" is a short-term instrument issued by corporates and financial institutions CPs are usually issued at a discounted rate and redeemed at par. The tenor of CP ranges from 7 days to 1 year. • Treasury bills or T-bills, which are money market instruments, are short term debt instruments issued by the

	Government of India and are presently issued in three tenors, namely, 91-day, 182 day and 364 day. Treasury bills are zero coupon securities and pay no interest. Instead, they are issued at a discount and redeemed at the face value at maturity. • Triparty Repo (TREPS) is a type of repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction. • Repos / Reverse Repos enables collateralized short term borrowing and lending through sale/purchase operations in debt instruments (including corporate bonds). • Bills Re-discounting is an instrument where a financial institution discounts the bills of exchange that it has discounted previously with another financial institution.
Units of Mutual Funds Schemes	Mutual fund means a fund established in the form of a trust to raise monies through the sale of units to the public or a section of the public under one or more schemes for investing in securities, money market instruments, silver or Silver related instruments, silver or silver related instruments, real estate assets and such other assets and instruments as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time:

B. What are the investment restrictions?

As per the Trust Deed read with the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the following investment restrictions apply in respect of the Scheme at the time of making investments.

1. As per para 13.1 of SEBI Master circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026, dated March 20, 2026, the Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company.

Within the limits specified in para 13.1 of SEBI Master circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026, dated March 20, 2026, a mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:

- 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA issued by a single issuer; or
- 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA issued by a single issuer; or
- 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in para 13.1 of SEBI Master circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026, dated March 20, 2026.

The long-term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long-term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of Credit Rating Agency (CRAs) between short term and long-term ratings, the most conservative long-term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills.

Provided further that investments within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in case of debt exchange traded funds or such other funds as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

Considering the nature of the Scheme, investments in such instruments will be permitted up to 5% of its Net Assets.

2. Investment in ETCDs having silver as the underlying by Silver ETFs will be subject to following conditions:

- (i) The exposure to ETCDs having silver as the underlying shall not exceed 10% of net asset value of the scheme. However, the above limit of 10% shall not be applicable to Silver ETFs where the intention is to take delivery of the physical silver and not to roll over its position to next contract cycle.
- (ii) Before investing in ETCDs having silver as the underlying, mutual funds shall put in place a written policy with regard to such investment with due approval from the Board of the AMC and the Trustees. The policy shall be reviewed by the Board of AMC and Trustees at least once a year.
- (iii) The cumulative gross exposure of Silver ETFs shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.
- (iv) No mutual fund scheme shall have net short positions in ETCDs on any particular good, considering its positions in physical goods as well as ETCDs, at any point of time.

3. The Scheme may invest in another scheme under the same AMC or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same AMC or in schemes under the management of any other asset management shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mutual Fund.

4. The Scheme shall not make any investments in:

- (a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsors; or
- (b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsors; or
- (c) the listed securities of group companies of the Sponsors which is in excess of 25% of the net assets except for investments by equity oriented ETFs and index funds based on widely tracked and non-bespoke indices, wherein the investments shall be the weightage of the constituents of the underlying index, shall be subject to an overall cap of 35% of net asset value of the scheme, in the group companies of the sponsor in accordance with the clause 13.1 of SEBI Master circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026.

5. The Scheme shall not invest in any Fund of Funds Scheme.

6. Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund, shall be allowed only if:

- a) such transfers are made at the prevailing market price for quoted Securities on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by Stock Exchange for spot transactions.)
- b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- c) the same are in line with Para 13.19 of SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026

7. The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell physical silver/securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

- Provided further that the Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI.
- Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

8. No loans for any purpose may be advanced by the Mutual Fund and the Mutual Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Schemes for the purpose of payment of interest to Unit Holders, provided that the Mutual Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of each of the Schemes and the duration of such borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.

10. The mutual fund shall get the securities purchased / transferred in the name of the fund on account of the concerned scheme, where investments are intended to be of long-term nature.

11. Pending deployment of funds of a scheme in terms of investment objectives of the scheme, a mutual fund may invest them in short term deposits of schedule commercial banks, subject to Para 13.7 and 5.6 of SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, as may be amended from time to time. The AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in such short-term deposits of scheduled commercial banks for the scheme.

12. In accordance with the guidelines as stated under Para 5.4 of SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, investments in following instruments as specified in the said circular, as may be amended from time to time, shall be applicable:

i. All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.

ii. The scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instrument and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging.

iii. Further, investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the conditions as specified in the said circular:

- a. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 2026 and various circulars issued thereunder.
- b. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
- c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.

The Scheme shall endeavour to follow the guidelines prescribed under para 4.3 and 4.5 of SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026 and circular issued thereunder from time to time.

These investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of investment. Changes, if any, do not have to be affected merely because, owing to appreciations or depreciations in value, or by reason of the receipt of any rights, bonuses or benefits in the nature of capital or of any Schemes of arrangement or for amalgamation, reconstruction or exchange, or at any repayment or redemption or other reason outside the control of the Fund, any such limits would thereby be breached. If these limits are exceeded for reasons beyond its control, AMC shall as soon as possible take appropriate corrective action, taking into account the interests of the Unit holders.

In addition, certain investment parameters may be adopted internally by AMC, and amended from time to time, to ensure appropriate diversification / security for the Fund. The Trustee Company / AMC may alter these above stated limitations from time to time, and also to the extent the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for Mutual Funds to achieve its investment objective. As such all investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026.

The AMC may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the SEBI (MF) Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective. The Trustee may from time to time alter these restrictions in conformity with the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

Modifications, if any, in the Investment Restrictions on account of amendments to the Regulations shall supercede/ override the provisions of the Trust Deed.

C. Fundamental Attributes

As per para 1.9 of SEBI Master circular no. SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, the following are the fundamental attributes of the schemes, in terms of Regulation 22(9)(c) of SEBI(MF) Regulations:

- (i) Type of the scheme: As mentioned under the heading “Scheme Type” of Part I – Sr. No. III
- (ii) Investment Objective: As mentioned under the heading “Investment Objective” of Part I – Sr. No. V
- (iii) Investment Pattern: As mentioned under the heading “How will the scheme allocate its assets” of Part II - A
- (iv) Terms of Issue:
 - Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption. Investors may refer Part I and Section II under ‘Other Scheme Specific Disclosures’ for detailed information on listing, repurchase and redemption.
 - Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme. Investors may refer Part III ‘Other Details’.
 - Any safety net or guarantee provided – Not Applicable.

In accordance with Regulation 22(9)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026 and Paragraph 1.9.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication (including digital modes such as email/sms etc.) about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and details as specified by the Board are appropriately displayed on the website of the AMC; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing NAV without any exit load.

D. Index Methodology: Not Applicable

E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers

Performance based incentives as and when offered to market maker, shall be disclosed as per SEBI Circular. The same shall be charged within the permissible TER limit.

F. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of units	Listing: The units of the Scheme are listed on NSE on allotment under intimation to SEBI. It may also list on any other exchanges subsequently. AMC has proposed to engage MM for creating liquidity for ETFs in the stock exchange so that retail investors (investors other than MM and Large Investors) are able to buy or redeem units on the stock exchange using the services of a stockbroker. Transfer of Units: Not Applicable
Dematerialization of units	1. Units of the Scheme will be available in Dematerialized (electronic) form in addition to the account statement. 2. The applicant under the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the Depository Participants (DP's) name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant. 3. Units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized form.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	Not Applicable since it is an ongoing scheme.
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable since it is an ongoing scheme.
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	The Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment. The AMC/Trustee reserve the right to introduce Option(s) as may be deemed appropriate at a later date.
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfilment of any regulatory requirements, fulfilment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC and subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars issued thereunder from time to time. Allotment of units and dispatch of allotment advice to FPI will be subject to RBI approval if required. Investors who have applied in non-depository mode will be entitled to receive the account statement of units within 5

	Business Days of the closure of the NFO Period (since the investor can transact only through the exchange after NFO period, they need to convert the units in demat form). For applicants applying through the ASBA mode, on intimation of allotment by CAMS to the banker the investors account shall be debited to the extent of the amount due thereon. On allotment, units will be credited to the Investor's demat account as specified in the ASBA application form. The Units of the Scheme held in the dematerialised form will be fully and freely transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 as may be amended from time to time and as stated in Regulation 35 of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 2026 read with Para 15.2 of SEBI Master Circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP. Also, when a person becomes a holder of the units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge, then the AMC shall, subject to production/submission of such satisfactory evidence, which in its opinion is sufficient, effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the units.
Refund	If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	The following are eligible to apply for purchase of the Units: • Resident Indian Adult Individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three). • Parents/Lawful guardians on behalf of Minors. • Companies, corporate bodies, registered in India. • Registered Societies and Co-operative Societies authorised to invest in such Units. • Public sector undertakings, public/Statutory corporations subject to general or specific permissions granted to them by the Central/State governments from time to time. • Religious and Charitable Trusts under the provisions of 11(5) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. • Trustees of private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds. • Partner(s) of Partnership Firms. • Association of Persons or Body of Individuals, whether incorporated or not. • Hindu Undivided Families (HUFs). • Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions.

	• Non-Resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin resident abroad (NRIs) on full repatriation or non-repatriation basis. • Other Mutual Funds registered with SEBI. • International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India. • Army/Navy/Air Force, Para-Military Units and other eligible institutions. • Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations. • Provident/Pension/Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest. • Public Financial Institution as defined under the Companies Act 2013. • Universities and Educational Institutions. • Other schemes of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund may, subject to the conditions and limits prescribed in the SEBI Regulations and/or by the Trustee, AMC or Sponsor, subscribe to the Units under the Scheme. • Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) or sub-accounts of FPI's registered with SEBI The list given above is indicative and the applicable law, if any, shall supersede the list.
Who cannot invest	Acceptance of Subscriptions from U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada w.e.f. November 17, 2016: - The Scheme shall not accept subscriptions from U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada, except where transaction request received from Non – resident Indian (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) who at the time of investment are present in India and submit physical transaction request along with such declarations / documents as may be prescribed by Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd and Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Ltd. The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC/ Trustee Company. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments. The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction request on hold/reject the transaction request, or reverse the units allotted, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard. The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the provisions mentioned above at a later date.
How to Apply and details	other For Market Makers & Large Participants Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the offices of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from www.kotakmf.com Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form.

	The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund will be available on the website http://www.kotakmf.com. Purchase from Stock Exchanges (applicable for Market Makers, Large Investors and other investor). An investor can buy units of the Scheme on a continuous basis on the national stock exchange and other recognised stock exchanges where the Scheme units are listed and traded like any other publicly traded securities at prices which may be close to the actual NAV of the Scheme. There is no load for investors transacting on the stock exchange. However, there would be cost of brokerage and other transactions costs (like stamp duty) payable to broker or sub-broker of the exchange. The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfilment of any regulatory requirements, fulfilment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and not furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC. Any application may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee. All cheques and drafts should be crossed "Account Payee Only" and drawn in favour of “Kotak Silver ETF”. The investors can submit the Application forms and Key Information Memorandum (along with transaction slip)/ forms for redemption/ switches at the branches of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Registrar (CAMS) or distributors or on the website of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund (http://www.kotakmf.com). Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. For Further details refer section II.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Not Applicable
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	Units which are held in demat form shall be freely transferable under the depository system.
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches	For Purchase/ Redemption directly from the fund on any business day: a) upto 3.00 p.m. on a business day, the NAV of such business day.

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	b) After 3.00 p.m. on a business day, the NAV of the following business day. Pursuant to para 4.5.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, the aforesaid cut off timing shall not be applicable for direct transaction with AMC's by MM and other eligible investors. Technical issues when transactions are processed through online facilities/ electronic modes. The time of transaction done through various online facilities / electronic modes offered by the AMC, for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, would be the time when the request for purchase / SIP/ sale / switch of units is received in the servers of AMC/RTA. In case of transactions through online facilities / electronic modes, there may be a time lag of few seconds or upto 1-7 banking days between the amount of subscription being debited to investor's bank account and the subsequent credit into the respective Scheme's bank account. This lag may impact the applicability of NAV for transactions where NAV is to be applied, based on actual realization of funds by the Scheme. Under no circumstances will Kotak Asset Management Company Limited or its bankers or its service providers be liable for any lag / delay in realization of funds and consequent pricing of units. The AMC has the right to amend cut off timings subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations for the smooth and efficient functioning of the Scheme. Representation of SIP transaction which have failed due to technical reasons will also follow same rule.
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches (mention the provisions for or ETFs, as may be applicable, for direct subscription/redemption with AMC.	Minimum Purchase Amount: 1. Ongoing purchases directly from the Mutual Fund would be restricted to Market Makers and Large Investors provided the value of units to be purchased only in creation unit size or in multiples thereof. Market Makers and Large Investors may buy the units on any business day of the scheme directly from the Mutual Fund by paying applicable transaction handling charges and cash component in cash and by depositing price of silver. Units may be allotted only on realization of cheque where the full consideration for creation unit is paid by cheque and at the value at which the underlying stocks for the creation unit is purchased against that purchase request. 2. The units are listed on NSE to provide liquidity through secondary market. All categories of Investors may purchase the units through secondary market on any trading day. 3. The AMC shall appoint at least two Market Makers (MMs), who are members of the Stock Exchanges, for ETFs to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform by providing two-way quotes in the units of the Scheme during trading hours. 4. The AMC reserves the right to list the units of the scheme on any other exchange, in future. 5. Unit holdings in less than the Creation Unit size can normally only be sold through the secondary market, except in situations mentioned under 'Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors' in the SID.

	6. Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. Minimum Redemption Amount: All investors including Market Makers, Large Investors and other investors may sell their units in the stock exchange(s) on which these units are listed on all trading days of the stock exchange. Mutual Fund will repurchase units from Market Makers on any business day in creation size units. Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores and shall be at intra-day NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio. The aforesaid threshold shall not be applicable for MMs.
Accounts Statements	The depository participant with whom the unitholder has a depository account will send a statement of transactions in accordance with the byelaws of the depository which will contain the details of transaction of units. Allotment of units and dispatch of Allotment Advice to FIIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required. Units allotted under this scheme are transferable subject to the provisions of the Depositories Act, SEBI (Depository and Depository Participant) Regulations, 2018 and other applicable provisions. Note: The fund house may not furnish separate accounts statement to the unitholders since the statement of accounts furnished by depository participant will contain the details of transactions in these units. Pursuant to Para 15.7 of SEBI Master Circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, the investor whose transaction has been accepted by Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd. / Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund shall receive the following: 1. The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form). 2. The holding(s) of the beneficiary account holder for units held in demat mode will be shown in the statement issued by respective Depository Participants (DPs) periodically. 3. A consolidated account statement (CAS) for each calendar month on or before 15th of the succeeding month shall be sent by email (wherever investor has provided email id) or physical account statement where investor has not provided email id., across the schemes of the mutual funds, to all the investors in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place

	during the month. The same shall be sent by the AMC or by the Agencies appointed by the AMC for non demat unit holders. 4. For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number (PAN). 5. The CAS will not be received by the investors for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN and email id. Such investors will get monthly account statement from Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund in respect of transactions carried out in the schemes of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund during the month. 6. Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR /MRD /DP /31/2014 dated November 12, 2014 requiring Depositories to generate and dispatch a single consolidated account statement for investors having mutual fund investments and holding demat accounts, the following modifications are made to the existing guidelines on issuance of CAS. § Such Investors shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) from the Depository. § Consolidation shall be done on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN). In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. § In case an investor has multiple accounts across two depositories, the depository with whom the Demat account has been opened earlier will be the default depository which will consolidate the details across depositories and MF investments and dispatch the CAS to the investor. § The CAS will be generated on monthly basis. § If there is any transaction in any of the Demat accounts of the investor or in any of his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within fifteen days from the month end. In case, there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios and demat accounts, then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis. § The dispatch of CAS by the depositories shall constitute compliance by Kotak AMC/ Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund with the requirements under Regulation 34(1) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 § Further, a consolidated account statement shall be sent by Depositories every half yearly (September/March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month, providing the following information: - holding at the end of the six month - The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as Goods and Services tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc.
--	--

	The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in 7. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. 8. In case of a specific request is received from the investors, Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd./ Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund will provide the physical account statement to the investors. 9. For Unitholders who have provided an e-mail address in KYC records, the CAS will be sent by e-mail. 10. Any discrepancy in the Account Statement should be brought to the notice of the Fund/AMC immediately. Contents of the Account Statement will be deemed to be correct if no error is reported within 30 days from the date of Account Statement. Half Yearly Account Statement: • Asset management company will send consolidated account statement every half yearly (September/ March), on or before twenty first day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six month, across all schemes of all mutual funds, to all such investors in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. The Account Statement shall reflect the latest closing balance and value of the Units prior to the date of generation of the account statement. • The Account Statement shall reflect - holding at the end of the six months - The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as Goods and Services tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc. • The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in • Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. • The account statements in such cases may be generated and issued along with the Portfolio Statement or Annual Report of the Scheme. • Alternately, soft copy of the account statements shall be mailed to the investors' e-mail address, instead of physical statement, if so mandated.
--	--

	“Transaction” shall include purchase, redemption, switch, Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW), Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW), systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan and bonus transactions.
Dividend/ IDCW	The Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment. The AMC/Trustee reserve the right to introduce Option(s) as may be deemed appropriate at a later date.
Redemption	MM/LI may submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account. Redemption proceeds in the form of basket of securities included in the underlying Index in the same proportion will be credited to the designated DP account of the MM/LI. Any fractions in the number of securities transferable to MM/LI will be rounded off to the lower integer and the value of the fractions will be added to the cash component payable. Applicable cash component will be recovered along with necessary transaction handling charges Payment of proceeds in cash: The Fund at its discretion may accept the request of MM/LI for payment of redemption proceeds in cash in creation unit size or in multiples thereof. Such investors shall submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account. whereupon the Fund will arrange to sell underlying portfolio securities on behalf of the investor. Accordingly, the sale proceeds at the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio, after adjusting necessary transaction handling charges/costs and applicable cash component, will be remitted to the investor. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the unitholder’s account balance (DP) and a statement to this effect will be issued to the unitholder by depository. Redemption cheques will generally be sent to the Unitholder’s address, (or, if there is more than one joint holder, the address of the first-named holder) when the unit balance is confirmed with the records of the depository, not later than 3 (Three) Working Days from the date of receipt of redemption requests. For list of exceptional circumstances refer 15.3.3 of SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026. Note: The mutual fund will rely on the address and the bank account details recorded in the depository system. Any changes to the address and bank account details can be made only through the depository system.
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI it is mandatory for an investor to declare his/her bank account number. To safeguard the interest of Unitholders from loss or theft of their refund orders/redemption cheques,

	investors are requested to provide their bank details in the Application Form. In case an existing Unitholder is submitting a request for Change in his Bank Details, he needs to submit an old and new bank account. In absence of the same, the request for Change in Bank Mandate is liable to be rejected. Investors have an option of registering their bank accounts, by submitting the necessary forms & documents. At the time of redemption, investors can select the bank account to receive the amount.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide Para 15.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026 by SEBI for the period of such delay
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	In accordance with Para 15.5 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026 and SEBI Letter SEBI/HO/IMD-SEC-2/P/OW/2025/02346/1 dated January 22,2025, the unclaimed Redemption amount and IDCW amount that are currently allowed to be deployed by the Mutual Fund only in call money market or money market Instruments, shall also be allowed to be invested in a separate plan of only Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. There shall a separate scheme/plan for Redemption amount and IDCW amount, pending for less than 3 years and more than 3 years Following are timelines for deployment by Mutual fund - Transfer of Unclaimed redemption and dividend amount to Unclaimed Dividend and Redemption Scheme (UDRS) after 90 days and not beyond 105 days from date of issuance of the instruments - On completion of first 3 years of a separate plan of Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme, AMC shall transfer such units to UDRS plan (> 3 years) within 10 business days of subsequent month - The amount of income accrued on daily basis on unclaimed amount beyond 3 years shall be transferred on a monthly basis (ie on or before 10thcalendar day of subsequent month) to the investor education scheme/folio Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per para 6.18 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD 1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026. AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower. Investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment.

	Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. AMC shall play a proactive role in tracing the rightful owner of the unclaimed amounts considering the steps suggested by regulator vide the referred circular. As per Para 15.6 of SEBI Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, a service platform for investors to trace inactive and unclaimed Mutual Fund folios- MITRA (Mutual Fund Investment Tracing and Retrieval Assistant) MITRA platform is developed and hosted by the QRTAs (CAMS and KFinTech) would be available through a link on the website of MF Central, AMCs, AMFI, the two QRTAs and SEBI. MITRA platform will facilitate the investors with a searchable database of inactive and unclaimed Mutual Fund folios at an industry-level which will empower the investors on following manner: • Enable investors/ legal claimants to identify the overlooked investments or any investments made by any other person for which he/she may be rightful legal claimant. • Encourage investors to do KYC as per the current norms thus reducing the number of non-KYC compliant folios. • Contribute towards building a transparent financial ecosystem and will be reliable medium for investors to find their inactive and unclaimed Mutual Fund investments. • Build and incorporate mitigants against fraud risk An inactive folio shall be defined as “Mutual Fund Folio(s) where no investor-initiated transaction/s (financial and non-financial) have taken place in the last 10 years, but unit balance is available”. This portal would display only Fund Names and investor has to approach the respective MFs for more information.
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	As per Para 15.13 of SEBI Master Circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, the following Process for Investments in the name of a Minor through a Guardian will be applicable: a. Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. b. Redemption proceeds shall be credited only in verified bank account of the minor, i.e the account the minor may hold with the parent/legal guardian after completing KYC formalities. c. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.

	d. AMCs shall build a system control at the account set up stage of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) on the basis of which, the standing instruction is suspended when the minor attains majority, till the status is changed to major. Please refer SAI for detailed process on investments made in the name of a Minor through a Guardian and Transmission of Units.																		
Creation unit size	Creation Unit’ is certain number of units, which is exchanged for Portfolio Deposit which would consist of physical Silver of defined purity and quantity and Cash Component. The Fund creates/redeems Units of the Scheme in large size known as “Creation Unit Size” through Market Makers and Large Investors. Each “Creation Unit” consists of 3,00,000 Units of the Scheme. Investment in the physical silver shall be of standard 30 kg bar’s with fineness of 999 parts per thousand (or 99.9% purity) confirming to London Bullion Market Association (LBMA) Good Delivery Standards. This may change as per the regulatory guidelines in future. During buying or selling, for a concerned transaction, in case of any variation in the weight of the silver bar (away from 30 kg), same shall be adjusted in the cash component i.e. higher weight will reduce cash component and lower weight will increase cash component for the concerned investor.																		
Example for Calculation of cash component	The above is just an example to illustrate the calculation of cash component. <table><tr><td>Number of Units comprising one Creation Unit</td><td>A</td><td>300000</td></tr><tr><td>NAV per Unit (as at the end of the Previous Business Day)</td><td>B</td><td>25.0846</td></tr><tr><td>Value of one Creation Unit</td><td>C</td><td>7525380</td></tr><tr><td>Closing price per gram of Silver (excl. GST) on the previous Business Day</td><td>D</td><td>26.0934</td></tr><tr><td>Value of Portfolio Deposit (physical Silver of 30kg) (A*D)</td><td>E</td><td>7828020</td></tr><tr><td>Cash Component # (C-E)</td><td>F</td><td>-302640</td></tr></table> Cash Component will vary depending upon the actual charges incurred like Custodial Charges and other incidental charges for creating units.	Number of Units comprising one Creation Unit	A	300000	NAV per Unit (as at the end of the Previous Business Day)	B	25.0846	Value of one Creation Unit	C	7525380	Closing price per gram of Silver (excl. GST) on the previous Business Day	D	26.0934	Value of Portfolio Deposit (physical Silver of 30kg) (A*D)	E	7828020	Cash Component # (C-E)	F	-302640
Number of Units comprising one Creation Unit	A	300000																	
NAV per Unit (as at the end of the Previous Business Day)	B	25.0846																	
Value of one Creation Unit	C	7525380																	
Closing price per gram of Silver (excl. GST) on the previous Business Day	D	26.0934																	
Value of Portfolio Deposit (physical Silver of 30kg) (A*D)	E	7828020																	
Cash Component # (C-E)	F	-302640																	
Procedure for Purchase and Redemption of Units	The following three types of investors may subscribe to the units of the scheme. There are some restrictions on their dealing with the Fund directly during the continuous offer as explained below: 1. Market Makers (MM):MM is an entity engaged by AMC to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform. MM may buy and redeem units in creation unit size or in multiples thereof directly from the Fund on any business day. AMCs shall facilitate in-kind creation and redemption of units of ETFs (including Debt ETFs) by MMs on a best effort basis.																		

	2. Large Investors (LI): LI may buy and redeem units in transaction value greater than Rs.25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time and in creation unit size or in multiples thereof directly from the Fund on any business day as and when permitted by the AMC. 3. Other Investors: Investors other than MM and LI may buy or sell units of the ETF Scheme from the stock market only, on an ongoing basis except in situations mentioned under 'Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors' in the SID. <u>Market Making Settlement Process</u> i) Market making settlement process would enable net settlement between cash leg of transactions in units of ETF by the MM and consequent transaction in underlying basket by the ETF. ii) MMs shall be permitted to transact in the basket of securities underlying the ETF against equivalent transactions in units of ETFs and transfer the net obligation of such transactions to the ETF for unit creation or redemption. The AMCs shall be allowed to create or redeem units of ETFs without upfront payment of 100% value of such units or upfront delivery of such units by the MMs, respectively. iii) The above mechanism shall be permitted subject to equivalent transactions in units and underlying basket for the same settlement cycle and confirmation of both the legs by the Custodian. iv) For the above mechanism ETFs shall be allowed to buy or sell their own units, without the same forming part of the asset allocation of the scheme v) Facilitation of the above mechanism for equity ETFs shall be at the discretion of the AMC. 1. Requirement of Demat account for investing in the scheme. The applicant under the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the Depository Participants (DP's) name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant. 2. Procedure for Purchase/Redemption of Units directly from the Fund: Only Market Makers/Large Investors can purchase or redeem unit directly from the Fund as per the procedure given below: a. Creation/Redemption of units in Creation Unit Size by Exchanging Portfolio Deposit The Fund creates / redeems the scheme units in large size known as "Creation Unit". The value of the "Creation Unit" of the ETF Scheme or in multiple thereof called as the "Portfolio Deposit" and a "Cash Component" which will be exchanged for corresponding number of units. The Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component may change from time to time and will be announced by Fund on its website. Portfolio deposit shall be made into a pre-designated depository account. AMC may, at its sole discretion, create units of the Scheme in 'Creation Unit' size in "Cash". Large investors may buy and redeem units in transaction value greater than Rs.25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time and in creation unit size directly from the Fund.
--	--

	b. Procedure for Creating Scheme's units in Creation Unit Size <u>Subscription in-kind (portfolio deposit)</u> MM/LI may deposit requisite basket of securities comprising underlying benchmark constituting the Portfolio Deposit and Cash component. The requisite securities constituting the Portfolio Deposit have to be transferred to the designated depository account of the scheme while the Cash Component along with transaction handling charges has to be paid to the AMC based on the request by MM/LI by way of a cheque or any other mode of payment. The AMC will have the corresponding number of units credited to the depository account of the MM/LI. <u>Subscription in cash</u> Subscription of the ETF Units in Creation Unit Size may be made by MM / LI on payment of requisite Cash (through cheque or other modes of payment), as determined by the AMC equivalent to the cost incurred towards the purchase of predefined basket of securities that represent the Underlying Index (i.e. Portfolio Deposit), Cash Component and transaction handling charges, if any. Units may be allotted only on realization of the full consideration for creation unit and at the value at which the underlying stocks for the creation unit is purchased against that purchase request. The AMC will have the corresponding number of units credited to the depository account of the MM/LI. c. Procedure for Redeeming Scheme's units in Creation Unit Size <u>Redemption in-kind (portfolio deposit):</u> MM/LI may submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account. Redemption proceeds in the form of basket of securities included in the underlying index in the same proportion will be credited to the designated DP account of the MM/LI. Any fractions in the number of securities transferable to MM/LI will be rounded off to the lower integer and the value of the fractions will be added to the cash component payable. Applicable cash component will be recovered along with necessary transaction handling charges. <u>Redemption in cash:</u> The Fund at its discretion may accept the request of MM/LI for payment of redemption proceeds in cash in creation unit size or in multiples thereof. Such investors shall submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account. whereupon the Fund will arrange to sell underlying portfolio securities on behalf of the investor. Accordingly, the sale proceeds at the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio, after adjusting necessary transaction handling charges/costs and applicable cash component, will be remitted to the investor. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the unitholder's account balance (DP) and a statement to this effect will be issued to the unitholder by depository.
--	---

	d. Redemption method: • Unitholder (large investor or authorized participant) may submit to any of the offices of AMC Redemption request Form enclosed with a copy of redemption request duly acknowledged by the depository participant. • The depository participant will process the request and forward the same to Registrar to the Scheme in the normal course. • The time taken for confirmation of repurchase of units is dependent upon the timelines and procedures of depositories. • Redemption proceeds in the form of Portfolio of securities will be transferred to the demat account of the unit holder within three days of confirmation with the depository records or the sale proceeds at the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio, after adjusting necessary transaction handling charges/costs and applicable cash component, will be remitted to the unit holder. e. Buying /Selling through the Stock Exchange Buying / Selling units on the stock exchange is just like buying / selling any other normal listed securities. If an investor has bought units, an investor has to pay the purchase amount to the broker / sub-broker such that the amount paid is realised before the funds pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the exchange. If an investor has sold units, an investor has to deliver the units to the broker/sub-broker before the securities pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the exchange. The units (in case of units bought) and the funds (in the case of units sold) are paid out to the broker on the payout day of the settlement cycle on the exchange. The trading member would pay the money or deliver the units to the investor in accordance with time prescribed by the stock exchange regulations. If an investor has bought units, he should give standing instructions for 'Delivery-In' to his/her DP for accepting units in his/her beneficiary account. An investor should give the details of his/her beneficiary account and the DP-ID of his/her DP to his/her trading member. The trading member will transfer the units directly to his/her beneficiary account on receipt of the same from exchange's clearing corporation. An investor who has sold units should instruct his/her Depository Participant (DP) to give 'Delivery Out' instructions to transfer the units from his/her trading member through whom he/she have sold the units. The details of the pool A/c of his/her trading member to which the units are to be transferred, unit quantity etc. should be mentioned in the delivery out instructions given by him/her to the DP. The instructions should be given well before the prescribed securities pay-in day. SEBI has advised that the delivery out instructions should be given atleast 24 hours prior to the cut off time for the prescribed securities pay in to avoid any rejection of instructions due to data entry errors, network problems, etc. f. Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors:
--	--

	Investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETFs, for transaction of up to INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time without any exit load or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time, in case of the following scenarios: a. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or b. No quotes are available on stock exchanges for 3 consecutive trading days, or c. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days. In such a scenario valid applications received from investors for redemption upto 3 p.m. on any trading day, shall be processed by the AMC at the closing NAV of the day. . Such instances shall be tracked by the AMC on an ongoing basis and incase if any of the above mentioned scenario arises the same shall be disclosed on the website of the AMC. The above procedure relating to purchase and sale of units by different types of investors/participants in the scheme is tabulated for easy reference												
	<table><tr><th>Type of investor and transaction details</th><th>Sale of units by Mutual Fund</th><th>Redemption of units by unit holders</th></tr><tr><td>During Continuous offer</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Market Maker/ Authorized Participants</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges.</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size</td></tr><tr><td>Large Investor</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges. (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.)</td></tr></table>	Type of investor and transaction details	Sale of units by Mutual Fund	Redemption of units by unit holders	During Continuous offer			Market Maker/ Authorized Participants	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges.	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size	Large Investor	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges. (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.)
Type of investor and transaction details	Sale of units by Mutual Fund	Redemption of units by unit holders											
During Continuous offer													
Market Maker/ Authorized Participants	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges.	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size											
Large Investor	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges. (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.)											

		other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time)	
	Other investors	Only through stock exchange	Only through stock exchange
	Role of Market Maker	Gives two way quotes in the secondary market. Stands as a seller for a buy order.	Gives two-way quotes in the secondary market. Stands as a buyer against a sell order.
	Role of large investor	Only an investor – no other role in the scheme operations.	-

III. OTHER DETAILS

A. Periodic Disclosures

Monthly and Half yearly Disclosures: Portfolio / Financial Results This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.	The Mutual Funds/ AMCs, shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on monthly for all the schemes on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. The link for the mentioned disclosures – https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/information In accordance with Para 6.1 and 6.3 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, effective from October 01, 2021, unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, Mutual Funds/AMC shall send the details of the scheme portfolio including the scheme risk-o-meter, name of benchmark and risk-o-meter of benchmark while communicating the fortnightly, monthly statement of scheme portfolio via email within 5 days of every fortnight for debt schemes, 10 days from the close of each month for other schemes. AMCs shall provide a link to investors to their registered email to enable the investor to directly view/download only the portfolio of schemes subscribed by the said investor. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall provide a physical copy of statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unit holder. AMCs shall declare on their website the hosting of the monthly statement of its scheme portfolio on their respective websites and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unit holder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of scheme portfolio.
Monthly Disclosures	The scheme shall disclose the following on monthly basis: i. Name and exposure to top 7 issuers and stocks respectively as a percentage of NAV of the scheme ii. Name and exposure to top 7 groups as a percentage of NAV of the scheme. iii. Name and exposure to top 4 sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme. Change in constituents of the index, if any, shall be disclosed on the AMC website on the day of change.

Annual Report	Pursuant to Regulation 70(1) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 read with Para 6.4 of SEBI Master circular No. HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026, the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof in machine readable format will be hosted on the website in machine readable format of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com and on the website of AMFI, immediately after approval in Annual General Meetings within a period of four months, from the date of closing of the financial year (31st March). The AMCs shall display the link prominently on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com and make the physical copies available to the unitholders, at their registered offices at all times. The unit holders may request for a physical copy of scheme annual reports at a nominal price and the text of the relevant scheme by writing to the Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd. / Investor Service Centre / Registrar & Transfer Agents. AMC shall provide a physical copy of abridged report of the annual report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unit holder. AMCs shall e-mail the scheme annual reports or abridged summary thereof, in machine readable formats, to all such unit holders, whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. The said communication shall also include details of modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter), etc. through which unit holders can submit a request for a physical copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. AMCs shall send an email/SMS to all unitholders regarding the hosting of scheme wise annual report on their website and on the website of AMFI HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026.
Scheme Summary Document (SSD)	In accordance with SEBI letter dated December 28, 2021 and AMFI emails dated March 16, 2022 and March 25, 2022, Scheme summary document for all schemes of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund in the requisite format (pdf, spreadsheet and machine readable format) shall be uploaded on a monthly basis i.e. 15th of every month or within 5 working days from the date of any change or modification in the scheme information on the website of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund i.e. http://www.kotakmf.com AMFI i.e. http://www.amfiindia.com and Registered Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.
Risk-o-meter	In accordance with Para 6.16 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026 and SEBI

	Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/PoD1/CIR/P/2024/150 dated November 05, 2024: The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk: - Low Risk-Irish Green - Low to Moderate Risk-Chartreuse - Moderate Risk-Neon Yellow - Moderately High Risk-Caramel - High Risk -Dark Orange and - Very High Risk-Red The evaluation of risk levels of a scheme shall be done in accordance with the aforesaid circular. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders. The risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure shall be disclosed on the AMC website as well as AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. Portfolio disclosure along with risk o meter details will be available at www.kotakmf.com and on the website of AMFI (http://www.amfiindia.com)
I-NAV	I-NAV of the Scheme i.e. the per unit NAV based on the current market value of its portfolio during the trading hours of the Scheme, shall be disclosed on a continuous basis on the Stock Exchange(s), where the units of the Scheme are listed and traded and shall be updated based on the latest available data for Silver. Accordingly, iNAV disclosed for Silver ETFs may either be static or dynamic depending upon the availability of the underlying price.
Tracking Error and Tracking Difference	In accordance with para 4.5.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026: - The tracking error i.e. the annualized standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between underlying index and the NAV of the Scheme, is based on past one year rolling over data shall not exceed 2%. The disclosure regarding the same shall be made on monthly basis on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com. - In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure which are beyond the control of the AMC, the tracking error may exceed 2%, for which approval of Board of AMC and Trustees shall be taken and the same shall prominently be disclosed on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com.

	Along with tracking error, tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index or goods and the NAV of the ETF/ Index Fund shall also be disclosed on the website of the AMC viz. www.kotakmf.com and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3-year, 5 year, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units.
--	--

B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I)

The Kotak Silver ETF units will be listed on NSE, and all purchase and sale of units by investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors will be done on the stock exchange. The NAV has a reference value for investors and will be useful for Market Makers for offering quotes on the Stock Exchange.

The NAVs of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed on every Business day on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz <http://www.kotakmf.com> and AMFI's website <http://www.amfiindia.com> by 9.00 a.m. of the following business day.

Unitholders may avail the facility to receive the latest available NAVs through SMS by submitting a specific request in this regard to the AMC/Mutual Fund.

Delay in uploading of NAV beyond the aforesaid timing shall be explained in writing to AMFI. In case the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following business day due to any reason, a press release for revised NAV shall be issued.

In terms of SEBI regulations, a complete statement of the Scheme portfolio will be sent to all unitholders, within ten days from the close of each month / half-year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund.

The portfolio of the scheme (along with ISIN) shall also be disclosed on the website of Mutual Fund (kotakmf.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) on a monthly and half-yearly basis within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.

The AMC may also calculate intra-day indicative NAV and will be updated during the market hours on its website kotakmf.com. Intra-day indicative NAV will not have any bearing on the creation or redemption of units directly with the Fund by the MM/LI. Further, the indicative NAVs of the Scheme shall be disclosed on Stock Exchange platforms, where the units of the Scheme are listed, on continuous basis during the trading hours.

For transactions by Market Makers / large investors directly with the AMCs intra-day NAV, based on the executed price at which the securities representing the underlying index or underlying commodity(ies) are purchased / sold, shall be applicable.

C. Transaction charges and stamp duty

- (a) Transaction Charges - Investors are requested to note that no transaction charges shall be deducted from the investment amount given by the investor for all transactions / applications (including SIP's) (i.e. in Regular Plan) and full investment amount (subject to deduction of statutory charges, if any) will be invested in the Scheme.

- (b) Stamp Duty - A stamp duty @ 0.005% would be levied on all applicable mutual fund transactions. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including reinvestment IDCW and Switch in) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

Details regarding transaction charges and stamp duty refer to SAI.

D. Associate Transactions-

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

E. Taxation-

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

The information is provided for general information purposes only. However, in view of the individual nature of tax implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax adviser with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of his or her participation in the scheme.

Capital Gain Taxation Rates -Resident Individual, HUF, Domestic Corporate, NRIS

Particulars	Investments made	Listed or Unlisted	Short-term capital gains		Long-term capital gains	
			Holding Period	Tax Rate [^]	Holding Period	Tax Rate [^]
Gold/Silver ETF	--	--	=< 12 months	Applicable slab rates	> 12 months	12.50%

\$ Subject to NRI having Permanent Account Number (PAN) in India. The TDS deductible in case of NRI shall also be increased by applicable surcharge as per Note 1 and 4% health and education cess. In case of NRI, if PAN is not available and specified declaration is not provided as specified under Rule 37BC, TDS @ higher of 20% or rates calculated as above will be deducted. The tax rates are subject to DTAA benefits available to NRI's. As per the Finance Act 2013, submission of tax residency certificate ("TRC") will be necessary for granting Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA") benefits to non-residents. A Taxpayer claiming DTAA benefit shall furnish a TRC of his residence obtained by him from the Government of that country or specified territory. Further, in addition to the TRC, the non-resident shall also provide electronically filed Form 10F and such other documents /information, as may be prescribed by the Indian Tax Authorities and Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund or Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd. Further investor needs to certify in its No PE declaration that the one of the principle purpose of investment is not to avail the treaty benefits & the investment asset & investment income are beneficial hold by the investor claiming DTAA benefits.

@ For FY 2024-25, Specified Mutual Fund is defined as where not more than thirty-five per cent of its total proceeds is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies. However, Finance (No 2) Bill, 2024 has amended the definition of Specified Mutual Fund w.e.f. FY 2025-26 as -

- a Mutual Fund by whatever name called, which invests more than sixty-five per cent of its total proceeds in debt and money market instruments;
- or a fund which invests sixty-five per cent or more of its total proceeds in units of a fund mentioned in clause (i)

[^] Tax rates for resident and non-residents shall be increased by applicable surcharge as per Note 1 and 4% Health & Education Cess.

Tax implication on income distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) received by unit holders

Categories of Unit Holders	Threshold	TDS Rate	Taxation Rate
----------------------------	-----------	----------	---------------

Resident Unit Holders	Rs. 10,000 (w.e.f 1 st April , 2025)	10%	As per applicable slab rates plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
Non-Resident Unit Holders (subject to DTAA benefits, in case applicable)			
(1) FII/FPI	NILs	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
(2) Foreign company/corporates			
Purchase in Indian Rupees	NILs	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	35% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
Purchase in Foreign Currency	NILs	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
(3) Others			
Purchase in Indian Rupees	NILs	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	At slab rates applicable plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
Purchase in Foreign Currency	NILs	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)

Note 1: -

A) In case of foreign companies;

- 2% where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000,000 but less than / equal to Rs. 100,000,000

- 5% where the total income exceeds Rs. 100,000,000

B) In case of resident domestic corporate unit holders;

- 7% where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000,000 but less than / equal to Rs. 100,000,000 or

- 12% where the total income exceeds Rs. 100,000,000

- 10% where domestic company is eligible & exercises the option granted u/s 115BAA or 115BAB of the Act.

C) In case of non-corporate resident unit holders being partnership firms covered under Indian Partnership Act, 1932/ Limited liability partnership covered under Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008:

- 12% where the total income exceeds Rs.10,000,000

D) (I) In case of resident and non-resident unit holders being individual, HUF, AOP, BOI and artificial juridical person (opting old regime of taxation);

Income	Surcharge Rates		
Total Income	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A,	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A,	Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section

	section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b) & company dividend).	section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b) & company dividend).	112, & 115AD(1)(b) & company dividend.
Upto 50Lakh		Nil	Nil
More than 50Lakh up to 1 Cr		10%	10%
More than 1 Cr but up to 2Cr		15%	15%
More than 2 Cr	Up to 2 cr	15%	15%
	More than 2 cr but up to 5cr	25%	15%
	More than 5cr	37%	15%

(II) In case of resident and non-resident unit holders being individual, HUF, AOP, BOI and artificial juridical person (who have not elected for old regime of taxation);

Income	Surcharge Rates		
Total Income	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b) & company dividend).	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b) & company dividend).	Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, & 115AD(1)(b) & company dividend.
Upto 50Lakh		Nil	Nil
More than 50Lakh up to 1 Cr		10%	10%
More than 1 Cr but up to 2Cr		15%	15%
More than 2 Cr	Up to 2 cr	15%	15%
	More than 2 cr	25%	15%

Note 2: - W.e.f 01.04.2020, as per Section 115R, no additional income tax payable on amount of distributed income on or after 01.04.2020.

Note 3:- Section 112A r.w.ss section 55(ac) levies capital gains tax @ 12.5% on Long Term Capital Gains arising on transfer of units of equity-oriented funds.

The salient features of the capital gain tax are as under:

- Any transfer of equity-oriented fund units on or after 1 April 2018, shall not be exempt under section 10(38)
- Long term capital gains in excess of Rs. 1.25 lakh shall be taxable at rates mentioned in table above plus surcharge (if any, as applicable) plus health & education cess @ 4%.
- The capital gain will be computed without giving effect to the 1st and 2nd proviso to section 48 in the manner laid down under the section i.e. without indexation benefit and without foreign currency conversion benefit.

Note 4: - Tax Rates Regimes available for Domestic Corporate companies-

(a) 30% if investor falls into highest tax bracket.

(b) 25% If total turnover or gross receipts in the financial year 2020-21 does not exceed Rs. 400 crores.

(c) 22% lower rate is optional and subject to fulfilment of certain conditions (not claiming specified incentives and deductions) as provided in section 115BAA.

(d) 15% lower rate is optional for companies engaged in manufacturing business (set-up & registered on or after 1 October 2019) subject to fulfilment of certain conditions (not claiming specified incentives and deductions as provided in section 115BAB.

Further, the domestic companies are subject to minimum alternate tax (except for those who opt for lower rate of tax of 22%/15%) not specified in above tax rates

Note 5: - As per section 139AA of the Income tax Act, 1961 ('the Act') read with rule 114AAA of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, in the case of a resident person, whose PAN has become inoperative due to PAN-Aadhaar not being linked on or before 30 June 2023, it shall be deemed that he has not furnished the PAN and tax could be withheld at a higher rate of 20% as per section 206AA of the Act

Note 6: - Relaxation to non-residents from deduction of tax at higher rate in the absence of PAN subject to them providing specified information and documents.

Note 7: - It is assumed that the mutual fund units are held as capital assets by the investors.

Note 8: - Under Section 115BAC w.e.f 01.04.2023, all individual, HUF, AOP, BOI is required to pay tax at concessional rates (as below) under the new tax regime subject to the condition that certain exemptions/ losses/ deductions cannot be claimed. In case such taxpayer intends to claim deductions / exemptions, it may elect to opt for existing tax and slabs rates to continue to apply.

F. Rights of Unitholders: Please refer to SAI for details.

G. List of Official Points of Acceptance:

Please refer the given link <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for Which Action May Have Been Taken or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

The detailed data in respect of penalties, pending litigations, findings of inspection or investigation is available at - <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

Notes:

1. Further, any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Document.
2. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved by them is a new product offered by Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.
3. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited
(Investment Manager of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund)
Sd/-**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: June 25, 2026**

**Ms. Jolly Bhatt
Compliance Officer**

Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.