

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

SECTION I

Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles Equity Passive FOF

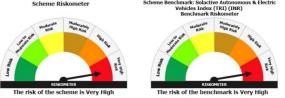
(formerly known as Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund)
(An open-ended fund of fund scheme investing in overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.)

PRODUCT LABELLING

Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles Equity Passive FoF is suitable for investors who are seeking*

- · To generate long-term capital appreciation/income
- Investments in units of equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if they are not clear about the suitability of the product.



The Above riskometer is as on April 31, 2025 for latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.miraeassetmf.co.in

Continuous Offer for units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund: Mirae Asset Mutual Fund

Name of Asset Management Company: Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited CIN: U65990MH2019PTC324625

Name of Trustee Company: Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited CIN: U65191MH2007FTC170231

Registered & Corporate Office:

 $Unit\ No.606,\ Windsor\ Building,\ Off.\ C.S.T\ Road,\ Kalina,\ Santacruz\ (East),\ Mumbai-400098$

Tel. No.: 022-678 00 300 Fax No.: 022- 6725 3940 - 47

Website: www.miraeassetmf.co.in E-mail: miraeasset@miraeassetmf.co.in

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (hereinafter referred to as SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with Due Diligence Certificate from the Asset Management Company. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the SID.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about **Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles Equity Passive FOF** that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund/ Investor Service Centers/ Website/ Distributors or Brokers.

The Investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, standard risk factors, special considerations, tax and legal issues and general information on www.miraeassetmf.co.in

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the SID). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The SID (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with SAI and not in isolation.

This SID is dated May 31, 2025



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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description					
I.	Name of the scheme	Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles Equity Passive FOF					
II.	Category of the Scheme	Equity Oriented FoF (Overseas) – Thematic/Sector based Equity FoF					
III.	Scheme type	An open-ended fund of fund scheme investing in overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.					
		There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.					
IV.	Scheme code	MIRA/O/O/FOO/22/05/0039					
V.	Investment objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.					
		There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved					
VI.	Liquidity details	The Scheme will offer units for purchases/switch-ins and redemptions/switch-outs at NAV based prices on all business days on an ongoing basis. Repurchase of Units will be at the NAV prevailing on the date the units are tendered for repurchase.					
		As per SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall dispatch redemption proceeds within 5 Business Days of receiving a valid redemption request. A penal interest of 15% per annum or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the redemption proceeds are not made within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of a valid redemption request.					
		Further, clause 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 has provided list of exceptional instances wherein additional time has been allowed for payment of redemption or repurchase proceeds.					
		Currently the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.					
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.					
		The Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks the price movements in shares of companies which are (or are expected to be in the near future) active in the electric Vehicles and autonomous driving segments.					
		The fund reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme. The performance of this scheme will be compared with its peers in the Industry. The performance will be placed before the Investment Committee as well as the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company in each of their meetings.					



1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
		Rationale for adoption of benchmark:				
		Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks performance of companies that includes electric Vehicles manufacturers, electric Vehicles component producers, companies that mine or produce raw materials that are relevant to the electric Vehicles and autonomous Vehicles technology segment, companies that build autonomous Vehicles, and suppliers of autonomous Vehicles technologies and hence will serve as an appropriate benchmark for the scheme which invest in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.				
	The performance of the scheme will be measured based on the INR version Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.					
VIII.	NAV disclosure	The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV at the close of every Business Day.				
		The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the Mutual Fund https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/ and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 10.00 a.m. of the following business day.				
		Since this Scheme invests in units of overseas equity ETFs, the NAV of the Scheme for a business day (Day T) will be based on the NAV of the underlying fund for that day (Day T). Since the NAV of the underlying fund for a business day (Day T) would normally be available either late in the evening of the business day (Day T) or on the following business day (T+1), the Scheme will declare the NAV for a Business day on the next Business Day by 10.00 a.m, based on the NAV of the underlying fund for the business day for which the NAV is declared (Day T).				
		Further Details in Section II.				
IX.	Applicable timelines	Timeline for • Dispatch of redemption proceeds: 5 working days from the date of redemption				
		• Dispatch of IDCW (if applicable) etc.: within 7 working days from the record date				
X.	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	The Scheme have Regular Plan and Direct Plan** with a common portfolio and separate NAVs. Investors should indicate the Plan for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the application form.				
		Each of the above Regular and Direct Plan under the scheme will have the following Options / Sub-options: Growth Option				
		The default option for the unitholders will be Regular Plan - Growth Option if he is routing his investments through a distributor and Direct Plan – Growth option if he is a direct investor.				
		Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of the Scheme will have to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form i.e. "Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles Equity Passive FOF - Direct Plan".				
		In accordance with AMFI circular no. 135/BP/ 111 /2023-24 dated February 2, 2024, transactions received in Regular Plan with Invalid ARN shall be processed in Direct Plan of the same Scheme (even if reported in Regular Plan), applying the below logic:				



		Transa ction	Prir	nary A	RN	SUB distri ARN	butor	EUI N*	Execu tion Only Menti oned	Regular Plan / Direct Plan
		-31-	Va lid	Inv alid	Empa nelled	Vali d	Inv alid	Vali d	Yes	
		Lump Sum/	Y		Y				Y	Regular
		Registr ation	Y		N	Not a	plicab	le		Direct
			Y		Y	N.A	N.A	N.A	N	Regular
			Y		Y	Y		Y		Regular
				Y						Direct
			Y		Y	Y			Y	Regular
			Y		Y		Y			Direct
		Trigger	Y				oplicab			Regular
		Trigger		Y		Not a	oplicab	le		Direct
XI.	Load Structure Minimum Application Amount/switch in	**DIRECT PLAN: Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Mutual Fund or through the stock exchange and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor. For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI. Exit Load: If redeemed within 1year (365 days) from the date of allotment: 1% If redeemed after 1 year (365 days) from the date of allotment: NIL. Investors can invest under the Scheme during the ongoing offer period with a minimum investment of Rs.5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.								
		The minimum amount for SIP shall be Rs. 99/- and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter. The Minimum Application shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to the provisions of clause 6.9 and 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time.								
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	For subse of Rs. 100							invest wi	th the minimum amount
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.								
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	The Scheme has the provision to segregate a portfolio comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event. For Details, kindly refer SAI								
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	Not Appli		, 10101	~1.41					
XIX.		The Schen	ne doe	s not in	tend to pa	articipat	e in sto	ck lend	ing/securi	ities lending.



XX.	How to Apply and other details	Investors can undertake transactions in the Schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund either through physical, online / electronic mode or any other mode as may be prescribed from time to time. Physical Transaction: Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in. Online / Electronic Transactions Investors can undertake transactions via electronic mode through various online facilities offered by MAMF and other platforms specified by AMC from time to time.
		For further details of online / electronic mode please refer SAI. The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well.
		Details in Section II
XXI.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Contact Details for general service requests and complaint resolution: Mr. Chaitanya Chaubal Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd. 606, 6th Floor, Windsor Bldg, Off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai - 400 098. Telephone Nos.: 6780 0300 e-mail: customercare@miraeasset.com Investors may contact any of the ISCs or the AMC by calling the investor line of the AMC at "1800 2090 777" or visit the website at www.miraeassetmf.co.in for complete details. Nil
XXIV		The following facilities are available under the Scheme on an ongoing basis: Systematic Investment Plan Top-up facility under Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) SIP Pause facility: Multi-SIP Facility Step-up & Top-up facility Systematic Transfer Plan Flex STP (Flexible STP) (erstwhile Variable Transfer Plan) Systematic Withdrawal Plan Mirae Asset MF Mobile Application Facility Transacting through email C- SIP (Corporate SIP) (erstwhile Group Investment Plan) WhatsApp Chatbot facility:



		 One Time Mandate (OTM) Facility: UPI (Unified Payments Interface) AutoPay Mandate facility Interscheme Switching Intrascheme Switching For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly refer SAI.
XXV.	Weblink	A weblink for Daily TER and TER for last 6 months: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio A weblink for scheme factsheet: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/factsheet



DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles Equity Passive FOF approved by them is a new product offered by Mirae Asset Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Sd/-

Date: May 31, 2025 Name: Rimmi Jain Place: Mumbai Designation: Head – Compliance, Legal and Company Secretary



Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation will be as follows:

Types of Instruments	Indicative allocation (% of total assets)		
Types of Instruments	Minimum	Maximum	
Units of overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds\$	95	100	
Money market instruments including Tri Party REPO/ debt securities, Units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds*	0	5	

\$ The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and tracks various companies which are involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials across geographies.

"Related technology, components and materials" implies companies that produce electric, hybrid and autonomous vehicle components which are used in building of the vehicle, including batteries, fuel cells, car components, communication equipment, Electronic Components, software, communication services, semiconductor, electrical and power equipment's, chemicals, raw materials including metal mining and products (for example lithium, cobalt etc.), sensors, mapping, artificial intelligence, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, ride-share platforms and network-connected services for transportation.

Debt instruments include securitized debt upto 5% of net assets of the scheme. The Scheme will not invest in Units issued by REITs & InvITs.

The scheme intends to invest in one or more of the below mentioned ETFs:

- Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF
- Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF
- Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF
- Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF
- Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF

The Scheme shall invest only from the aforementioned overseas ETFs.

Overseas Investments:

Under normal circumstances the Scheme may invest up to 100% of net assets in Overseas Financial Assets/Foreign Securities.

The scheme intends to invest in overseas equity ETFs which is denominated in foreign currency. Different underlying ETFs may be denominated in different foreign currency. The Investor of Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund will hence be exposed to foreign currency movement. The scheme does not intend to hedge this exposure.

*The Scheme may invest in the schemes of Mutual Funds (including ETFs) in accordance with the applicable extant SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations as amended from time to time.

The Scheme may invest in repo/reverse repo in corporate bonds. The gross exposure of the scheme to 'corporate bonds repo transactions' shall not be more than 5% of the net assets of the concerned scheme. The Scheme may invest in Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements not exceeding 5% of the debt



portfolio of the scheme and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme.

The Scheme may invest in debt instruments with special features in accordance with limits as defined in Clause 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

The scheme shall not engage in short selling. The scheme shall not invest in any unrated debt instruments. The scheme will not engage in securities lending and borrowing. The Scheme shall not invest in derivative instruments. The scheme shall not invest in credit default swaps.

The cumulative gross exposure to units of equity Exchange Traded Funds, money market instruments, debt instruments, repo transactions, units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds will not exceed 100% of the Net Assets of the Scheme. However, Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall not be treated in gross exposure as per Clause 12.25.3 of SEBI Master Circular June 27, 2024

Debt securities include, but are not limited to, debt securities of the Government of India, State and Local Governments, Government Agencies, Statutory Bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, Public Sector Banks or Private Sector Banks or any other Banks, Financial Institutions, Development Financial Institutions, and Corporate Entities, collateralized debt securities or any other instruments as may be prevailing and permissible under the Regulations from time to time).

The debt securities (including money market instruments) referred to above could be fixed rate or floating rate, listed, unlisted, privately placed, among others, as permitted by regulation.

Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in securities in terms of investment objectives of the scheme a mutual fund can invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in terms of clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

Investment in Overseas Financial Assets/Foreign Securities:

According to Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27,2024, mutual funds can invest in ADRs/GDRs/other specified foreign securities and such investments are subject to an overall limit of US\$ 7 bn. for all mutual funds put together. The Mutual Fund has been allowed an individual limit of US\$ 1 Billion. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US\$ 300 million per mutual fund.

The Scheme intends to invest upto a maximum of USD 100 million which shall be valid for a period of six months from the date of closure of New Fund Offer. Post the six-month period, the Scheme shall invest not exceeding 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months subject to the maximum limits mentioned above. Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, these limits would be soft limits for the purpose of reporting by Mutual Funds on a monthly basis to SEBI in the prescribed format.

The dedicated fund manager appointed for making overseas investments by the Mutual Fund will be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI. In line with clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and all applicable regulations/guidelines/directives/notifications, as may be stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time, the Scheme will invest in the units of Listed equity Exchange Traded Funds subject to all approvals vide clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024and all applicable regulations/guidelines/directives/notifications, as may be stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of	Circular references*
		exposure	



1.	Securities Lending	0%	Clause 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
2.	Derivatives	0%	Clause 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
3.	Securitized Debt	5%	Clause 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
4.	Credit Enhancement / structured obligations	shall not exceed 10% of debt portfolio of the Scheme and group exposure shall not exceed 5% of debt portfolio of the Scheme.	Clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
5.	Overseas Securities	100%	Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
6.	Repo in Corporate Debt Securities	10%	Clause 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
7.	Credit default swaps	0%	Clause 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
8.	REITs and InvITs	0%	Clause 12.21 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024
9.	Debt Instruments having Special Features	10%	clause 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024

^{*}SEBI circular references (wherever applicable) in support of exposure limits of different types of asset classes in asset allocation shall be provided.

Rebalancing due to passive breach

In the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation mentioned above due to passive breaches, the rebalancing will be carried out in 30 Business days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 business days, justification for the same including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period in accordance with clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

In case the portfolio of schemes is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, AMCs shall:

- o not be permitted to launch any new scheme till the time the portfolio is rebalanced;
- o not to levy exit load, if any, on the investors exiting such scheme

Rebalancing of deviation due to short term defensive consideration

Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. As per clause 1.14.1.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive consideration only. In the event of deviations, portfolio rebalancing will be carried out within 30 calendar days in such cases



Suspension of Purchase of Units and Right to limit redemption of Units:

Subject to the approval of the Boards of the AMC and of the Trustee, and subject also to necessary communication of the same to SEBI, the determination of the NAV of the Units of the Scheme, and consequently of the Purchase and/or switching of Units, may be temporarily suspended in certain cases.

SEBI vide its clause 1.12 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has laid down certain requirements to be observed before imposing restriction on redemptions.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

- 1. Investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.
- 2. Debt & Money Market Instruments

Detailed definition and applicable regulations/guidelines for each instrument shall be included in Section II.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

"Related technology, components and materials" implies companies that produce electric, hybrid and autonomous vehicle components which are used in building of the vehicle, including batteries, fuel cells, car components, communication equipment, Electronic Components, software, communication services, semiconductor, electrical and power equipment's, chemicals, raw materials including metal mining and products (for example lithium, cobalt etc.), sensors, mapping, artificial intelligence, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, ride-share platforms and network-connected services for transportation.

The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and track companies from different geographies. The scheme may invest in the units of ETFs through the exchange on which the ETF is listed, through the asset management company which is managing the ETF, through authorized participant, market marker or any other available counterparty.

The features of underlying ETFs in which the Scheme shall invest are as under:

Name of ETFs	Listing	Currency	Features
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	NYSE Arca (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF invests in the full lithium cycle, from mining and refining the metal, through battery production. Lithium battery technology is essential to the rise of electric Vehicles (EVs).
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	Nasdaq (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles ("EVs"), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware.



Name of ETFs	Listing	Currency	Features
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Hong Kong)	Hong Kong Dollars (HKD)/United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles ("EVs"), and EV components and materials in China. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware and which are critical to development of electric vehicle in China
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF (LITU) seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE) seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle technology, electric vehicles ("EVs"), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle software and hardware, as well as companies that produce EVs, EV components such as lithium batteries, and critical EV materials such as lithium and cobalt.

The detailed features of the underlying schemes are as under:

Name of Underlying ETF	Investment Objective	Investment Strategy	Investment Process	Asset Allocation	Risk Profile And Risk Control
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium Index ("Underlying Index"	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that are economically tied to the lithium industry. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying Index and in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index when a replication strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity



		overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication strategy. A replication strategy is an indexing strategy that involves investing in the securities of the Underlying Index in approximately the same proportions as in the Underlying Index	(including the value of the collateral received)	the Underlying Index.	securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations (such as tax diversification requirements) that apply to the Fund but not the Underlying Index
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index ("Underlying Index")	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication strategy. A replication strategy is an indexing strategy that involves investing in the securities of the Underlying Index in approximately the same proportions as in	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that are economically tied to the Autonomus and Electric Vehicle. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received)	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying Index and in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Underlying Index.	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index when a replication strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations (such as tax diversification requirements) that



		the Underlying Index			apply to the Fund but not the Underlying Index
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve its investment objective	The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	The Sub-Fund may invest in (including but not limited to) the following Mainland China-related securities: A-Shares, H-Shares, N-Shares, P-Chips and Red Chips. The Sub-Fund will invest in A-Shares included in the Index through Stock Connect, which may include stocks on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.	Very High & Where the adoption of a full replication strategy is not efficient or practicable or where the Manager considers appropriate in its absolute discretion, the Manager may pursue a representative sampling strategy and hold a representative sample of the constituent securities of the Index selected by the Manager using quantitative analytical models to derive a portfolio sample. maximum deviation from the Index weighting of any constituent will not exceed 3 percentage points above or below such weighting.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	The Fund's investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of	The Index aims to provide exposure to exchange-listed companies that are involved in the development of electric vehicles and/or	When not possible or practicable to continue to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in	This Fund is in risk category 6 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced
	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index	the Index by investing primarily in a	autonomous vehicles, including companies that	depositary receipts relating	by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator



(the "Index").	portfolio of	produce	either to	of the future risk
	equity securities	electric/hybrid	components	profile
	that as far as	vehicles,	securities of	of the share class.
	possible and	electric/hybrid	the Index or to	The Fund offers
	practicable	vehicle	equity	no capital
	consists of the	components	securities of	guarantee or
	component	and materials,	the	protection.
	securities of the	autonomous	type referred	The Fund may be
	Index	driving	to above; and	subject to risks
	in similar	technology, and	financial	which are not
	proportions to	network	derivative	included in the
	their weightings	connected	instruments	calculation of the
	in the Index and in american	services for	("FDIs"),	risk-reward indicator. The
	depositary	transportation.	namely, total return	indicator. The Fund may enter
	receipts		"unfunded"	•
	("ADRs") and		OTC swaps	into securities lending
	global		and exchange-	transactions,
	depositary		traded equity	investing in
	receipts		futures for	repurchase and
	("GDRs")		investment	reverse repurchase
	based on the		purposes.	transactions and
	securities in the		The Fund may	short-term money
	Index.		enter into	market collective
	Index.		securities	investment
			lending	schemes, for the
			transactions,	purposes of
			investing in	efficient
			repurchase and	portfolio
			reverse	management only
			repurchase	5 ,
			transactions	
			and short-term	
			money	
			market	
			collective	
			investment	
			schemes, for	
			the purposes of	
			efficient	
			portfolio	
			management	
			only.	



Global X Lithium &	The Fund's investment	The Fund is passively	The Index aims to measure	When not possible or	This Fund is in risk category 7
Battery Tech	objective is to	managed. The	broad-based	practicable to	due to the range
UCITS ETF	generate returns	Fund will aim to	equity market	continue to	and frequency of
	that closely	achieve its	performance of	hold all of the	price
	correspond, before	investment	global	component	movements (i.e.
	fees and expenses,	objective by	companies	securities of	the volatility) of
	generally to the	attempting to	involved in the	the Index, the	the underlying
	price and yield	replicate the	lithium	Fund may	investments
	performance of the Global Lithium v2	performance of the	industry. The Index tracks the	invest in depositary	referenced by the Fund which
	Index (the	Index by	performance of	receipts	may not be a
	"Index").	investing	the largest and	relating	reliable indicator
	macx).	primarily in a	most liquid	either to	of the future risk
		portfolio of	listed	components	profile
		equity securities	companies that	securities of	of the share class.
		that as far as	are	the Index or to	The Fund offers
		possible and	active in the	equity	no capital
		practicable	exploration	securities of	guarantee or
		consists of the	and/or mining	the	protection.
		component	of Lithium or	type referred	The Fund may be
		securities of the	the production	to above; and	subject to risks
		Index	of	financial	which are not
		in similar	Lithium	derivative	included in the
		proportions to	batteries.	instruments	calculation of the
		their weightings		("FDIs"),	risk-reward
		in the Index and		namely, total	indicator. The
		in american depositary		return "unfunded"	Fund may enter into securities
		receipts		OTC swaps	lending
		("ADRs") and		and exchange-	transactions,
		global		traded equity	investing in
		depositary		futures for	repurchase and
		receipts		investment	reverse repurchase
		("GDRs")		purposes.	transactions and
		based on the		The Fund may	short term money
		securities in the		enter into	market collective
		Index.		securities	investment
				lending	schemes, for the
				transactions,	purposes of
				investing in	efficient
				repurchase and	portfolio
				reverse	management only.
				repurchase	
				transactions	
				and short term	
				money market	
				collective	
				investment	
				mvesimem	

The details on performance and Expense ratio of the underlying schemes are as under:



Name of ETF	Index	Fund Expens e Ratio (in %)		Inception Date	3 Years	1 Year	6 Months	3 Months
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF (in USD)	Lithium	0.75	914.27	23-07- 2010	-19.63%	-14.07%	-10.71%	-4.86%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF (in USD)	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index	0.68	294.17	17-04- 2018	-6.98%	-12.77%	-8.83%	-7.93%
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF(in USD)	Solactive China Electric Vehicle and Battery Index Net Total Return (NTR)	0.68	1,109.81	17-01- 2020	-15.78%	15.69%	-0.45%	7.92%
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index	0.60	31.77	07-12- 2021	-20.05%	-15.14%	-12.38%	-6.63%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index	0.50	6.50	16-11- 2021	-7.68%	-12.38%	-9.80%	-10.13%

^{*}Data as on March 31, 2025, Source: Bloomberg. The above returns are Compounded Annualised Growth Returns. Returns for 1 year and less are absolute returns

The scheme intends to invest in overseas equity ETFs which is denominated in foreign currency. Different underlying ETFs may be denominated in different foreign currency. The Investor of Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund will hence be exposed to foreign currency movement. The scheme does not intend to hedge this exposure.

The Scheme investment in the underlying funds shall be subject and affected by transaction price, transaction cost and transaction timing while buying/selling the underlying scheme, foreign Exchange movement, total expense ratios, and returns from investments made in money market securities or units of money market/ liquid schemes of Mutual Fund and other charges and tax associated with management of the scheme.

However, from India perspective, all applications will be processed at the applicable NAV of the FOF scheme in lines with the cut-off norms as specified by the regulatory guidelines

Though every endeavour will be made to achieve the objective of the Scheme, the AMC/Sponsors/Trustee does not guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. No guaranteed returns are being offered under the Scheme.

Policy for Investment decisions



The investment policy of the AMC has been determined by the Investment Committee ("IC") which has been ratified by the Boards of the AMC and Trustee. At the strategic level, the broad investment philosophy of the AMC and the authorized exposure limits are spelt out in the Investment Policy of the AMC. During trading hours, the Fund Managers have the discretion to take investment decisions for the Scheme within the limits defined in the Investment Policy, these decisions and the reasons thereof are communicated to the CEO for post facto approval.

The designated Fund Manager(s) of the Scheme will be responsible for taking day-to-day investment decisions and will inter-alia be responsible for asset allocation, security selection and timing of investment decisions.

Portfolio Turnover Policy

Portfolio turnover is defined as the aggregate value of purchases or sales as a percentage of the corpus of a scheme during a specified period of time. The Scheme is an open-ended Fund of Fund Scheme, investing in units of underlying ETFs. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

However, during volatile market conditions, the fund manager has the flexibility to churn the portfolio actively to optimize returns keeping in mind the cost associated with it.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.

The Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks the price movements in shares of companies which are (or are expected to be in the near future) active in the electric Vehicles and autonomous driving segments.

The fund reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme. The performance of this scheme will be compared with its peers in the Industry. The performance will be placed before the Investment Committee as well as the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company in each of their meetings.

Rationale for adoption of benchmark:

Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index tracks performance of companies that includes electric Vehicles manufacturers, electric Vehicles component producers, companies that mine or produce raw materials that are relevant to the electric Vehicles and autonomous Vehicles technology segment, companies that build autonomous Vehicles, and suppliers of autonomous Vehicles technologies and hence will serve as an appropriate benchmark for the scheme which invest in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.

The performance of the scheme will be measured based on the INR version of Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index.

The Trustees may change the benchmark in future if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Sr.	Particulars	Details
No.		



i.	Name	Siddharth Srivastava
ii.	Age	39 years
iii.	Qualification	MBA (Tech), BTech
iv.	Previous experience	Mr. Srivastava has more than 15 years of experience in the field of financial services and stock markets.
		He has been associated with Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited from 1 st January 2020 till date with overall responsibilities of leading passive investment products.
		He has been associated with Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited from 17 th Oct, 2018 – 31 st December 2019 with overall responsibilities of leading passive investment products of the company.
		Prior to this assignment, he was Senior Manager at NSE Indices Limited from Sep 2014 – Oct 2018 and was associated as Senior Associate at Morgan Stanley Capital International from Nov 2010 – Aug 2014.
		Others schemes managed by him: • Mirae Asset Hang Seng TECH ETF • Mirae Asset NYSE FANG+ ETF • Mirae Asset S&P 500 Top 50 ETF
		 Mirae Asset Global X Artificial Intelligence & Technology ETF Fund of Fund Mirae Asset Multi Asset Allocation Fund Mirae Asset Small Cap Fund
V.	Tenure for which the fund manager has been managing the scheme	2 year and 9 months (Since September 2022)

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

The existing Fund of Fund of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund are as below:

- 1. Mirae Asset Global X Artificial Intelligence & Technology ETF Fund of Fund
- 2. Mirae Asset Nifty 100 ESG Sector Leaders Fund of Fund
- 3. Mirae Asset NYSE FANG+ ETF Fund of Fund
- 4. Mirae Asset S&P 500 Top 50 ETF Fund of Fund
- 5. Mirae Asset Hang Seng TECH ETF Fund of Fund
- 6. Mirae Asset Nifty India Manufacturing ETF Fund of Fund
- 7. Mirae Asset Nifty Smallcap250 Momentum Quality 100 ETF Fund of Fund
- 8. Mirae Asset Nifty Midsmallcap400 momentum quality 100 ETF Fund of Fund
- 9. Mirae Asset Nifty200 Alpha 30 ETF Fund of Fund
- 10. Mirae Asset Gold ETF Fund of Fund
- 11. Mirae Asset Nifty India New Age Consumption ETF Fund of Fund
- 12. Mirae Asset BSE 200 Equal Weight ETF Fund of Fund
- 13. Mirae Asset BSE Select IPO ETF Fund of Fund
- 14. Mirae Asset Diversified Equity Allocator Passive FOF (formerly known as Mirae Asset Equity Allocator Fund of Fund)



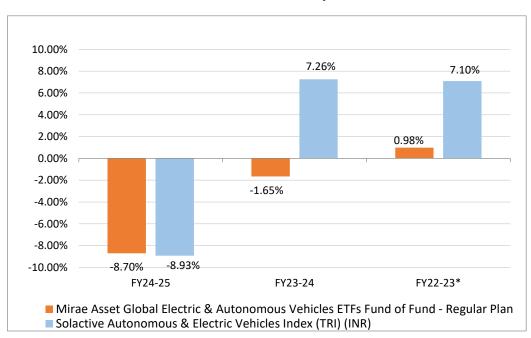
The table showing the differentiation of the Scheme with the existing Fund of Fund of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund is available at: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED

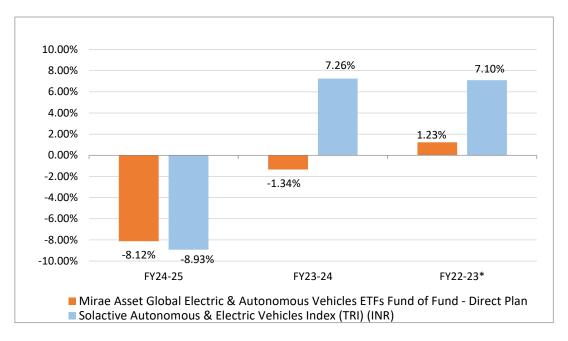
Particulars	Regular Plan – Growth option		Direct Plan – Growth option		
Compounded Annualised	Scheme returns	Benchmark Returns	Scheme returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%)	
Growth Returns (CAGR)					
Since Inception	-3.75	1.78	-3.30	1.78	
Last 1 year	-8.70	-8.93	-8.12	-8.93	
Last 3 years	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Last 5 years	NA	NA	NA	NA	
NAV as on 31/03/2025 (INR)	9.067	1,658.96	9.176	1,658.96	

Since inception date (07-Sep-2022)

Absolute Return for Each Financial Year for the Last 3 years







*from inception (07-Sep-2022) to 31-Mar-23

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and should not be used as a basis for comparison with other investments.

As per the SEBI standards for performance reporting, the returns are calculated on Rs.10/- invested at inception. For this purpose the inception date is deemed to be the date of allotment. The calculations of returns shall assume reinvestment of all payouts at the then prevailing NAV. The absolute graph of is computed from the Date of Allotment/1st April, as the case maybe, to 31st March of the respective financial year.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors are available on functional website link:- https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/offer-documents-data
- ii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure:- https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio
- iii. Portfolio Turnover Ratio: N.A since it is a Fund of Fund
- iv. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value	Net Value	
	Fund Manager(s)	Units	NAV per unit	
1	Siddharth Srivastava	2,974.06	9.18	27,289.96

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

v. Investments of AMC in the Scheme – https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data



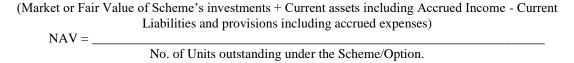
The AMC shall not invest in any of the schemes unless full disclosure of its intention to invest has been made in the Scheme Information Document and that the AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investment

Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date.

NAV of Units under the Options there under can be calculated as shown below:



The NAVs of the Scheme will be computed and units will be allotted upto 3 decimals.

The income earned and the profits realized in respect of the Units issued under the Growth Option remain invested and are reflected in the NAV of the Units.

Since this Scheme invests in units of overseas equity ETFs, the NAV of the Scheme for a business day (Day T) will be based on the closing price of the underlying fund on the exchange in which it is listed for that day (Day T). Since the closing price of the underlying fund on the exchange in which it is listed on a business day (Day T) would normally be available either late in the evening of the business day (Day T) or on the following business day (T+1), the Scheme will declare the NAV for a Business day on the next Business Day by 10.00 a.m,

Valuation of the scheme's assets, calculation of the scheme's NAV and the accounting policies & standards will be subject to such norms and guidelines that SEBI may prescribe from time to time and shall be subject to audit on an annual basis.

Valuation of Foreign Exchange Conversion: On the valuation day, all the assets and liabilities in foreign currency will be valued in Indian Rupees on the basis of Foreign Exchange rate quoted on Bloomberg/Reuters around India markets close time (which is currently around 3:30 p.m. IST) or at the RBI Reference rate as at the close of the Banking hours on that day in India. The Trustees/AMC reserves the right to change the source for determining the exchange rate. The reasons for the change in the source for determining the exchange rate will be recorded in writing. The Rupee value of Investments valued in the manner described above and other assets and liabilities represented in foreign currency shall be obtained by multiplying the aforesaid rate.

The valuation of the Schemes' assets and calculation of the Schemes' NAVs shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units of mutual fund scheme:

• Ongoing Price for subscription (purchase)/ switch-in (from other schemes/ plans of the mutual fund) by investors. (This is the price you need to pay for purchase/ switch-in):

The Sale Price for a valid purchase will be the Applicable NAV.

i.e. Sale Price = Applicable NAV

For a valid purchase request of Rs. 10,000 where the applicable NAV is Rs. 11.1234, the units allotted will be:



= 10,000 (i.e. purchase amount 11.1234 (i.e. applicable NAV)

= 899.006 units (rounded to three decimals)

Transaction charges and other charges/expenses, if any, borne by the investors have not been considered in the above illustration.

• Ongoing Price for redemption (sale)/ switch-outs (to other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors. (This is the price you will receive for redemptions/ switch-outs):

The Repurchase Price for a valid repurchase will be the applicable NAV reduced by any exit load (say 1%). i.e. applicable NAV - (applicable NAV X applicable exit load).

For a valid repurchase request where the applicable NAV is Rs. 12.1234, the repurchase price will be:

- $= 12.1234 (12.1234 \times 1.00\%)$
- = 12.1234 0.1212
- = Rs. 12.0022

Therefore, for a repurchase of 899.006 units, the proceeds received by the investor will be -

- = 899.006 (units) * 12.0022 (Repurchase price)
- = Rs. 10,790.049 (rounded to three decimals)

Transaction charges and other charges/expenses, if any, borne by the investors have not been considered in the above illustration.

The Mutual Fund may charge the load within the stipulated limit of 5% and without any discrimination to any specific group. The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. will be borne by the AMC. No NFO expenses were charged to the Scheme.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 1% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio



Particulars	% p.a. of daily net assets
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission**	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location***	TT : 1.000/
Cost of providing account statements and redemption cheques and IDCW warrants	Upto 1.00%
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Brokerage & transaction cost	
Goods and Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	
^ Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	Upto 0.05%
\$Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities***	Upto 0.30%

Since it is a Fund of Fund Scheme, the investor shall bear the recurring expense of the scheme in addition to the expense of the underlying scheme.

Provided that the total expense ratio to be charged over and above the weighted average of the total expense ratio of the underlying scheme shall not exceed two times the weighted average of the total expense ratio levied by the underlying scheme(s), subject to the overall ceilings as stated in the above table.

*Other expenses: Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

^ Such expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied/not applicable to the scheme.

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Mutual Fund.

**Direct Plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under Direct Plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the abovementioned distribution expenses/ commission which is charged in the Regular Plan.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that the investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC and the above expenses (including investment management and advisory fees) are subject to inter-se change and may increase/decrease as per actual and/or any change in the Regulations, as amended from time to time.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route.

All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular



plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission which is charged in the Regular Plan and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under the Direct Plan.

In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 ['SEBI Regulations'] or the Total Recurring Expenses (Total Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the scheme namely:-

- a) \$ Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities:
- (a) expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI/AMFI from time to time are at least -
- (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the scheme, or;
- (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher:

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or subclause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that, expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the Scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Currently, SEBI has specified that the above additional expenses may be charged for inflows from beyond 'Top 30 cities.' The top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography – Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

This sub clause (a) shall be applicable for inflows received during the NFO period.

Provided further that, additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from B30 cities in terms of clause 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

'Retail investors' are defined as individual investors with an inflow of an amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction.

*** Note: clause 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has directed AMCs to keep B-30 incentive structure in abeyance with effect from March 01, 2023 till further notice.

a) GST payable on investment and advisory service fees ('AMC fees') charged by Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited ('Mirae Asset AMC)';

Within the Total Expense Limit chargeable to the Scheme, following will be charged to the Scheme:

- (a) GST on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, (including on brokerage and transaction costs on execution of trades) shall be borne by the Scheme;
- (b) Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes (a) up to 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.



The current expense ratios will be updated on the AMC website https://miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/regulatory at least 3 working days prior to the effective date of the change.

Further, the notice of change in base TER (i.e. TER excluding additional expenses provided in Regulation 52(6A) (b) and 52(6A)(c) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996) in comparison to previous base TER charged to the scheme will be communicated to investors of the scheme through notice via email or SMS at least three working days prior to effecting such change.

However, any decrease in TER due to decrease in applicable limits as prescribed in Regulation 52 (6) (i.e. due to increase in daily net assets of the scheme) would not require issuance of any prior notice to the investors. Further, such decrease in TER will be immediately communicated to investors of the scheme through email or SMS and uploaded on the AMC website.

The above change in the base TER in comparison to previous base TER charged to the scheme shall be intimated to the Board of Directors of AMC along with the rationale recorded in writing.

The changes in TER shall also be placed before the Trustees on quarterly basis along with rationale for such changes.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns (by providing simple example)

Particulars		Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Opening NAV per unit	A	10.0000	10.0000
Gross Scheme Returns @ 8.75%	В	0.8750	0.8750
Expense Ratio @ 1.50 % p.a.	$C = (A \times 1.50\%)$	0.1500	0.1500
Distribution Expense Ratio @ 0.25 % p.a. *	$D = (A \times 0.25\%)$	0.0250	0.0000
Total Expenses	E = C + D	0.1750	0.1500
Closing NAV per unit	F = A + B - E	10.7000	10.7250
Net 1 Year Return	F/A - 1	7.00%	7.25%

^{*}Distribution/Brokerage expense is not levied in direct plan

The above calculation is provided to illustrate the impact of expenses on the scheme returns and should not be construed as indicative Expense Ratio, yield or return.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/) or may call at '1800 2090 777' or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Exit	If redeemed within 1 year (365 days) from the date of allotment: 1% If redeemed after 1 year (365 days) from the date of allotment: NIL.

For any change in exit load, AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres.

No Exit Load shall be levied in case of switch transactions from Regular Plan to Direct Plan



The Mutual Fund may charge exit load within the stipulated limit of 5% and without any discrimination to any specific group. The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV.

The Trustee reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure and may decide to charge on the Units with prospective effect, subject to the maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. At the time of changing the load structure, the AMC shall take the following steps:

- Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all the Mirae Asset ISCs' and distributors' offices and on the website of the AMC.
- The notice—cum-addendum detailing the changes shall be attached to SIDs and Key Information Memoranda. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memoranda already in stock.
- The introduction of the exit load along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide
 circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the
 Mutual Fund is situated.
- Any other measures which the mutual funds may feel necessary.

The AMC may change the load from time to time and in case of an exit/repurchase load this may be linked to the period of holding. It may be noted that any such change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investment only. The exit load (net off GST, if any, payable in respect of the same) shall be credited to the Scheme of the Fund.

The distributors should disclose all the commissions (in the form of trail commission or any other mode) payable to them for the different competing schemes of various mutual funds from amongst which the scheme is being recommended to the investor.



Section II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/interpretation

Please refer the definitions/interpretation as disclosed under: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data

B. Risk factors

Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity
 risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal
- As the price / value / interest rate of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your
 investment in the scheme can go up or down depending on various factors and forces affecting capital
 markets and money markets.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/ AMC/ Mutual Fund does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme.
- The Scheme does not in any manner indicate its quality or its future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1.00 lakh made by it towards setting up the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.
- The present scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme.

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

Some of the specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

The scheme intends to invest in ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. The Scheme may also invest, at the discretion of the Investment Manager, a certain portion of its corpus in the liquid/money market schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund. Hence scheme specific risk factors of all such underlying schemes will be applicable. All risks associated with such schemes, including performance of their underlying stocks, derivative instruments, stock-lending, offshore investments etc., will therefore be applicable in the case of the Scheme. Investors who intend to invest in the Scheme are required to and deemed to have understood the risk factors of the underlying schemes.

The scheme may invest in the units of ETFs through the exchange on which the ETF is listed, through the Asset Management Company, or through authorized participant, market marker or any other available counter party. The price at which ETF unit is traded/transacted may be different than the NAV/iNAV of the scheme at that instant. This may result in a deviation from the performance as compared to the underlying scheme.

The scheme intends to invest in overseas equity ETFs which is denominated in foreign currency. The Investor of Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund will hence be exposed to foreign currency movement. The scheme does not intend to hedge this exposure.

In certain scenarios, due to liquidity constraints in the underlying ETFs, the subscription or redemption in the underlying ETF units may be implemented over multiple days. This may result in the deviation from the performance as compared to the underlying schemes.

The scheme may invest in multiple underlying ETFs in various proportions and include more ETFs for investment on an ongoing basis based on the investment objective of the scheme. The scheme may also redeem completely from the ETFs in which investments were made. Such changes will affect the performance of the scheme. Also, in case the ETF in which scheme has made investment gets



delisted/decommissioned, the scheme may also redeem its investment from such scheme or may take any other steps for the benefit of the investors

The scheme may invest in ETFs domiciled or listed in different countries due to which the relevant country and exchange specific factors may affect the performance of the scheme, including but not limited too multiple forex exposure, transaction and taxes cost and other operational related issues.

The scheme will invest in the companies which are incorporated, function and derives revenue from multiple geographies and hence their performance and their stock performances may be affected by various factors including but not limited to geo-political risk, monetary risk, custodian & settlement risk, regulatory risk market risk etc.

However, from India perspective, all applications will be processed at the applicable NAV of the FOF scheme in lines with the cut-off norms as specified by the regulatory guidelines

The Scheme investment in the underlying funds shall be subject and affected by transaction price, transaction cost and transaction timing while buying/selling the underlying scheme, foreign Exchange movement, total expense ratios, and returns from investments made in money market securities or units of money market/liquid schemes of Mutual Fund and other charges and tax associated with management of the scheme. The scheme will adhere to the relevant tax guideline and tax applicability as per Indian and Foreign jurisdictions. The Investors should consult their tax advisors to understand the tax implication pertaining to investment in this scheme.

Risk associated with underlying ETF schemes:

Few risks associated with the underlying ETFs are mentioned below, for more details, investors are advised to refer to the risk factors mentioned in the scheme documents of the ETF where the scheme shall invest in.

- a) Asset Class Risk: Securities in the Underlying Index or otherwise held in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to the general securities markets, a particular securities market or other asset classes.
- b) Authorized Participants Concentration Risk: The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as Authorized Participants. Only Authorized Participants who have entered into agreements with the Fund's distributor may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund. To the extent that those Authorized Participants exit the business or are unable to process creation and/or redemption orders, and no other Authorized Participant is able to step forward to create or redeem, Shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV, and possibly face trading halts and/or delisting from an exchange.
- c) Concentration Risk: To the extent that the Underlying Index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries, the Fund will also concentrate its investments to approximately the same extent. Similarly, if the Underlying Index has significant exposure to one or more sectors, the Fund's investments will likely have significant exposure to such sectors. In such event, the Fund's performance will be particularly susceptible to adverse events impacting such industry or sector, which may include, but are not limited to, the following: general economic conditions or cyclical market patterns that could negatively affect supply and demand; competition for resources; adverse labor relations; political or world events; obsolescence of technologies; and increased competition or new product introductions that may affect the profitability or viability of companies in a particular industry or sector. As a result, the value of the Fund's investments may rise and fall more than the value of shares of a fund that invests in securities of companies in a broader range of industries or sectors.
- d) Cyber Security Risk: Failures or breaches of the electronic systems of the Fund, the Adviser, and the Fund's other service providers, market makers, Authorized Participants or the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests have the ability to cause disruptions and negatively impact the Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders. While the Fund has established business, continuity plans and risk management systems seeking to address system breaches or failures, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems. Furthermore, the Fund cannot control the cyber security plans



- and systems of the Fund's service providers, market makers, Authorized Participants or issuers of securities in which the Fund invests.
- e) Geographic Risk: A natural or other disaster could occur in a country, which could affect the economy or particular business operations of companies economically tied to the concerned country, causing an adverse impact on the Fund's investments in the concerned country.
- f) Index-Related Risk: There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve a high degree of correlation to the Underlying Index and therefore achieve its investment objective. Market disruptions and regulatory restrictions could have an adverse effect on the Fund's ability to adjust its exposure to the required levels in order to track the Underlying Index. Errors in index data, index computations and/or the construction of the Underlying Index in accordance with its methodology may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected by the Index Provider for a period of time or at all, which may have an adverse impact on the Fund and its shareholders.
- g) Issuer Risk: Fund performance depends on the performance of individual companies in which the Fund invests. Changes to the financial condition of any of those companies may cause the value of their securities to decline.
- h) Large-Capitalization Companies Risk: Large-capitalization companies may trail the returns of the overall stock market. Large-capitalization stocks tend to go through cycles of doing better or worse than the stock market in general. These periods have, in the past, lasted for as long as several years.
- i) Large Shareholder Risk: Certain shareholders, including an Authorized Participant, the Adviser or an affiliate of the Adviser, may own a substantial amount of the Fund's Shares. Additionally, from time to time an Authorized Participant, a third-party investor, the Adviser, or an affiliate of the Adviser may invest in the Fund and hold its investment for a specific period of time in order to facilitate commencement of the Fund's operations or to allow the Fund to achieve size or scale. Redemptions by large shareholders could have a significant negative impact on the Fund. If a large shareholder were to redeem all, or a large portion, of its Shares, there is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to maintain sufficient assets to continue operations in which case the Board of Trustees may determine to liquidate the Fund. In addition, transactions by large shareholders may account for a large percentage of the trading volume on a national securities exchange and may, therefore, have a material upward or downward effect on the market price of the Shares.
- j) Listing Standards Risk: Under continuous listing standards adopted by the Fund's listing exchange, the Fund will be required to confirm on an ongoing basis that the components of the Underlying Index satisfy the applicable listing requirements. In the event that the Underlying Index does not comply with the applicable listing requirements, the Fund would be required to rectify such non-compliance by requesting that the Index Provider modify the Underlying Index, adopting a new underlying index, or obtaining relief from the government/regulator. Failure to rectify such non-compliance may result in the Fund being delisted by the listing exchange.
- k) Management Risk: The Fund is subject to the risk that the Adviser's investment management strategy may cause the Fund to underperform the market or its relevant benchmark or adversely affect the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective.
- Market Risk: Turbulence in the financial markets and reduced liquidity may negatively affect issuers, which could have an adverse effect on the Fund. If the securities held by the Fund experience poor liquidity, the Fund may be unable to transact at advantageous times or prices, which may decrease the Fund's returns. In addition, there is a risk that policy changes by the Government, Federal Reserve, or other government actors, which could include increasing interest rates, could cause increased volatility in financial markets and lead to higher levels of Fund redemptions, which could have a negative impact on the Fund. The Fund's NAV could decline over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during market downturns.
- m) Market Trading Risks: Shares of the Fund are publicly traded on a national securities exchange which may subject shareholders to numerous markets trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Shares, losses from trading in secondary markets, periods of high volatility and disruption in the creation/redemption process of the Fund. Any of these factors may lead to the Shares trading at a premium or discount to NAV.
- n) Mid-Capitalization Companies Risk: Mid-capitalization companies may have greater price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies. In addition, mid-capitalization companies may have smaller revenues, narrower product lines, less management depth and experience,



- smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strength than large-capitalization companies.
- o) Non-Diversification Risk: The Fund is subject to the risk that it may be more volatile than a diversified fund because the Fund may invest its assets in a smaller number of issuers or may invest a larger proportion of its assets in a single issuer. As a result, the gains and losses on a single investment may have a greater impact on the Fund's NAV and may make the Fund more volatile than more diversified funds.
- p) Operational Risk: The Fund is exposed to operational risk arising from a number of factors, including but not limited to human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. The Fund and the Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate for those risks that they are intended to address.
- q) Passive Investment Risk: The Fund is not actively managed, and the Adviser does not attempt to take defensive positions in declining markets. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund does not seek to outperform its Underlying Index. Therefore, it would not necessarily buy or sell a security unless that security is added or removed, respectively, from the Underlying Index, even if that security generally is underperforming. Maintaining investments in securities regardless of market conditions or the performance of individual securities could cause the Fund's return to be lower than if the Fund employed an active strategy.
- r) Premium/Discount Risk: Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for Shares may result in Shares trading at a significant premium or discount to NAV. If a shareholder purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV or sells Shares at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV, the shareholder may sustain losses.
- s) Risk of Investing in Developed Markets: The Fund's investment in a developed country issuer may subject the Fund to regulatory, political, currency, security, economic and other risks associated with developed countries. Developed countries tend to represent a significant portion of the global economy and have generally experienced slower economic growth than some less developed countries. Certain developed countries have experienced security concerns, such as terrorism and strained international relations. Incidents involving a country's or region's security may cause uncertainty in its markets and may adversely affect its economy and the Fund's investments. In addition, developed countries may be impacted by changes to the economic conditions of certain key trading partners, regulatory burdens, debt burdens and the price or availability of certain commodities.
- t) Risks Related to Investing in Equity Securities: Equity securities are subject to changes in value, and their values may be more volatile than other asset classes, as a result of such factors as a company's business performance, investor perceptions, stock market trends and general economic conditions.
- u) Tracking Error Risk: Tracking error is the divergence of the Fund's performance from that of the Underlying Index. Tracking error may occur because of differences between the securities and other instruments held in the Fund's portfolio and those included in the Underlying Index, pricing differences (including differences between a security's price at the local market close and the Fund's valuation of a security at the time of calculation of the Fund's NAV), differences in transaction costs, the Fund's holding of un-invested cash, differences in timing of the accrual of or the valuation of dividends or interest, tax gains or losses, changes to the Underlying Index or the costs to the Fund of complying with various new or existing regulatory requirements. This risk may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions. Tracking error also may result because the Fund incurs fees and expenses, while the Underlying Index does not.
- v) Trading Halt Risk: An exchange or market may close or issue trading halts on specific securities, or the ability to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments may be restricted, which may result in the Fund being unable to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments. In such circumstances, the Fund may be unable to rebalance its portfolio, may be unable to accurately price its investments and/or may incur substantial trading losses.
- w) Valuation Risk: The sales price the Fund could receive for a security may differ from the Fund's valuation of the security and may differ from the value used by the Underlying Index, particularly for securities that trade in low value or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. The value of the



securities in the Fund's portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's Shares

- x) Risks associated with equity markets: The value of the underlying scheme(s) will be affected by economic, political, market, exchange and issuer specific changes in the concerned countries. Such changes may adversely affect securities, regardless of company specific performance. Additionally, different sectors and securities can react differently to these changes. Such fluctuations of the underlying scheme(s)'s value is often exacerbated in the short term as well. The risk that one or more companies in the underlying scheme(s)'s portfolio will fall, or fail to rise, can adversely affect the overall performance of the Scheme in any given period.
- y) Country Risk: Country risk arises from the inability of a country to meet its financial obligations. It is the risk encompassing economic, social and political conditions in a foreign country which might adversely affect the interests of the Scheme.
- z) Derivatives General: The scheme may use derivatives to hedge market and currency risk, and for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. The use of derivatives may expose the scheme to a higher degree of risk. In particular, derivative contracts can be highly volatile, and the amount of initial margin is generally small relative to the size of the contract so that transactions are geared. A relatively small market movement may have a potentially larger impact on derivatives than on standard bonds or equities.

Risks Associated with Overseas Investments

Subject to necessary approvals, in terms of all applicable guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time and within the investment objectives of the Scheme, the Scheme shall invest in overseas markets and securities which carry a risk on account of fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates, nature of securities market of the country concerned, repatriation of capital due to exchange controls and political circumstances.

Currency Risk: Mirae Asset Global Electric & Autonomous Vehicles ETFs Fund of Fund and other similar overseas mutual fund schemes are subject to currency risk. Returns to investors are the result of a combination of returns from investments and from movements in exchange rates. For example, if the Rupee appreciates vis-à-vis the US\$, the extent of appreciation will lead to reduction in the return to the investor. However, if the Rupee appreciates against the US Dollar by an amount in excess of the returns earned on the investment, the returns can even be negative. Again, in case the Rupee depreciates vis-à-vis the US\$, the extent of depreciation will lead to a corresponding increase in the return to the investor. Going forward, the Rupee may depreciate (lose value) or appreciate (increase value) against the currencies of the countries where the Scheme will invest.

Risks Associated with Debt & Money Market Instruments

- Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as bonds, debentures and money market
 instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed
 income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the
 prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of
 interest rates.
- Credit Risk: In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market
 instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even
 where no default occurs, the price of a security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes
 down. It must, however, be noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no
 credit risk to that extent.
- Liquidity or Marketability Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.



- Reinvestment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates
 prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.
 Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.
- Pre-payment Risk: Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before
 their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the
 fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower
 interest income for the fund.
- Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.
- Concentration Risk: The Scheme portfolio may have higher exposure to a single sector, subject to maximum
 of 20% of net assets, depending upon availability of issuances in the market at the time of investment,
 resulting in higher concentration risk. Any change in government policy / businesses environment relevant
 to the sector may have an adverse impact on the portfolio.
- Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the SID carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly, the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. E.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AA rated, are comparatively riskier than bonds, which are AAA rated.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- 1) Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- 2) Security comprises of segregated portfolio may not realise any value.
- 3) Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

Risk Associated with Securitized Debt

The Scheme may invest in domestic securitized debt such as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from various loans including automobile loans, personal loans, loans against consumer durables, etc. MBS are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from loans backed by mortgage of residential/ commercial properties. ABS/MBS instruments reflect the undivided interest in the underlying pool of assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of the underlying receivables. The ABS/MBS holders have a limited recourse to the extent of credit enhancement provided. If the delinquencies and credit losses in the underlying pool exceed the credit enhancement provided, ABS/MBS holders will suffer credit losses. ABS/MBS are also normally exposed to a higher level of reinvestment risk as compared to the normal corporate or sovereign debt.

At present in Indian market, following types of loans are securitized:

- 1. Auto Loans (cars / commercial Vehicles / two wheelers)
- 2. Residential Mortgages or Housing Loans
- 3. Consumer Durable Loans
- 4. Personal Loans
- 5. Corporate Loans



In terms of specific risks attached to securitization, each asset class would have different underlying risks. Residential Mortgages generally have lower default rates than other asset classes, but repossession becomes difficult. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial Vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Asset classes like personal loans, credit card receivables are unsecured and in an economic downturn may witness higher default. A corporate loan/receivable, depend upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable and the risks correspondingly fluctuate.

The rating agencies define margins, over collateralisation and guarantees to bring risk in line with similar AAA rated securities. The factors typically analyzed for any pool are as follows:

- a. <u>Assets securitized and Size of the loan</u>: This indicates the kind of assets financed with the loan and the average ticket size of the loan. A very low ticket size might mean more costs in originating and servicing of the assets.
- b. <u>Diversification</u>: Diversification across geographical boundaries and ticket sizes might result in lower delinquency
- c. <u>Loan to Value Ratio</u>: Indicates how much % value of the asset is financed by borrower's own equity. The lower this value the better it is. This suggests that where the borrowers own contribution of the asset cost is high; the chances of default are lower.
- d. <u>Average seasoning of the pool</u>: This indicates whether borrowers have already displayed repayment discipline. The higher the number, the more superior it is. The other main risks pertaining to Securitised debt are as follows:

Prepayment Risk: This arises when the borrower pays off the loan sooner than expected. When interest rates decline, borrowers tend to pay off high interest loans with money borrowed at a lower interest rate, which shortens the average maturity of ABSs. However, there is some prepayment risk even if interest rates rise, such as when an owner pays off a mortgage when the house is sold or an auto loan is paid off when the car is sold.

Reinvestment Risk: Since prepayment risk increases when interest rates decline, this also introduces reinvestment risk, which is the risk that the principal can only be reinvested at a lower rate.

Risk Associated with structured obligations and credit enhancement

The Scheme may invest in domestic structured obligations such as corporate / promoter guarantee: Securities which have a structure with a guarantee from the corporate / promoter, may see an adverse effect if there are any signs of stress at the promoter / group level, even though the standalone borrowing entity's debt servicing capability and repayments may not see any material impact, from a future cash flow perspective.

Where equity shares are provided as collateral there is the risk of sharp price volatility of underlying securities which may lead to erosion in value of collateral which may affect the ability of the fund to enforce collateral and recover capital and interest obligations. Also, there is a possibility of guarantor going insolvent which also can impact the recovery value of exposure. In case of credit enhanced structures backed by equity share the liquidity of the underlying shares may be low leading to a lower recovery and a higher impact cost of liquidation. In case of other assets provided recovery, value and enforce ability of asset can also be a risk factor which can lower the recovery value.



Risk factors associated with debt instruments having special features

- The scheme may invest in certain debt instruments with special features which may be subordinated to equity
 and thereby such instruments may absorb losses before equity capital. The instrument is also convertible to
 equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption as may be decided by the RBI.
- The debt instruments with special features are considered as Non-Convertible Debentures, may be treated as debt instruments until converted to equity.
- The instruments are subject to features that grant issuer a discretion in terms of writing down the
 principal/coupon, to skip coupon payments, to make an early recall etc. Thus debt instruments with special
 features are subject to "Coupon discretion", "Loss Absorbency", "Write down on Point of Non-viability
 trigger(PONV) event" and other events as more particularly described as per the term sheet of the underlying
 instruments.
- The instrument is also subject to Liquidity Risk pertaining to how saleable a security is in the market. The particular security may not have a market at the time of sale due to uncertain/insufficient liquidity in the secondary market, then the scheme may have to bear an impact depending on its exposure to that particular security.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH INVESTING IN UNDERLYING SCHEMES (AS APPLICABLE):

Tracking Error and Tracking Difference Risk

The Fund Manager would not be able to invest the entire corpus exactly in the same proportion as in the underlying index due to certain factors such as the fees and expenses of the Scheme, corporate actions, cash balance, changes to the underlying index and regulatory restrictions, which may result in Tracking Error with the underlying index. The Scheme's returns may therefore deviate from those of the underlying index. "Tracking Error" is defined as the standard deviation of the difference between daily returns of the underlying index and the NAV of the Scheme. Tracking Difference" is the annualized difference of daily returns between the Index and the NAV of the scheme (difference between fund return and the index return). Tracking Error and Tracking difference may arise including but not limited to the following reasons:

- Expenditure incurred by the Fund.
- Available funds may not be invested at all times as the Scheme may keep a portion of the funds in cash to meet Redemptions, for corporate actions or otherwise.
- Securities trading may halt temporarily due to circuit filters.
- Corporate actions such as debenture or warrant conversion, rights issuances, mergers, change in constituents etc.
- Rounding-off of the quantity of shares in the underlying index.
- Dividend payout.
- Index providers undertake a periodical review of the scrips that comprise the underlying index and may either drop or include new scrips. In such an event, the Fund will try to reallocate its portfolio but the available investment/reinvestment opportunity may not permit absolute mirroring immediately.

SEBI Regulations (if any) may impose restrictions on the investment and/or divestment activities of the Scheme Such restrictions are typically outside the control of the AMC and may cause or exacerbate the Tracking Error.

It will be the endeavor of the fund manager to keep the tracking error as low as possible. However, in case of events like, dividend received from underlying securities, rights issue from underlying securities, and market volatility during rebalancing of the portfolio following the rebalancing of the underlying index, etc. or in abnormal market circumstances may result in tracking error. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error relative to performance of the Index.



Risk Associated while transacting through Email:

The AMC allows investors for transacting in mutual fund units through email. This may involve certain risks which the investor should carefully consider. Investors should note that email based instructions are inherently vulnerable to risks such as interception, unauthorised access, phishing, spoofing, failed delivery and unintended transmission and should ensure appropriate safeguards are in place when using such mode of transaction. The AMC does not accept any responsibility or liability for any loss, damages or inconvenience caused due to errors, delays, non - receipt or unauthorised access associated with transacting through email.

C. RISK MITIGATION MEASURES

Risk Associated with Underlying Schemes

- Liquidity Risk on account of investments in international funds: The investments are made in international funds, which provide daily liquidity. However there exists a possibility that different settlement cycles and foreign exchange conversion could leads to delay in receipt of redemption proceeds. To mitigate this risk, daily cash management monitoring is performed by the Risk team by taking into consideration future cash flows on account of redemptions as well as subscriptions into/from the domestic fund. The endeavor is to maintain an adequate liquidity cushion in Indian Rupee terms by making investments in very short term money market instruments and/or liquid schemes in India.
- Expense Risks associated with investments in international funds: Any increase in the expense structure
 of the international funds is not expected to have any impact as the aggregate of expenses incurred by the
 Indian Fund-of-Funds scheme and the underlying international funds is subject to limits prescribed by SEBI.
- Portfolio Disclosure Risks associated with investments in international funds: Full portfolio disclosure may not be available at the end of each month. Full portfolio holdings can be obtained from underlying international funds on a quarterly basis.
- Investment Policy and/or fundamental attribute change risks associated with investments in International funds: Investments are made in overseas equity ETFs, however there exists possibility that there is a change in the fundamental attributes of the underlying ETF. In such circumstances, the AMC, may take action to safeguard the interest of the unit holders within the purview of the SEBI guidelines
- Risks associated with investments in overseas equity ETFs special risk consideration related to
 international fund: To the extent of the investments in overseas equity ETFs, the risks of such underlying
 ETFs will exist. The investors should note that these risks cannot be defeased as this fund is managed by
 other asset management companies.

Risks Associated with Debt & Money Market Instruments

<u>Credit Risk</u> - The fund has a rigorous credit research process. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.

While these measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

Risks Associated with Repo in Corporate Debt

1) Illiquidity Risk

The repo market for corporate debt securities is over the counter (OTC) and illiquid. Hence, repo obligations cannot be easily sold to other parties. Therefore, to mitigate such risks, it has been stipulated that gross



exposure to Repo in corporate bonds would be limited to 10% of net assets of the concerned scheme. Further, the tenor of repo would be taken based on nature and unit holders' pattern of the scheme.

2) Counter-party risk

Credit risk would arise if the counter-party fails to repurchase the security as contracted or if counterparty fails to return the security or interest received on due date. To mitigate such risks, the schemes shall carry out repo transactions with only those counterparties, which has a credit rating of 'A1+' or 'AA and above'. In case of lending of funds as a repo buyer, minimum haircuts on the value of the collateral security have been stipulated, and we would receive the collateral security in the scheme's account before the money is lent to the counter-party. Overall, we would have a limited number of counter-parties, primarily comprising of Mutual Funds, Scheduled Commercial banks, Financial Institutions and Primary dealers. Similarly, in the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the counterparty as contracted, the counter-party may hurriedly dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds may be refunded to the Scheme. Thus, the Scheme may suffer losses in such cases. Sufficient funds flow management systems are in place to mitigate such risks.

3) Collateral Risk (as a repo buyer)

Collateral risks arise due to fall in the value of the security (change in credit rating and/or interest rates) against which the money has been lent under the repo arrangement. To mitigate such risks, we have stipulated the minimum credit rating of the issuer of collateral security. ('AA' for long-term instruments/A1+ for money market instruments), maximum duration of the collateral security (10 years) and minimum haircuts on the value of the security.

Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Triparty Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the "Default Waterfall". As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member). However, it may be noted that a member shall have the right to submit resignation from the membership of the Security segment if it has taken a loss through replenishment of its contribution to the default fund for the segments and a loss threshold as notified have been reached. The maximum contribution of a member towards replenishment of its contribution to the default fund in the 7 days (30 days in case of securities segment) period immediately after the afore-mentioned loss threshold having been reached shall not exceed 5 times of its contribution to the Default Fund based on the last recomputation of the Default Fund or specified amount, whichever is lower. Further, it may be noted that, CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contributions as collateral by members. Presently, all Central Government securities and Treasury bills are accepted as collateral by CCIL. The risk factors may undergo change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India securities as eligible for contribution as collateral.



II. Information about the scheme:

A. Where will the scheme invest

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.

"Related technology, components and materials" implies companies that produce electric, hybrid and autonomous vehicle components which are used in building of the vehicle, including batteries, fuel cells, car components, communication equipment, Electronic Components, software, communication services, semiconductor, electrical and power equipment's, chemicals, raw materials including metal mining and products (for example lithium, cobalt etc.), sensors, mapping, artificial intelligence, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems, ride-share platforms and network-connected services for transportation.

The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and track companies from different geographies.

Debt & Money Market Instruments:

The Scheme will invest in debt and money market instruments. It retains the flexibility to invest across all the securities in the debt and money markets.

Debt securities and Money Market Instruments will include but will not be limited to:

- a. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- b. Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- c. Debt securities of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- d. Corporate debt (of both public and private sector undertakings).
- e. "money market instruments" which includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time; subject to regulatory approvals where applicable.
- e. Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
- f. Commercial Paper (CPs). A part of the net assets may be invested in the Tri-party repo or in an alternative investment as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- g. The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
- h. Any other domestic fixed income securities as permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- i. Any other instruments/securities, which in the opinion of the fund manager would suit the investment objective of the scheme subject to compliance with extant Regulations.



The Investment Manager will invest only in those debt securities that are rated investment grade by a domestic credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity, such as CRISIL, ICRA, CARE, FITCH, etc. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offer or negotiated deals.

The Scheme shall not enter into any repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it. The scheme does not intend to invest into any credit default swaps.

The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Securitized Assets: Securitization is a structured finance process which involves pooling and repackaging of cashflow producing financial assets into securities that are then sold to investors. They are termed as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. Such Mortgage could be either residential or commercial properties. ABS/MBS instrument reflect the undivided interest in the underlying assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of underlying receivables. Securitization often utilizes the services of SPV.

The following are certain additional disclosures w.r.t. investment in securitized debt:

1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the scheme

Securitized debt is a form of conversion of normally non-tradable loans to transferable securities. This is done by assigning the loans to a special purpose vehicle (a trust), which in turn issues Pass-Through-Certificates (PTCs). These PTCs are transferable securities with fixed income characteristics. The risk of investing in securitized debt is similar to investing in debt securities. However it differs in two respects.

Typically the liquidity of securitized debt is less than similar debt securities. For certain types of securitized debt (backed by mortgages, personal loans, credit card debt, etc.), there is an additional pre-payment risk. Pre-payment risk refers to the possibility that loans are repaid before they are due, which may reduce returns if the re-investment rates are lower than initially envisaged.

Because of these additional risks, securitized debt typically offers higher yields than debt securities of similar credit rating and maturity. If the fund manager judges that the additional risks are suitably compensated by the higher returns, he may invest in securitized debt up to the limits specified in the asset allocation table above.

2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.

The originator is the person who has initially given the loan. The originator is also usually responsible for servicing the loan (i.e. collecting the interest and principal payments). An analysis of the originator is especially important in case of retail loans as this affects the credit quality and servicing of the PTC. The key risk is that of the underlying assets and not of the originator. For example, losses or performance of earlier issuances does not indicate quality of current series. However such past performance may be used as a guide to evaluate the loan standards, servicing capability and performance of the originator.

Originators may be: Banks, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Housing Finance Companies, etc. The fund
manager / credit analyst evaluates originators based on the following parameters
☐ Track record



[□ Ability to pay □ Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:
-	- Outlook for the economy (domestic and global) - Outlook for the industry - Company specific factors
	In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the originator as well as the credit rating agency.
	The following additional evaluation parameters are used as applicable for the originator / underlying issuer for pool loan and single loan securitization transactions:
□ H 3 □ H □ H	Default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants ligh leverage ratios of the ultimate borrower (for single-sell downs) — both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level ligher proportion of re-schedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be ligher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be loor reputation in market
_ I1	nsufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be.

3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

An analysis of the originator is especially important in case of retail loans as the size and reach affects the credit quality and servicing of the PTC. In addition, the quality of the collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism; quality of MIS; and credit enhancement mechanism are key risk mitigants for the better originators / servicers.

In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the underlying borrower is analyzed. In case of diversified pools of loans, the overall characteristic of the loans is analyzed to determine the credit risk. The credit analyst looks at ageing (i.e. how long the loan has been with the originator before securitization) as one way of evaluating the performance potential of the PTC. Securitization transactions may include some risk mitigants (to reduce credit risk). These may include interest subvention (difference in interest rates on the underlying loans and the PTC serving as margin against defaults), overcollateralization (issue of PTCs of lesser value than the underlying loans, thus even if some loans default, the PTC continues to remain protected), presence of an equity / subordinate tranche (issue of PTCs of differing seniority when it comes to repayment - the senior tranches get paid before the junior tranche) and / or guarantees.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the borrower is analyzed. In case of diversified pools of loans, the overall characteristic of the loans is analyzed to determine the credit risk.

The credit analyst looks at ageing (i.e. how long the loan has been with the originator before securitization) as one way of judging the performance potential of the PTC. Additional risk mitigants may include interest subvention, over collateralization, presence of an equity / subordinate tranche and / or guarantees. The credit analyst also uses analyses by credit rating agencies on the risk profile of the securitized debt.

Currently, the following parameters are used while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction. The Investment Review Committee may revise the parameters from time to time.



Characterist ics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools*	Persona l Loans*	Single Sell Downs	Other s
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Up to 10 years	Up to 3 years	Up to 3 years	Up to 3 years	NA	NA	Refer Note 1	Refer Note 2
Collateral margin (including cash ,guarantees, excess interest spread , subordinate tranche)	>10%	>10%	>10%	>10%	NA	NA	cc	cc
Average Loan to Value Ratio	<90%	<80%	<80%	<80%	NA	NA	"	٠٠
Average seasoning of the Pool	>3 months	>3 months	>3 months	>3 months	NA	NA		"
Maximum single exposure range	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA	<i>د</i> د	"
Average single exposure range %	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA	"	<i>د</i> د

^{*} Currently, the Scheme will not invest in these types of securitized debt

Note 1: In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the borrower is analyzed. The investment limits applicable to the underlying borrower are applied to the single loan sell-down

2: Other investments will be decided on a case-to-case basis

The credit analyst may consider the following risk mitigating measures in his analysis of the securitized debt:

- Size of the loan
- Average original maturity of the pool
- Loan to Value Ratio
- Average seasoning of the pool
- Default rate distribution
- Geographical Distribution
- Credit enhancement facility
- Liquid facility
- Structure of the pool



5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum holding period of between nine and twelve months for assets before they can be securitized. The minimum holding period depends on the tenor of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debts that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements, including maximum exposure by the originator in the PTCs. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum retention requirement of between five and ten percent of the book value of the loans by the originator. The minimum retention requirement depends on the tenor and structure of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debt that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

The key risk is securitized debt relates to the underlying borrowers and not the originator. In a securitization transaction, the originator is the seller of the debt(s) and the fund is the buyer. However, the originator is also usually responsible for servicing the loan (i.e. collecting the interest and principal payments). As the originators may also invest in the scheme, the fund manager shall ensure that the investment decision is based on parameters as set by the Investment Review Committee (IRC) of the Asset Management Company and IRC shall review the same at regular interval.

8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The fund management team including the credit analyst has the experience to analyze securitized debt. In addition, credit research agencies provide analysis of individual instruments and pools. On an on-going basis (typically monthly) the servicer provides reports regarding the performance of the pool. These reports would form the base for ongoing evaluation where applicable. In addition, rating reports indicating rating changes would be monitored for changes in rating agency opinion of the credit risk.

The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations. As per the SEBI (MF) Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments and the aggregate inter scheme investment made by all the schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund or in the schemes of other mutual funds shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

Investment in debt securities will usually be in instruments, which have been assessed as "high investment grade" by at least one credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the applicable regulations. Pursuant to clause 12.12 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the AMC may constitute committee(s) to approve proposals for investments in unrated debt instruments.

The AMC Board and the Trustee shall approve the detailed parameters for such investments.

Overview of Debt Markets in India

Indian fixed income market, one of the largest and most developed in South Asia, is well integrated with the global financial markets. Screen based order matching system developed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for trading in government securities, straight through settlement system for the same, settlements guaranteed



by the Clearing Corporation of India and innovative instruments like TREPS have contributed in reducing the settlement risk and increasing the confidence level of the market participants.

The RBI reviews the monetary policy six times a year giving the guidance to the market on direction of interest rate movement, liquidity and credit expansion. The central bank has been operating as an independent authority, formulating the policies to maintain price stability and adequate liquidity. Bonds are traded in dematerialized form. Credit rating agencies have been playing an important role in the market and are an important source of information to manage the credit risk.

Government (Central and State) is the largest issuer of debt in the market. Public sector enterprises, quasi government bodies and private sector companies are other issuers. Insurance companies, provident funds, banks, mutual funds, financial institutions, corporates and FPIs are major investors in the market. Government loans are available up to 40 years maturity. Variety of instruments available for investments including plain vanilla bonds, floating rate bonds, money market instruments, structured obligations and interest rate derivatives make it possible to manage the interest rate risk effectively.

Indicative levels of the instruments as on April 30, 2025 are as follows:

Instrument	Maturity	Tenure	Yield	Liquidity
TREPS / Repo	Short	Overnight	6	Very High
CD / CD / T Dilla	Chart	3 months CP*	6.8	High
CP / CD / T Bills	Short 3 mo	3 months CD	6.56	
		1 Year CP*	6.88	
		1 Year CD	6.75	
Central Government securities	Low to High	10 years	6.36	Medium

Source: Bloomberg *Data is for NBFC.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

The following investment limitations and other restrictions, inter-alia, as contained in the Trust Deed and the Regulations apply to the Scheme:

- Pending deployment of funds of a scheme in securities in terms of investment objectives of the scheme a
 mutual fund can invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks. The
 investment in these deposits shall be in accordance with clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June
 27, 2024.
- The mutual fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the mutual funds for the purpose of repurchase, redemption of units or payment of interest or dividend to the unitholders. Provided that the mutual fund shall not borrow more than 20 per cent of the net asset of the scheme and the duration of such a borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.
- As per Clause 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 the below mentioned limits shall apply for instruments with special features:
- 1. The Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer.
- 2. The scheme shall not invest:
- i. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
- ii. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.



• Inter scheme transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis. Explanation -"Spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Pursuant to Clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated June 27, 2024, ISTs may be allowed in the following scenarios:

- i. for meeting liquidity requirement in a scheme in case of unanticipated redemption pressure
- ii. for Duration/ Issuer/ Sector/ Group rebalancing

No IST of a security shall be done, if there is negative news or rumors in the mainstream media or an alert is generated about the security, based on internal credit risk assessment. The Scheme shall comply with the guidelines for inter-scheme transfers as specified under clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

• The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

According to the Asset Allocation of the Scheme, the indicative allocation of the Scheme to Debt and Money market instruments shall be in the range of 0% to 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.

- The Scheme shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long-term nature.
- The Scheme shall not make any investment in: a) Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or b) Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or c) The listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- The scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- The Mutual Fund having an aggregate of securities which are worth Rs.10 crores or more, as on the latest balance sheet date, shall subject to such instructions as may be issued from time to time by SEBI, settle their transactions entered on or after January 15, 1998 only through dematerialized securities. Further, all transactions in government securities shall be in dematerialized form.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relative securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities and shall in no case put itself in a position whereby it has to make short sale or carry forward transactions or engage in badla finance:

The mutual fund shall not engage in short selling of securities, securities lending and borrowing. Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

• The Scheme shall not invest in derivative instruments.



As per clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on investments in Short Term Deposits (STDs) of Scheduled Commercial Banks:

- Total investment of the Scheme in Short term deposit(s) of all the Scheduled Commercial Banks put together shall not exceed 15% of the net assets. However, this limit can be raised upto 20% of the net assets with prior approval of the trustees. Further, investments in Short Term Deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- "Short Term" for parking of funds by Mutual Funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), of any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- The Scheme shall not invest in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. AMC shall
 also ensure that the bank in which a scheme has Short term deposit do not invest in the said scheme until the
 scheme has Short term deposit with such bank.
- Asset Management Company (AMC) shall not be permitted to charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The investments in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks will be reported to the Trustees along with the reasons for the investment which, inter-alia, would include comparison with the interest rates offered by other scheduled commercial banks. Further, AMC shall ensure that the reasons for such investments are recorded in the manner prescribed in clause 12.23 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.
- The Scheme will comply with SEBI regulations and any other regulations applicable to the investments of Funds from time to time. The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the regulations may allow. All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.
- In accordance with Clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the aforesaid limits shall not be applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.
- The scheme may invest in overseas Mutual Funds that have exposure to Indian securities, provided that the total exposure to Indian securities by these overseas schemes shall not be more than 25% of their assets.

Participation in Repo in Corporate Debt

In accordance with Clause 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024on 'Participation of mutual funds in repo in corporate debt securities', Mirae Asset Mutual Fund shall participate in repo transactions in Corporate Debt Securities within the following overall framework, as per the guidelines of Securities and Exchange Board of India and Boards of Mirae Asset Trustee Co. Pvt. Ltd. & Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd.

(A) Gross Exposure Norms

- (i) The gross exposure of the scheme to 'corporate bonds repo transactions' shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- (ii) The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt, equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme. However, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure.



(iii) In addition to investment restrictions specified in SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, the counterparty exposure in a scheme, considering the investments held in the debt securities and value of collaterals held through repo transactions (as a lender), shall not be more than 10% of the Net Assets of the Scheme.

(B) Category of the counter-party to be considered for making investment

Eligible Counterparties: In accordance with the RBI Circular No. RBI/2009- 10/284 idmd.dod.05/11.08.38/2009- 10 dated January 8, 2010, the following categories of entities shall be deemed to be the eligible counterparties to undertake repo transactions in corporate debt securities, provided, they form part of the Fixed Income Investment Universe of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, and subject to execution of master repo agreement:

- i) Any scheduled commercial bank excluding RRBs and LABs;
- ii) Any Primary Dealer authorized by the Reserve Bank of India;
- iii) Any non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India (other than Government companies as defined in section 617 of the Companies Act, 1956);
- iv) All-India Financial Institutions, namely, Exim Bank, NABARD, NHB and SIDBI;
- v) Other regulated entities, subject to the approval of the regulators concerned, viz.,
 - (1) Any mutual fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India;
 - (2) Any housing finance company registered with the National Housing Bank; and
 - (3) Any insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority.
- vi) other entities specifically permitted by the Reserve Bank.

(C) Credit Rating of Counterparty to be considered for making investment

The scheme/s shall carry out repo transactions with only those counterparties, who have a credit rating of 'AA and above' (Long term rating) or 'A1+' (Short term rating) which are part of our approved Debt Universe on which we have approved Credit Limits.

(D) Tenor of Repo

As a repo seller, the scheme/s can borrow for a period not more than six months as per the existing Regulation 44(2) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. As a repo buyer, the scheme/s can lend for a maximum period of one year, subject to provision/s of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

(E) Tenor and Credit Rating of the Collateral

The scheme/s shall participate in repo transactions in Corporate Bonds rated 'AA and above' and Commercial Papers (CPs) and Certificate of Deposits (CDs). The tenor of the collateral shall not be more than 10 years.

(F) Minimum Haircut

Haircut/ margins will be decided either by the clearing house or may be bilaterally agreed upon, in terms of the documentation governing repo transactions, subject to the following stipulations:

Listed corporate bonds and debentures shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security.

CPs and CDs shall carry a minimum haircut of 1.5% of market value.

Securities issued by a local authority shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security.



The above are minimum stipulated haircuts where the repo period is overnight or where the re-margining frequency (in case of longer tenor repos) is daily. In all other cases, Fund Manager may adopt appropriate higher haircuts.

For the purpose of consideration of credit rating of exposure on repo transactions for various purposes including for Potential Risk Class (PRC) matrix, liquidity ratios, Risk-o-meter etc., the same shall be as that of the underlying securities, i.e., on a look through basis. For transactions where settlement is guaranteed by a Clearing Corporation, the exposure shall not be considered for the purpose of determination of investment limits for single issuer, group issuer and sector level limits.

Apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Fund does not follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector etc.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024:

(i) Type of a scheme

An open-ended fund of fund scheme investing in overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials.

Equity Oriented FoF (Overseas) - Thematic/Sector based Equity FoF

(ii) Investment Objective

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide long-term capital appreciation from a portfolio investing in units of overseas equity ETFs which are based on companies involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized.

• Main Objective - Growth

• Investment pattern

Types of Instruments	Indicative allocation (% of total assets)	
Types of Instruments	Minimum	Maximum
Units of overseas equity Exchange Traded Funds\$	95	100
Money market instruments including Tri Party REPO/ debt securities, Units of debt/liquid schemes of domestic Mutual Funds*	0	5

\$ The scheme may invest in multiple ETFs which are listed in different countries and tracks various companies which are involved in development of Electric & Autonomous Vehicles and related technology, components and materials across geographies.

*The Scheme may invest in the schemes of Mutual Funds (including ETFs) in accordance with the applicable extant SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations as amended from time to time.

Rebalancing of deviation due to short term defensive consideration::

Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time,



keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. As per clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and in line with SEBI clarification letter dated June 29, 2022, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive consideration only. In the event of deviations, portfolio rebalancing will be carried out within 30 calendar days in such cases.

(iii) Terms of Issue

Listing:

The Scheme being open ended, the Units are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange and no transfer facility on the exchange is provided. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units as and when open-end Schemes are permitted to be listed under the Regulations, and if the Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of unit holders of the Scheme.

Redemption:

The Unit Holder has the option to request for Redemption either in amount in rupees or in number of Units. The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.

Redemption Price:

The Redemption Price of the Units is the price at which a Unit Holder can redeem Units of a scheme. It will be calculated as described below:

Redemption Price = Applicable NAV - (Applicable NAV x Exit Load*) * Exit Load, whatever is applicable, will be charged.

Redemption Price will be calculated for up to three decimal places for the Scheme.

For example, if the Applicable NAV of a Scheme is Rs.10.5550, and it has a 2% Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be calculated as follows:

Redemption Price = $10.5550 - (10.5550 \times 2.00\%)$ i.e. 10.4550 - 0.2110 = 10.3440

If the Scheme has no Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be equal to the Applicable NAV.

The Securities Transaction Tax levied under the Income Tax Act, 1961, at the applicable rate on the amount of redemption will be reduced from the amount of redemption.

To illustrate:

If a Redemption of 4,900 units is sought by the Unit Holder at a Redemption Price of Rs. 10.3440 (as calculated above), the redemption amount is Rs. 50,685.60. Securities Transaction Tax (STT) for instance is 0.001%. This will be further reduced by the STT of Re. 0.50 (i.e. Rs. $50,685.60 \times 0.001\%$), making the net redemption amount Rs. 50,685.10.

If a Redemption of Rs. 10,000 is sought by the Unit Holder at a Net Redemption Price of Rs. 10.3440 (as calculated above), which will give 966.744 Units; the effective redemption amount will be grossed up to Rs. 10,204.08 (i.e. $10,000 \div (1-2\%)$) and 966.744 units ($10,204.08 \div 10.555$) will be redeemed. This is to ensure that the Unit Holder receives the net amount of Rs. 10,000 as desired.



Investors may note that the Trustee has a right to modify the existing Load structure in any manner subject to a maximum as prescribed under the Regulations and with prospective effect only.

Please refer section – LOAD STRUCTURE.

Applicable NAV for Redemption / Switch-Out / Systematic Transfer Plan:

In respect of valid Redemption applications accepted at a Designated Collection Centre up to 3 p.m. on a Business Day, the NAV of such day will be applicable.

Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme

For detailed fees and expenses charged to the scheme please refer to section- I Part - III 'C – Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses'.

• Any safety net or guarantee provided

There is no assurance OR guarantee of returns.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of units	The Scheme being open ended, the Units are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange and no transfer facility on the exchange is provided. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units as and when open-end Schemes are permitted to be listed under the Regulations, and if the Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of unit holders of the Scheme.
	Units held in Demat form are transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective Depository.



However, if a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Mutual Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.

Please refer SAI for details on transmission, nomination, lien, pledge, duration of the Scheme and Mode of Holding.

Transfer of units held in Non-Demat [Statement of Account ('SOA')] mode:

Pursuant to the provisions of AMFI Best Practices Guidelines Circular No.116 /2024-25 dated August 14, 2024, units held by individual unitholders in Non-Demat ('SoA') mode can be transferred under the following categories:

- a. surviving joint holder, who wants to add new joint holder(s) in the folio upon demise of one or more joint unitholder(s).
- b. Nominee of a deceased unitholder, who wants to transfer the units to the legal heirs of the deceased unitholder, post the transmission of units in the name of the nominee;
- c. a minor unitholder who has turned a major and has changed his/her status from minor to major, wants to add the name of the parent / guardian, sibling, spouse etc. in the folio as joint holder(s).

Partial transfer of units held in a folio shall be allowed. However, if the balance units in the transferor's folio falls below specified threshold / minimum number of units as specified in the SID, such residual units shall be compulsorily redeemed, and the redemption amount will be paid to the transferor.

If the request for transfer of units is lodged on the record date, the IDCW payout/ reinvestment shall be made to the transferor.

Redemption of the transferred units shall not be allowed for 10 days from the date of transfer. This will enable the investor to revert in case the transfer is initiated fraudulently.

The facility for transfer of Units held in Non-Demat (SOA) mode shall be made available only through online mode via the transaction portals of the RTAs and the MF Central i.e., the transfer of units held in SoA mode shall not be allowed through physical/ paper-based mode or via the stock exchange platforms, MFU, channel partners and EOPs etc.

For further details on Pre-requisites and Payment of Stamp duty on Transfer of Units, please refer SAI.



	Matau Fana
Dematerialization of units	Investors shall have an option to receive allotment of Mutual Fund units in their demat account while subscribing to the Scheme in terms of the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) from time to time.
	Investors desirous of having the Units of the Scheme in dematerialized form should contact the ISCs of the AMC/Registrar.
	Where units are held by investor in dematerialized form, the demat statement issued by the Depository Participant would be deemed adequate compliance with the requirements in respect of dispatch of statements of account.
	In case investors desire to convert their existing physical units (represented by statement of account) into dematerialized form or vice versa, the request for conversion of units held in physical form into Demat (electronic) form or vice versa should be submitted along with a Demat/Remat Request Form to their Depository Participants.
	In case the units are desired to be held by investor in dematerialized form, the KYC performed by Depository Participant shall be considered compliance of the applicable SEBI norms. Further, demat option shall also be available for SIP transactions. Units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per Scheme Information Document and will be credited to investors Demat Account as per the settlement calendar
	Units held in Demat form are freely transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favour of transferees who are capable of holding units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the Depository Participant in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.
	For details, Investors may contact any of the Investor Service Centres of the AMC.
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	The IDCW warrants shall be dispatched to the unit holders within 7 working days from the record date.
	In case of Unit Holder having a bank account with certain banks with which the Mutual Fund would have made arrangements from time to time, the IDCW proceeds shall be directly credited to their account.
	The IDCW will be paid by warrant and payments will be made in

details as per the directives of SEBI).

favor of the Unit holder (registered holder of the Units or, if there is more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder) with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund (please note that it is mandatory for the Unit holders to provide the Bank account



	Further, the IDCW proceeds may be paid by way of ECS/EFT/NEFT/RTGS/any other manner through which the investor's bank account specified in the Registrar & Transfer Agent's records is credited with the IDCW proceeds as per the instructions of the Unit holders.
	In case the delay is beyond seven working days, then the AMC shall pay interest @ 15% p.a. from the expiry of seven working days till the date of dispatch of the warrant.
Allotment	An account statement will be sent by ordinary post/courier/secured encrypted electronic mail to each Unit Holder, stating the number of Units purchased, not later than 5 business days from the receipt of such request without any charges. Allotment of Units and dispatch of Account Statements to FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required.
	For investors who have given Demat account details in the application form, the Units issued by the AMC shall be credited by the Registrar to the investors' beneficiary account with the DP as per information provided in the application form and information of allotment will be accordingly sent by the Registrar.
	Full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during the New Fund Offer Period. Allotment of Units shall be completed not later than five business days after the close of the New Fund Offer Period. The Units will be computed and accounted for up to whole numbers (complete integers) only and no fractional units will be allotted for all Subscriptions/Application Money.
	If any fractional units are calculated as a result of the switch application, the units in the resultant scheme would be allotted to the extent of the entire such application money from the source scheme and will be computed and accounted for up to 3 decimal places and that no refund shall be paid/refunded to the investor for said such fractional Units. Accordingly, the clause for multiples of Re.1 will not be applicable for switch transactions both during the New Fund Offer Period and on On-Going basis.
	Dematerialization
	The Units of the Scheme will be available in dematerialized (electronic) form. The investor intending to invest in Units of the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units.
	The Units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized (electronic) form.
	The Units allotted will be credited to the DP account of the Unit holder as per the details provided in the application form.
	However, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to change the dematerialization/rematerialization process in accordance with the



	procedural requirements laid down by the Depositories, viz. NSDL/CDSL and/or in accordance with the provisions laid under the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations thereunder.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	 Indian resident adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three); Minor through parent / lawful guardian; (please see the note below) Companies, bodies corporate, public sector undertakings, association of persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; Partnership Firms constituted under the Partnership Act, 1932; Limited Liability Partnerships (LLP); A Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through its Karta; Banking Company as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions; Public Financial Institution as defined under the Companies Act, 1956; Insurance Company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA); Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) on full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis; Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) (including overseas ETFs, Fund of Funds) registered with SEBI on repatriation basis; Mutual Funds/ Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds and eligible institutions; Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations; Provident / Pension / Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest; International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India / RBI; and The Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates (if eligible and permitted under prevailing laws). A Mutual Fund through its schemes if permitted by the regulatory authorities. Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) approved by appropriate authority (subject to RBI approval). Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private Trusts authorized to invest in mutual fund schemes un
	Minor Unit Holder on becoming major may inform the Registrar about attaining majority and provide his specimen signature duly authenticated by his banker as well as his details of bank account and



	a certified true copy of the PAN card as mentioned under the paragraph "Anti Money Laundering and Know Your Customer" to enable the Registrar to update their records and allow him to operate the Account in his own right. Note 2. Applicants under Power of Attorney: An applicant willing to transact through a power of attorney must lodge the photocopy of the Power of Attorney (PoA) attested by a Notary Public or the original PoA (which will be returned after verification) within 30 Days of submitting the Application Form / Transaction Slip at a Designated Collection Centre. Applications are liable to be rejected if the power of attorney is not submitted within the aforesaid period.
Who cannot invest	It should be noted that the following entities cannot invest in the scheme: • Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPI. However, there is no restriction on a foreign national from acquiring Indian securities provided such foreign national meets the residency tests as laid down by Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999. • Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) shall not be allowed to invest in the Scheme. These would be firms and societies which are held directly or indirectly but ultimately to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs and trusts in which at least 60% of the beneficial interest is similarly held irrevocably by such persons (OCBs.) • Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) • "U.S. Person" under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 and corporations or other entities organized under the laws of U.S. • Residents of Canada or any Canadian jurisdiction under the applicable securities laws. • The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any. Subject to the Regulations, any application for subscription of Units may be accepted or rejected if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc. For example, the Trustee may reject any application for the Purchase of Units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if, in its opinion, increasing the size of any or all of the Scheme's Unit capital is not in the general interest of the Unit Holders, or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its Unit Holders to accept such an application. The AMC / Trustee may need to obtain from the investor verification of identity or such other details relating to
How to apply and other details	in processing the application. Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in .



The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well.

Investors intending to trade in Units of the Schemes, through the exchange platform will be required to provide demat account details in the application form.

Registrar & Transfer Agent: KFin Technologies Limited

Registered Office:

Karvy Selenium, Tower B, Plot Number 31 & 32, Financial District, Gachibowli, Hyderabad - 500 034.

Contact Persons: Mr. Babu PV

Tel No.: 040 3321 5237

Email Id: babu.pv@kfintech.com

Mr. 'P M Parameswaran' Tel No.: 040 3321 5396

Email Id: parameswaran.p@kfintech.com

Website address: https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/

Branches:

Applications can be submitted at collecting bankers and Investor Service Centers of Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt. Ltd and KFin Technologies Limited. Details of which are furnished on back cover page of this document.

Please refer the AMC website at the following link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.: https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data

Website of the AMC:

Investor can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through the website of the AMC i.e. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/investor-center/investor-services

Stock Exchanges:

A Unit holder may purchase Units of the Scheme through the Stock Exchange infrastructure. Investors can hold units only in dematerialized form.

MF Utility (MFU):

A unitholder may purchase units of the Plan(s) under the Scheme through MFU.

All financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund can also be submitted through MFU either electronically or physically through the authorized Points of Service ("POS") of MFUI. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com and may be updated from time to time.



	Investors to note that it is mandatory to mention the bank account numbers in the applications/requests for redemption. Please refer to the SAI and application form for the instructions.
	Please refer to the SAI and application form for the instructions.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	All units can be reissued without any limit by the Scheme.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	RIGHT TO RESTRICT REDEMPTION AND / OR SUSPEND REDEMPTION OF THE UNITS:
officied.	The Fund at its sole discretion reserves the right to restrict Redemption (including switchout) of the Units (including Plan /Option) of the Scheme of the Fund upon occurrence of the below mentioned events for a period not exceeding ten (10) working days in any ninety (90) days period subject to approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee. The restriction on Redemption (including switch-out) shall be applicable where the Redemption (including switch-out) request is for a value above Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). Further, no restriction shall be applicable to the Redemption / switch-out request upto Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). It is further clarified that, in case of redemption request beyond Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs), no restriction shall be applicable on first Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs).
	The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to restrict Redemption or suspend Redemption of the Units in the Scheme of the Fund on account of circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event(s) that severely constrict market liquidity or the efficient functioning of the markets. A list of such circumstances under which the restriction on Redemption or suspension of Redemption of the Units in the Scheme of the Fund may be imposed are as follows:
	 Liquidity issues- when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security; or Market failures / Exchange closures; or Operational issues; or If so directed by SEBI.
	It is clarified that since the occurrence of the abovementioned eventualities have the ability to impact the overall market and liquidity situation, the same may result in exceptionally large number of Redemption requests being made and in such a situation the indicative timelines (i.e. within 3-4 Business Days) mentioned by the Fund in the scheme offering documents, for processing of requests for Redemption may not be applicable.
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your	Cut-off time is the time before which the Investor's Application Form(s) (complete in all respects) should reach the Official Points of Acceptance to be entitled to the Applicable NAV of that Business Day.
application (complete in all	



	1
respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	An application will be considered accepted on a Business Day, subject to it being complete in all respects and received and time stamped upto the relevant Cut-off time mentioned below, at any of the Official Points of Acceptance of transactions. Where an application is received and the time stamping is done after the relevant Cut-off time the request will be deemed to have been received on the next Business Day.
	Cut off timing for subscriptions/purchases/switch- ins:
	i.In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase/switch-ins as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time- the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable. ii.In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day - the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable. iii.Irrespective of the time of receipt of applications at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance, where the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase/ switch-ins as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day - the closing NAV of such
	subsequent Business Day shall be applicable.
	For Redemption/ Repurchases/Switch out: i.In respect of valid application accepted at an Official Points of Acceptance up to 3 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of that day will be applicable.
	ii.In respect of valid application accepted at an Official Point of Acceptance as listed in the SAI, after 3 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of the next Business Day will be applicable.
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches	Purchase: Rs. 5000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter Investments through SIP: Rs. 99/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter Additional Purchase: Rs.1000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.
	Redemption: The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption request.
	The Minimum Application and redemption amount mentioned above shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to the provisions of clause 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time.



Accounts Statements	The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).
	A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by email on or before 12th of the succeeding month who have opted for e-CAS and on or before 15th day of the succeeding month to investors who have opted for delivery via physical mode.
	Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 18th day of succeeding month who have opted for e-CAS and on or before 21st day of the succeeding month to investors who have opted for delivery via physical mode, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable
	For further details, refer SAI.
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date or as per timelines prescribed by SEBI/AMFI from time to time
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 5 business days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.
Bank Mandate	It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar / AMC may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 by SEBI for the period of such delay.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	As per the Clause 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in call money market or money market instruments and in a separate plan of Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. The investment management fee charged by the AMC for managing such unclaimed amounts shall not exceed 50 basis points. The AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan.



Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix.

The investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing NAV. After a period of three years, this amount can be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the said amounts at the NAV prevailing at the end of the third year. In terms of the circular, the onus is on the AMC to make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts.

As per SEBI Letter dated January 22, 2025, unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts are to be transferred by the Asset Management Company (AMC) to the Unclaimed Dividend and Redemption Scheme (UDRS) after a period of 90 days and no later than 105 days from the date of issuance of the instruments. The AMC shall maintain separate schemes or plans for unclaimed IDCW and redemption amounts pending for less than three years and for more than three years. Upon completion of the initial three-year period, such units shall be transferred to UDRS within 10 business days of the subsequent month. Furthermore, income accrued on these unclaimed amounts beyond three years will be transferred on a monthly basis (on or before the 10th calendar day of the following month) to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as specified by SEBI.

The website of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund also provides information on the process of claiming the unclaimed amount and the necessary forms / documents required for the same.

The details of such unclaimed amounts are also disclosed in the annual report sent to the Unit Holders.

Important Note: All applicants must provide a bank name, bank account number, branch address, and account type in the Application Form.

Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors

- Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian.
- Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified account of the minor i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.
- The AMC will send an intimation to Unit holders advising the minor (on attaining majority) to submit an application form along with prescribed documents to change the status of the account from 'minor' to 'major'.
- All transactions / standing instructions / systematic transactions etc.
 will be suspended i.e. the Folio will be frozen for operation by the
 guardian from the date of beneficiary child completing 18 years of age,
 till the status of the minor is changed to major. Upon the minor
 attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment



	 was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new bank account. No investments (lumpsum/SIP/ switch in/ STP in etc.) in the scheme would be allowed once the minor attains majority i.e. 18 years of age. Please refer SAI for details on Transmission of Units.
Investments in Scheme by AMC, Sponsor & Associates	Subject to the Regulations, the AMC and investment companies managed by the Sponsor(s), their associate companies and subsidiaries may invest either directly or indirectly, in the Scheme during the NFO and/or on ongoing basis. However, the AMC shall not charge any investment management fee on such investment in the Scheme, in accordance with sub-regulation 3 of Regulation 24 of the Regulations and shall charge fees on such amounts in future only if the SEBI Regulations so permit. The associates, the Sponsor, subsidiaries of the Sponsor and/or the AMC may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme's units and collectively constitute a major investment in the Schemes. The AMC reserves the right to invest its own funds in the Scheme as may be decided by the AMC from time to time and required by applicable regulations and also in accordance with Clause 6.11 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated June 27, 2024 regarding minimum number of investors in the Scheme. In terms of SEBI notification dated August 5, 2021 and as per Regulation 25, sub-regulation 16A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, the asset management company shall invest such amounts in such schemes of the mutual fund, based on the risks associated with the schemes, as may be specified by the Board from time to time

III. Other Details

A. Details of Underlying Fund

Name of ETFs	Listing	Currency	Features
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	NYSE Arca (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF invests in the full lithium cycle, from mining and refining the metal, through battery production. Lithium battery technology is essential to the rise of electric Vehicles (EVs).
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF	Nasdaq (United States)	United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles ("EVs"), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware.
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF	Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Hong Kong)	Hong Kong Dollars (HKD)/United States Dollar (USD)	The ETF seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles technology, electric Vehicles ("EVs"), and EV components and materials in China. This



Name of ETFs	Listing	Currency	Features
			includes companies involved in the development of autonomous Vehicles software and hardware and which are critical to development of electric vehicle in China
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF (LITU) seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index.
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	London Stock Exchange	United States Dollar	The Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF (DRVE) seeks to invest in companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle technology, electric vehicles ("EVs"), and EV components and materials. This includes companies involved in the development of autonomous vehicle software and hardware, as well as companies that produce EVs, EV components such as lithium batteries, and critical EV materials such as lithium and cobalt.

The detailed features of the underlying schemes are as under:

Name of Underlying ETF	Investment Objective	Investment Strategy	Investment Process	Asset Allocation	Risk Profile And Risk Control
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF	The Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF ("Fund") seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Solactive Global Lithium Index ("Underlying Index"	The Fund uses "passive" or indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Underlying Index and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. The Fund generally will use a replication	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in securities of companies that are economically tied to the lithium industry. The Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the value of the collateral received)	The Fund invests at least 80% of its total assets in the securities of the Underlying Index and in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Underlying Index.	Very High & The Fund may utilize a representative sampling strategy with respect to the Underlying Index when a replication strategy might be detrimental or disadvantageous to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties or substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to replicate the Underlying Index, in instances in which a security in the Underlying Index becomes



		strategy is an			temporarily
		indexing			illiquid,
		strategy that			unavailable or
		involves			less liquid, or as a
		investing in the			result of legal
		securities of the			restrictions or
		Underlying			limitations (such
		Index in			as tax
		approximately			diversification
		the same			requirements) that
		proportions as in			apply to the Fund but not the
		the Underlying Index			but not the Underlying Index
Global X	The Global X	The Fund uses	The Fund	The Fund	Very High & The
Autonomous	Autonomous &		invests at least	invests at least	Fund may utilize a
& Electric	Electric Vehicles	"passive" or indexing	80% of its	80% of its	representative
Vehicles ETF	ETF ("Fund")	approach to try	total assets in	total assets in	sampling strategy
Vehicles ETT	seeks to provide	to achieve the	securities of	the securities	with respect to the
	investment results	Fund's	companies	of the	Underlying Index
	that correspond	investment	that are	Underlying	when a replication
	generally to the	objective. The	economically	Index and in	strategy might be
	price and yield	Fund does not	tied to the	American	detrimental or
	performance,	try to	Autonomus	Depositary	disadvantageous
	before fees and	outperform the	and Electric	Receipts	to shareholders,
	expenses, of the	Underlying	Vehicle. The	("ADRs") and	such as when
	Solactive	Index and does	Fund may lend	Global	there are practical
	Autonomous &	not seek	securities	Depositary	difficulties or
	Electric Vehicles	temporary	representing	Receipts	substantial costs
	Index	defensive	up to one-third	("GDRs")	involved in
	("Underlying	positions when	of the value of	based on the	compiling a
	Index")	markets decline	the Fund's	securities in	portfolio of equity
		or appear	total assets	the	securities to
		overvalued. The	(including the	Underlying	replicate the
		Fund generally	value of the	Index.	Underlying Index,
		will use a	collateral		in instances in
		replication	received)		which a security
		strategy. A			in the Underlying
		replication			Index becomes
		strategy is an			temporarily
		indexing strategy that			illiquid, unavailable or
		strategy that involves			unavailable or less liquid, or as a
		investing in the			result of legal
		securities of the			restrictions or
		Underlying			limitations (such
		Index in			as tax
		approximately			diversification
		the same			requirements) that
		proportions as in			apply to the Fund
		the Underlying			but not the
		Index			Underlying Index
Global X	The investment	The Manager	The Manager	The Sub-Fund	Very High &
China Electric	objective of the	will primarily	will primarily	may invest in	Where the
Vehicle and	Sub-Fund is to	use a full	use a full	(including but	adoption of a full
Battery ETF	provide investment	replication	replication	not limited to)	replication



	results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve its investment objective	strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index.	the following Mainland China-related securities: A- Shares, H- Shares, N- Shares, P- Chips and Red Chips. The Sub-Fund will invest in A- Shares included in the Index through Stock Connect, which may include stocks on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.	strategy is not efficient or practicable or where the Manager considers appropriate in its absolute discretion, the Manager may pursue a representative sampling strategy and hold a representative sample of the constituent securities of the Index selected by the Manager using quantitative analytical models to derive a portfolio sample. maximum deviation from the Index weighting of any constituent will not exceed 3 percentage points above or below
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF	The Fund's investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index (the "Index").	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable consists of the component securities of the Index	The Index aims to provide exposure to exchange-listed companies that are involved in the development of electric vehicles and/or autonomous vehicles, including companies that produce electric/hybrid vehicles, electric/hybrid vehicle	When not possible or practicable to continue to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in depositary receipts relating either to components securities of the Index or to equity securities of the type referred to above; and financial	such weighting. This Fund is in risk category 6 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator of the future risk profile of the share class. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection. The Fund may be subject to risks



		in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index and in american depositary receipts ("ADRs") and global depositary receipts ("GDRs") based on the securities in the Index.	components and materials, autonomous driving technology, and network connected services for transportation.	derivative instruments ("FDIs"), namely, total return "unfunded" OTC swaps and exchange- traded equity futures for investment purposes. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short-term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only.	which are not included in the calculation of the risk-reward indicator. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short-term money market collective investment schemes, for the purposes of efficient portfolio management only
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	The Fund's investment objective is to generate returns that closely correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the price and yield performance of the Global Lithium v2 Index (the "Index").	The Fund is passively managed. The Fund will aim to achieve its investment objective by attempting to replicate the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable consists of the component	The Index aims to measure broad-based equity market performance of global companies involved in the lithium industry. The Index tracks the performance of the largest and most liquid listed companies that are active in the exploration	When not possible or practicable to continue to hold all of the component securities of the Index, the Fund may invest in depositary receipts relating either to components securities of the Index or to equity securities of the type referred to above; and	This Fund is in risk category 7 due to the range and frequency of price movements (i.e. the volatility) of the underlying investments referenced by the Fund which may not be a reliable indicator of the future risk profile of the share class. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection. The Fund may be subject to risks



securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings	and/or mining of Lithium or the production of Lithium	financial derivative instruments ("FDIs"), namely, total	which are not included in the calculation of the risk-reward indicator. The
in the Index and in american depositary receipts ("ADRs") and	batteries.	return "unfunded" OTC swaps and exchange- traded equity	Fund may enter into securities lending transactions, investing in
global depositary receipts ("GDRs")		futures for investment purposes. The Fund may	repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and
based on the securities in the Index.		enter into securities lending transactions,	short term money market collective investment schemes, for the
		investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase	purposes of efficient portfolio management
		transactions and short term money market collective	only.
		investment	

The details on performance and Expense ratio of the underlying schemes as on March 31, 2025 are as under:

Name of ETF	Underlying index	Fund Expense Ratio (in %)	AUM (in US \$ Million)	Inception Date	3 Years	1 Year	6 Months	3 Months
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF (in USD)	Solactive Global Lithium Index	0.75	914.27	23-07- 2010	- 19.63%	- 14.07%	- 10.71%	-4.86%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF (in USD)	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles Index	0.68	294.17	17-04- 2018	-6.98%	- 12.77%	-8.83%	-7.93%
Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF(in USD)	Solactive China Electric Vehicle and Battery Index Net Total Return (NTR)	0.68	1,109.81	17-01- 2020	- 15.78%	15.69%	-0.45%	7.92%
Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF	Solactive Global Lithium v2 Index	0.60	31.77	07-12- 2021	- 20.05%	- 15.14%	- 12.38%	-6.63%
Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles	Solactive Autonomous & Electric Vehicles v2 Index	0.50	6.50	16-11- 2021	-7.68%	12.38%	-9.80%	- 10.13%



UCITS ETF				
(DRVE				

Global X Lithium & Battery Tech ETF (in USD)

		Weight
Sr. No.	Particular Particular	(%)
1	ALBEMARLE CORP	7.83
2	BYD CO LTD-H	6.62
3	PANASONIC HOLDINGS CORP	6.36
4	TESLA INC	5.35
5	QUIMICA Y MINERA CHIL-SP ADR	5.24
6	NAURA TECHNOLOGY GROUP CO-A	5.12
7	EVE ENERGY CO LTD-A	4.99
8	CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHN-A	4.90
9	GANFENG LITHIUM GROUP CO L-A	4.60
10	TDK CORP	3.87

Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles ETF (in USD)

Sr. No.	Particular	Weight (%)
1	QUALCOMM INC	3.11
2	MICROSOFT CORP	3.01
3	TOYOTA MOTOR CORP	2.99
4	NVIDIA CORP	2.74
5	HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC	2.71
6	ALPHABET INC-CL A	2.71
7	INTEL CORP	2.51
8	TESLA INC	2.18
9	XPENG INC - ADR	2.11
10	NEXTEER AUTOMOTIVE GROUP LTD	1.94

Global X China Electric Vehicle and Battery ETF(in USD)

Sr. No.	Sr. No. Particular	
1	BYD CO LTD -A	40.50
2	LI AUTO INC - ADR	13.36
3	CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHN-A	12.39
4	FUYAO GLASS INDUSTRY GROUP-A	9.02
5	EVE ENERGY CO LTD-A	4.59
6	NINGBO TUOPU GROUP CO LTD-A	3.25
7	ZHEJIANG SHUANGHUAN DRIVEL-A	1.89
8	QINGDAO TGOOD ELECTRIC-A	1.68
9	XIAMEN FARATRONIC CO LTD-A	1.53
10	GEM CO LTD-A	1.43



Global X Lithium & Battery Tech UCITS ETF

Sr. No.	Particular	Weight (%)
1	ALBEMARLE CORP	7.83
2	BYD CO LTD-H	6.60
3	PANASONIC HOLDINGS CORP	6.36
4	TESLA INC	5.36
5	QUIMICA Y MINERA CHIL-SP ADR	5.25
6	NAURA TECHNOLOGY GROUP CO-A	5.09
7	EVE ENERGY CO LTD-A	4.97
8	CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHN-A	4.89
9	GANFENG LITHIUM GROUP CO L-A	4.60
10	TDK CORP	3.88

Global X Autonomous & Electric Vehicles UCITS ETF

Sr. No.	Particular	Weight (%)
1	QUALCOMM INC	3.11
2	MICROSOFT CORP	3.01
3	TOYOTA MOTOR CORP	2.99
4	NVIDIA CORP	2.74
5	HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC	2.71
6	ALPHABET INC-CL A	2.71
7	INTEL CORP	2.51
8	TESLA INC	2.18
9	XPENG INC - ADR	2.11
10	NEXTEER AUTOMOTIVE GROUP LTD	1.94

The above returns are Compounded Annualised Growth Returns. Returns for 1 year and less are absolute returns

B. Periodic Disclosures

Half yearly Disclosures: Financial Results

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on March 31st and on September 30th, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on their website https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/financials. The half-yearly unaudited financial results shall contain details as specified in Twelfth Schedule of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and such other details as are necessary for the purpose of providing a true and fair view of the operations of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of unaudited financial results on their website www.miraeassetmf.co.in in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

The mutual fund shall publish an advertisement in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on its website and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). The AMC will provide a physical copy of the statement of its Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.



Annual Report

Pursuant to Regulation 56 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with Clause 5.4 of SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated June 27, 2024, the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof will be hosted on the website of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund viz. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/financials and on the website of AMFI, not later than four months after the close of each financial year (31st March). The AMCs shall display the link prominently on the website of the Mirae Asset Mutual Fund viz. https://miraeassetmf.co.in and make the physical copies available to the unitholders, at their registered offices at all times. Unit holders whose email addresses are not registered will have to specifically 'opt in' to receive physical copy of scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. The unit holders may request for a physical copy of scheme annual reports at a price and the text of the relevant scheme by writing to the Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Pvt Ltd. / Investor Service Centre / Registrar & Transfer Agents. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall provide a physical copy of abridged report of the annual report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unit holder. An advertisement shall be published every year disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on website of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.

Monthly/Half Yearly Portfolio Disclosures:

The Mutual Fund/ AMC will disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme in the prescribed format, as on the last day of the month / half-year i.e. March 31 and September 30, on its website viz. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/ half year respectively. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund/ AMC will send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/ half year respectively. Mutual Fund / AMC will publish an advertisement every half year in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on its website and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Mutual Fund / AMC will provide a physical copy of the statement of its Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

Monthly Average Asset under Management (Monthly AAUM) Disclosure

The Mutual Fund shall disclose the Monthly AAUM under different categories Schemes as specified by SEBI in the prescribed format on a monthly basis on its website viz. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure and forward to AMFI within 7 working days from the end of the month.

Scheme Summary Document

The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC viz. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML). The document shall be updated by the AMCs on a monthly basis or on changes in any of the specified fields, whichever is earlier.



Product Labeling and Risk-o-meter:

The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk:

- 1. Low Risk
- 2. Low to Moderate Risk
- 3. Moderate Risk
- 4. Moderately High Risk
- 5. High Risk and
- 6. Very High Risk

The evaluation of risk levels of a scheme shall be done in accordance with clause 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an email or SMS to unitholders. The risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure shall be disclosed on the AMC website viz. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/portfolio as well as AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.

The AMC shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on its website viz. https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure and AMFI website.

Further, in accordance with clause 5.16 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the AMC shall disclose:

- a. risk-o-meter of the scheme wherever the performance of the scheme is disclosed;
- risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark wherever the performance of the scheme vis-à-vis that of the benchmark is disclosed.
- scheme risk-o-meter, name of benchmark and risk-o-meter of benchmark while disclosing portfolio of the scheme.

C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure

The NAV will be calculated and disclosed at the close of every Business Day. Mutual Fund / AMC will provide facility of sending latest available NAVs to unitholders through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard. NAV of the Units of the Scheme (including options thereunder) calculated in the manner provided in this SID or as may be prescribed by the Regulations from time to time. The NAV will be computed upto 3 decimal places.

In accordance with clause 8.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the NAV of the scheme shall be uploaded on the websites of the AMC (miraeassetmf.co.in) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com) by 10.00 a.m. of the following business day. In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI and SEBI by the next day. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

Since this Scheme invests in units of overseas equity ETFs, the NAV of the Scheme for a business day (Day T) will be based on the NAV of the underlying fund for that day (Day T). Since the NAV of the underlying fund for a business day (Day T) would normally be available either late in the evening of the business day (Day T) or on the following business day (T+1), the Scheme will declare the NAV for a Business day on the next Business Day by 10.00 a.m, based on the NAV of the underlying fund for the business day for which the NAV is declared (Day T).



D. Transaction charges and stamp duty-

SEBI with the intent to enable investment by people with small saving potential and to increase reach of Mutual Fund products in urban areas and in smaller towns, wherein the role of the distributor is vital, has allowed AMCs under clause 10.5. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 to deduct transaction charges for subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above. The said transaction charges will be paid to the distributors of the Mutual Fund products (based on the type of product).

In accordance with the said circular, AMC / Mutual Fund will deduct the transaction charges from the subscription amount and pay to the distributors (based on the type of product and those who have opted to receive the transaction charges) as shown in the table below. Thereafter, the balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.

(i) Transaction charges shall be deducted for Applications for purchase/ subscription received by distributor/ agent as under:

Investor Type		Transaction Charges	
First	Time	Transaction charge of Rs.150/- for subscription of Rs.10,000 and above will be deducted	
Mutual	Fund	from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/agent of the first time investor.	
Investor		The balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.	
Investor	other	Transaction charge of Rs. 100/- per subscription of Rs, 10,000 and above will be	
than First	Time	deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/ agent of the investor.	
Mutual	Fund	The balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.	
Investor			

(ii) Transaction charges shall not be deducted for:

- Purchases /subscriptions for an amount less than Rs. 10,000/-; and
- Transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switches, etc.
- Any purchase/subscription made directly with the Fund (i.e. not through any distributor/ agent).
- Transactions carried out through the stock exchange platforms.

Applicability of Stamp Duty:

Pursuant to Notification No. S. O. 1226 (E) and G.S.R 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value shall be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions.

Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including dividend reinvestment) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent

For details refer in Statement of Additional Information.

E. Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)



F. Taxation

Rates of tax and tax deducted at source (TDS) under the Act for Capital Gains from transfer of units of Mutual Fund specified under section 10(23D) with respect to units purchased in foreign currency (other than Debt and Money Market Mutual Funds):

		Overseas Financial Organisation – Offshore Fund	
		Income Tax Rate	TDS Rate
Long Term Capital Gain	Upto 22nd July, 2024	10% (u/s 115AB)	20%
	23rd July, 2024 onwards	12.5% (u/s 115AB)	20%
Short Term Capital Gain	Upto 22nd July, 2024	Non-corporate - Normal rates of tax applicable to the assessee Corporate - 40% (till 31 March 2024)/ 35% (from 1 April 2024)	30% 40%/35%
	23rd July, 2024 onwards	Non-corporate - Normal rates of tax applicable to the assessee Corporate - 40% (till 31 March 2024)/ 35% (from 1 April 2024)	30% 35%

Note 1: Applicable surcharge and cess will be added to all the tax rates mentioned above.

Note 2: As per circular no. 728 dated October 1995 by CBDT, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in DTAA whichever is more beneficial to the assessee.

For further details on taxation please refer to the clauses on Taxation in SAI.

G. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to SAI for details.

H. List of official points of acceptance

https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data

I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

https://www.miraeassetmf.co.in/downloads/statutory-disclosure/other-disclosure/offer-documents-data



Notwithstanding anything contained in this SID, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds), Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

THE TERMS OF THE SCHEME WERE APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS OF MIRAE ASSET TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED IN THEIR MEETING HELD ON SEPTEMBER 23, 2021.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Mirae Asset Investment Managers (India) Private Limited (Asset Management Company for Mirae Asset Mutual Fund) Sd/-

Rimmi Jain Head- Compliance, Legal & Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai Date: May 31, 2025