

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

SECTION I

Scheme Code -UNIN/O/D/GIL/22/01/0019

UNION GILT FUND

(An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturity. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk)

Potential Risk Class Matrix ("PRC Matrix") of the Scheme							
Credit Risk of Scheme →	Credit Risk of Scheme → Relatively Low (Class Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Class C)						
Interest Rate Risk of the	A)						
Scheme ♦							
Relatively Low (Class I)							
Moderate (Class II)							
Relatively High (Class III)	A-III						

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer	
Credit risk free return over the medium to long term.	Moderate Risk Moderately High Risk	Madaga Sida - Madagad Wida Sida	
Investment in Government Securities across maturities	Low to Moderate Risk Low Risk RISKOMETER	Moderate Risk Moderately High Risk Low to Moderate Risk High Risk Very High Risk RISKOMETER	
	The risk of the scheme is moderate risk	The risk of the CRISIL Dynamic Gilt Index # (Benchmark) is moderate risk	

^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Note: The Scheme and Benchmark riskometers are evaluated on a monthly basis and the current riskometers are based on the evaluation of the portfolios for the month ended April 30, 2025.



***CRISIL Benchmark Disclaimer**: CRISIL Indices are the sole property of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL). CRISIL Indices shall not be copied, transmitted or distributed in any manner for any commercial use. CRISIL has taken due care and caution in computation of the Indices, based on the data obtained from sources, which it considers reliable. However, CRISIL does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Indices and is not responsible for any errors or for the results obtained from the use of the Indices. CRISIL especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the users of CRISIL Indices.

Continuous offer for units at NAV based prices (Face Value 10/- per unit)

Name of Mutual Fund	Union Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management	Union Asset Management Company Private Limited
Company	
CIN of Asset Management	U65923MH2009PTC198201
Company	
Name of Trustee Company	Union Trustee Company Private Limited
CIN of Trustee Company	U65923MH2009PTC198198
Name of Sponsors	Union Bank of India
-	Dai-ichi Life Holdings, Inc.
Addresses, Website of the	Registered Office: Unit 503, 5th Floor, Leela Business Park, Andheri
Entities	Kurla Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 059
	Website: www.unionmf.com
Contact Details	Toll Free No. 18002002268/ 18005722268; Non Toll Free. 022-
	67483333; Fax No: 022-67483402; Email: investorcare@unionmf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (hereinafter referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Union Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.unionmf.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated May 28, 2025

Note: This Scheme Information Document has two sections- Section I and Section II. While Section I contains scheme specific information that is dynamic, Section II contains elaborated provisions (including references to applicable Regulations/circulars/guidelines) with reference to information/disclosures provided in Section I.



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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description	
l.	Name of the Scheme	Union Gilt Fund	
II.	Category of the Scheme	Debt Scheme - Gilt Fund	
III.	Scheme Type	An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturity. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk	
IV.	Scheme Code	UNIN/O/D/GIL/22/01/0019	
V.	Investment objective	The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate income through investment in a portfolio comprising of government securities of various maturities. However, there is no assurance that the Investment Objective of the Scheme will be achieved.	
VI.	Liquidity/listing details	The Scheme offers Units for Subscription/Switch in and Redemption/Switch out at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an on-going basis, commencing not later than five business days from the date of allotment. In other words, the Scheme shall be available for on-going repurchase / sale within five business days of allotment. Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall transfer the	
		redemption/repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. However, under exceptional circumstances where the schemes would be unable to transfer the redemption / repurchase proceeds to investors within the time as stipulated above, the redemption/ repurchase proceeds shall be transferred to unitholders within such time frame, as prescribed by AMFI, in consultation with SEBI. For further details in this regard, please refer the Statement of Additional Information (SAI). Currently, the units of the Scheme are presently not proposed to be	
		listed on any exchange.	
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	As per AMFI Tier I benchmark:	
		CRISIL Dynamic Gilt Index\$	
		\$CRISIL Benchmark Disclaimer: CRISIL Indices are the sole property of	



		CRISIL Limited (CRISIL). CRISIL Indices shall not be copied, transmitted or distributed in any manner for any commercial use. CRISIL has taken due care and caution in computation of the Indices, based on the data obtained from sources, which it considers reliable. However, CRISIL does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Indices and is not responsible for any errors or for the results obtained from the use of the Indices. CRISIL especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the users of CRISIL Indices. The Fund reserves the right to change the Benchmark for evaluation of the performance of the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing guidelines if any. Justification for use of Benchmark The composition of the aforesaid benchmark is such that it covers varying maturities of instruments and is most suited for comparing performance of the Scheme. This benchmark shall provide the investor with an independent and representative comparison with fund portfolio. Also, pursuant to the requirements of SEBI letter no. SEBI/HO/IMD/POD-II/P/OW/2023/50162/1 dated December 14, 2023 on 'Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Debt oriented Mutual Fund Schemes' read with AMFI email no.
		35P/MEM-COR/109/2023-24 dated February 13, 2024, the Tier I benchmark prescribed by AMFI for this scheme is CRISIL Dynamic Gilt Index.
		Performance of the Scheme vis-à-vis its Benchmark and peers, if any, will be periodically discussed and reviewed by the Investment Committee of the AMC and the Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee Company in their respective meetings. The Trustee reserves the right to change the Benchmark for the evaluation of the performance of the Scheme from time to time, keeping in mind the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the Benchmark, subject to the Regulations and other prevalent guidelines.
VIII.	NAV disclosure	Daily (Business Days) NAV disclosure timings on AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com) and on the website of the AMC/ Mutual Fund (www.unionmf.com): 11.00 p.m.
		For further details refer Section II.
IX.	Applicable timelines	Timeline for -
		• Dispatch of redemption proceeds: Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall transfer the redemption/repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.



X .	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	Dispatch of IDCW: The IDCW warrants / proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within seven working days from the record date. For further details refer Section II. Plans – Direct Plan and Regular Plan Option under each Plan(s) – Growth Option Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) Option, including following facilities: Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option (Half yearly & Annually) Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option (Half yearly & Annually) Transfer of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Plan (Half yearly & Annually) Default Option/Facility (as applicable) – Default Option - Growth Option Default Facility/Frequency - Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option/Annually For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI.
XI.	Load Structure	Exit Load: Nil
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/switch in	 During NFO: Not applicable On continuous basis: Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter For Systematic Investment Plan (SIP): Rs. 100 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for daily frequency) Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for weekly frequency) Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for fortnightly frequency) Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for monthly frequency)



		The minimum application amount mentioned above shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to Clause 6.10 of the SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time.
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	Rs. 1,000 or the balance in the account of the unitholder, whichever is lower. The redemption request should meet the above minimum redemption amount and should be in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	Not Applicable as the scheme is ongoing.
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	Not Applicable as the scheme is ongoing.
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	In case of a credit event at issuer level and to deal with liquidity risk, the AMC may create a segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments under the Scheme in compliance with Clause 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time. Creation of Segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XVIII.	Swing pricing disclosure	Not Applicable For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	Presently, the Scheme does not intend to engage in short selling. However, scheme intends to invest in Securities Lending. For further details refer "HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?" under Section I - Part II. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Investors may obtain Key Information Memorandum (KIM) along with the application forms from AMC offices or Customer Service Centres of the Registrar or may be downloaded from www.unionmf.com .



		Investors can submit the application forms for purchase or redemption or switch at any of the Official Points of Acceptance, details of which are mentioned on the back cover page of this document. For further details, refer Section II.
XXI.	Investor services	Contact details for general service requests:
		Following are the contact details for general service requests:
		For any enquires/ service requests / etc. the investors may contact:
		Computer Age Management Services Ltd. (RTA) Rayala Tower 2, 5th Floor, 158 Anna Salai, Chennai - 600002. e-mail: enq_uk@camsonline.com
		Contact details for complaint resolution:
		Following are the contact details for complaint resolution:
		I. Union Asset Management Company Private Limited:
		Ms. Leena Johnson Investor Relations Officer, Unit 503, 5th Floor, Leela Business Park, Andheri Kurla Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400059 Phone:022- 67483333, Fax No: 022 – 67483402 Toll free no.: 18002002268 / 18005722268 e-mail: investorcare@unionmf.com The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any investor grievances promptly.
		It may be noted that all grievances/ complaints with regard to demat mode of holding shall be routed only through the DP/NSDL/CDSL.
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	The Scheme has no such specific attributes.
XXIII.	Special product/facility available during the NFO	Brief information about the Special Products / Facilities available under the Scheme are given below. Investors are requested to refer



and on ongoing basis

the SAI for complete details including terms and conditions of each special product/ facility:

i. Systematic Investment Plan:

This facility is useful for investors who wish to invest fixed specified amounts at regular intervals by submitting a one-time SIP application form along with the relevant documents. SIP facility is available for both the Options viz. Growth and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal under each of the Plans under the Scheme.

Frequency	Cycle Day/ Date*	Default Day/ Date	Minimum Instalment Amount (in Rs.)	Minimum Instalme nts
Daily	Daily (Only Business Day)	Not applicable	Rs. 100 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6
Weekly	Any date	Wednesd ay	Rs. 500 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6
Fortnightly	Any date	1 st and 15 th of the month	Rs. 500 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6
Monthly	Any date	8 th of the month	Rs. 500 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6

^{*}In case any of these days fall on a non-business day, the transaction will be effected on the next business day of the Scheme. For further details please refer SAI.

SIP Top-up Facility:

SIP Top-up Facility provides flexibility to Investors to increase the amount of the SIP instalment by a fixed amount at pre-defined intervals during the tenure of the SIP.

Default Top-up amount: If the investor does not specify the Top-up



amount, the default amount for Top-up will be considered as Rs. 100/-, and the application form shall be processed accordingly. The following frequency options are available for Top-up:

SIP Frequency	Top-up Frequency	
Daily	Half Yearly	
	Yearly	
Weekly	 Half Yearly 	
	Yearly	
Fortnightly	Half Yearly	
	Yearly	
Monthly	Half Yearly	
	Yearly	

If the investor does not specify the Top-up frequency under Daily SIP, Weekly, Fortnightly or Monthly SIP, the default frequency for Top-up will be Yearly.

SIP Pause Facility:

Under the SIP Pause Facility, the investor has an option to stop the SIP temporarily (at a folio level) for a specified period of time. On the expiry of the specified period, the SIP would re-start automatically.

ii. Systematic Transfer Plan^:

This facility enables unitholders to transfer a fixed specified amount from one open-ended scheme of the Fund (source scheme) to another open-ended scheme of the Fund (target scheme), in existence at the time of availing the facility of STP, at applicable NAV, subject to the minimum investment criteria of the target scheme.

The STP frequencies available under the Scheme are as follows:

Frequency	Cycle Day/ Date*	Default Day/ Date	Minimum Instalme nt Amount (in Rs.)	Minimum Instalme nts
Daily	Daily (Only Business Day)	Not applicable	Rs. 100 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6



Weekly	Monday to Friday	Wednesday	Rs. 100 & in multiples	6
	,		of Rs. 1/- thereafter	
Fortnightly	Every Alternate Wednesday	Every Alternate Wednesday	Rs. 100 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6
Monthly	Any date of the month	8 th of the month	Rs. 100 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6
Quarterly	Any date of the month	8 th of the month	Rs. 100 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6
Half Yearly	Any date of the month	8 th of the month	Rs. 100 & in multiples of Rs. 1/-thereafter	6

^{*}In case any of these days fall on a non-business day, the transaction will be effected on the next business day of the Scheme. For further details please refer SAI.

<u>Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) Intello - An Intelligent STP</u> Booster Plan (hereinafter referred to as STP Intello Facility):

STP Intello Facility is a facility wherein unit holder(s) can opt to transfer variable amount(s) from designated open-ended Scheme(s) of Union Mutual Fund [hereinafter referred to as "Source Scheme"] to the designated open-ended Scheme(s) of Union Mutual Fund [hereinafter referred to as "Target Scheme"] at defined intervals. The Unitholder would be required to provide a Base Instalment Amount that is intended to be transferred to the Target Scheme. The actual amount of transfer to the Target Scheme will be determined on the basis of the Unhedged Equity Portfolio of Union Balanced Advantage Fund, an Open-ended Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund (hereinafter referred to as "UEUBAF"). Based on the UEUBAF and the corresponding multiplier factor, the actual amount of STP will be derived for the Source Scheme and such amount will be transferred to the Target Scheme. This STP amount will change on a monthly basis depending on the UEUBAF.



The Scheme(s) eligible for this facility are as follows:

Source Schemes: Union Liquid Fund, Union Dynamic Bond Fund, Union Corporate Bond Fund, Union Overnight Fund, Union Money Market Fund, Union Arbitrage Fund, Union Equity Savings Fund Union Gilt Fund and Union Short Duration Fund.

Target Schemes: Union Flexi Cap Fund, Union ELSS Tax Saver Fund (Formerly Union Tax Saver (ELSS) Fund), Union Small Cap Fund, Union Largecap Fund, Union Value Fund (Formerly Union Value Discovery Fund), Union Focused Fund, Union Large & Midcap Fund, Union Midcap Fund, Union Balanced Advantage Fund, Union Aggressive Hybrid Fund (Formerly Union Hybrid Equity Fund), Union Retirement Fund, Union Multicap Fund, Union Innovation & Opportunities Fund, Union Children's Fund, Union Business Cycle Fund ,Union Multi Asset Allocation Fund, Union Gold ETF Fund of Fund and Union Active Momentum Fund.

^Facility will not be available under demat mode of holding units.

iii. Systematic Withdrawal Plan^:

This facility enables unitholders to withdraw a fixed sum (subject to tax deduction at source, if applicable) by redemption of units in the unitholder's account at regular intervals through a one-time request.

The SWP frequencies available under the Scheme are as follows:

Frequency	Cycle Day/ Date*	Default Day/ Date	Minimum Instalment Amount (in Rs.)	Minimum Instalment s
Daily	Daily (only Business Day)	Not applicable	Rs. 1,000 & in multiples of Rs. 1/- thereafter	6
Monthly	Any date of the month	8 th of the month	Rs. 1000 & in multiples of Rs. 1/- thereafter	6
Quarterly	Any date of the month	8 th of the month	Rs. 1000 & in multiples of Rs. 1/- thereafter	6
Half Yearly	Any date of the month	8 th of the month	Rs. 1000 & in multiples of Rs. 1/- thereafter	6



			Rs. 1000 & in	
Yearly	Any date of	8 th of the	multiples of	6
	the month	month	Rs. 1/-	
			thereafter	

^{*}In case any of these days fall on a non-business day, the transaction will be effected on the next business day of the Scheme. For further details please refer SAI.

^Facility will not be available under demat mode of holding units.

iv. Facility to purchase/ redeem units of the Scheme through Stock Exchange Mechanism:

- Transactions through Stock Brokers/ Clearing Members/ Depository Participants: The facility enables an applicant to purchase/ redeem units through the Stock Exchange Infrastructure.
- Transactions through Mutual Fund Distributors:SEBI, vide its Circulars no. CIR/MRD/DSA/32/2013 dated October 4, 2013 and CIR/MRD/DSA/33/2014 dated December 9, 2014, read with Clause 16.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 enables Mutual Fund Distributors to use recognized Stock Exchange infrastructure to purchase/redeem units directly from Mutual Fund/Asset Management Companies on behalf of their clients...

v. Transactions through Electronic Mode:

The Mutual Fund may (at its sole discretion and without being obliged in any manner to do so and without being responsible and /or liable in any manner whatsoever) allow transactions in Units by electronic mode (web/ electronic transactions) including transactions through the various web sites with which the AMC would have an arrangement from time to time. Subject to the investor fulfilling certain terms and conditions as stipulated by AMC from time to time, the AMC, Mutual Fund, Registrar or any other agent or representative of the AMC, Mutual Fund, the Registrar may accept transactions through any electronic mode including web transactions and as permitted by SEBI or other regulatory authorities from time to time.

vi. Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio^:

Individuals and HUF investors can register up to 5 bank accounts and non individuals can register up to 10 bank accounts with the Fund. Facility will not be available under demat mode of holding units.



^Facility will not be available under demat mode of holding units.

vii. Trigger Facility:

Under this facility, on the happening of an event (Trigger"), the units of the investor will be automatically redeemed, on behalf of the investor.

viii. Facility to transact through email:

Under this facility, Investors can submit transactions through their registered/authorised email ID to a designated email ID of the Fund which is transact.mail@unionmf.com ("Designated Email ID").

ix. Facility to transact in the Schemes of Union Mutual Fund through MF Utility infrastructure:

Union Asset Management Company Private Limited ("the AMC") has entered into an Agreement with MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFUI"), for usage of MF Utility ("MFU") - a "Shared Services" initiative, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument. This facility is provided to enable investors, directly or through Mutual Fund distributors and financial advisors to transact in units of schemes offered by participating Asset Management Companies across sales channels.

x. Facility to transact through MFCentral Platform:

Pursuant to Clause 16.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 on 'Registrar & Transfer Agents (RTA) inter-operable Platform for enhancing investors' experience in Mutual Fund transactions / service requests, the Qualified RTAs, KFin Technologies Private Limited (KFintech) and Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) have jointly developed MFCentral – A digital platform for Mutual Fund investors (the Platform). The investors can submit both financial and non-financial transactions through the said Platform.

xi. Multi Scheme Investment Facility:

Under the said facility, the investor shall be eligible to make investments [lumpsum investments and investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)] in multiple Schemes through a single application form and single



		payment instrument.
		xii. Zero Balance folio facility: As a value-added service, and with the objective of making future transactions in the Schemes of Union Mutual Fund simpler, the AMC has a process of opening a "Zero Balance Folio". A Zero Balance Folio is similar to a Zero Balance Account in the bank where in you would be allotted a Folio number. In this regard, you would be required to fill an application form which is available on the AMC website i.e. www.unionmf.com , and submit the duly filled in forms to the Authorised Registrar.
		xiii. Transactions through execution-only platforms (EOPs): Under Chapter 16B of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, SEBI has issued regulatory framework for "Execution Only Platforms" ("EOPs") for facilitating transactions in direct plans of schemes of Mutual Funds.
		Under this facility, investors can submit transactions such as subscription, redemptions, switch etc. through these EOPs. These platforms shall also support non-financial transactions including change of email id or contact number or bank account details on its platform with respect to Mutual Funds.
		For further details, please refer SAI.
XXIV.	Weblink	Please find below the weblink wherein TER for last 6 months and Daily TER is available:
		https://www.unionmf.com/about-us/downloads#ter
		Please find below the weblink wherein the scheme factsheet is available:
		https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/factsheets



DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme, Union Gilt Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Union Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Sd/-

Date: May 28, 2025Name: Ms. Richa ParasrampuriaPlace: MumbaiDesignation: Chief Compliance Officer



Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

This includes asset allocation table giving the broad classification of assets and indicative exposure level in percentage terms.

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Central and State Government securities, Treasury Bills and Cash Management Bills of Government of India.	80%	100%
Call money market, Triparty Repo, Reverse Repo in Government Securities and Treasury Bills*	0%	20%

^{*}Including alternative investment for call money market as may be permissible by SEBI and RBI, subject to prior regulatory approval, if any.

Investments in Derivatives - Nil.

In accordance with Clause 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the cumulative gross exposure through debt and money market instruments and other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approval, if any, will not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme. However, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI, vide letter dated November 3, 2021, has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of the following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days:

- Government Securities,
- T-Bills and
- Repo on Government Securities.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

SI no.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1	Securitised Debt	0%	-
2	Derivatives for non-hedging purposes	0%	-
3	Overseas / Foreign Securities	0%	-
4	Securities lending	Maximum 20% of the net assets of	Paragraph 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June



SI no.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
		the Scheme (the maximum exposure to a single approved counterparty (Broker) would be 5% of the market value of the security class of the Scheme or such limit as may be specified by SEBI).	27, 2024
5	Repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities	0%	-
6	Short selling	0%	-
7	Credit Default Swap (CDS) transactions	0%	-
8	Units issued by REITs and InVITs	0%	-
9	Debt and Liquid schemes managed by the AMC or in the debt and liquid schemes of any other mutual funds [®]	Maximum 5% of the NAV of the Mutual Fund.	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
10	Debt instruments with special features (AT1 and AT2 Bonds)	0%	-
11	Debt Instruments with Structured Obligations (SO)/ Credit Enhancements (CE)	0%	-
12	Tri-Party Repos	20* of net assets of the Scheme	-

[®]Such investment in schemes of Mutual Funds shall be considered within the limit of 0% to 20% mentioned in the asset allocation table herein above.

Pending deployment of the funds, as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds of the Scheme may be parked in short term deposits of the scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines and limits specified by SEBI from time to time.

At all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objective of the scheme.

^{*}However, the exposure to TREPS may exceed the limit specified above pending deployment of new inflows received in the Scheme.



Change in Investment Pattern

The Scheme may review the above pattern of investments based on views on interest rates and asset liability management needs. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme. Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations, legislative amendments and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary depending upon the perception of the fund manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be in accordance with Clause 1.14.1.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time, for short term and for defensive considerations only. In case of deviation, the portfolio would be rebalanced within 30 days from the date of deviation.

Rebalancing period in case of passive breaches

As per Clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, in the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of the AMC), the Fund Manager shall rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within 30 Business Days. In case the portfolio of the Scheme is not rebalanced within the period of 30 Business Days, justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee of the AMC. The Investment Committee, if it so desires, can extend the timeline for rebalancing up to sixty (60) Business Days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. The AMC shall comply with the requirements prescribed under aforementioned SEBI Circular dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

List of all instruments in which the scheme will invest is given below:

The Scheme shall invest minimum 80% of the total assets in government securities (i.e. Central and State Government securities, Treasury Bills and Cash Management Bills of Government of India). The Scheme may also invest in Call money market or alternative investment for call money market as may be provided by the Reserve Bank of India. The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in securities which will include but are not limited to the following:

- 1) Central and State Government Securities, Treasury Bills
- 2) Cash Management Bills (CMB)
- 3) Call money market or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements (currently Triparty Repo, Reverse Repo in Government Securities and Treasury Bills).
 - a) Tri-party Repo (TREPS) in Government Securities:
 - b) Reverse Repo in Government Securities:
- 4) Investments in units of mutual fund schemes
- 5) Investment in Short Term Deposits

The Fund Manager reserves the right to invest in such other securities as may be permitted from time to time and which are in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme.

Detailed definition and applicable regulations/ guidelines for each instrument are included in Section II.



C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The investment team will follow an active strategy to manage the assets of the fund and will make investments as per the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme.

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate income through investment in a portfolio comprising of government securities of various maturities. To achieve the investment objective, the Scheme will invest minimum 80% of its total assets in government securities of various maturities. The Scheme may also invest in Triparty Repo, Reverse Repo in Government Securities and Treasury Bills in line with the asset allocation of the Scheme.

The Fund Manager will seek to generate returns commensurate with minimal credit risk by investing in a portfolio comprising of securities issued and guaranteed by Central and State Government in line with the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme.

Being sovereign debt, Government Securities generally carry relatively minimal credit risk. However, they do carry price risk depending upon the general level of interest rates prevailing from time to time. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates decline, the prices of fixed income securities increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the coupon rate, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.

The fund management team will take an active view of the interest rate environment by keeping a close watch on various parameters of the Indian economy. It will take into account the various variables affecting the interest rate scenario, relative valuation of the securities, quality of instruments, maturity profile of the instruments and liquidity of the securities.

The investment team of the AMC will continuously monitor and review the macroeconomic environment including the political and economic factors, money supply in the system, Government borrowing programme and demand and supply of debt instruments, credit pick up among others, affecting the liquidity and interest rates.

Investments in Mutual Fund Units:

To avoid duplication of portfolios and to reduce expenses, the Scheme may also invest in schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of other mutual funds, without charging any fees, in line with the investment objectives and asset allocation pattern of the Scheme and provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes managed by the AMC, either in its own schemes or of any other Mutual Fund, shall not exceed 5% (or such other permitted limit), of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

Investment Process:

Decision making process:

The Fund Manager shall take a view on the broad direction of the markets including interest rate outlook. The Credit Analyst along with the Fund Manager shall have the responsibility of individual security analysis, while the dealers shall execute the trading mandates with a view to obtaining the best execution in terms of price and quantity.

The Fund Manager, while buying / selling securities for the Scheme shall take into account the following main factors:

- Interest Rate Outlook
- 2. Compliance with SEBI Guidelines
- 3. Risk Management Guidelines



- 4. Yield to Maturity of the instrument
- 5. Yield curve analysis
- 6. Liquidity of the instrument

Credit Research and Monitoring of Government Securities:

The investment team will look at each issue in detail; the following broad framework shall help the team in managing the funds. Following are the key aspects of the process:

- 1. Creation and Maintenance of an Investment Universe
- 2. In-house credit appraisal
- 3. Tier system of monitoring
- 4. Exposure Norms

RISK CONTROL:

The asset allocation of the Scheme will be steadily monitored and it shall be ensured that investments are made in accordance with the scheme objective and within the regulatory and internal investment restrictions prescribed from time to time.

A detailed monitoring process has been designed to identify, measure, monitor and manage portfolio risk. The aim is to have a structured mechanism towards risk management thereby maximising potential opportunities and minimising the adverse effects of risk. Effective risk management is crucial for achieving optimum results. Adequate safeguards would be incorporated in the portfolio management process. The main instrument for reducing risk is through diversification across sectors/companies/ securities. The Fund Manager's job is to identify securities which offer higher returns with a lower level of risk. While identifying such securities, rigorous credit evaluation would be carried out by the investment team. The front office system of the AMC has the capability of pre- investment monitoring of investment restrictions as per SEBI guidelines and various internal limits prescribed from time to time to facilitate pre-emptive monitoring. The AMC will be guided by the ratings of Credit Rating Agencies authorised to carry on such activity. Further, various risk management tools will be used for measuring and monitoring portfolio risks. The Risks and the corresponding risk mitigation strategies are provided under Section II.

Liquidity risk management practices adopted by the AMC:

Pursuant to AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular No. 103/2022-23 dated October 12, 2022, the liquidity risk management practices/ tools adopted by the AMC for the various debt schemes of Union Mutual Fund, as applicable, are given below:

- Potential Risk Matrix (PRC)
- o Risk-o-meter
- Liquidity Risk Management (LRM) Framework
- Stress Testing
- o Review of Asset Liability Mis-match under Risk Management Framework
- Swing Pricing

For details, please refer Section II.

Portfolio Turnover:

The Scheme being an open-ended dynamic debt Scheme investing across duration, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Also, the average maturity of the Scheme being medium to long, the portfolio turnover ratio may be medium to high. Further, in the debt



market, trading opportunities may arise due to changes in system liquidity, interest rate policy announced by RBI, shifts in the yield curve, credit rating changes or any other factors. In the opinion of the fund manager these opportunities can be played out to enhance the total return of the portfolio, which will result in increase in portfolio turnover. There may be an increase in transaction cost such as brokerage paid, if trading is done frequently. However, the cost would be negligible as compared to the total expenses of the Scheme. Frequent trading may increase the profits which will offset the increase in costs. The fund manager will endeavour to optimize portfolio turnover to maximize gains and minimize risks keeping in mind the cost associated with it. However, it is difficult to estimate with reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio of the Scheme. The Scheme has no specific target relating to portfolio turnover.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the Scheme will be benchmarked with CRISIL Dynamic Gilt Index^{\$}. The said Benchmark is as per AMFI Tier I Benchmark.

CRISIL Benchmark Disclaimer: CRISIL Indices are the sole property of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL). CRISIL Indices shall not be copied, transmitted or distributed in any manner for any commercial use. CRISIL has taken due care and caution in computation of the Indices, based on the data obtained from sources, which it considers reliable. However, CRISIL does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Indices and is not responsible for any errors or for the results obtained from the use of the Indices. CRISIL especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the users of CRISIL Indices.

Justification for use of Benchmark

The composition of the aforesaid benchmark is such that it covers varying maturities of instruments and is most suited for comparing performance of the Scheme. This benchmark shall provide the investor with an independent and representative comparison with fund portfolio.

The Trustee reserves the right to change the Benchmark for the evaluation of the performance of the Scheme from time to time, keeping in mind the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the Benchmark, subject to the Regulations and other prevalent guidelines.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Name of the Fund Manager	Age	Qualification	Experience	Other Schemes managed by the Fund
Mr. Parijat Agrawal Head - Fixed Income (Managing the scheme since inception)	57 Years	Bachelor of Engineering (Electronics & Communications), PGDM (IIM - Bangalore)	Industry Experience: Over 29 years of experience in Funds Management. September 2010 till date with Union Asset Management Company Private Limited as Head - Fixed Income with overall responsibilities of Portfolio Management of Fixed Income and Hybrid Funds.	Manager Co- Fund Manager of Union Balanced Advantage Fund, Union Dynamic Bond Fund, Union Equity Savings Fund, Union Corporate Bond Fund, Union Liquid Fund, Union Aggressive Hybrid Fund, Union Money Market Fund, and Union Children's Fund.



Name of the Fund Manager	Age	Qualification	Experience	Other Schemes managed by the Fund Manager
			October 2006 till July 2010 with SBI Mutual Fund as Head – Fixed Income with responsibilities of Portfolio Management of Fixed Income and Hybrid Funds.	
			November 2004 till September 2006 with State Bank of Mauritius Limited with responsibilities of managing the entire Treasury functions of the Bank.	
			December 1999 till May 2004 with SUN F&C Asset Management as Fund Manager responsible for Portfolio Management of Fixed Income and Hybrid Funds.	
Mr. Anindya Sarkar Fund Manager – Fixed Income	50 Years	BE Civil, MBA (Finance), MBA (Risk & Insurance), FRM	Industry experience: Over 22 years of experience in Financial Services Sector and fixed income.	Co-fund Manager of Union Corporate Bond Fund, Union Fixed Maturity Plan (FMP) – Series 13 (1114 days),
(Managing the Scheme since inception)			Appointed as Co-Fund Manager at Union Asset Management Company Private Limited with effect from November 01, 2018.	Union Multi Asset Allocation Fund and Union Short Duration Fund
			September 01, 2010 to October 31, 2018 with Union Asset Management Private Limited (last position held: Vice President – Risk Management).	
			June 2009 till September 2009 with Navigators Inc. and from September 2007 till May 2009 with St. John's University (part time employment while pursuing MBA – Risk and Insurance).	



Name of the Fund Manager	Age	Qualification	Experience	Other managed by Manager	Schemes the Fund
			February 2000 till March 2007 with ICAP India Private Limited as Dealer – Fixed Income.		

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

List of other existing Open-Ended Debt Schemes:

- 1. Union Corporate Bond Fund
- 2. Union Dynamic Bond Fund
- 3. Union Money Market Fund
- 4. Union Liquid Fund
- 5. Union Overnight Fund
- 6. Union Short Duration Fund

For detailed comparative table, please refer the below weblink:

https://unionmf.com/docs/default-source/downloads/policies-other-disclosures/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures/comparison-with-existing-open-ended-fixed-income-(march-2025).pdf?sfvrsn=4c52076_3

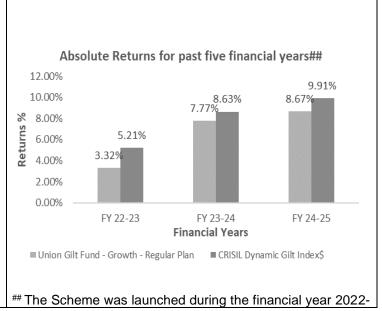
G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

The performance of the Scheme is provided below:

a) Union Gilt Fund – Regular Plan - Growth Option

Compounded Annualised Returns	Scheme Returns (%)*	Benchmark Returns (%)*
Returns for the last 1 year	9.13%	9.91%
Returns for the last 3 years	-	-
Returns for the last 5 years	-	-
Returns since inception##	8.01%	9.00%

^{**}Since inception returns are based on Rs. 10 (initial allotment NAV) invested at inception. (Allotment / Inception Date - August 08, 2022).



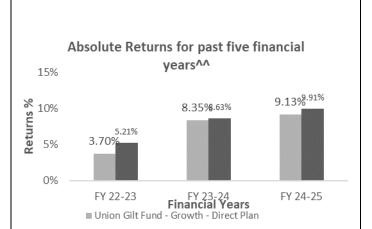


2023. As the Scheme has completed three financial years on March 31, 2025 from the date of allotment, absolute returns for threefinancial years have been provided. Absolute return for FY 2022-23, is provided from date of allotment till end of financial year.

b) Union Gilt Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Option

Compounded Annualised Returns	Scheme Returns (%)*	Benchmark Returns (%)*
Returns for the last 1 year	8.67%	9.91%
Returns for the last 3 years	-	-
Returns for the last 5 years	-	-
Returns since inception##	7.47%	9.00%

^{**}Since inception returns are based on Rs. 10 (initial allotment NAV) invested at inception. (Allotment / Inception Date - August 08, 2022).



^ The Scheme was launched during the financial year 2022-2023. As the Scheme has completed three financial years on March 31, 2025 from the date of allotment, absolute returns for three financial years have been provided. Absolute return for FY 2022-23, is provided from date of allotment till end of financial year.

PAST PERFORMANCE MAY OR MAY NOT BE SUSTAINED IN FUTURE.

Note: Returns are absolute for period less than 1 year. Returns are compounded annualized for period more than or equal to 1 year. The returns are based on growth option NAVs.

*The data is as on **March 31, 2025.** In case, the start date or the end date of the concerned period is a non-business day, the NAV of the previous business day is considered for computation of returns.

*CRISIL Benchmark Disclaimer: CRISIL Indices are the sole property of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL). CRISIL Indices shall not be copied, transmitted or distributed in any manner for any commercial use. CRISIL has taken due care and caution in computation of the Indices, based on the data obtained from sources, which it considers reliable. However, CRISIL does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Indices and is not responsible for any errors or for the results obtained from the use of the Indices. CRISIL especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the users of CRISIL Indices

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

i. Scheme's portfolio holdings (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors) as on March 31, 2025 – Please refer the below weblink for detailed description:



https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/monthly-portfolio

ii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure - Fortnightly / Monthly/ Half Yearly.

Please refer the below weblink for viewing the Fortnightly Portfolios: https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/fortnightly-portfolio

Please refer the below weblink for viewing the latest Monthly Portfolios: https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/monthly-portfolio

Please refer the below weblink for viewing the Half Yearly Portfolios: https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/financials

- iii. The Portfolio Turnover Rate has not been given as the Scheme is a Debt Scheme.
- iv. Aggregate investment in the Scheme as on March 31, 2025 by:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
		Units	NAV per unit	
1.	Fund Managers	46060.43	12.2621	5,64,797.62

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

v. Investments of AMC in the Scheme – For details, please refer the below weblink: https://unionmf.com/docs/default-source/downloads/statutory-disclosures/amcs-sponsors-investments-in-schemes/march-2025.pdf?sfvrsn=922b95ba 3

Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme/Plan/Option by the number of units outstanding under the Scheme/Plan/Option on the valuation date

The Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as per the AMC's valuation policy and as specified in Eighth Schedule of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Assets Value (NAV) per unit under the Scheme/Plan/Option shall be calculated as follows:

NAV (Rs.) =	Market or Fair	Current Assets		Current Liabilities
	Value of Scheme's +	including accrued	-	and Provisions including
	investments	income		accrued expenses



No. of Units outstanding under Scheme/Plan/Option

The numerical illustration of the above method is provided below:

Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments (Rs.) = 11,00,00,000 Current Assets (Rs.) = 10,00,000 Current Liabilities and Provisions (Rs.) = 5,00,000 No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme = 1,00,00,000 NAV per unit (Rs.) = 11,00,00,000 + 10,00,000 - 5,00,000 = 11.05.

1,00,00,000

The NAV of the Scheme shall be calculated up to four decimal places. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Option under each Plan. The NAVs of the Growth Option and the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option under each Plan will be different after the declaration of the first IDCW.

The NAVs will be calculated for all the Business Days.

Presently, entry load cannot be charged by mutual fund schemes. Thus, sale price for a particular investor shall be equal to the applicable NAV for the investor at the time of investment. For example, if applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 11 then the sale price will also be Rs. 11 as Entry Load is not applicable.

The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV subject to SEBI Regulations as amended from time to time.

Methodology of calculation of repurchase price:

For calculating the repurchase price, the exit load, if any, applicable at the time of investment shall be deducted from the applicable NAV of the Scheme.

For example: If the applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 11 and the Exit Load applicable at the time of investment is 1% if redeemed before completion of 1 year from the date of allotment of units and the investor redeems units before completion of 1 year, then repurchase price will be calculated as follows:

Step 1: Applicable NAV * Exit Load at the time of investment in % = Exit Load Amount;

i.e. Rs. 11 * 1% = Rs. 0.11;

Step 2: Applicable NAV - Exit Load Amount = Repurchase price;

i.e. Rs. 11- Rs. 0.11 = Rs.10.89

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities (as applicable), procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.



B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid, marketing and advertising, Registrar & Transfer Agents expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

However, this section is not applicable as this is a Continuous Offer of units of the Scheme at NAV Based Prices.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar & Transfer Agent's fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table specified below:

The AMC has estimated that the below specified percentage of the daily net assets of the Scheme(s) will be charged to the Scheme(s) as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the AMC.

Expense Head	% p.a. of daily Net Assets* (Estimated p.a.)
Investment Management & Advisory Fee*	
Audit Fees / Fees and expenses of trustees	
Custodial Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statement / IDCW/ redemption cheques/ warrants	Upto 2.00%**
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission and statutory Advertisement	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost towards investor education and awareness	
Brokerage & Transaction Cost pertaining to the distribution of units	
Goods and Services Tax* on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services Tax* on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses^ (to be specified as per Reg 52 of SEBI MF Regulations)	



Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i) and (6) (a), as applicable	Upto 2.00%**
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under regulation 52 (6A) (b)	Upto 0.30%#

[^] Subject to the Regulations.

*Goods & Services Tax:

- a. The Goods & Services tax on investment and advisory fees charged to the scheme will be **in addition** to the maximum limit of TER.
- b. Goods & Services tax on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, will be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of TER.
- c. Goods & Services tax on exit load, if any, will be paid out of the exit load proceeds.
- d. Goods & Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trades, if any, will be within the maximum limit of TER.

Percentage limit of daily net assets of the Scheme:

Assets under management Slab (In Rs. crore)	Total Expense Ratio limit
On the first Rs. 500 crores of the daily net assets	2.00%
On the next Rs. 250 crores of the daily net assets	1.75%
On the next Rs. 1,250 crores of the daily net assets	1.50%
On the next Rs. 3,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.35%
On the next Rs. 5,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.25%
On the next Rs. 40,000 crores of the daily net assets	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs. 5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof.
On balance of the assets	0.80%

^{*}For inflows beyond top 30 cities: In addition to the above Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses charged to the scheme, expenses up to 30 basis points on daily net assets of the scheme may be charged to the scheme if the new inflows from beyond top 30 cities are at least:

- a. 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme, or;
- b. 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme,
 whichever is higher.

^{**} Subject to the slab-wise ceiling prescribed by SEBI on the basis of daily net assets indicated as follows:



As per Clause 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, additional expenses of 30 basis points, shall be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from beyond top 30 cities. As per Clause 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, inflows of amount upto Rs. 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor".

In case the inflows from beyond top 30 cities are less than the higher of (a) or (b) above, such additional expenses on daily net assets of the scheme will be charged on a proportionate basis as prescribed by SEBI.

The above additional expenses charged to the scheme will be utilized for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

The additional Total Expense Ratio (TER) on account of inflows from beyond top 30 cities so charged shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of 1 year from the date of investment.

With reference to SEBI's letter no. SEBI/ HO/ IMD/ IMD-SEC-3/ P/ OW/ 2023/ 5823/ 1 dated February 24, 2023, a copy of which was forwarded by AMFI vide email no. 35P/ MEM-COR/ 85/ 2022-23 dated March 02, 2023, the B-30 incentive structure for new inflows has been kept in abeyance with effect from March 01, 2023 till the incentive structure is appropriately re-instated by SEBI with necessary safeguards.

Note:

- a. These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available and estimates made by the Investment Manager/ AMC and are subject to change inter-se or in total subject to prevailing Regulations. The AMC may incur actual expenses which may be more or less than those estimated above under any head and/or in total. Type of expenses charged shall be as per the Regulations.
- b. The AMC may charge the Mutual Fund with investment and advisory fee as prescribed in the SEBI (MF) Regulations from time to time and as permitted by the Investment Management Agreement.

c. Brokerage and transactions costs:

As per Clause 17.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade shall be charged to the Scheme as provided under Regulation 52(6A)(a) upto 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Accordingly, as per Clause 10.1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Any expenditure in excess of the said prescribed limit (including brokerage and transaction cost, if any) shall be borne by the AMC or by the trustee or sponsors, subject to the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, as amended from time to time.



d. The Direct Plan shall have a lower expense ratio as compared to the Regular Plan to the extent of distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission or distribution expenses for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under the Direct Plan. Please refer the illustration given below in this regard:

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year (in Rs.)	10,000	10,000
Returns before Expenses (in Rs.)	1,500	1,500
Returns before Expenses (%)	15%	15%
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	150	150
Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	50	-
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year (in Rs.)	1,300	1,350
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year (%)	13%	13.5%

- e. The total expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- f. The current expense ratios will be updated on the AMC's website viz. www.unionmf.com at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. The exact weblink of the heads under which the Total Expense Ratio is disclosed is https://www.unionmf.com/about-us/downloads#ter.

Further, the disclosure of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) on a daily basis shall also be made on the website of AMFI viz. www.amfiindia.com.

The above disclosure shall be in accordance with requirements of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the circulars issued thereunder, as amended from time to time.

g. Illustration of impact of expense ratio on the Scheme's returns:

Illustration of expenses and impact on the return	
Opening NAV Per Unit for the Day (a)	10.0000
Closing NAV Per Unit for the Day (b)	11.0000
NAV Movement Per Unit (c = a - b)	1.0000
Flat Return for the Day after expenses (d = (c / a) %)	10.0000%
TER % (e)	2.000%
Expenses for the Day (f = (b * e)/365)	0.00060
Expenses for the Day % (g = (f / b) %)	0.0055%
Flat Return prior to expenses for the Day (h = d + g)	10.0055%

The above illustration is purely given to explain the impact of the expense ratio on a scheme's return and should not be construed as an indicative return of the scheme.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the Units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, investors may



refer to the website of the AMC (<u>www.unionmf.com</u>) or may call at 18002002268 / 18005722268 (toll free no.) or you can contact your distributor.

Type of Load	Load Chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Exit Load*	Nil

*Goods & Services Tax on exit load, if any, will be paid out of the exit load proceeds and Exit load net of Goods & Services Tax, if any, will be credited to the Scheme.

The above mentioned load structure shall be equally applicable to the special products such as SIP, STP, SWP, switches to other schemes, etc. offered by the AMC. However, no load will be applicable for switches between the Plans under the scheme and switches between the options under each Plan under the Scheme. Further, the AMC shall not charge any load on issue of bonus units and units allotted on reinvestment of IDCW for existing as well as prospective investors.

The Investor is requested to check the prevailing Load structure, if any, of the Scheme before investing.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure, subject to the limits prescribed under the Regulations, if it so deems fit in the interest of investors and for the smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund.

The Repurchase Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV subject to SEBI Regulations as amended from time to time.

The Mutual Fund may charge the load without any discrimination to any specific group of unit holders.

Any imposition or enhancement in the Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only.

Procedure for changing the Load Structure:

At the time of changing the Load Structure, the AMC shall follow the following procedure:

- 1. An addendum detailing the changes will be attached to Scheme Information Document (s) and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum may be circulated to all the distributors / brokers so that the same can be attached to all Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memorandum already in stock.
- 2. The addendum will be displayed on the website of the AMC immediately and arrangements will be made to display the addendum in the form of a notice in all the Investor Service Centers and distributors / brokers' office.
- 3. The introduction of the Exit Load along with the details may be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the Investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such Load.
- 4. Any other measure which the Mutual Fund may consider necessary.



E. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. However, if such limit is breached during the NFO of the Scheme, the Fund will endeavour to ensure that within a period of three months or the end of the succeeding calendar quarter from the close of the NFO of the Scheme, whichever is earlier, the Scheme complies with these two conditions. In case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at Applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the Applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

Section II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/interpretation

Kindly refer (<u>definitions-interpretations.pdf</u> (<u>unionmf.com</u>)) for definitions/interpretations. The given Scheme specific definitions/terms as may be applicable to the Scheme apply throughout this Document in addition to the definitions/terms mentioned in the Statement of Additional Information unless the context requires otherwise.

B. Risk Factors:

Scheme Specific Risk Factors:

The Scheme shall invest in government securities and other securities as mentioned in the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme, and shall inherit risks that are specific to government securities and to debt broadly as an asset class.

As the portfolio of the Scheme shall be invested in securities comprising of securities issued by the Central or State Government there would be minimal Credit Risk. Further, as there is no restriction on the maturity of the securities, there would be moderate to high price risk or interest rate risk.

The Scheme related risks include but are not limited to the following:

1. Risks associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities:

The following are the risks associated with investment in Fixed Income Securities:



Interest Rate Risk: This risk is associated with movements in interest rate, which depend on various factors such as government borrowing, inflation, economic performance etc. Fixed income securities such as government bonds, corporate bonds, money market instruments etc run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of such securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices generally increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices depends upon factors such as coupon, maturity of the security, the yield level at which the security is being traded. The longer the time to an instrument's maturity, the greater is its interest rate risk. The NAV of the Scheme is expected to increase from a fall in interest rates while it would be adversely affected by an increase in the level of interest rates.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities may carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the security. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

Spread Risk: Yield Spreads between fixed income securities might change.

Liquidity Risk: This risk pertains to how saleable a security is in the market or the ease at which a security can be sold at or close to its true value. Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of some of the investments. The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. The liquidity of debt securities may change, depending on market conditions. At the time of selling the security, the security can become less liquid (wider spread) or illiquid, leading to loss in value of the portfolio. Securities that are unlisted generally carry a higher liquidity risk compared to listed securities.

Counterparty Risk: This is the risk of failure of counterparty to the transaction to deliver securities against consideration received or to pay consideration against securities delivered, in full or in part or as per the agreed specification. There could be losses to the Scheme in case of counterparty default.

Settlement Risk: Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make purchases in intended securities due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Fixed income securities run the risk of settlement which can adversely affect the ability of the fund house to swiftly execute trading strategies which can lead to adverse movements in NAV.

Duration Risk: The modified duration of a security is a measure of its price sensitivity to interest rates movements, based on the average time to maturity of its interest and principal cash flows.

Portfolio managers increase average duration when they expect rates to decline, to get the most benefit, and decrease average duration when they expect rates to rise, to minimize the negative impact. If rates move in a direction contrary to their expectations, they lose.

Concentration Risk: This is the risk arising from over exposure to few securities/issuers.

Sovereign Risk: The Central Government of a country is the issuer of the local currency in that country. The Government raises money to meet its capital and revenue expenditure by issuing debt or discounted securities. Since payment of interest and principal amount has a sovereign status implying no default, such securities are known as securities with sovereign credit. For domestic borrowers and lenders, the credit risk on such sovereign credit is minimal, even lower than a security with "AAA" rating and hence commands a yield, which is lower than a yield on "AAA" security.

Credit risk or default risk: This refers to inability of the issuer of the debt security to make timely payments of principal and/ or interest due. In case of investments in government securities, the credit risk



is minimal. It is reflected in the credit rating of the issuer. Hence if the credit rating of the issuer is downgraded, the price of the security will suffer a loss and the NAV will fall. Credit risk factors pertaining to lower rated securities also apply to lower rated zero coupon and deferred interest kind bonds. Lower rated zero coupon and deferred interest kind bonds carry an additional risk in that, unlike bonds that pay interest through the period of maturity, the Scheme by investing in these bonds will realize no cash till the cash payment date and if the issuer defaults, the Scheme may obtain no return on its investment.

2. Risks associated with investing in Securities Segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL at any given point in time i.e. in the event that the default waterfall is triggered and the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

3. Risk Factors associated with Securities Lending

Securities Lending is a lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. There are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the approved intermediary.

4. Risks associated with transaction in Units through stock exchange(s):

In respect of transaction in Units of the Scheme through BSE and / or NSE (applicable to the facility to transact in the Units of the Scheme through the Stock Exchange mechanism provided by the AMC), allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing / settlement by BSE and / or NSE and their respective clearing corporations on which the Fund has no control

5. Risks associated with segregated portfolio:

If segregated portfolio is created pursuant to Clause 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the following risks associated with segregated portfolio will be applicable: The unit holders may note that no redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in the segregated portfolio, the AMC shall enable listing of units of



segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange. The risks associated in regard to the segregated portfolio are as follows:

- The investors holding units of the segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holdings till
 the time of recovery of money from the issuer.
- The security comprising the segregated portfolio may not realize any value.
- Listing of units of the segregated portfolio on a recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units of the segregated portfolio on the stock exchange.
- The trading price of units on the stock exchange may be significantly lower than the prevailing Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio.

C. Risk Mitigation Stategies

The asset allocation of the Scheme will be steadily monitored and it shall be ensured that investments are made in accordance with the scheme objective and within the regulatory and internal investment restrictions prescribed from time to time.

A detailed monitoring process has been designed to identify, measure, monitor and manage portfolio risk. The aim is to have a structured mechanism towards risk management thereby maximising potential opportunities and minimising the adverse effects of risk. Effective risk management is crucial for achieving optimum results. Adequate safeguards would be incorporated in the portfolio management process. The main instrument for reducing risk is through diversification across sectors/companies/ securities. The Fund Manager's job is to identify securities which offer higher returns with a lower level of risk. While identifying such securities, rigorous credit evaluation would be carried out by the investment team. The front office system of the AMC has the capability of pre- investment monitoring of investment restrictions as per SEBI guidelines and various internal limits prescribed from time to time to facilitate pre-emptive monitoring. The AMC will be guided by the ratings of Credit Rating Agencies authorised to carry on such activity. Further, various risk management tools will be used for measuring and monitoring portfolio risks.

Some of the risks and the corresponding risk mitigating strategies are listed below:

Risk	Risk mitigation strategy
Interest rate risk Security price volatility due to movements in interest rate.	Active duration management strategy; Control portfolio duration and actively evaluate the portfolio structure with respect to existing interest rate scenario. Interest Rate risk may also be mitigated through a well diversified portfolio.
Market Risk Risk arising due to adverse market movements.	Endeavour to have a well-diversified portfolio of high quality securities.
Volatility Risk Risk of volatility in markets due to external factors like liquidity flows, changes in the business environment, economic policy etc.	The Scheme will manage volatility risk through diversification.
Liquidity Risk	The liquidity of the Scheme's investments may be



Risk					Risk mitigation strategy
Risk associated securities.	with	saleability	of	portfolio	inherently restricted by trading volumes, transfer procedures and settlement periods. Liquidity Risk can be partly mitigated by diversification as well as any internal controls identified at the time of construction of portfolio. Liquidity Risk would be low considering that the Scheme would invest in a portfolio comprising of government securities.

Liquidity risk management practices adopted by the AMC:

Pursuant to AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular No. 103/2022-23 dated October 12, 2022, the liquidity risk management practices adopted by the AMC for the various debt schemes of Union Mutual Fund, as applicable, are given below:

Liquidity Management Tool	Applicable Schemes	Brief Description
Potential Risk Matrix (PRC)	PRC: Applicable to all	The maximum risk that the fund manager can
(pursuant to Clause 17.5 of	debt schemes;	take in the scheme is depicted by the
SEBI Master Circular for		Potential Risk Class (PRC) Matrix of the
Mutual Funds dated June 27,		Scheme, and the current risk of the Scheme
2024)		at a given point in time is depicted by the risk-
	Risk-o-meter:	o-meter of the Scheme which is updated on a
Risk-o-meter	Applicable to all	regular basis.
(pursuant to Clause 17.4 of	schemes.	The PRC Matrix consists of parameters
SEBI Master Circular for		based on maximum interest rate risk
Mutual Funds dated June 27,		(measured by Macaulay Duration (MD) of the
2024)		scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk Value (CRV) of the scheme).
		The risk-o-meter consists of six risk levels
		ranging from low risk to very high risk.
		The AMC monitors and ensures that the
		scheme does not exceed the maximum risk
		depicted in the PRC.
Liquidity Risk Management	Applicable to all open	The LRM framework defines Liquidity Risk
(LRM) Framework	ended debt schemes	[Liquidity Ratio - Redemption at Risk (LR-
(pursuant to Clause 4.6 of	except Union Overnight	RAR) and Liquidity Ratio – Conditional
SEBI Master Circular for	Fund and Union Gilt	Redemption at Risk (LR-CRaR)] arising from
Mutual Funds dated June 27,	Fund	the liability side of the Scheme.
2024, AMFI Best Practice		LR-RAR is based on the Redemption at Risk
Guidelines Circular dated July		concept to represent the likely outflows at a
24, 2021 , December 3, 2021		given confidence interval and LR-CRaR is
and November 13, 2024)		based on the concept of Conditional
		Redemption at Risk to represent the behaviour of the tail at the given confidence
		interval.
		The Scheme shall maintain adequate



Liquidity Management Tool	Applicable Schemes	Brief Description
		liquidity, as required, by the above two ratios. However, to meet redemptions, the AMC may have to periodically dip into their liquid assets which may result in the liquidity ratio dropping below the required levels on those days. The Scheme shall ensure to take remedial actions in line with the requirement of the referred circulars.
Stress Testing (pursuant to Clause 4.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 and AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular dated October 12, 2022)		The Stress Testing exercise addresses the asset side risk from an Interest Rate, Credit and Liquidity Risk perspective at an aggregate portfolio level in terms of its impact on NAV. Stress testing is carried out on a periodical basis. For any breach of the prescribed thresholds, appropriate remedial measures would be taken.
Review of Asset Liability Mis-match under Risk Management Framework (pursuant to Clause 4.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024)	Applicable to all openended Schemes	The referred SEBI circular on 'Risk Management Framework (RMF) for Mutual Funds' inter alia prescribes that liquidity risk has to be modelled at the level of each scheme (except schemes that do not have continuous liquidity requirements like close ended and interval schemes) and should display alerts pertaining to asset liability mismatch (ALM) on monthly basis and in line with any other relevant guidelines prescribed. This addresses potential liquidity requirement over a 90-day period and the required relevant asset side liquidity to be maintained.
Swing Pricing (pursuant to Clause 4.10 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 read with AMFI Best Practice Guideline No. 135/BP/96-B/ 2024-25 dated November 04, 2024)		In case of severe liquidity stress at an AMC level or a severe dysfunction at market level or re-opening of the scheme after announcement of winding up, the Swing Pricing guidelines get triggered. When swing pricing framework is triggered and swing factor is made applicable (in accordance with the disclosures made in the Scheme Information Documents of the respective schemes), applications of both the incoming and outgoing investors shall be processed at applicable NAV adjusted for swing factor.



II. Information about the scheme:

A. Where will the scheme invest

The Scheme shall invest minimum 80% of the total assets in government securities (i.e. Central and State Government securities, Treasury Bills and Cash Management Bills of Government of India). The Scheme may also invest in Call money market or alternative investment for call money market as may be provided by the Reserve Bank of India. The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in securities which will include but are not limited to the following:

1) Central and State Government Securities, Treasury Bills

Securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government (including Treasury Bills) or Government Securities as defined in the Public Debt Act, 1944, as amended or re-enacted from time to time.

Treasury Bills (T-Bills) are issued by the Government of India or State Governments to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days. T-Bills are issued at a discount and for a fixed period.

2) Cash Management Bills (CMB)

Cash Management Bills (CMB) are issued by Government of India to meet the temporary cash flow mismatches of the Government. CMBs are non-standard, discounted instruments issued for maturities less than 91 days. CMBs are issued at discount to the face value through auctions. The settlement of the auction will be on T+1 basis.

3) Call money market or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by the RBI to meet the liquidity requirements (currently Triparty Repo, Reverse Repo in Government Securities and Treasury Bills).

a) Tri-party Repo (TREPS) in Government Securities:

Tri-party Repo means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction. The Scheme shall undertake Tri-party Repo transactions in Government Securities.

b) Reverse Repo in Government Securities:

Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase or sell the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The transaction results in collateralized borrowing or lending of funds. Presently in India, Central Government Securities, State Government securities, T-Bills, corporate debt securities are eligible for Reverse Repo. The Scheme intends to participate in Reverse Repo in Central Government Securities, State Government securities, T-Bills. However, the scheme does not intend to participate in repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities.

4) Investments in units of mutual fund schemes



The Scheme may invest in schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, without charging any fees, in conformity with the investment objective and asset allocation pattern of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations which requires that the aggregate interscheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Mutual Fund.

5) Investment in Short Term Deposits

Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme and for margin purposes, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI. The AMC shall not charge investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

Investment in unrated debt instruments shall be subject to complying with the provisions of the Regulations and within the limit as specified in Schedule VII to the Regulations.

The securities / instruments mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity subject to investment limits specified elsewhere in this document.

The Fund Manager reserves the right to invest in such other securities as may be permitted from time to time and which are in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme.

DEBT AND MONEY MARKETS IN INDIA

The Indian debt market is today one of the largest in Asia and includes securities issued by the Government (Central & State Governments), public sector undertakings, other government bodies, financial institutions, banks and corporates. Government and public sector enterprises are the predominant borrowers in the markets. Securities in the debt market typically vary based on their tenure and rating. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, insurance companies, primary dealers, trusts, pension funds and corporates. The Indian debt market is the largest segment of the Indian financial markets. The debt market comprises broadly two segments, viz. Government Securities market or G-Sec market and corporate debt market. The latter is further classified as market for PSU bonds and private sector bonds.

The Government Securities market is the oldest and the largest component of the Indian debt market in terms of market capitalization, outstanding securities and trading volumes. The G-Sec market plays a vital role in the Indian economy as it provides the benchmark for determining the level of interest rates in the country through the yields on the Government Securities which are referred to as the risk-free rate of return in any economy. Over the years, there have been new products introduced by the RBI like zero coupon bonds, floating rate bonds, inflation indexed bonds, etc.

The corporate bond market, in the sense of private corporate sector raising debt through public issuance in capital market, is only an insignificant part of the Indian Debt Market. A large part of the issuance in the non-Government debt market is currently on private placement basis.

The money markets in India essentially consist of the call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), reverse repo transactions (temporary buy with an agreement to sell the securities at a future date at a specified price), commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured



promissory notes, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI) and similar securities. In a predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates. In money market, activity levels of the Government and non government debt vary from time to time.

Apart from these, there are some other options available for short tenure investments that include MIBOR linked debentures with periodic exit options and other such instruments. PSU / DFI / Corporate paper with a residual maturity of less than 1 year are actively traded and offer a viable investment option.

Following table exhibits various debt instruments along with current yields as on May 15, 2025:

Instrument	Yield Range
	(% per annum)
Tri – Party Repo	5.55-5.80
Repo	5.55-5.95
91 days T-Bill	5.75-5.77
364 days T-Bill	5.78-5.80
1 month CD/CP	6.50-6.60
3 month CD/CP	6.40-7.00
6 month CD/CP	6.60-7.10
1 year CD/CP	6.70-7.15
1 year Corporate Bond - AAA Rated	6.65-6.75
3 year Corporate Bond - AAA Rated	6.65-6.75
5 year Corporate Bond - AAA Rated	6.70-6.80
5 year G-sec	5.94-5.95
10 year G-sec	6.27-6.30

(Source: Bloomberg, NDS OM and CCIL)

These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in macro-economic conditions and RBI policy. The price and yield on various debt instruments fluctuate from time to time depending upon the macro economic situation, inflation rate, overall liquidity position, foreign exchange scenario etc. Also, the price and yield vary according to maturity profile, credit risk etc.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

Investment restrictions as contained in the SEBI (MF) Regulations specifically in the Seventh Schedule of the Regulations including any amendments thereto and SEBI circulars issued from time to time are provided below:



1) The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustee and the Board of directors of the AMC. This limit applies only to the extent of investments in applicable securities as mentioned under the sub-section 'Where will the scheme invest?'.

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills.

Pursuant to Clause 12.8.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27,2024, within the single issuer limit specified above for debt and money market instruments, the Scheme shall not invest more than:

- a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below

issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified above.

The long-term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long-term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of Credit Rating Agencies (CRAs) between short term and long-term ratings, the most conservative long-term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating. Exposure to government money market instruments such as TREPS on G-Sec/ T-bills shall be treated as exposure to government securities.

2) The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments.

Provided that the Scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. Provided further that the Scheme shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by SEBI. This limit applies only to the extent of investments in applicable securities as mentioned under the sub-section 'Where will the scheme invest?'.

Provided further that the norms for investments by the Scheme in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by SEBI from time to time.

Pursuant to Clause 12.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time, the Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging. However, the Scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with



coupon payment frequency on monthly basis. This limit applies only to the extent of investments in applicable securities as mentioned under the sub-section 'Where will the scheme invest?'.

For the purpose of provisions of this point, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.

Further, investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by the Scheme shall be subject to the following:

- a. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
- b. Exposure of the Scheme in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees and shall be subject to such conditions and requirements as prescribed under Clause 12.1.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27,2024, as amended by SEBI from time to time.

This limit applies only to the extent of investments in applicable securities as mentioned under the subsection 'Where will the scheme invest?'.

- 3) Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same mutual fund shall be allowed only if,
 - (a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis. [Explanation. "Spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions:]
 - (b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Further, the Scheme shall comply with the guidelines on inter scheme transfers of securities as prescribed by SEBI under Clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.

- 4) The Scheme may invest in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund, without charging any fees, in line with the investment objectives and asset allocation pattern of the Scheme, and provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Mutual Fund.
- 5) The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities.

Provided that the Mutual Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. However, Union Gilt Fund does not intend to engage in short selling.



Provided further that the Mutual Fund may enter into Derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI. However, Union Gilt Fund does not intend to enter into derivative transactions.

Provided further that the sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI in this regard.

- 6) The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 7) Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the following guidelines prescribed under Clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 and any subsequent guidelines issued from time to time:
 - i. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustee.
 - iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsors scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
 - iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme.
 - vi. The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
 - vii. The above norms do not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.
- 8) The scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - i) Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsors; or
 - Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsors; or
 - iii) The listed securities of group companies of the sponsors which is in excess of 25% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- 9) The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- 10) Save as otherwise expressly provided under the Regulations, the Scheme shall not advance any loans for any purpose.



- 11) The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holder.
- 12) The Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- 13) The total exposure of the Scheme in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills, G-Secs, T-Bills, short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. For the purposes of the sector exposure limit, AMFI sector classification of issuers would be considered.

Provided that the Scheme may have an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the Scheme by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs). Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme has been allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.* Provided further that the additional exposure to securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.

*Union Gilt Fund does not intend to invest in Securitised Debt. Further, the above limit applies only to the extent of investments in applicable securities as mentioned under the sub-section 'Where will the scheme invest?'.

14) The total exposure of the Scheme in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees. For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

The above limit applies only to the extent of investments in applicable securities as mentioned under the sub-section 'Where will the scheme invest?'.

15) In accordance with Clause 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the cumulative gross exposure through Debt, Money Market Instruments and other permitted securities will not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme. However, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure.

All investments by the Scheme will be made in accordance with the Investment Objective and Investment Pattern described earlier.

The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the Regulations may allow and as deemed fit in the general interest of the Unit Holders.

The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.



It may be noted that only the applicable investment restrictions have been included in the aforesaid section depending upon the investment pattern and asset allocation pattern of the Scheme. For Eg: If, the Scheme does not intend to engage in short selling or invest in securitised debt or derivatives or invest in foreign securities or participate in credit default swap transactions or participate in repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities etc., depending on the asset allocation pattern, the investment restrictions relating to short selling or securitised debt or derivatives or foreign securities or credit default swap transactions or repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities etc. are not included in this document.

Apart from the Investment Restrictions prescribed under the Regulations, internal risk parameters for limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector may be prescribed from time to time to respond to the dynamic market conditions and market opportunities. The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its investment objective.

All the investment restrictions will be applicable at the time of making investments. Changes do not have to be effected merely because of appreciations or depreciations in value of the investments, or by reason of receipt of any rights, bonuses or benefits in the nature of capital or of any schemes of arrangement or of amalgamation, reconstruction or exchange, or at any repayment or redemption or other reason outside the control of the Fund resulting in any of the above limits getting breached. However, the AMC shall take appropriate corrective action as soon as possible taking into account the interests of the Unit holders.

C. Fundamental Attributes:

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024:

(i) Type of a Scheme

An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturity. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.

(ii) Investment Objective

- Main Objective: The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate income through investment in a portfolio comprising of government securities of various maturities. However, there is no assurance that the Investment Objective of the Scheme will be achieved.
- Investment Pattern: The tentative portfolio break-up of Debt, Money market instruments, other
 permitted securities and such other securities as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time with
 minimum and maximum asset allocation, while retaining the option to alter the asset allocation for
 a short term period on defensive considerations, is detailed in the section 'HOW WILL THE
 SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?'. Please refer the Section 'HOW WILL THE SCHEME
 ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?'

(iii) Terms of Issue

• Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption



The Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the Units as and when this Scheme is permitted to be listed under the Regulations and the Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Fund.

The Scheme offers Units for subscription and redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis, commencing not later than five business days from the date of allotment. Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall transfer the redemption/repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. However, under exceptional circumstances where the schemes would be unable to transfer the redemption / repurchase proceeds to investors within the time as stipulated above, the redemption/ repurchase proceeds shall be transferred to unitholders within such time frame, as prescribed by AMFI, in consultation with SEBI. For further details in this regard, please refer the Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

· Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme

The aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme will be in line with the limits defined in the SEBI (MF) Regulations as amended from time to time. The aggregate fee and expenses to be charged to the Scheme is detailed in Section I - Part III of this document.

Any safety net or guarantee provided

The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee nor does it provide any assurance regarding the realization of the investment objective of the scheme or in respect of declaration of IDCW.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 the Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal.
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an
 advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a
 newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is
 situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. OTHER SCHEME SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES

Listing and transfer of units	<u>Listing:</u>
	Since units of the Scheme will be offered for subscription and
	redemption at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an
	ongoing basis providing the required liquidity to investors,
	units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any



stock exchange. However, the Trustee reserves the right to list the units of the Scheme on any stock exchange(s) at its sole discretion at a later date.

Transfer of Units:

The Units of the Scheme held in the dematerialised form will be fully and freely transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time and as stated in Clause 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP.

Pursuant to AMFI Best Practice Guideline Circular No. 135/BP/119/2025-26 dated May 08, 2025 read with AMFI Circular No. 135/BP/116/2024- 25 dated August 14, 2024, the facility for transfer of units held in non-demat (SoA) mode shall be available to all the investors under Resident/non-resident individual category including the unitholders falling under the following three categories:

:

- a) Surviving joint unitholder, who wants to add new joint holder(s) in the folio upon demise of one or more joint unitholder(s).
- b) A nominee of a deceased unitholder, who wants to transfer the units to the legal heirs of the deceased unitholder, post the transmission of units in the name of the nominee.
- c) A minor unitholder who has turned a major and has changed his/her status from minor to major, wants to add the name of the parent / guardian, sibling, spouse etc. in the folio as joint holder(s)

Dematerialization of units

The Unit holders are given an option to hold the Units in physical form (by way of an account statement) or in dematerialized (Demat) form.

Further, investors also have an option to convert their physical holdings into the dematerialised mode at a later date.

Each Option under each Plan under the Scheme held in the dematerialised form shall be identified on the basis of an **International Securities Identification Number (ISIN)** allotted by National Securities Depositories Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL). The ISIN No. details of the respective option under the respective Plan



can be obtained from your Depository Participant (DP) or you can access the website link www.nsdl.co.in or www.cdslindia.com.The holding of units in the dematerialised mode would be subject to the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories viz. NSDL/CDSL from time to time.

<u>Subscription/Additional Purchase of units under</u> Dematerialised Mode & allotment thereof:

The Applicants intending to hold the Units in dematerialised mode will be required to have a beneficiary account with a DP of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention the DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP in the application form at the time of subscription/ additional purchase of the Units of the Scheme/Plan/Option.

The applicant shall mandatorily attach a self-attested copy of the latest demat account statement/client master statement along with the application forms at the time of initial subscription. The application for subscription/additional purchase would be liable to be rejected by the AMC/Registrar under the following conditions:

- a. In case the applicants do not provide their Demat Account details in the application form; or
- b. The demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not exactly match with the details in the Depository records; and/or
- c. The mode of holding in the application form does not match exactly with that of the demat mode of holding.

Applicants intending to hold units in the dematerialised mode would be considered to be KYC compliant as per the DP records and no separate KYC acknowledgment proof needs to be submitted to the AMC/Registrar. However, the submission of KYC acknowledgement proof is optional. It may be noted that in case the application stands rejected due to any of the above reasons, the AMC/ Registrar shall refund the amount to the applicants in line with the provisions of the SID. However, if the applicant has submitted the KYC acknowledgment proof along with the application forms, the units will be allotted in the physical mode 'by default' (without any separate intimation to such applicant) and an Account Statement shall be sent to the Unit holders in accordance with the provisions of the SID. It may be further noted that for any such default allotment the "Source Bank Account" (as per the payment instrument submitted along with the application



form) shall be considered as the bank mandate for all purposes.

NOTE: It may be noted that the facilities viz. Switch in and out, Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)/ Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), are currently NOT available in the dematerialised mode. It may also be noted that units in the demat mode shall only be credited in the DP account on the basis of realization of funds.

Conversion of Units from Physical mode to Dematerialised mode:

If the Unit holder desires to convert the Units in a dematerialised form at a later date, the unitholder will be required to have a beneficiary account with a DP of the NSDL/CDSL and will have to submit the account statement along with a request form viz. Conversion Request Form (CRF)/ Demat Request Form (DRF) to the DP asking for the conversion of units into demat form. It may be noted that it is necessary to mention the ISIN No. of the respective Option under the respective Plan on the CRF/ DRF.

Re-materialization process:

Re-materialization of Units will be in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories & Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time.

Note:

It is further clarified that the demat mode of holding is subject to the following:

- Mandatory Submission of the PAN details along with the necessary proofs in accordance with the provisions of the SAI;
- b. Provisions of "Non-Acceptance of Third Party Payment Instruments for subscription/investments of units" under the section "How to Apply?" in the SAI."
- c. Submission of such other mandatory authority documents as may be specified in the application forms for individual/non-individual category of investors.

All communications under demat mode of holding shall be on the basis of DP ID and client ID submitted in the application form and no separate folio shall be created for the same. For further details on dematerialised mode of holding Units,



	in a standard and the section to the CAI
M'adama Tagadan	investors are requested to refer to the SAI.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	Not Applicable
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable
Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) Policy	The Trustee will endeavour to declare IDCW under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations.
	IDCW Declaration Procedure: -
	The procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under:
	The quantum of IDCW and the record date may be fixed by the Trustee in their meeting. IDCW so decided shall be paid subject to availability of distributable surplus. Record date is the date that will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose name appears on the register of unitholders.
	The AMC shall issue a notice to the public communicating the decision of IDCW declaration including the record date, within one calendar day of the decision of the Trustee, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
	The record date shall be two working days from the date of publication in at least one English newspaper or in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier.
	IDCW Distribution Procedure: -
	Under normal circumstances, the IDCW proceeds will be paid through electronic modes such as Direct Credit/ National Electronic Fund Transfer (NEFT) Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS)/ National Electronic Clearing System (NECS) or any other manner to the unitholder's bank account as recorded in the Registrar's records. Physical dispatch of IDCW payments shall be carried out only in exceptional circumstances for which the AMC shall maintain records along with reasons for such physical dispatch. The AMC, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment.



In case of Units under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option held in dematerialised mode, the IDCW pay-out will be credited to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP.

Effect of IDCW:

The investors should note that the Fund does not assure or guarantee declaration of IDCW under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option. The actual declaration of IDCW, frequency and the rate of IDCW will inter alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations and the decisions of the Trustee shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the unitholders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW will be paid regularly.

Post declaration of IDCW, the NAV of the Units under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option will stand reduced by the amount of IDCW declared and applicable tax/surcharge/cess/any other statutory levy, if any.

Even though the asset portfolio will be common at the scheme level, the NAVs of the growth option and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option in each respective Plan under the Scheme will be distinctly different after declaration of the first IDCW to the extent of distributed income, applicable tax and statutory levy, if any, and expenses relating to the distribution of the IDCW.

All the IDCW declaration and payments shall be in accordance and in compliance with SEBI regulations, as amended from time to time.

Allotment (Detailed procedure)

Allotment:

All Applicants whose cheques/payments towards purchase of Units have been realised will receive a full and firm allotment of Units, provided that the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. Pursuant to Clause 8.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, in respect of purchase of units of the Scheme, including switch-in and systematic transactions (Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs) and Systematic Transfer Plans (STPs)), the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable on which the funds are available for utilization irrespective of the size and time of receipt of such application with effect from February 01, 2021. For further details, refer provisions specified under "Cut off timing for subscriptions/redemptions/ switches" in this SID. Any redemption or switch out transaction in the interim is liable to be rejected at the sole



discretion of the AMC. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the AMC / Trustee may reject any application received in case the application is found invalid/incomplete or for any other reason in their sole discretion. The Mutual Fund reserves the right to recover from an investor any loss caused to the Scheme on account of dishonour of cheques issued by him/her/it for purchase of Units.

No unit certificates will be issued.

Account Statement:

For normal transactions (other than SIP/STP/SWP) during ongoing sales and repurchase:

- The AMC shall issue to the investor whose application (other than SIP/STP/SWP) has been accepted, an account statement specifying the number of units allotted. Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall endeavour to dispatch the account statement as soon as possible but not later than 5 working days from the date of receipt of the application from the unitholder.
- AMC/ Registrar shall send confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant by way of email and/or SMS's to the applicant's registered email address and/or mobile number as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of receipt of the application from the unitholder.
- For those unitholders who have provided an e-mail address, the AMC will send the account statement by email.
- The unitholder may request for a physical account statement by writing/calling the AMC/ISC/Registrar & Transfer Agent at 18002002268 / 18005722268 (toll free numbers)

For SIP / STP / SWP transactions:

- Account Statement for SIP, STP and SWP will be dispatched once every quarter ending March, June, September and December within 10 working days of the end of the respective quarter.
- A soft copy of the Account Statement shall be mailed to the Investors under SIP/STP/ SWP to their e-mail address on a monthly basis, if so mandated.



	However, the first Account Statement under SIP/STP/SWP shall be issued within 10 working days of the initial investment/ transfer. • In case of specific request received from investors, Mutual Funds shall provide the account statement (SIP/STP/SWP) to the investors within 5 working days from the receipt of such request without any charges. Note:
	For normal transactions and SIP/STP/ SWP transactions as stated above, in the event the account has more than one registered holder, the first-named Unit holder shall receive the account statements.
	Account Statement for demat account holders:
	Investors shall receive the demat account statement /demat holding statement directly from the DP with whom the investor holds the DP account. The statement issued by the DP will be deemed adequate compliance with the requirements in respect of dispatch of Statement of Account. In case of any specific requirements/queries on the account statement, investor should directly contact the respective DP's.
Refund	If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC Not applicable to this Scheme as the Scheme is an Ongoing Scheme and not a New Fund Offer.
	Modes of dispatch for refund payments:
	For refund payments to unitholders, the AMC may use modes of dispatch such as registered post, speed post, courier etc. The AMC may also use payment channels such as RTGS, NEFT, IMPS, direct credit, etc. or any other mode allowed by Reserve Bank of India from time to time for refund payments to unitholders, in addition to cheque, demand draft or IDCW warrants.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	The following persons are eligible to apply for subscription to the units of the Scheme (subject to, wherever relevant, subscription to units of the Scheme being permitted under the respective constitutions and relevant statutory regulations): 1. Indian resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis;



- 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta of the HUF;
- 3. Minor through parent / legal guardian;
- 4. Partnership Firms and Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs);
- 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor;
- Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860;
- 7. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions;
- 8. Mutual Funds registered with SEBI;
- Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
- Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on nonrepatriation basis;
- 11. Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) subject to applicable regulations.
- 12. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;
- 13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations;
- 14. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / RBI;
- 15. Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Gratuity Funds and Superannuation Funds to the extent they are permitted;
- Other schemes of Union Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI (MF) Regulations;
- 17. Trustee, AMC or Sponsors or their associates may subscribe to units under the Scheme;
- 18. Such other individuals' /institutions/ body corporates etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as, wherever applicable, subject to their respective constitutions and relevant statutory regulations.

The list given above is indicative and the applicable laws, if any, as amended from time to time shall supersede the list.

Note:

 Non Resident Indians (NRIs) and Persons of Indian Origin (PIOs) residing abroad / FPIs have been granted a general permission by Reserve Bank of India under Schedule 5 of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2017 for investing in / redeeming units of the mutual funds subject to conditions



set out in the aforesaid regulations.

- 2. It is expressly understood that at the time of investment, the investor/unitholder has the express authority to invest in units of the Scheme and AMC / Trustee / Mutual Fund will not be responsible if such investment is ultravires the relevant constitution. Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may reject any application received in case the application is found invalid/ incomplete or for any other reason in the Trustee's sole discretion.
- 3. Dishonoured cheques are liable not to be presented again for collection, and the accompanying application forms are liable to be rejected.
- 4. The Trustee reserves the right to recover from an investor any loss caused to the Scheme on account of dishonour of cheques issued by the investor for purchase of Units of this Scheme.
- For subscription in the Scheme, it is mandatory for investors to make certain disclosures like bank details etc. and provide certain documents like PAN copy etc. (for details please refer SAI) without which the application is liable to be rejected.
- 6. Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, any application for units of this Scheme may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee/AMC. The Trustee/AMC may inter-alia reject any application for the purchase of units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its unitholders to accept such an application.
- 7. Pursuant to Clause 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the following process shall be applicable for investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian:
 - (a) Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after



	completing all IVVC formalities
	completing all KYC formalities.
	(b) Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. This in regard, the investors are required to submit the 'Minor attaining majority – request form to change status' available on the AMC's website www.unionmf.com. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, no further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.
	(c) Any instructions registered for Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) shall be suspended when the minor attains majority, till the 64 status is changed to major.
	Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, any application for units of this Scheme may be accepted or rejected in the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee/AMC. The Trustee/AMC may inter-alia reject any application for the purchase of units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the Scheme or its unitholders to accept such an application.
	For further details, please refer SAI.
Who cannot invest	The following persons are not eligible to invest in the Scheme:
	 Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA Act) except where registered with SEBI as a FPI or otherwise explicitly permitted under FEMA Act/ by RBI/ by any other applicable authority.
	Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds.
	 NRIs residing in Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) as determined by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), from time to time.



	 NRIs and PIOs who are residents of the United States of America/defined as United States Persons under applicable laws/ statutes and the residents of Canada. Qualified Foreign Investor/ QFI as defined in this document. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC/Regulatory Authorities from time to time.
How to Apply and other details	 Application forms are available from either the Investor Service Centers (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of AMC or may be downloaded from the website of AMC (www.unionmf.com). Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions. Kindly refer Branch Locator (unionmf.com) for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. Name, address and contact no. of Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T), email id of R&T, website address of R&T, official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. are given on back cover page.
	It is mandatory for investor to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/requests for redemption.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Units once redeemed will not be reissued.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	The Mutual Fund will be repurchasing (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any) and issuing units of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and hence the transfer facility is found redundant. Any addition / deletion of name from the folio of the Unit holder is deemed as transfer of Units. In view of the same, additions / deletions of names will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. The said provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of a Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission (transfer of units by operation of law) of Units and not transfer. The Units of the Scheme held in the dematerialised form will be fully and freely transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and



Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time and as stated in Clause 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP.

The units held in physical form (i.e. by way of an account statement) are transferable post completion of requisite procedures and formalities applicable in this regard.

Also, when a person becomes a holder of the units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge, then the AMC shall, subject to production/submission of such satisfactory evidence, which in its opinion is sufficient, effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the units.

The AMC shall not accept requests for redemption from a claimant pending completion of the transmission of units in his / her favour.

Please refer to paragraphs on 'Transfer and Transmission of units', 'Right to limit redemption', 'Suspension of purchase and / or redemption of Units and distribution under Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option' and 'Pledge of Units' in the SAI for further details.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

'Cut-off Timing' in relation to an investor making an application for purchase or sale of units of the Scheme, shall mean, the outer limit of timing within a particular day which is relevant for determination of the NAV applicable for his transaction. The Applicable NAV used for processing subscriptions/redemptions is based on the time of the Business Day on which the application is time stamped. Investors get units on the basis of the Applicable NAV.

Subscriptions / Purchases including Switch - ins:

The following cut-off timings shall be observed by the Mutual Fund in respect of purchase (including switch-in) of the units of the Scheme, and the following NAVs shall be applied for such purchase/switch-in:

- 1. In respect to valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. on a day and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut off time and the funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time on the same day the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.
- 2. In respect to valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. on



a day and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the Scheme either on the same day or before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut off time of the next Business Day – the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.

3. Irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of any subsequent Business Day – the closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day shall be applicable.

For allotment of units in respect of purchase in the Scheme/switch-in to the Scheme, it shall be necessary that:

- Application for purchase/switch-in is received before the applicable cut-off time.
- Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application for purchase/switch-in are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time.
- The funds are available for utilization by the Scheme before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the Scheme.
- In case of switch-in into the Scheme, the NAV applicability shall be based on the date of payout from the switch-out scheme.

For systematic investment transactions such as Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs) and Systematic Transfer Plans (STPs), the units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the target scheme irrespective of the SIP/ STP registration date, instalment date and amount of the SIP/ STP.

It is clarified that for purchases, if funds are received in advance and the purchase application is received after receipt of funds in the scheme's bank account, then the applicable NAV would be based on the date and time of receipt of the application.

Redemptions including Switch - outs

The following cut off timings shall be observed by the Mutual Fund in respect of repurchase of units

1. where the application is received upto 3.00 p.m. – closing NAV of the day of receipt of application



2. where application is received after 3.00 p.m. – closing NAV of the next business day.

Applicable NAV in case of Redemptions under dematerialised mode:

It may be noted that in case of Redemption of units held in demat mode, the date and time available in the electronic feed from the DP sent to the AMC/Registrar will only be considered for the purpose of determination of Applicable NAV.

Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches (mention the provisions for ETFs, as may be applicable, for direct subscription/redemption with AMC)

Minimum amount for new purchase/switch in

Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.

For Systematic Investment Plan (SIP):

- Rs. 100 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for daily frequency)
- Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for weekly frequency)
- Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for fortnightly frequency)
- Rs. 500 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter (for monthly frequency)

For Systematic Transfer Plan (STP):

- Rs. 100 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter
- · Minimum instalments: 6 instalments

For Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP):

- Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter
- Minimum instalments: 6 instalments

Minimum additional amount for purchase / switch in

Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.

The minimum subscription limits for new purchases/additional purchases will apply to each Plan/Option separately.

The minimum application amount mentioned above shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to Clause 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to



	time.
	Minimum amount for redemption / switch out
	Minimum of Rs. 1000 or the balance in the account of the unitholder, whichever is lower.
	The redemption request should meet the above minimum redemption amount criteria and should be in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.
	In case the investor specifies the number of units and amount to be redeemed, the number of units shall be considered for redemption. In case the unitholder does not specify the number of units or amount to be redeemed, the redemption request will not be processed.
	The AMC reserves the right to change the minimum amounts for various purchase/ redemption/ switch. Such changes shall only be applicable to transactions on a prospective basis.
Accounts Statements	The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).
	A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15 th of the succeeding month.
	Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable.
	For further details, refer SAI.
Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW)	The payment of IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
	IDCW payments will be made in favour of the unitholder (registered holder of the Unit or, if there are more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder) with bank



account number furnished to the Fund. Please note that it is mandatory for the unitholders to provide the bank account details as per SEBI guidelines. In case of Units under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option held in dematerialised mode, the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) will give the list of demat account holders and the number of Units held by them in electronic form on the Record date to the AMC/Registrar. The IDCW pay-out will be credited to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP. Redemption The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. However, under exceptional circumstances where the schemes would be unable to transfer the redemption / repurchase proceeds to investors within the time as stipulated above, the redemption/ repurchase proceeds shall be transferred to unitholders within such time frame, as prescribed by AMFI, in consultation with SEBI. For further details in this regard, please refer the Statement of Additional Information (SAI). For redeeming units of the Scheme, an investor would need to submit a duly filled-in redemption application at any of the Customer Service Center/Official Point of Acceptance. However, an investor who holds units in the demat mode is required to place an order for redemption (subject to applicable limits prescribed in SID, if any or as may be communicated from time to time) directly with the DP. The redemption/ switch would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the unitholder's account. The redemption/ switch request can be made by specifying either the number of units or the amount (in rupees) to be redeemed. In case the investor specifies the number of units and amount to be redeemed, the number of units shall be considered for redemption. In case the unitholder does not specify the number of units or amount to be redeemed, the redemption request will not be processed. For details regarding the minimum amount for redemption 'Minimum amount please the point on see



purchase/redemption/switches' in this document.

In the larger interest of the unit holders of the Scheme and keeping in view the unforeseen circumstances /unusual market conditions, the AMC may, on the basis of specific approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company, impose restriction on redemption of units when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or efficient functioning of markets such as liquidity issues, market failures, exchange closures, operational issues or such other reasons, in accordance with applicable regulations, circulars and other prevalent guidelines. For details, please refer to the paragraph on 'Right to limit redemption' in the SAI.

The AMC reserves the right to, in consultation with the Trustee, suspend the purchase and/ or redemption of units temporarily or indefinitely, in case of unforeseen extraordinary circumstances. For details, please refer to paragraph on 'Suspension of Purchase and / or Redemption of Units and Distribution under Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option' in the SAI.

Please note that it is mandatory for the investors of mutual fund schemes to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/requests for redemption. Also, please refer to point on "Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio" given elsewhere in this document and the SAI. Further, please refer to "Bank Account details mandatory for all investors" in the SAI.

Payment of redemption proceeds:

Resident Investors:

In case of Unit holders having a bank account with certain banks with which the Mutual Fund would have an arrangement from time to time, the redemption proceeds shall be electronically credited to their account. In case of specific requests, redemption proceeds will be paid by way of cheques/demand drafts in favour of the unitholder (registered holder of the Unit or, if there are more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder) with bank account number furnished to the Fund.

Redemption by NRIs:

For NRIs, redemption proceeds will be remitted depending upon the source of investment as follows:

 Where the payment for the purchase of the units redeemed was made out of funds held in NRO account, the redemption proceeds will be credited to



	the NRI investor's NRO account
	Where the units were purchased on repatriation basis and the payment for the purchase of the units redeemed was made by inward remittance through normal banking channels or out of funds held in NRE / FCNR account, the redemption proceeds will be credited to his NRE / FCNR / NRO account Note: i. The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any
	loss on account of any exchange fluctuations, while converting the rupee amount in foreign exchange in the case of transactions with NRIs / FPIs.
	ii. Payment to NRI / FPI Unit holders will be subject to the relevant laws / guidelines of the RBI as are applicable from time to time (also subject to deduction of tax at source as applicable).
	iii. The Fund may make other arrangements for effecting payment of redemption proceeds in future.
	iv. The cost related to repatriation, if any will be borne by the Investor. Redemption under Dematerialised mode:
	The investor who holds units in the demat mode is required to place an order for redemption (subject to applicable limits prescribed in SID, if any or as may be communicated from time to time) directly with the DP. The investors should provide request for redemption to their DP along with Depository Instruction Slip and such other documents as may be specified by the DP. The redemption requests submitted to the AMC/ Registrar directly are liable to be rejected. Further, it may be noted that the date and time available in the electronic feed from the DP sent to the AMC/Registrar will only be considered for the purpose of determination of Applicable NAV. The redemption proceeds will be credited (within the time stipulated in the SID) to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP. Effect of Redemptions
	The balances in the unitholder's account will stand reduced by the number of units redeemed. Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.
Bank Mandate	Bank Details:
	In order to protect the interest of Unit holders from fraudulent encashment of redemption / IDCW cheques, SEBI has made



it mandatory for investors to provide their bank details viz. name of bank, branch, address, account type and number, etc. to the Mutual Fund. Applications without complete bank details shall be rejected. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques / warrants and / or any delay / loss in transit. Also, please refer to point on 'Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio' given elsewhere in this document and the SAI. Further, please refer to "Bank Account details mandatory for all investors" in the SAI.

Bank Mandate under Dematerialised mode:

In case of those unit holders, who hold units in demat form, the bank mandate available with the respective DP will be treated as the valid bank mandate for the purpose of pay-in at the time of subscription or purchase/ pay-out at the time of redemption or at the time of any corporate action. In view of the above, Multiple Bank Mandate registration facilities with the AMC will not be applicable to Demat account holders.

Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/IDCW

Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall transfer the redemption/repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase and the IDCW warrants shall be dispatched to the unitholders within seven working days from the record date.

However, under exceptional circumstances where the schemes would be unable to transfer the redemption / repurchase proceeds to investors within the time as stipulated above, the redemption/ repurchase proceeds shall be transferred to unitholders within such time frame, as prescribed by AMFI, in consultation with SEBI. For further details in this regard, please refer the Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI vide Clause 14.2 of the SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).

However, the AMC will not be liable to pay any interest or compensation or any amount otherwise, in case the AMC / Trustee is required to obtain from the investor / unitholders, verification of identity or such other details relating to subscription for units under any applicable law or as may be requested by a regulatory body or any government authority, which may result in delay in processing the application.



Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount

As per Clause 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in call money market or money market instruments or in a separate plan of only Overnight Scheme/Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per Clause 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. The AMC shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower. Investors claiming these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors, who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. The AMC shall make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts.

Process for claiming the unclaimed amounts:

- Investors can obtain information regarding the unclaimed amounts, if any, under their folios from the website of Union Mutual Fund viz. www.unionmf.com.
- ii) The process of claiming the unclaimed amount and the necessary forms / documents required for the same is available on the website of Union Mutual Fund. Further, the information on unclaimed amount along with its prevailing value (based on income earned on deployment of such unclaimed amount), will be separately disclosed to investors through the periodic statement of accounts / Consolidated Account Statement sent to the investors.

Alternative mechanism for redemption

The AMC reserves the right to provide the facility of redeeming Units of the Scheme through an alternative mechanism including but not limited to online transactions on the Internet through the AMC website or any other website,



	etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time. The alternative mechanisms would be applicable to only those investors who opt for the same in writing and/or subject to investor fulfilling such conditions as AMC may specify from time to time. Also, please refer to point on 'Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio' given elsewhere in this document and the SAI. Further, please refer to "Bank Account details mandatory for all investors" in the SAI.
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	Pursuant to Clause 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the following process shall be applicable for investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian:
	a. Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.
	b. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. This in regard, the investors are required to submit the 'Minor attaining majority – request form to change status' available on the AMC's website www.unionmf.com. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, no further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.
	c. Any instructions registered for Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) shall be suspended when the minor attains majority, till the status is changed to major.
Segregated Portfolio	In case of a credit event at issuer level and to deal with liquidity risk, the AMC may create a segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments under the Scheme in compliance with Clause 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to



time.

In this regard, the term 'segregated portfolio' shall mean a portfolio comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event, that has been segregated in a mutual fund scheme, the term 'main portfolio' shall mean the scheme portfolio excluding the segregated portfolio and the term 'total portfolio' shall mean the scheme portfolio including the securities affected by the credit event.

The AMC may create a segregated portfolio in a mutual fund scheme in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:

- a. Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or
- b. Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or
- c. Similar such downgrades of a loan rating.

In case of difference in rating by multiple CRAs, the most conservative rating shall be considered. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be based on issuer level credit events as detailed above and implemented at the ISIN level. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be optional and at the discretion of the AMC.

The AMC shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio on the day of the credit event. Further, the AMC shall seek approval of the Trustees prior to creation of the segregated portfolio.

Further, as per Clause 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, SEBI has permitted creation of segregated portfolio of unrated debt or money market instruments by mutual fund schemes of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, subject to the following:

- a. Segregated portfolio of such unrated debt or money market instruments may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. As per Clause 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, credit event is considered for creation of segregated portfolio, however for the purpose of the aforesaid circular, 'actual default' by the issuer of such instruments shall be considered for creation of segregated portfolio.
- b. AMCs shall inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Upon being informed about the



	default, AMFI shall immediately inform the same to all AMCs. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default by the issuer, AMCs may segregate the portfolio.
	Risks associated with segregated portfolio:
	The unit holders may note that no redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in the segregated portfolio, the AMC shall enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange. The risks associated in regard to the segregated portfolio are as follows:
	 The investors holding units of the segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holdings till the time of recovery of money from the issuer. The security comprising the segregated portfolio may not realize any value.
	 Listing of units of the segregated portfolio on a recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units of the segregated portfolio on the stock exchange. The trading price of units on the stock exchange may be
	significantly lower than the prevailing Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio.
	For the detailed provisions in relation to segregated portfolios, investors are requested to refer the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) of Union Mutual Fund.
Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non maintenance.	There is no minimum balance requirement. However, the AMC /Trustee reserve the right to introduce minimum balance requirements at a later date, if they so deem fit.

III. Other Details

A. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report. Half Yearly Disclosures:

The AMC will disclose the portfolio of the schemes as on the last day of the month / half year on its website and on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/ half year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.

In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half-yearly statement of the scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/half-year respectively. The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the scheme portfolios on its website and on the website of AMFI. The AMC



shall provide a physical copy of the statement of the scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder. Further, pursuant to Clause 5.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, for debt schemes, portfolio disclosure shall be done on fortnightly basis within 5 days of every fortnight as prescribed by the said Circular.

Visit https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/financials for detailed half yearly disclosures.

Half Yearly Results:

The Mutual Fund and AMC shall before the expiry of one month from the close of each half year i.e. 31st March and on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website (www.unionmf.com). The Mutual Fund and AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on its website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

Visit https://unionmf.com/about-us/downloads/financials for detailed half yearly result.

The unaudited financial results will also be displayed on the website of AMFI.

Annual Report:

The AMC will host the Annual Report of the Schemes on the website of the AMC and on the website of AMFI not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year). The AMC shall e-mail the scheme annual reports or abridged summary thereof to those unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund.

The AMC shall provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder. The full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any.

Investors who have not registered their e-mail id will have to specifically opt-in to receive a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof. Further, unitholders can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme annual report or abridged summary thereof by writing to the AMC at the email address investorcare@unionmf.com or calling the AMC on the toll free number 18002002268 or submitting a request at any of the official points of acceptance of Union Mutual Fund.

Union Mutual Fund will publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise Annual Report on the AMC website (<u>Downloads (unionmf.com</u>) and on the website of AMFI <u>www.amfiindia.com</u>.

Periodic disclosure of Risk-o-meter of the Scheme and of the Benchmark:

In accordance with Clause 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the Risk-o-meter of the Scheme shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated to the unitholders of the Scheme by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS. The Mutual Fund/ AMC shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all schemes on its website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. The Mutual Fund/AMC shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on its website and AMFI website. The Mutual Fund/ AMC



shall publish the scheme wise changes in Risk-o-meter in scheme wise Annual Reports and Abridged summary as per the prescribed format. The product label of the Scheme shall be disclosed on the front page of initial offering application form, SID, KIM, common application form and scheme advertisements as prescribed.

Further, in accordance with Clause 5.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the AMC is required to disclose the following in all disclosures, including promotional material or the disclosures stipulated by SEBI:

a. risk-o-meter of the Scheme wherever the performance of the Scheme is disclosed; and b. risk-o-meter of the Scheme and benchmark wherever the performance of the Scheme vis-à-vis that of the benchmark is disclosed.

Additionally, the AMC is also required to include the Scheme risk-o-meter, name of benchmark and risk-o-meter of benchmark in the portfolio disclosure in terms of Clause 5.17 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.

Scheme Summary Document:

The AMC shall provide on its website the Scheme Summary Document which is a standalone scheme document which contains all the applicable details of the Scheme, as per the prescribed format. The document shall be updated by the AMC on a monthly basis or on changes in any of the specified fields, whichever is earlier. The document shall be uploaded on the websites of the AMC, AMFI and Stock Exchanges in 3 data formats, namely PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML).

B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I):

The AMC will calculate the NAVs for all the Business Days. The Asset Management Company ("AMC") shall prominently disclose the NAVs on its website (www.unionmf.com) and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India ("AMFI") (www.umionmf.com) by 11.00 p.m. every Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV. Unitholders may avail the facility to receive the latest available NAVs through SMS by submitting a specific request in this regard to the AMC/ Mutual Fund.

For the methodology of calculation of repurchase price, please refer Section I, Part III 'Other Details', under point A 'Computation of NAV' in the SID.

C. Transaction charges and stamp duty:

• Transaction Charges:

No transaction charge shall be deducted from the subscription amount for transactions /applications received through the distributors.

Stamp Duty:

Pursuant to Part I of Chapter IV of the Notification dated February 21, 2019, issued by the Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India, on the Finance Act, 2019, read with subsequent notifications including Notification dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue,



Ministry of Finance, Government of India, a stamp duty at the rate of 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on applicable mutual fund investment transactions such as purchases (including switchin, Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal) with effect from July 1, 2020. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchases, switch-ins, Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) installments, Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) installments, Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal etc. to the unit holders would be reduced to that extent.

For further details, refer SAI.

D. Associate Transactions:

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. Taxation:

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

	Resident Investors	Mutual Fund
Tax on Dividend	TDS @10% if dividend exceeds Rs. 10000/- (Refer note~)	Nil (Refer note~)
Capital Gains Tax		
Long Term	Not applicable as any investment in mutual fund where its 65% of its proceeds are invested in Debt and money market instruments shall be considered as short term capital asset.	Nil
Oh and Tarres	Income to Determinable to the Heit	Nil
Short Term (Refer note #)	Income tax Rate applicable to the Unit holders as under; (i) Individuals/HUF –Slab Rates (ii) Others –at applicable rates (subject to Surcharge, if Applicable)**	

[~]Note: Dividend distribution tax is abolished w.e.f. 1st April 2020. Accordingly, dividend will be taxed in the hands of investor. Section 194K is introduced in order to deduct tax on dividend

Meaning of "Specified Mutual Fund" with effect from 1st April, 2026 shall be,

- a. Mutual Fund by whatever name called, where not more than sixty five percent of its total proceeds in debt and money market instruments.
- b. a fund which invests sixty-five per cent. or more of its total proceeds in units of a fund referred to in point a.
- **"Market Linked Debenture"** means a security by whatever name called, which has an underlying principal component in the form of a debt security and where the returns are linked to market returns on other underlying securities or indices and include any security classified or regulated as a Market Linked Debenture by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.
- **** As per Finance (No.2) Act 2024, period of holding in case of other than equity oriented Schemes is more than 24 months and taxation rate is effective on or after July 23rd, 2024.

^{**}As provided in the SAI.



F. Rights of Unitholders:

Please refer to SAI for details.

G. List of official points of acceptance:

Details are uploaded and updated on the AMC's website Branch Locator (unionmf.com)

H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

Disclosure related to aforesaid requirement is available at (<u>disclosures-on-penalties-pending-litigation.pdf</u> (unionmf.com)).

Notes:

The Scheme under this Document was approved by the Trustee on August 25, 2021. The Trustee has ensured that Union Gilt Fund is a new product offered by Union Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

The information contained in this Document regarding taxation is for general information purposes only and is in conformity with the relevant provisions of the tax laws, and has been included relying upon advice provided by the Fund's tax advisor based on the relevant provisions of the currently prevailing tax laws.

Any dispute arising out of this issue shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Courts in India. Statements in this Scheme Information Document are, except where otherwise stated, based on the law, practice currently in force in India, and are subject to changes therein.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the Guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of Union Asset Management Company Private Limited

Sd/-

Mr. Madhukumar Nair Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 28, 2025 Place: Mumbai

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• Yamuna Nagar - 124-B/R Model Town Yamunanagar Yamuna Nagar Haryana - 135 001. • Yavatmal - Pushpam, Tilakwadi Opp. Dr. Shrotri Hospital Yavatma Maharashtra - 445 001.

Union Mutual Fund - Customer Service Centers and Official Points of Acceptance: (For all Schemes)

• Ahmedabad: Union Asset Management Co Pvt Ltd, 907, Shitiratna Building, 9th Floor, Panchyadi Circle, C. G. Road, Ahmedabad - 380 006. • Bangalore: Union Asset Management Co Pvt Ltd, Unit No. 206, Prestige Meridian - Il, No. 30, M. G. Road, Bengaluru - 560 00101. • Bhubaneshwar: GBP Business Center, Unit 103-D. 191/4, Kharavela Nagar, Unit 3, Odisha, Bhubaneshwar- 751001. • Chandigarh: Union Asset Management Co Pvt Ltd, 206, 2nd floor, Challa mall, 11 & 11A, Sir Theagaraya Road, T. Nagar, Chennal - 600017. • Guwahati: Canpati Enclave, Ground floor, GB Road, Opposite Bora Service Station, Ullubari, Guwahati: Anagar, Chennal - 600017. • Guwahati: Canpati Enclave, Ground floor, GB Road, Opposite Bora Service Station, Ullubari, Guwahati: Anagar, Chennal - 600017. • Guwahati: Anagar