SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

AXIS CAPITAL BUILDER FUND - SERIES 4 (1582 DAYS) A close ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks.

Offer of Units of Rs.10 each during the New Fund Offer

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

capital appreciation over long term

• investment in a diversified portfolio of predominantly equity and equity related instruments across market capitalisation.



Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk

New Fund Offer Opens on: December 03, 2018 New Fund Offer Closes on: December 14, 2018

Name of Mutual Fund

Name of Asset Management Company

Name of Trustee Company

Addresses, Website of the entities

Name of Sponsor

Axis Mutual Fund

Axis Asset Management Company Limited

: Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Limited

: Axis House, 1st Floor, C-2, Wadia International Centre, Pandurang

Budhkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai - 400 025 www.axismf.com

: Axis Bank Ltd.

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations or the Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the Asset Management Company (AMC). The Units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund/ Investor Service Centres/ Website/ Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Axis Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.axismf.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated November 19, 2018

Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

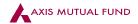


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EXCHANGE DISCLAIMER:

Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. has vide its letter dated May 23, 2018 given its permission to Axis Mutual Fund to use the Exchange's name in the SID of Axis Capital Builder Fund - Series 4 (1582 Days) as one of the Stock Exchanges on which this Mutual Fund's Units are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this SID for its limited internal purpose of decided on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to Axis Mutual Fund. The Exchange does not in any manner:

- i. warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this SID;
- ii. warrant that this scheme's unit will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or
- iii. take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Mutual Fund, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Mutual Fund.

and it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this SID has been cleared or approved by the Exchange. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any unit of Axis Capital Builder Fund - Series 4 (1582 Days) of this Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/ acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever.



HIGHLIGHTS/ SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Investment objective

To generate income and long term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments across market capitalisation. However, there is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.

Structure

Axis Capital Builder Fund - Series 4 is 1582 Days close ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks (including the date of allotment).

The tenure of the Scheme is 1582 Days from the date of allotment (including the date of allotment). If the maturity falls on a non-business day, the maturity date shall be the next business day.

Units of the scheme can be redeemed only on the Maturity Date of the scheme (or immediately succeeding Business Day if that day is not a Business Day.)

Liquidity

The Units of the Scheme cannot be redeemed by the Unit holder directly with the Fund until the Maturity Date.

The Units of the Scheme will be listed on the capital market segment of the BSE and/ or any other Stock Exchange. Unit holders can purchase / sell Units on a continuous basis on BSE and/or any other Stock Exchange(s) on which the Units are listed. The Units can be purchased / sold during the trading hours of the Stock Exchange(s) like any other publicly traded stock. The trading of Units on BSE and/or any other Stock Exchange(s) on which the Units are listed will automatically get suspended one Business Day prior to the record date for redemption of Units on Maturity Date/ Final Redemption Date. No separate notice will be issued by the AMC informing about Maturity Record Date or Suspension of trading by the stock exchange. However, the Fund reserves the right to change the record date for maturity by issue of suitable notice. The Unit holders whose name(s) appear on the list of beneficial owners as per the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) on records date shall be entitled to receive redemption proceeds of Units.

The price of the Units on the Stock Exchange(s) will depend on demand and supply at that point of time and underlying NAV. There is no minimum investment limit, although Units are normally traded in round lots of 1 Unit.

Please refer to para "Settlement of purchase/ sale of Units of the Scheme on BSE" and "Rolling Settlement" under the section "Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemption/ switches" for further details.

Benchmark

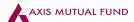
Nifty 500 Index

Dematerialization of Units

The Unit holders are given an Option to hold the units by way of an Account Statement (Physical form) or in Dematerialized ('Demat') form.

Mode of holding shall be clearly specified in the KIM cum application form. Unit holders holding the units in physical form will not be able to trade or transfer their units till such units are dematerialized.

Unit holders opting to hold the units in demat form must provide their Demat Account details in the specified section of the application form. The Unit holder intending to hold the units in Demat form are required to have a beneficiary account with the Depository Participant (DP) (registered with NSDL/ CDSL as may be indicated by the Fund at the time of launch) and will be required to



indicate in the application the DP's name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant with the DP.

In case Unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, an Account Statement shall be sent to them. Such investors will not be able to trade on the stock exchange till the holdings are converted in to demat form.

Payment of redemption proceeds

The AMC shall dispatch the Redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days from the maturity date.

Transparency/ NAV Disclosure

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme within a period of 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the AMC will calculate and disclose the NAVs on all Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on website of the Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 9.00 p.m. on every Business Day and shall also update the NAVs on the website of AMC (www.axismf.com). If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

The AMC will disclose the portfolio of the Scheme (alongwith ISIN) as on the last day of the month/half year on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/half year (i.e. 31st March and 30th September) respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. Further, AMC shall publish an advertisement, in an all India edition of one national English daily newspaper and in one Hindi newspaper, every half year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of its schemes portfolio on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI and the modes through which unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of scheme portfolios.

The AMC will also provide a dashboard, in a comparable, downloadable (spreadsheet) and machine readable format, providing performance and key disclosures like Scheme's AUM, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, scheme's past performance etc. on its website.

The AMC will make available the Annual Report of the Scheme within four months of the end of the financial year on its website and on the website of AMFI along with a link.

Minimum Application Amount

Rs. 5,000 and in multiples of Re. 10/- thereafter

Plans and Options under the Plan(s) of the Scheme

Plans

Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 4 (1582 Days) - Regular Plan Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 4 (1582 Days) - Direct Plan

Options under each plans

Growth

Dividend (Payout Facility)

Regular Plan

Regular Plan is available for all type of investors investing through a Distributor.

Direct Plan

Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase/ subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.



Eligible investors / modes for applying

All categories of investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under the Scheme Information Document of the Scheme are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan. Investments under Direct Plan can be made through various modes offered by the Fund for investing directly with the Fund {except Platform(s) where investors' applications for subscription of units are routed through Distributors}.

All the plans will have common portfolio.

Loads

Entry Load: Not Applicable

SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 has decided that there shall be no entry load for all Mutual Fund schemes. The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered Distributor) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder.

Exit Load: Not Applicable

Units under the scheme cannot be redeemed directly with the Fund as the Units of the Scheme will be listed on the Stock Exchange(s). These units can be sold on a continuous basis on the stock exchange(s) where the units will be listed during the trading hours on all trading days. For more details on load structure, please refer paragraph 'Load Structure'.



I. INTRODUCTION

A. RISK FACTORS

(i) Standard Risk Factors

- Investment in mutual fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price/value/interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme.
- Axis Capital Builder Fund Series 4 (1582 Days) is the name of the Scheme and does not in any
 manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1 lakh made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- Axis Capital Builder Fund Series 4 (1582 Days) is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme.

(ii) Scheme Specific Risk Factors

The Units of the Scheme cannot be redeemed by the Unit holder directly with the Fund until the Maturity Date. The Units of the Scheme will be listed on the capital market segment of the BSE and / or any other Stock Exchange. Unit holders can purchase / sell units on a continuous basis on BSE and/or any other Stock Exchange(s) on which the Units are listed. The Units can be purchased / sold during the trading hours of the stock exchange(s) like any other publicly traded stock The price of the Units on the Stock Exchange(s) will depend on demand and supply at that point of time and underlying NAV.

There can be no assurance that an active secondary market shall be available / developed / maintained. Consequently, the units of the fund may quote below their face value / NAV.

Risk Factor associated with Close-ended Schemes

Investing in close-ended Schemes is more appropriate for seasoned investors. A close-ended Scheme endeavors to achieve the desired returns only at the scheduled maturity of the Scheme. Investors who wish to exit/redeem before the scheduled maturity date may do so through the stock exchange mode, if they have opted to hold Units in a demat form, by mentioning their demat details on the NFO application form. For the units listed on the exchange, it is possible that the market price at which the units are traded may be at a discount to the NAV of such Units. Hence, Unit Holders who sell their Units in a Scheme prior to maturity may not get the desired returns.

Risks associated with investments in Equities

- Equity and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio. Also, the value of the Scheme investments may be affected by interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law/policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual Securities, a specific sector or all sectors.
- Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should
 not invest in the equity Schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their
 investment.
- Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and
 carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer
 other exit options to the investors, including put options. The AMC may choose to invest in
 unlisted securities that offer attractive yields within the regulatory limit. This may however
 increase the risk of the portfolio. Additionally, the liquidity and valuation of the Scheme



investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.

Risks associated with investments in Fixed Income Securities

Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as government bonds, corporate bonds, and money market instruments and derivatives run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices depends upon the coupon and maturity of the security. It also depends upon the yield level at which the security is being traded.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.

Basis Risk: The underlying benchmark of a floating rate security or a swap might become less active or may cease to exist and thus may not be able to capture the exact interest rate movements, leading to loss of value of the portfolio.

Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.

Liquidity Risk: The liquidity of a bond may change, depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium attached to the price of the bond. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid, leading to loss in value of the portfolio.

Credit Risk: This is the risk associated with the issuer of a debenture/bond or a money market instrument defaulting on coupon payments or in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even when there is no default, the price of a security may change with expected changes in the credit rating of the issuer. It is to be noted here that a Government Security is a sovereign security and is the safest. Corporate bonds carry a higher amount of credit risk than Government securities. Within corporate bonds also there are different levels of safety and a bond rated higher by a particular rating agency is safer than a bond rated lower by the same rating agency.

Liquidity Risk on account of unlisted securities: The liquidity and valuation of the Scheme investments due to their holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to their target date of divestment. The unlisted security can go down in value before the divestment date and selling of these securities before the divestment date can lead to losses in the portfolio.

Settlement Risk: Fixed income securities run the risk of settlement which can adversely affect the ability of the fund house to swiftly execute trading strategies which can lead to adverse movements in NAV.

Risk associated with Securitized Debt

The Scheme may invest in domestic securitized debt such as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from various loans including automobile loans, personal loans, loans against consumer durables, etc. MBS are securitized debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from loans backed by mortgage of residential/ commercial properties.

At present in Indian market, following types of loans are securitized:

- 1. Auto Loans (cars / commercial vehicles / two wheelers)
- 2. Residential Mortgages or Housing Loans
- 3. Consumer Durable Loans
- 4. Personal Loans
- 5. Corporate Loans



In terms of specific risks attached to securitization, each asset class would have different underlying risks. Residential Mortgages generally have lower default rates than other asset classes, but repossession becomes difficult. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Asset classes like personal loans, credit card receivables are unsecured and in an economic downturn may witness higher default. A corporate loan/ receivable, depend upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable and the risks correspondingly fluctuate.

The rating agencies define margins, over collateralisation and guarantees to bring risk in line with similar AAA rated securities. The factors typically analyzed for any pool are as follows:

- a. <u>Assets securitized and Size of the loan</u>: This indicates the kind of assets financed with the loan and the average ticket size of the loan. A very low ticket size might mean more costs in originating and servicing of the assets.
- b. <u>Diversification</u>: Diversification across geographical boundaries and ticket sizes might result in lower delinquency.
- c. <u>Loan to Value Ratio</u>: Indicates how much % value of the asset is financed by borrower's own equity. The lower this value the better it is. This suggests that where the borrowers own contribution of the asset cost is high; the chances of default are lower.
- d. <u>Average seasoning of the pool</u>: This indicates whether borrowers have already displayed repayment discipline. The higher the number, the more superior it is.

The other main risks pertaining to Securitised debt are as follows:

Prepayment Risk: This arises when the borrower pays off the loan sooner than expected. When interest rates decline, borrowers tend to pay off high interest loans with money borrowed at a lower interest rate, which shortens the average maturity of ABS. However, there is some prepayment risk even if interest rates rise, such as when an owner pays off a mortgage when the house is sold or an auto loan is paid off when the car is sold.

Reinvestment Risk: Since prepayment risk increases when interest rates decline, this also introduces reinvestment risk, which is the risk that the principal can only be reinvested at a lower rate.

Risks associated with investments in Derivatives

- The Scheme may invest in derivative products in accordance with and to the extent permitted under the Regulations and by RBI. Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks and bonds. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but of the derivative itself. Trading in derivatives carries a high degree of risk although they are traded at a relatively small amount of margin which provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the principal investment amount. Thus, derivatives are highly leveraged instruments. Even a small price movement in the underlying security could have an impact on their value and consequently, on the NAV of the Units of the Scheme.
- The derivatives market in India is nascent and does not have the volumes that may be seen in other developed markets, which may result in volatility to the values.
- Investment in derivatives also requires the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the
 transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio
 and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. Even a small price
 movement in the underlying security could have an impact on their value and consequently,
 on the NAV of the Units of the Scheme.
- The Scheme may face execution risk, whereby the rates seen on the screen may not be the rate at which the ultimate execution of the derivative transaction takes place.
- The Scheme may find it difficult or impossible to execute derivative transactions in certain circumstances. For example, when there are insufficient bids or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers, the Scheme may face a liquidity issue.
- The option buyer's risk is limited to the premium paid, while the risk of an options writer is unlimited. However the gains of an options writer are limited to the premiums earned.



- The exchange may impose restrictions on exercise of options and may also restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances and this could impact the value of the portfolio.
- The writer of a put option bears the risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price, as per extant Regulations.
- Investments in index futures face the same risk as the investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying stocks.
- The Scheme bears a risk that it may not be able to correctly forecast future market trends or the value of assets, indices or other financial or economic factors in establishing derivative positions for the Scheme.
- The risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets.
- There is the possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of
 another party (usually referred to as the "counter party") to comply with the terms of the
 derivatives contract. The counter party may default on a transaction before settlement and
 therefore, the Scheme is compelled to negotiate with another counterparty at the then
 prevailing (possibly unfavourable) market price.
- Derivatives also carry a market liquidity risk where the derivatives cannot be sold (unwound) at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices.
- Where derivatives are used for hedging, such use may involve a basis risk where the instrument used as a hedge does not match the movement in the instrument/underlying asset being hedged. The risk may be inter-related also e.g. interest rate movements can affect equity prices, which could influence specific issuer/industry assets.
- Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor.
- Execution of investment strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager(s) to identify such opportunities which may not be available at all times. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager(s) involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager(s) may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager(s) will be able to identify or execute such strategies.
- The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

The following are certain additional risks involved with use of fixed income derivatives:

Interest rate risk: Derivatives carry the risk of adverse changes in the price due to change in interest rates

Liquidity risk: During the life of the derivative, the benchmark might become illiquid and might not be fully capturing the interest rate changes in the market, or the selling, unwinding prices might not reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, leading to loss of value of the portfolio.

Risks associated with Securities lending

The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lenders of securities i.e. any scheme and the approved intermediary/counterparty. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary/counterparty to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Scheme may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

Risks associated with Short Selling

The Scheme may enter into short selling transactions, subject to SEBI and RBI Regulations. Short positions carry the risk of losing money and these losses may grow unlimited theoretically if the price of the stock increases without any limit. This may result in major loss to the Scheme. At times,



the participants may not be able to cover their short positions, if the price increases substantially. If numbers of short sellers try to cover their position simultaneously, it may lead to disorderly trading in the stock and thereby can briskly escalate the price even further making it difficult or impossible to liquidate short position quickly at reasonable prices. In addition, short selling also carries the risk of inability to borrow the security by the participants thereby requiring the participants to purchase the securities sold short to cover the position even at unreasonable prices.

Risks associated with Repo transactions in Corporate Bonds

The scheme may be exposed to counter party risk in case of repo lending transactions in the event of the counterparty failing to honour the repurchase agreement. However in repo transactions, the collateral may be sold and a loss is realized only if the sale price is less than the repo amount. The risk is further mitigated through over-collateralization (the value of the collateral being more than the repo amount).

Risks associated with Listing of the Scheme

Listing of the units of the fund does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity and there can be no assurance that an active secondary market for the units will develop or be maintained. Consequently, the Fund may quote below its face value / NAV.

Trading in Units of the Scheme on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in Units of the scheme is not advisable. In addition, trading in Units of the Scheme is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to Exchange and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of Units of the Scheme will continue to be met or will remain unchanged. Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI may inter-alia result in wider premium/ discount to NAV. The Units of the Scheme may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the Scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of Scheme's holdings. The trading prices of Units of the Scheme will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the Units of the Scheme. The Units will be issued in demat form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of Units available to the credit of Unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of Units by the Mutual Fund on the maturity date will depend upon the confirmations to be received from depository(ies) on which the Mutual Fund has no control.

The market price of the Units of the Scheme, like any other listed security, is largely dependent on two factors, viz., (1) the intrinsic value of the Unit (or NAV), and (2) demand and supply of Units in the market. Sizeable demand or supply of the Units in the Exchange may lead to market price of the Units to quote at premium or discount to NAV. As the Units allotted under the Scheme will be listed on the Exchange, the Mutual Fund shall not provide for redemption / repurchase of Units prior to Maturity Date of the Scheme.

B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme/Series shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme/Series. These conditions will be complied with immediately after the close of the NFO itself i.e. at the time of allotment. In case of non-fulfillment with the condition of minimum 20 investors, the Scheme/Series shall be wound up in accordance with Regulation 39 (2) (c) of SEBI (MF) Regulations automatically without any reference from SEBI. In case of non-fulfillment with the condition of 25% holding by a single investor on the date of allotment, the application to the extent of exposure in excess of the stipulated 25% limit would be liable to be rejected and the allotment would be effective only to the extent of 25% of the corpus collected. Consequently, such exposure over 25% limits will lead to refund within 5 business days from the date of closure of the New Fund Offer.

C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS, if any

 Prospective investors should study this Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information carefully in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof as advise relating to legal, taxation, financial, investment or any other matters and are advised to



- consult their legal, tax, financial and other professional advisors to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other considerations of subscribing to or redeeming Units, before making a decision to invest/redeem/ hold Units.
- The Scheme related documents i.e. SID/ KIM/ SAI or the units of the Fund are not registered in any jurisdiction including the United States of America nor in any provincial/ territorial jurisdiction in Canada. The distribution of the Scheme related document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of the Scheme related documents are required to inform themselves about, and to observe any such restrictions. No persons receiving a copy of this Scheme related documents or any accompanying application form in such jurisdiction may treat these Scheme related documents or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Accordingly the Scheme related documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation as per applicable law.
- The AMC, Trustee or the Mutual Fund have not authorized any person to issue any advertisement or to give any information or to make any representations, either oral or written, other than that contained in this Scheme Information Document or the Statement of Additional Information or as is provided by the AMC in connection with this offering. Prospective investors are advised not to rely upon any information or representation not incorporated in the Scheme Information Document or Statement of Additional Information or provided by the AMC as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund, the AMC or the Trustee.
- Redemption due to change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme or due to any other
 reasons may entail tax consequences. The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their
 employees shall not be liable for any such tax consequences that may arise due to such
 redemptions.
- The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise, in the event that the Scheme is wound up for the reasons and in the manner provided in Statement of Additional Information.
- The tax benefits described in this Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are as available under the present taxation laws and are available subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included only for general purpose and is based on advise received by the AMC regarding the law and practice currently in force in India as on the date of this Scheme Information Document and the Unit holders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Unit holder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.
- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.
- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions thereunder to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.
- In case the AMC or its Sponsor or its Shareholders or their affiliates/associates or group companies make substantial investment, either directly or indirectly in the Scheme redemption of Units by these entities may have an adverse impact on the performance of the Scheme. This may also affect the ability of the other Unit holders to redeem their Units.



 Pursuant to the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, if after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, on failure to provide required documentation, information, etc. by the unit holder the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report such suspicious transactions to FIU-IND and / or to freeze the folios of the investor(s), reject any application(s) / allotment of units.

D. DEFINITIONS

D. DEFINITIONS	
"AMC" / "Asset Management Company" /	Axis Asset Management Company Limited, incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by Securities and Exchange Board of India to act as the Asset Management Company for
"Investment	the scheme(s) of Axis Mutual Fund.
Manager" "Applicable NAV"	The NAV applicable for purchase or redemption or switching of Units
Applicable 11711	based on the time of the Business Day on which the application is time stamped.
"Book Closure"	The time during which the Asset Management Company would temporarily suspend Sale, redemption and Switching of Units.
"Business Day"	 A day other than: (i) Saturday and Sunday; (ii) A day on which the banks in Mumbai and /or RBI are closed for business /clearing; (iii) A day on which the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and/or BSE Ltd., Mumbai are closed; (iv) A day which is a public and /or bank Holiday at an Investor Service Centre/Official Point of Acceptance where the application is received; (v) A day on which Sale / Redemption / Switching of Units is suspended by the AMC; (vi) A day on which normal business cannot be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes or such other events as the AMC may specify from time to time. The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all Investor Service Centres/ Official Points of
"Business Hours"	Acceptance. Presently 9.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on any Business Day or such other time as
"Custodian"	may be applicable from time to time. A person who has been granted a certificate of registration to carry on the business of custodian of securities under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Custodian of Securities) Regulations 1996, which for the time being is Deutsche Bank AG.
"Depository"	Depository as defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 (22 of 1996).
"Derivative"	Derivative includes (i) a security derived from a debt instrument, share, loan whether secured or unsecured, risk instrument or contract for differences or any other form of security; (ii) a contract which derives its value from the prices, or index of prices, or underlying securities.
"Dividend"	Income distributed by the Mutual Fund on the Units.
"Equity related Instrument"	"Equity related Instrument" includes warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares, equity derivatives and any other like instrument.
"Foreign Portfolio Investor" / "FPI"	A person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under regulation 4 of SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 and has been registered under Chapter II of these regulations, which shall be deemed to be an intermediary in terms of the provisions of the Act.
"Gilts" / "Government Securities" "GOI"	Securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government (including Treasury Bills) or Government Securities as defined in the Public Debt Act, 1944, as amended or re-enacted from time to time. Government of India



"Holiday"	Holiday means the day(s) on which the banks (including the Reserve Bank of India) are closed for business or clearing in Mumbai or their functioning is affected due to a strike/ bandh call made at any part of the country or
	due to any other reason.
"Investment	The agreement dated June 27, 2009 entered into between Axis Mutual
Management	Fund Trustee Limited and Axis Asset Management Company Limited, as
Agreement"	amended from time to time.
"Investor Service	Offices of Axis Asset Management Company Limited or such other centres
Centres" / "ISCs"	/ offices as may be designated by the AMC from time to time.
"Load"	In the case of Redemption / Switch out of a Unit, the sum of money deducted from the Applicable NAV on the Redemption / Switch out (Exit Load) and in the case of Sale / Switch in of a Unit, a sum of money to be paid by the prospective investor on the Sale / Switch in of a Unit (Entry Load) in addition to the Applicable NAV.
	Presently, entry load cannot be charged by mutual fund schemes.
"Maturity Date"	Maturity Date is the date on which scheme completes three to five years
	of lock in period (and if that day is not business day, then next business day).
"Money Market	Includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government
Instruments"	securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice
	money, certificate of deposit, usance bills and any other like instruments as
	specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
"Mutual Fund" /	Axis Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act,
"the Fund"	1882.
"Net Asset Value"	Net Asset Value per Unit of the Scheme, calculated in the manner
/ "NAV"	described in this Scheme Information Document or as may be prescribed
/ NAV	
(A) IDIII	by the SEBI (MF) Regulations from time to time.
"NRI"	A Non-Resident Indian or a Person of Indian Origin residing outside India.
"Official Points of	Places, as specified by AMC from time to time where application for
Acceptance"	Subscription / Redemption / Switch will be accepted on ongoing basis.
"Overseas Citizen	Means a person registered as an Overseas Citizen of India Cardholder by
of India" / "OCI"	the Central Government under section 7A of The Citizenship Act, 1955.
"Person of Indian	A citizen of any country other than Bangladesh or Pakistan, if (a) he at any
Origin"	time held an Indian passport; or (b) he or either of his parents or any of his
	grandparents was a citizen of India by virtue of Constitution of India or the
	Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955); or (c) the person is a spouse of an Indian
	citizen or person referred to in sub-clause (a) or (b).
"Rating"	Rating means an opinion regarding securities, expressed in the form of
Kaling	
	standard symbols or in any other standardized manner, assigned by a
	credit rating agency and used by the issuer of such securities, to comply
	with any requirement of the
	SEBI (Credit Rating Agencies) Regulations, 1999.
"RBI"	Reserve Bank of India, established under the Reserve Bank of India Act,
	1934, (2 of 1934)
"Registrar and	Karvy Computershare Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, currently acting as registrar to
Transfer Agent" /	the Scheme, or any other Registrar appointed by the AMC from time to
"Registrar"	time.
"Redemption" /	Redemption of Units of the Scheme as permitted.
"Repurchase"	'
"Regulatory	GOI, SEBI, RBI or any other authority or agency entitled to issue or give any
Agency"	directions, instructions or guidelines to the Mutual Fund
"Repo"	Sale/Purchase of Securities with simultaneous agreement to repurchase /
Nopo	resell them at a later date.
"Ctatament of	
"Statement of	The document issued by Axis Mutual Fund containing details of Axis Mutual
Additional	Fund, its constitution, and certain tax, legal and general information. SAI is
Information" /	legally a part of the Scheme Information Document.



"SAI"	
"Sale" /	Sale or allotment of Units to the Unit holder upon subscription by the
"Subscription"	Investor / applicant under the Scheme.
"Scheme"	Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 4 (1582 Days)
"Scheme	This document issued by Axis Mutual Fund, offering for Subscription of Units
Information	of Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 4 (1582 Days) (including Options there
Document"	under)
"SEBI"	Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under the Securities
	and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
"SEBI (MF)	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996,
Regulations" /	as amended from time to time.
"Regulations"	
"Short Selling"	Short selling means selling a stock which the seller does not own at the time of trade.
"Sponsor"	Axis Bank Limited
"Stock Lending"	Lending of securities to another person or entity for a fixed period of time,
STOCK Lending	at a negotiated compensation in order to enhance returns of the portfolio.
"Switch"	Redemption of a Unit in any Scheme (including the Plans / options therein)
0111011	of the Mutual Fund against purchase of a Unit in another Scheme
	(including the Plans /options therein) of the Mutual Fund, subject to
	completion of Lock-in Period, if any.
"Trust Deed"	The Trust Deed dated June 27, 2009 made by and between Axis Bank
	Limited and Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Limited thereby establishing an
	irrevocable trust, called Axis Mutual Fund.
"Trustee" /	Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Limited incorporated under the provisions of the
"Trustee	Companies Act, 1956 and approved by SEBI to act as the trustee to the
Company"	Scheme of the Mutual Fund.
"Unit"	The interest of the Unit holder which consists of each Unit representing one
"Illiait le alalas" /	undivided share in the assets of the Scheme.
"Unit holder" /	A person holding Units in the Scheme.
"Investor" "Tri Party Repo"	Tri Party Repo Dealing System (TREPS) facilitates, borrowing and lending of
штану керо	funds, in Triparty Repo arrangement.
	ionas, in inparty repo anangement.

INTERPRETATION

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- all references to the masculine shall include the feminine and all references, to the singular shall include the plural and vice-versa.
- all references to "dollars" or "\$" refer to United States Dollars and "Rs" refer to Indian Rupees. A "crore" means "ten million" and a "lakh" means a "hundred thousand".
- all references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).
- References to a day are to a calendar day including a non Business Day.



E. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

Place: Mumbai Signed: Sd/-

Date: May 28, 2018 Name : Darshan Kapadia
Designation: Compliance Officer

Note: The aforesaid Due Diligence Certificate was submitted to the Securities and Exchange Board of India on May 28, 2018.



II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

A 1582 Days close ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks.

B. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME?

To generate income and long term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments across market capitalisation. However, there is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.

C. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation pattern will be:

Instruments	Indicative Allocation (% of net assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity related instruments #	80%	100%	High
Debt & Money Market Instruments*#	0%	20%	Low to Medium

Including derivatives instruments to the extent of 50% of the Net Assets as permitted by SEBI Regulations from time to time.

*Investment in Securitized debt (excluding foreign securitized debt), if undertaken, would not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.

The Scheme may also use derivatives for such purposes as maybe permitted by the Regulations, including for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, based on the opportunities available and subject to guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time. The Scheme may also use fixed income derivative instruments subject to the guidelines as maybe issued by SEBI and RBI and for such purposes as maybe permitted from time to time.

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

The Scheme shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending:

- 1. Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending.
- 2. Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending to any single counter party.

The Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.

The Scheme may undertake repo transactions in corporate debt securities in accordance with the directions issued by RBI and SEBI from time to time. Such investment shall be made subject to the guidelines which may be prescribed by the Board of Directors of the Asset Management Company and Trustee Company.

Pending deployment of the funds in securities in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to the guidelines issued by SEBI vide its circular dated April 16, 2007, as may be amended from time to time.

The Scheme shall not invest in Credit Default Swaps and Foreign Securities.



The Scheme retains the flexibility to invest across all the securities in the equity, debt and Money Markets Instruments and mutual fund units. The portfolio may hold cash depending on the market condition.

The Scheme will invest in debt and money market instruments, which mature on or before the maturity of the Scheme.

The Scheme may have higher allocation towards cash or cash equivalents immediately post NFO closure or towards the maturity of the Scheme.

Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. These proportions can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the fund manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive considerations only. In the event of deviations, the fund manager will carry out rebalancing within 30 Days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 Days, justification for the same shall be placed before the Investment Review Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Review committee shall then decide on the course of action. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in Equity & Equity Related Instruments, Debt Instruments, Money Market Instruments and other permitted securities which will include but not limited to:

Equity and Equity Related Instruments:

- 1. Equity share is a security that represents ownership interest in a company.
- 2. <u>Equity Related Instruments</u> are securities which give the holder of the security right to receive Equity Shares on pre agreed terms. It includes convertible bonds, convertible debentures, equity warrants, convertible preference shares, etc.
- 3. <u>Equity Derivatives</u> are financial instruments, generally traded on an exchange, the price of which is directly dependent upon (i.e., "derived from") the value of equity shares or equity indices. Derivatives involve the trading of rights or obligations based on the underlying, but do not directly transfer property.

Futures:

Futures are exchange-traded contracts to sell or buy financial instruments for future delivery at an agreed price. There is an agreement to buy or sell a specified quantity of financial instrument on a designated future date at a price agreed upon by the buyer and seller at the time of entering into a contract. To make trading possible, the exchange specifies certain standardized features of the contract. A futures contract involves an obligation on both the parties to fulfill the terms of the contract.

SEBI has permitted futures contracts on indices and individual stocks with maturity of 1 month, 2 months and 3 months on a rolling basis. The futures contracts are settled on last Thursday (or immediately preceding trading day if Thursday is a trading holiday) of each month. Currently, the futures are settled in cash. The final settlement price is the closing price of the underlying stock(s)/index.

Options:

Option is a contract which provides the buyer of the option (also called holder) the right, without the obligation, to buy or sell a specified asset at the agreed price on or upto a particular date. For acquiring this privilege, the buyer pays premium (fee) to the seller. The seller on the other hand has the obligation to buy or sell specified asset at the agreed price and for this obligation he receives premium. The premium is determined considering number of factors such as the market price of the underlying asset/ security, number of days to expiry, risk free rate of return, strike price of the option and the volatility of the underlying asset.



Option contracts are of two types viz:

<u>Call Option</u> - The option that gives the buyer the right but not the obligation to buy specified quantity of the underlying asset at the strike price is a call option. The buyer of the call option (known as the holder of call option) can call upon the seller of the option (writer of the option) and buy from him the underlying asset at the agreed price at any time on or before the expiry of the option.

The seller (writer of the option) on the other hand has the obligation to sell the underlying asset if the buyer of the call option decides to exercise his option to buy.

<u>Put Option</u> – The option that gives the buyer the right but not the obligation to sell is called put option. A Put option gives the holder (buyer) the right to sell specified quantity of the underlying asset at the strike price. The seller of the put option (one who is short Put) however, has the obligation to buy the underlying asset at the strike price if the buyer decides to exercise his option to sell.

There are two kind of options based on the date of exercise of right. The first is the European Option which can be exercised only on the maturity date. The second is the American Option which can be exercised on or before the maturity date.

Debt Instruments & Money Market Instruments

Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligations (CBLO)

Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligations (CBLO) is a money market instrument that enables entities to borrow and lend against sovereign collateral security. The maturity ranges from 1 day to 90 days and can also be made available upto 1 year. Central Government securities including T-bills are eligible securities that can be used as collateral for borrowing through CBLO.

Tri Party Repos

"Tri-party repo" means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.

Certificate of Deposit (CD) of Scheduled Commercial Banks and Development Financial InstitutionsCertificate of Deposit (CD) is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select all-India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of FIs, maturity is one year to 3 years from the date of issue.

Commercial Paper (CP)

Commercial Paper (CP) is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.

Treasury Bill (T-Bill)

Treasury Bills (T-Bills) are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 14 days, 91 days, 182 days and 364 days.

Cash Management Bill

Cash Management Bill (CMB) are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. CMB are generally issued for maturities of less than 91 days.

Bills of Exchange

Bill (bills of exchange/promissory notes of public sector and private sector corporate entities) Rediscounting



Repos

Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase or sell the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The transaction results in collateralized borrowing or lending of funds. Presently in India, corporate debt securities, Government Securities, State Government Securities and T-Bills are eligible for Repo/ Reverse Repo.

The Scheme may undertake repo or reverse repo transactions in accordance with the directions issued by RBI and SEBI from time to time. Such investment shall be made subject to the guidelines which may be prescribed by the Board of Directors of the Asset Management Company and Trustee Company.

Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI, securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). State Government securities (popularly known as State Development Loans or SDLs) are issued by the respective State Government in coordination with the RBI.

Non Convertible Debentures and Bonds

Non convertible debentures as well as bonds are securities issued by companies / institutions promoted / owned by the Central or State Governments and statutory bodies which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee, Public and private sector banks, all India Financial Institutions and Private Sector Companies. These instruments may be secured or unsecured against the assets of the Company and generally issued to meet the short term and long term fund requirements.

The Scheme may also invest in the non-convertible part of convertible debt securities.

Floating rate Debt instruments

Floating rate debt instruments are instruments issued by Central / state governments, corporates, PSUs, etc. with interest rates that are reset periodically.

Securitized Assets

Securitization is a structured finance process which involves pooling and repackaging of cashflow producing financial assets into securities that are then sold to investors. They are termed as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. Such Mortgage could be either residential or commercial properties. ABS/MBS instrument reflect the undivided interest in the underlying assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of underlying receivables. Securitization often utilizes the services of SPV.

Pass through Certificate (PTC)

(Pay through or other Participation Certificates) represents beneficial interest in an underlying pool of cash flows. These cash flows represent dues against single or multiple loans originated by the sellers of these loans. These loans are given by banks or financial institutions to corporates. PTCs may be backed, but not exclusively, by receivables of personal loans, car loans, two wheeler loans and other assets subject to applicable regulations.

The following are certain additional disclosures w.r.t. investment in securitized debt:

1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the Scheme

Securitized debt is a form of conversion of normally non-tradable loans to transferable securities. This is done by assigning the loans to a special purpose vehicle (a trust), which in turn issues Pass-Through-Certificates (PTCs). These PTCs are transferable securities with fixed income characteristics.



The risk of investing in securitized debt is similar to investing in debt securities. However, it differs in two respects.

Typically, the liquidity of securitized debt is less than similar debt securities. For certain types of securitized debt (backed by mortgages, personal loans, credit card debt, etc.), there is an additional pre-payment risk. Pre-payment risk refers to the possibility that loans are repaid before they are due, which may reduce returns if the re-investment rates are lower than initially envisaged.

Because of these additional risks, securitized debt typically offers higher yields than debt securities of similar credit rating and maturity. If the fund manager judges that the additional risks are suitably compensated by the higher returns, he may invest in securitized debt up to the limits specified in the asset allocation table above.

Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.

The originator is the person who has initially given the loan. The originator is also usually responsible for servicing the loan (i.e. collecting the interest and principal payments). An analysis of the originator is especially important in case of retail loans as this affects the credit quality and servicing of the PTC. The key risk is that of the underlying assets and not of the originator. For example, losses or performance of earlier issuances does not indicate quality of current series. However, such past performance may be used as a guide to evaluate the loan standards, servicing capability and performance of the originator.

Originators may be: Banks, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Housing Finance Companies, etc. The fund manager / credit analyst evaluates originators based on the following parameters

- Track record
- Willingness to pay, through credit enhancement facilities etc.
- Ability to pay
- Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:
 - Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)
 - Outlook for the industry
 - Company specific factors

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the originator as well as the credit rating agency.

The following additional evaluation parameters are used as applicable for the originator / underlying issuer for pool loan and single loan securitization transactions:

- Default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants
- High leverage ratios of the ultimate borrower (for single-sell downs) both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level
- Higher proportion of reschedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be
- Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be
- Poor reputation in market
- Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be.

3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

An analysis of the originator is especially important in case of retail loans as the size and reach affects the credit quality and servicing of the PTC. In addition, the quality of the collection process, infrastructure and follow-up mechanism; quality of MIS; and credit enhancement mechanism are key risk mitigants for the better originators / servicers.

In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the underlying borrower is analyzed. In case of diversified pools of loans, the overall characteristic of the loans is analyzed to determine the credit risk. The credit analyst looks at ageing (i.e. how long the loan has been with the originator before securitization) as one way of evaluating the performance potential of the PTC. Securitization transactions may include some risk mitigants (to



reduce credit risk). These may include interest subvention (difference in interest rates on the underlying loans and the PTC serving as margin against defaults), overcollateralization (issue of PTCs of lesser value than the underlying loans, thus even if some loans default, the PTC continues to remain protected), presence of an equity / subordinate tranche (issue of PTCs of differing seniority when it comes to repayment - the senior tranches get paid before the junior tranche) and / or quarantees.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the borrower is analyzed. In case of diversified pools of loans, the overall characteristic of the loans is analyzed to determine the credit risk.

The credit analyst looks at ageing (i.e. how long the loan has been with the originator before securitization) as one way of judging the performance potential of the PTC. Additional risk mitigants may include interest subvention, over collateralization, presence of an equity / subordinate tranche and / or guarantees. The credit analyst also uses analyses by credit rating agencies on the risk profile of the securitized debt.

Currently, the following parameters are used while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction. The Investment Review Committee may revise the parameters from time to time.

Characteristics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools *	Personal Loans *	Single Sell Downs	Others
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Up to 10 years	Up to 3 years	Up to 3 years	Up to 3 years	NA	NA	Refer Note 1	Refer Note 2
Collateral margin (including cash, guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	>10%	>10%	>10%	>10%	NA	NA	66	66
Average Loan to Value Ratio	<90%	<80%	<80%	<80%	NA	NA	11	"
Average seasoning of the Pool	>3 months	>3 months	>3 months	>3 months	NA	NA	66	66
Maximum single exposure range	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA	"	"
Average single exposure range %	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA	11	"

^{*} Currently, the Scheme will not invest in these types of securitized debt

Note 1: In case of securitization involving single loans or a small pool of loans, the credit risk of the borrower is analyzed. The investment limits applicable to the underlying borrower are applied to the single loan sell-down.

Note 2: Other investments will be decided on a case-to-case basis

The credit analyst may consider the following risk mitigating measures in his analysis of the securitized debt:

- Size of the loan
- Average original maturity of the pool
- Loan to Value Ratio
- Average seasoning of the pool
- Default rate distribution



- Geographical Distribution
- Credit enhancement facility
- Liquid facility
- Structure of the pool

5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum holding period of between nine and twelve months for assets before they can be securitized. The minimum holding period depends on the tenor of the securitization transaction. The Scheme will invest in securitized debts that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements, including maximum exposure by the originator in the PTCs. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum retention requirement of between five and ten percent of the book value of the loans by the originator. The minimum retention requirement depends on the tenor and structure of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debts that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

The key risk is securitized debt relates to the underlying borrowers and not the originator. In a securitization transaction, the originator is the seller of the debt(s) and the fund is the buyer. However, the originator is also usually responsible for servicing the loan (i.e. collecting the interest and principal payments). As the originators may also invest in the scheme, the fund manager shall ensure that the investment decision is based on parameters as set by the Investment Review Committee (IRC) of the Asset Management Company and IRC shall review the same at regular interval.

8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The fund management team including the credit analyst has the experience to analyze securitized debt. In addition, credit research agencies provide analysis of individual instruments and pools. On an on-going basis (typically monthly) the servicer provides reports regarding the performance of the pool. These reports would form the base for ongoing evaluation where applicable. In addition, rating reports indicating rating changes would be monitored for changes in rating agency opinion of the credit risk.

When issued security

When, as and if issued' (commonly known as "when-issued" (WI) security) refers to a security that has been authorized for issuance but not yet actually issued. WI trading takes place between the time a new issue is announced and the time it is actually issued. All "when issued" transactions are on an "if" basis, to be settled if and when the actual security is issued.

SEBI has on April 16, 2008 in principle allowed Mutual Funds to undertake 'When Issued (WI)' transactions in Central Government securities, at par with other market participants.

Open Position in the 'WI' market are subject to the following limits:

Category	Reissued Security	Newly Issued Security
Non-PDs	Long Position, not exceeding 5	Long Position, not exceeding 5 percent of
	percent of the notified amount.	the notified amount.



Debt derivative instruments Interest Rate Swap

An Interest Rate Swap (IRS) is a financial contract between two parties exchanging or swapping a stream of interest payments for a "notional principal" amount on multiple occasions during a specified period. Such contracts generally involve exchange of a "fixed to floating" or "floating to fixed rate" of interest. Accordingly, on each payment date that occurs during the swap period, cash payments based on fixed/ floating and floating rates are made by the parties to one another.

Forward Rate Agreement

A Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) is a financial contract between two parties to exchange interest payments for a 'notional principal' amount on settlement date, for a specified period from start date to maturity date. Accordingly, on the settlement date, cash payments based on contract (fixed) and the settlement rate, are made by the parties to one another. The settlement rate is the agreed bench-mark/reference rate prevailing on the settlement date.

Interest Rate Futures (as and when permitted):

A futures contract is a standardized, legally binding agreement to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument in a designated future month at a market determined price (the futures price) by the buyer and seller. The contracts are traded on a futures exchange. An Interest Rate Future is a futures contract with an interest bearing instrument as the underlying asset.

Characteristics of Interest Rate Futures

- 1. Obligation to buy or sell a bond at a future date
- 2. Standardized contract.
- 3. Exchange traded
- 4. Physical settlement
- 5. Daily mark to market

Units of Mutual Fund schemes

The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Short Term Deposits

Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.

The securities/ instruments mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity.

The securities may be acquired through initial public offering (IPOs), secondary market, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. Further investments in debentures, bonds and other fixed income securities will be in instruments which have been assigned investment grade rating by the Credit Rating Agency.

Investment in unrated debt instruments shall be subject to complying with the provisions of the Regulations and within the limit as specified in Schedule VII to the Regulations. Pursuant to SEBI circular no. MFD/CIR/9/120/2000 dated November 24, 2000, the AMC may constitute committee(s) to approve proposals for investments in unrated debt instruments. The AMC Board and the Trustee shall approve the detailed parameters for such investments. However, in case any unrated debt security does not fall under the parameters, the prior approval of Board of AMC and Trustee shall be sought.

For applicable regulatory investment limits please refer paragraph "Investment Restrictions".



Details of various derivative instruments along with derivative strategies have been provided under the paragraph "Derivatives Strategy".

The Fund Manager may invest in any other security as may be permitted from time to time and which are in line with the investment objectives of the Scheme.

E. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

To provide long term capital growth by investing in a well-diversified portfolio of equity and equity related securities across market capitalisation and sectors.

Equity portfolio will be run as a diversified portfolio without any capitalization bias. The portfolio will be built utilizing a bottom-up stock selection process, focusing on appreciation potential of individual stocks from a fundamental perspective. The AMC employs a "Fair value" based research process to analyze the appreciation potential of each stock in its universe (Fair value is a measure of the intrinsic worth of a company).

The universe of stocks is carefully selected to include companies having a robust business models and enjoying sustainable competitive advantages as compared to their competitors.

The Scheme by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in equity markets. The Scheme has identified the following risks and designed risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage these risks:

- i. Quality Risk Risk of investing in unsustainable / weak companies.
- ii. Price Risk Risk of overpaying for a company
- iii. Liquidity Risk High Impact cost of entry and exit
- iv. Volatility Risk Volatility in price due to company or portfolio specific factors
- v. Event Risk Price risk due to a company / sector specific or market event

FIXED INCOME

The Scheme proposes to invest in a diversified portfolio of high quality debt and money market instruments to generate regular income. The fund manager will allocate the assets of the scheme taking into consideration the prevailing interest rate scenario & the liquidity of the different instruments. The portfolio duration and credit exposures will be decided based on a thorough research of the general macroeconomic condition, political and fiscal environment, systemic liquidity, inflationary expectations, corporate performance and other economic considerations. The fund manager will keep in mind the yield structure of different asset classes (e.g. the sovereign yield curve and the corporate bond yield curve) as well as the kinks within a particular yield curve (e.g. the different points of the sovereign yield curve) while making investment decisions.

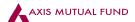
PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

Given the nature of the scheme, the portfolio turnover ratio may be very high. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. The effect of higher portfolio turnover ratio could be higher brokerage and transaction costs.

RISK CONTROL

Risk management is going to be an integral part of the investment process. Effective risk management is critical to fund management for achieving financial soundness.

The AMC would incorporate adequate safeguards for controlling risks in the portfolio construction process, which would be periodically evaluated. Investments by the Scheme shall be made as per the investment objectives of the Scheme and provisions of SEBI regulations. AMC has implemented the Bloomberg Portfolio Order Management System as Front Office System (FOS). The system has incorporated all the investment restrictions as per SEBI guidelines and "soft" warning alerts at appropriate levels for preemptive monitoring. The system enables identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools like various risk ratios, average duration and analyzes the same and acts in a preventive manner.



The AMC has experienced investment professionals to help limit investment universe to carefully selected high quality businesses. The fund manager would also consider hedging the portfolios in case of predictable events with uncertain outcomes.

The Scheme would invest in a diversified portfolio of equity and equity related securities which would help alleviate the sector/market capitalization related concentration risk.

DERIVATIVES STRATEGY

The Scheme may invest in various derivative instruments which are permissible under the applicable regulations. Such investments shall be subject to the investment objective and strategy of the Scheme and the internal limits if any, as laid down from time to time. These include but are not limited to futures (both stock and index) and options (stock and index).

Derivatives are financial contracts of pre-determined fixed duration, like stock futures/options and index futures and options, whose values are derived from the value of an underlying primary financial instrument such as: interest rates, exchange rates, commodities, and equities.

Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on stock exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties.

The objectives of the various strategies include earning option premium / hedge stock / portfolio against market gyrations.

The risks associated with derivatives are similar to those associated with underlying investments. The additional risks of using derivative strategies could be on account of:

- Illiquidity;
- Potential mis pricing of the Futures/Options;
- Lack of opportunity;
- Inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with the underlying (Indices, Assets, Exchange Rates):
- Cost of hedge can be higher than adverse impact of market movements;
- An exposure to derivatives in excess of the hedging requirements can lead to losses;
- An exposure to derivatives can also limit the profits from a genuine investment transaction;
- The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place;
- In case of option writing, the downside of the strategy could be more than the option premium earned. As per the extant SEBI Regulations / circulars, Mutual Funds cannot write options.

For detailed risks associated with use of derivatives, please refer paragraph "Scheme Specific Risk Factors". Exchange traded derivative contracts in stocks and indices in India are currently cash settled at the time of maturity.

Derivatives allowed for mutual funds are only exchange traded and not OTC.

Concepts and Examples of derivatives which may be used by the fund manager:

<u>Futures</u>

Futures (Index & Stocks) are forward contracts traded on the exchanges & have been introduced both by BSE and NSE. Generally, futures of 1 month (near month), 2 months (next month) and 3 months (far month) are presently traded on these exchanges. These futures expire on the last working Thursday of the respective months.

<u>Illustration with Index Futures</u>

In case the Nifty 50 near month future contract is trading at say, Rs. 3,510, and the fund manager has a view that it will depreciate going forward; the Scheme can initiate a sale transaction of Nifty futures at Rs. 3,510 without holding a portfolio of equity stocks or any other underlying long equity



position. Once the price falls to Rs. 3,400 after say, 20 days, the Scheme can initiate a square-up transaction by buying the said futures and book a profit of Rs. 110.

Correspondingly, if the fund manager has a positive view he can initiate a long position in the index / stock futures without an underlying cash/ cash equivalent subject to the extant regulations.

There are futures based on stock indices as mentioned above as also futures based on individual stocks. The profitability of index /stock future as compared to an individual security will inter-alia depends upon:

- The carrying cost,
- The interest available on surplus funds, and
- The transaction cost.

Example of a typical future trade and the associated costs

Particulars	Index Future	Actual Purchase of Stocks
Index at the beginning of the month	3500	3500
Price of 1 month future	3510	
A. Execution cost: Carry and other index future costs	10	
B. Brokerage cost: Assumed at	7.02	8.75
0.2% of Index Future		
0.25% for spot Stocks		
C. Gains on surplus fund: (Assumed 8% p.a. return on 85% of the money left after paying 15% margin) (8%*3500*85%*30 days/365)	19.56	0
Total Cost (A+B-C)	-2.54	8.75

Some strategies that employ stock /index futures and their objectives:

(a) Arbitrage

(1) Selling spot and buying future: In case the Scheme holds the stock of a company "A" at say Rs. 100 while in the futures market it trades at a discount to the spot price say at Rs. 98, then the Scheme may sell the stock and buy the futures.

On the date of expiry of the stock future, the Scheme may reverse the transactions (i.e. buying at spot & selling futures) and earn a risk-free Rs. 2 (2% absolute) on its holdings without any dilution of the view of the fund manager on the underlying stock.

Further, the Scheme can still benefit from any movement of the price in the upward direction, i.e. if on the date of expiry of the futures, the stock trades at Rs. 110 which would be the price of the futures too, the Scheme will have a benefit of Rs 10 whereby the Scheme gets the 10% upside movement together with the 2% benefit on the arbitrage and thus getting a total return of 12%. The corresponding return in case of holding the stock would have been 10%.

Note: The same strategy can be replicated with a basket of Nifty- 50 stocks (Synthetic Nifty) and the Nifty future index.

(2) <u>Buying spot and selling future:</u> Where the stock of a company "A" is trading in the spot market at Rs. 100 while it trades at Rs. 102 in the futures market, then the Scheme may buy the stock at spot and sell in the futures market thereby earning Rs. 2.

Buying the stock in cash market and selling the futures results into a hedge where the Scheme has locked in a spread and is not affected by the price movement of cash market and futures market. The arbitrage position can be continued till expiry of the future contracts when there is a convergence between the cash market and the futures market. This convergence enables the Scheme to generate the arbitrage return locked in earlier.



(b) Buying/ Selling Stock future:

When the Scheme wants to initiate a long position in a stock whose spot price is at say, Rs.100 and futures is at 98, then the Scheme may just buy the futures contract instead of the spot thereby benefiting from a lower cost.

In case the Scheme has a bearish view on a stock which is trading in the spot market at Rs.98 and the futures market at say Rs. 100, the Scheme may subject to regulations, initiate a short position in the futures contract. In case the prices align with the view and the price depreciates to say Rs. 90, the Scheme can square up the short position thereby earning a profit of Rs.10 vis-a-vis a fall in stock price of Rs 8.

(c) Hedging:

The Scheme may use exchange-traded derivatives to hedge the equity portfolio. Both index and stock futures and options may be used to hedge the stocks in the portfolio.

(d) Alpha Strategy:

The Scheme will seek to generate alpha by superior stock selection and removing market risks by selling appropriate index. For example, one can seek to generate positive alpha by buying a bank stock and selling Bank Nifty future.

Execution of these strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify and execute based on such opportunities. These involve significant uncertainties and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

Option Contracts (Stock and Index)

An Option gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy (call) or sell (put) a stock at an agreed-upon price during a certain period of time or on a specific date.

Options are used to manage risk or as an investment to generate income. The price at which underlying security is contracted to be purchased or sold is called the Strike Price. Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options while, Options that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options.

Options Risk / Return Pay-off Table

	Stock / Index Options	Buy Call	Sell Call	Buy Put	Sell Put
1	View on underlying	Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive
2	Premium	Pay	Receive	Pay	Receive
3	Risk Potential	Limited to premium paid	Unlimited	Limited to premium paid	Unlimited
4	Return Potential	Unlimited	Premium Received	Unlimited	Premium Received

Option contracts are of following two types - Call and Put.

Call Option: A call option gives the buyer, the right to buy specified quantity of the underlying asset at the set strike price on or before expiration date and the seller (writer) of call option however, has the obligation to sell the underlying asset if the buyer of the call option decides to exercise the option to buy.

Put Option: A put option gives the buyer the right to sell specified quantity of the underlying asset at the set strike price on or before expiration date and the seller (writer) of put option however, has the obligation to buy the underlying asset if the buyer of the put option decides to exercise his option to sell.

Index Options / Stock Options

Index options / Stock options are termed to be an efficient way of buying / selling an index/stock compared to buying / selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of



execution and settlement. The participation can be done by buying / selling either Index futures or by buying a call/put option.

The risk are also different when index /stock futures are bought/sold vis-a-vis index/ stocks options as in case of an index future there is a mark to market variation and the risk is much higher as compared to buying an option, where the risk is limited to the extent of premium paid.

The illustration below explains how one can gain using Index call / put option. These same principles of profit / loss in an Index option apply in totality to that for a stock option.

Call Option

Suppose an investor buys a Call option on 1 lot of Nifty 50 (Lot Size: 50 units)

- Nifty index (European option).
- Nifty 1 Lot Size: 50 units
- Spot Price (S): 3,500
- Strike Price (x): 3,550 (Out-of-Money Call Option)
- Premium: 100

Total Amount paid by the investor as premium [50*100] =Rs. 5,000

There are two possibilities i.e. either the index moves up over the strike price or remains below the strike price.

Case 1- The index goes up

• An investor sells the Nifty Option described above before expiry:

Suppose the Nifty 50 Index moves up to 3600 in the spot market and the premium has moved to Rs 200 and there are 15 days more left for the expiry. The investor decides to reverse his position in the market by selling his 1 Nifty call option as the option now is In the Money.

His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 3,600
- Current Premium: Rs.200
- Premium paid: Rs.100
- Net Gain: Rs.200- Rs.100 = Rs.100 per unit
- Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (50 units) = Rs.5,000 (50*100)

In this case the premium of Rs.200 has an intrinsic value of Rs.50 per unit and the remaining Rs.150 is the time value of the option.

• An investor exercises the Nifty Option at expiry

Suppose the Nifty index moves up to 3700 in the spot market on the expiry day and the investor decides to reverse his position in the market by exercising the Nifty call option as the option now is In The Money.

His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 3,700
- Premium paid: Rs.100
- Exercise Price: 3,550
- Receivable on exercise: 3,700-3,550 = 150
- Total Gain: Rs.2,500 {(150-100)*50}

In this case the realised gain is only the intrinsic value, which is Rs.50, and there is no time value.

<u>Case 2</u> - The Nifty index moves to any level below 3550

Then the investor does not gain anything but on the other hand his loss is limited to the premium paid:

Net Loss is Rs.5,000 (Loss is capped to the extent of Premium Paid)

(Rs 100 Premium paid*Lot Size: 50 units).

Put Option

Suppose an investor buys a Put option on 1 lot of Nifty 50.

- Nifty 1 Lot Size: 50 units
- Spot Price (S): 3,500



• Strike Price (x): 3,450 (Out-of-Money Put Option)

• Premium: 30

• Total Amount paid by the investor as premium [50*30] =Rs. 1,500

There are two possibilities i.e. either the index moves over the strike price or moves below the strike price.

Let us analyze these scenarios.

Case 1 - The index goes down

• An investor sells the Nifty Option before expiry:

Suppose the Nifty 50 Index moves down to 3400 in the spot market and the premium has moved to Rs. 80 and there are 15 days more left for the expiry. The investor decides to reverse his position in the market by selling his 1 Nifty Put Option as the option now is In The Money.

His gains are as follows:

• Nifty Spot: 3,400

• Premium paid: Rs.30

• Net Gain: Rs.80 - Rs.30 = Rs.50 per unit

• Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (50 units) = Rs.2,500 (50*50)

In this case the premium of Rs.80 has an intrinsic value of Rs.50 per unit and the remaining Rs.30 is the time value of the option.

An investor exercises the Nifty Option at expiry (It is an European Option)

Suppose the Nifty index moves down to 3400 in the spot market on the expiry day and the investor decides to reverse his position in the market by exercising the Nifty Put Option as the option now is In The Money.

His gains are as follows:

Nifty Spot: 3400Premium paid: Rs.30Exercise Price: 3450

Gain on exercise: 3450-3400 = 50
Total Gain: Rs.1,000 {(50-30)*50}

In this case the realised amount is only the intrinsic value, which is Rs.50, and there is no time value in this case.

<u>Case 2</u> - If the Nifty 50 Index stays over the strike price which is 3450, in the spot market then the investor does not gain anything but on the other hand his loss is limited to the premium paid.

• Nifty Spot: >3450

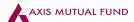
• Net Loss Rs.1,500 (Loss is caped to the extent of Premium Paid)

(Rs 30 Premium paid*Lot Size: 50 units).

Fixed Income Derivative Instruments:

The Scheme may use Derivative instruments like interest rate swaps like overnight indexed swaps (OIS), forward rate agreements, interest rate futures (as and when permitted) or such other Derivative instruments as may be permitted under the applicable regulations. Derivatives will be used for the purpose of hedging, and portfolio balancing or such other purpose as may be permitted under the regulations and guidelines from time to time.

The Fund will be allowed to take exposure in interest rate swaps only on a non-leveraged basis. A swap will be undertaken only if there is an underlying asset in the portfolio. In terms of circular no. MFD.BC.191/07.01.279/1999-2000 and MPD.BC.187/07.01.279/1999- 2000 dated November 1, 1999 and July 7, 1999 respectively issued by RBI permitting participation by Mutual Funds in interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, the Scheme will use Derivative instruments for the purpose of



hedging and portfolio balancing. The Scheme may also use derivatives for such purposes as maybe permitted from time to time. Further, the guidelines issued by RBI from time to time for forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps and other derivative products would be adhered to by the Mutual Fund.

IRS and FRAs do also have inherent credit and settlement risks. However, these risks are substantially reduced as they are limited to the interest streams and not the notional principal amounts.

Investments in Derivatives will be in accordance with the extant SEBI Regulations / guidelines. Presently Derivatives shall be used for hedging and / or portfolio balancing purposes, as permitted under the Regulations. The circumstances under which such transactions would be entered into would be when, for example using the IRS route it is possible to generate better returns / meet the objective of the Scheme at a lower cost. e.g. if buying a 2 Yr MIBOR based instrument and receiving the 2 Yr swap rate yields better return than the 2 Yr AAA corporate, the Scheme would endeavor to do that. Alternatively, the Scheme would also look to hedge existing fixed rate positions if the view on interest rates is that it would likely rise in the future.

The following information provides a basic idea as to the nature of the Derivative instruments proposed to be used by the Scheme and the benefits and risks attached therewith. Please note that the examples have been given for illustration purposes only.

Using Overnight Indexed Swaps

In a rising interest rate scenario, the Scheme may enhance returns for the Investor by hedging the risk on its fixed interest paying assets by entering into an OIS contract where the Scheme agrees to pay a fixed interest rate on a specified notional amount, for a pre determined tenor and receives floating interest rate payments on the same notional amount. The fixed returns from the Scheme assets and the fixed interest payments to be made by the Scheme on account of the OIS transaction offset each other and the Scheme benefits on the floating interest payments that it receives. The Scheme may enter into an opposite position in case of a falling interest rate scenario, i.e. to hedge the floating rate assets in its portfolio the Scheme enters into an OIS transaction wherein it receives a fixed interest rate on a specified notional amount for a specified time period and pays a floating interest rate on the same notional amount. The floating interest payments that the Scheme receives on its floating rate securities and the floating interest payments that the Scheme has to pay on account of the OIS transaction offset each other and the Scheme benefits on the fixed interest payments that it receives in such a scenario.

Swap

Assume that the Scheme has a Rs. 20 crore floating rate investment linked to MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate). Hence, the Scheme is currently running an interest rate risk and stands to lose if the interest rate moves down. To hedge this interest rate risk, the Scheme can enter into a 6 month MIBOR swap. Through this swap, the Scheme will receive a fixed predetermined rate (assume 12%) and pays the "benchmark rate" (MIBOR), which is fixed by the NSE or any other agency such as Reuters. This swap would effectively lock-in the rate of 12% for the next 6 months, eliminating the daily interest rate risk. This transaction is usually routed through an intermediary who runs a book and matches deals between various counterparties.

The steps will be as follows:

Assuming the swap is for Rs. 20 Crores for June 1, 2013 to December 1, 2013. The Scheme is a fixed rate receiver at 12% and the counterparty is a floating rate receiver at the overnight rate on a compounded basis (say NSE MIBOR).

On June 1, 2013 the Scheme and the counterparty will exchange only a contract of having entered this swap. This documentation would be as per International Swap Dealers Association (ISDA) norms.

On a daily basis, the benchmark rate fixed by BSE will be tracked by them.

On December 1, 2013 they will calculate the following:



- The Scheme is entitled to receive interest on Rs. 20 Crores at 12% for 184 days i.e. Rs. 1.21 Crores, (this amount is known at the time the swap was concluded) and will pay the compounded benchmark rate.
- The counterparty is entitled to receive daily compounded call rate for 184 days & pay 12% fixed.
- On December 1, 2013, if the total interest on the daily overnight compounded benchmark rate
 is higher than Rs. 1.21 Crores, the Scheme will pay the difference to the counterparty. If the
 daily compounded benchmark rate is lower, then the counterparty will pay the Scheme the
 difference.
- Effectively the Scheme earns interest at the rate of 12% p.a. for six months without lending money for 6 months fixed, while the counterparty pays interest @ 12% p.a. for 6 months on Rs. 20 Crores, without borrowing for 6 months fixed.

The above example illustrates the use of Derivatives for hedging and optimizing the investment portfolio. Swaps have their own drawbacks like credit risk, settlement risk. However, these risks are substantially reduced as the amount involved is interest streams and not principal.

Forward Rate Agreement

Assume that on June 30, 2013, the 30 day Commercial Paper (CP) rate is 4% and the Scheme has an investment in a CP of face value Rs. 50 Crores, which is going to mature on July 31, 2009. If the interest rates are likely to remain stable or decline after July 31, 2009, and if the fund manager, who wants to re-deploy the maturity proceeds for 1 more month does not want to take the risk of interest rates going down, he can then enter into a following Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) say as on June 30, 2013:

He can receive 1 X 2 FRA on June 30, 2013 at 4.00% (FRA rate for 1 months lending in 1 months time) on the notional amount of Rs. 50 Crores, with a reference rate of 30 day CP benchmark. If the CP benchmark on the settlement date i.e. July 30, 2013 falls to 3.75%, then the Scheme receives the difference 4.00-3.75 i.e. 25 basis points on the notional amount Rs. 50 Crores.

Interest Rate Futures

Assume that the Scheme holds an Indian ten year benchmark and the fund manager has a view that the yields will go up in the near future leading to decrease in value of the investment and subsequent decrease in Net Asset Value of the Scheme. The fund manager decides to use Interest Rate Futures to mitigate the risk of decline of Net Asset Value of the Scheme.

12th October 2013

- The benchmark ten year paper 6.88 2013, is trading at INR 98.00 at a yield of 7.19%.
- December 2013 futures contract on the ten year notional 7% coupon bearing Government paper is trading at a yield of 7.29% at a price of INR 98.50.
- The mutual fund decides to hedge the exposure by taking a short position in December 2013 interest rate futures contract.

25th November 2013

- As expected by the fund manager the yield of the benchmark ten year paper has increased to 8% and the price has decreased to 92.70.
- The December 2013 futures contract is trading at a price of INR 93.17 indicating a yield of 8.05%
- The mutual fund unwinds the short position by buying the December 2013 futures contract. The transaction results in profit from the futures position, against the corresponding loss from the Government of India security position.

For details of risk factors relating to use of Derivatives, the investors are advised to refer to Scheme Specific Risk Factors.

Debt and Money Markets in India



The Indian debt market is today one of the largest in Asia and includes securities issued by the Government (Central & State Governments), public sector undertakings, other government bodies, financial institutions, banks and corporates. Government and public sector enterprises are the predominant borrowers in the markets. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, insurance companies, primary dealers, trusts, pension funds and corporates. The Indian debt market is the largest segment of the Indian financial markets. The debt market comprises broadly two segments, viz. Government Securities market or G-Sec market and corporate debt market. The latter is further classified as market for PSU bonds and private sector bonds.

The Government Securities (G-Secs) market, consists of G-Sec outstanding of Rs. 5,104,665 cr as on April 28, 2018 (State Govt securities - Rs 24,02,242 cr, Source: CCIL), is the oldest and the largest component (50% share in market cap) of the Indian debt market in terms of market capitalization, outstanding securities and trading volumes. The G-Secs market plays a vital role in the Indian economy as it provides the benchmark for determining the level of interest rates in the country through the yields on the Government Securities which are referred to as the risk-free rate of return in any economy. Over the years, there have been new products introduced by the RBI like zero coupon bonds, floating rate bonds, inflation indexed bonds, etc.

The corporate bond market, in the sense of private corporate sector raising debt through public issuance in capital market, is only an insignificant part of the Indian Debt Market. The market capitalization of corporate bond market as on October 31, 2016 is Rs. 27,42,259.07 Cr (Source: SEBI). A large part of the issuance in the non-Government debt market is currently on private placement basis.

The money markets in India essentially consist of the call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at a specified price), commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory notes, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI). In a predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates. In money market, activity levels of the Government and nongovernment debt vary from time to time. Instruments that comprise a major portion of money market activity include but not limited to:

- Overnight Call
- Collateralised Borrowing & Lending Obligations (CBLO) Tri party Repo (TREPS)
- Repo/Reverse Repo Agreement
- Treasury Bills
- Government securities with a residual maturity of < 1 year.
- Commercial Paper
- Certificate of Deposit

Apart from these, there are some other options available for short tenure investments that include MIBOR linked debentures with periodic exit options and other such instruments. Though not strictly classified as Money Market Instruments, PSU / DFI / Corporate paper with a residual maturity of < 1 year, are actively traded and offer a viable investment option.



The market has evolved in past 2-3 years in terms of risk premia attached to different class of issuers. Bank CDs have clearly emerged as popular asset class with increased acceptability in secondary market. PSU banks trade the tightest on the back of comfort from majority government holding. Highly rated manufacturing companies also command premium on account of limited supply. However, there has been increased activity in papers issued by private/foreign banks/NBFCs/companies in high-growth sector due to higher yields offered by them. Even though companies across these sectors might have been rated on a same scale, the difference in the yield on the papers for similar maturities reflects the perception of their respective credit profiles.

The following table gives approximate yields prevailing on November 14, 2018 on some of the instruments and further illustrates this point.

Instrument	Current Yield range (%)
TREPS	6.50%
Repo	6.50%
3m Tbill	6.89%
1Y Tbill	7.32%
10Y Gsec	7.75%
3m PSU Bank CD	7.30%
3m Manufacturing co. CP	7.40%
1Y PSU Bank CD	8.30%
1Y NBFC CP	9.10%
1Y Manufacturing co. CP	8.80%
5Y AAA Institutional Bond	8.55%
10Y AAA Institutional Bond	8.65%

Source: Bloomberg

These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in macro economic conditions and RBI policy. The price and yield on various debt instruments fluctuate from time to time depending upon the macro economic situation, inflation rate, overall liquidity position, foreign exchange scenario etc. Also, the price and yield vary according to maturity profile, credit risk etc.

F. INVESTMENT BY THE AMC IN THE SCHEME

Subject to the Regulations, the AMC may invest either directly or indirectly, in the Scheme during the NFO. However, the AMC shall not charge any investment management fee on such investment in the Scheme.

G. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

(i) Type of a Scheme - A 1582 Days close ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks.

(ii) Investment Objective -

To generate income and long term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments across market capitalisation. However, there is no assurance or



guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.

Investment Pattern: Please refer to sub - section C 'How will the Scheme Allocate its Assets?' under the section II 'INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME'.

(iii) Terms of Issue

- o Liquidity provisions such as listing, Repurchase, Redemption.
- Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme (please refer to section IV 'FEES and EXPENSES').
- o Any safety or guarantee net provided (not applicable for the scheme).

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unit holders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an
 advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as
 in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual
 Fund is situated; and
- The Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

H. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The Benchmark for the Scheme is Nifty 500 Index.

Justification for use of Benchmark

The Fund's strategy is to invest in a diversified portfolio of companies across sectors. The Fund will also have the flexibility to invest in companies across the market capitalization spectrum and as such, the constituents of the Nifty 500 Index reasonably represent the portfolio of the scheme.

The Trustee/ AMC may change the benchmark in future if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available.

I. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Name of Fund Manager	Ages and Qualification	Experience of the Fund Manager	Names of other schemes under his management	Tenure as Fund Manager of the Scheme
Mr. Anupam Tiwari	39 Chartered Accountant	 Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. (Sept. 23, 2016 till date) Principal PNB Asset Management Company Pvt. Ltd Fund Manager (July 25, 2011 to Sept. 21, 2016) Reliance Life Insurance Ltd Fund Manager (Sept. 22, 2010 to July 15, 2011) Reliance Capital Asset Management Company Ltd Equity Analyst (Mar. 21, 2005 to Sept. 21, 2010) 	Small Cap Fund, Axis Emerging Opportunities Fund – Series 1 & 2 (1400 Days) (along with Mr. Jinesh Gopani), Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 1 and Series 2 (Along	Not applicable



Fund (Along with Mr. R. Sivakumar	
and Mr. Ashwin	
Patni)	

The Fixed Income Fund Managers of the Mutual Fund will be involved in management of the Debt Component of the Scheme.

J. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- 1. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10 per cent of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company.
- 2. The Scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV in the unlisted equity shares or equity related instruments.
- 3. The Mutual Fund under all its Scheme(s) shall not own more than ten per cent of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights. Provided, investment in the asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by clause (a), of sub-regulation (1), of regulation 7B.
 - Provided, investment in the asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by clause (a), of sub-regulation (1), of regulation 7B.
- 4. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustee and the Board of Directors of AMC.
 - Such limit shall not be applicable for investment in Government Securities, treasury bills and collateralized borrowing and lending obligations.
 - Provided further that investments within such limit can be made in the mortgaged backed securitised debt, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency, registered with SEBI.
- 5. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in un-rated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the Scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Trustee and Board of AMC.
- 6. The Scheme may invest in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- 7. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - c) the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- 8. The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 9. Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund is permitted provided:
 - a. such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and
 - b. the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- 10. The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:



Provided that the Mutual Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.

Provided further that the Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI.

Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- 11. The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- 12. The Scheme will comply with the following restrictions for trading in exchange traded derivatives, as specified by SEBI vide its circular no. DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, circular no. DNPD/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006, circular no. DNPD/Cir-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006, circular no. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010, circular no. SEBI/HO/MRD/DP/CIR/P/2016/143 dated December 27, 2016, circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/13 dated February 20, 2017 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/109 dated September 27, 2017:

i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index options contracts

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per stock exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index futures contracts:

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs.500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per stock exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, the Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, Treasury Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts

The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund

The scheme-wise position limit / disclosure requirements shall be:

- a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a Mutual Fund shall not exceed the higher of 1% of the free float market capitalization (in terms of number of shares)
 - 5% of the open interest in the derivative contract on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).
- b. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- c. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest



equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

13. Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines issued by SEBI.

The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/ restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:

- i. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustee.
- iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- 14. The Scheme shall not advance any loans.
- 15. The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Scheme for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or dividend to the Unit holders.

Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months. The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

16. SEBI vide its circular no. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010 has prescribed the following investment restrictions w.r.t. investments in derivatives. The Scheme will comply with the below mentioned restrictions w.r.t. investments in derivatives:

HIGHIII	oned resinctions w.r., investments in derivatives.
I	The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days shall be treated as not creating any exposure.
II	The Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
III	The total exposure related to option premium paid shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.
IV	 Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following: a. Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains. b. Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point 1. c. Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged. d. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
V	Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point 1.



VI Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Option bought	Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts.

VII The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases shall not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the Scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the Scheme.

- 17. The Scheme shall participate in repos in corporate debt securities as per the guidelines issued by RBI from time to time and the guidelines framed by the Board of Directors of Trustee Company and the Asset Management Company, from time to time. At present the following conditions and norms shall apply to repo in corporate debt securities:
 - (i) The gross exposure of the Scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the Scheme.
 - (ii) The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.
 - (iii) The Scheme shall participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
 - (iv) The Scheme shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months.
 - (v) Counterparty selection & credit rating
 - The counterparty must be an acceptable counterparty for debt transactions. The Mutual Fund follows a counterparty empanelment process for fixed income transactions and the same shall be used for selection of counterparties for corporate bond repos. All repo transactions in corporate bonds will be governed by a repo agreement as specified by FIMMDA and / or other specified authorities.
 - (vi) Collateral tenor & quality

 Bonds with a minimum original maturity of 1-year and a minimum rating of AAA shall be eligible for repo. The exposure limit/investment restrictions prescribed under the Seventh Schedule of the Regulations and circulars issued there under (wherever applicable) shall be applicable to repo transactions in corporate bonds.
 - (vii) Applicable haircuts

Currently mutual funds are permitted to carry out repo transactions in government securities without any haircuts. The Reserve Bank of India has notified a minimum haircut based on rating of the corporate bond as below. In addition, the Fixed Income and Money Market Dealers Association (FIMMDA) would maintain a rating-haircut matrix on an ongoing basis.

Rating	AAA
Minimum haircut	10 %

The haircuts seek to protect the lender of funds from the event of the counterparty failing to honor the repurchase leg of the repo. In such a circumstance, the Fund would suffer a loss if the value of the collateral depreciates by more than the haircut. The fall in the value of the collateral could be on account of higher yields and/ or deterioration of credit quality.



As the typical tenor of repos is short (typically overnight), the haircuts represent a relatively high degree of safety in relation to the interest rate risk on the collateral. The risk of collateral depreciation based on historical volatility is given in the table below:

Bond Tenor (yrs)	1	3	5	10
Price Volatility (%) (annualized)	0.6	1.2	1.7	3.4
Repo Tenor	Number of sto 10%	andard de	eviations n	eeded to lose
1 day	258	136	94	48
7 days	98	52	36	18

In the above table, the price volatility of a 10-year bond is about 3.4% annualized. That is a 10% price move represents nearly a 3-sigma event on an annualized basis. For overnight tenors, this represents a 48-sigma event (for comparison a 6-sigma event occurs about once in a million observations).

It is apparent that the haircuts stipulated by RBI are more than sufficient to mitigate interest rate risk. Credit event risk remains (the collateral could default during the tenor of the repo). This risk is to be mitigated by ensuring that the collateral is acceptable from a credit point of view.

The exposure limit/ investment restrictions prescribed under the Seventh Schedule of the Regulations and circulars issued there under (wherever applicable) shall be applicable to repo transactions in corporate bonds.

The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

All the investment restrictions will be applicable at the time of making investments.

Apart from the Investment Restrictions prescribed under the Regulations, internal risk parameters for limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector may be prescribed from time to time to respond to the dynamic market conditions and market opportunities.

The AMC/ Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

K. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

This Scheme being a new scheme, it does not have any performance track record.

L. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

a. Scheme's portfolio holdings

Not applicable as the scheme is a new fund to be launched

Fund allocation towards various Sectors

Not applicable as the scheme is a new fund to be launched

Website link for Monthly Portfolio Holding

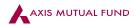
Please visit www.axismf.com to obtain Scheme's latest monthly portfolio holding statement.

b. Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio turnover ratio: Not applicable as the scheme is a new fund to be launched.

c. Aggregate investment in the Scheme of certain categories of persons:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Asset Value of Units held
i	AMC's Board of Directors	Not Applicable



ii	Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s)	Not Applicable
iii	Other key managerial personnel	Not Applicable

Since the scheme is a new fund to be launched, the above disclosure is not applicable.



III. UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO)

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NF	0)
New Fund Offer	NFO opens on: December 03, 2018
Period	NFO closes on: December 14, 2018
This is the period	
during which a new	The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to close the NFO of the Scheme before the
scheme sells its Units	above mentioned date.
to the investors.	
	The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to extend the closing date of the New Fund Offer Period, subject to the condition that the New Fund Offer shall not be kept open for more than 15 days.
New Fund Offer	Rs. 10/- per unit
Price:	K3. 10/- per 01iii
This is the price per	
Unit that the investors	(Offer of Units of Rs. 10 each during the New Fund Offer)
have to pay to invest	
during the NFO.	Do 5 000 and in mouthing of Do 107 House offer
Minimum Amount for	Rs. 5,000 and in multiples of Re. 10/- thereafter
Application /Switch	
in in the NFO	
Minimum Target	Rs.10 crore per series of the Scheme
amount	
l	
This is the minimum	
amount required to	
operate the scheme	
and if this is not	
collected during the	
NFO period, then all	
the investors would	
be refunded the	
amount invested	
without any return.	
However, if AMC fails	
to refund the amount	
within 5 business days	
from date of closure	
of NFO, interest as	
specified by SEBI	
(currently 15% p.a.)	
will be paid to the	
investors from the	
expiry of 5 business	
days from the date	
of closure of NFO.	
Maximum amount to	None
be raised (if any)	
Plans / Options	The Scheme offers the following Plans:
offered	The scheme offers the following fidits.
	1 Avis Capital Builder Fund - Series A (1592 Davis) Popular Plan
	Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 4 (1582 Days) - Regular Plan Axis Capital Builder Fund – Series 4 (1582 Days) - Direct Plan
	2. 1703 Capital bullati i utla = 351153 4 (1302 Days) - Dilect i lati
	Regular Plan
	Regular Plan is Regular Plan
	available for all type of investors investing through a Distributor.



Direct Plan

Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.

Each plan offers the following options:

a) Growth Option

b) Dividend Option

Dividend Payout facility

a) Growth Option

Dividends will not be declared under this Option. The income attributable to Units under this Option will continue to remain invested in the Scheme and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of Units under this Option.

b) Dividend Option

Under this Option, dividends will be declared at the discretion of the Trustee, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations. On payment of dividend, the NAV of the units under Dividend option will fall to the extent of the dividend payout and applicable statutory levies, if any.

It must be distinctly understood that the actual declaration of dividend and frequency thereof is at the sole discretion of Board of Directors of the Trustee Company. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of dividend distribution nor that the dividend will be paid regularly.

Dividend Payout Facility

Under this facility, dividend declared, if any, will be paid (subject to deduction of dividend distribution tax and statutory levy, if any) to those Unit holders, whose names appear in the register of Unit holders on the notified record date.

Default Plan

The investor must clearly specify his choice of plan. The investors may refer to the following table for applicability of Direct Plan/Regular Plan under different scenario:

Scenario	Broker Code mentione	dPlan mentioned by the	eDefault Plan to be
	by the investor	investor	captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

Default Option

The investor must clearly specify his choice of option. In the absence of such clear instruction, it will be assumed that the investor has opted for 'default' option and



	the application will be processed accordingly. The default option is:
	Default Option: Growth (between Growth and Dividend)
Dividend Policy	Under the Dividend option, the Trustee will have the discretion to declare the dividend, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. The actual declaration of dividend and frequency will interalia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations and the decisions of the Trustee shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of dividend nor that the dividend will be paid regularly.
	The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change the frequency of declaration of dividend or may provide for additional frequency for declaration of dividend.
	 Dividend Distribution Procedure In accordance with SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/Cir No. 1/64057/06 dated April 4, 2006, the procedure for Dividend distribution would be as under: 1. Quantum of dividend and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee. Dividend so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. 2. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the dividend including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving dividends. The Record Date will be 5 calendar days from the date of issue of notice.
	 The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of dividend, the NAV of the Scheme would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if applicable). The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of dividend distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of dividend declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund.
Allotment	 On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of e-mail and/or SMS within 5 business days from the date of receipt of transaction request/ closure of NFO period will be sent to the Unit Holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number. For those Unit holders who have provided an e-mail address, the AMC will send the account statement by e-mail. Unit holders will be required to download and print the documents after receiving e-mail from the Mutual Fund. Should the Unit holder experience any difficulty in accessing the electronically delivered documents, the Unit holder shall promptly advise the Mutual Fund to enable the Mutual Fund to make the delivery through alternate means. It is deemed that the Unit holder is aware of all security risks including possible third party interception of the documents and contents of the documents becoming known to third parties. The Unit holder may request for a physical account statement by writing/calling the AMC/ISC/Registrar. In case of specific request received from the Unit Holders, the AMC/Fund will provide the Account Statement to the Investors within 5 business days from the receipt of such request. The AMC shall issue Unit certificates within 5 business days from the date of receipt of request where the applicant so desires. In case of Unit Holders holding units in the dematerialized mode, the Fund will not send the account statement to the Unit Holders. The statement provided by the



Depository Participant will be equivalent to the account statement.

Dematerialization

The Applicants intending to hold the Units in dematerialized mode will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository participant of the NSDL/ CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units during the NFO.

The Account Statement will be sent to those Unit holders who have opted to hold Units in Physical (non-dematerialized) form. However, if the Unit holder so desires to hold the Units in a dematerialized form at a later date, he will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of the NSDL/CDSL and will have to submit the account statement alongwith a request form asking for the conversion into demat form. This request form is called a Demat Request Form or a DRF which will be available on the website and/or the Investor Service Centres of Axis Mutual Fund.

Unit holders will be required to follow the dematerialization process laid as under-

- (i) The account statement alongwith a Demat Request Form in triplicate will be required to be submitted to the Official Points of Acceptance of Axis Mutual Fund.
- (ii) The combination of names in the account statement must be in the same order as appearing in Unit holder's demat account.
- (iii) The account statements will be required to be defaced on the face by marking "Surrendered for Dematerialization".
- (iv) The request form will be required to be signed by ALL the Unit holders.
- (v) On verification of the correctness and completeness of the request form and signature verification, corporate action will be initiated by the AMC with NSDL/ CDSL for conversion of units from physical mode to demat mode.
- (vi) On processing of the same in the NSDL/ CDSL system, the number of units (i.e. units in whole numbers) as reflecting in the account statement will be transferred from the Unit holder's folio to NSDL/ CDSL ISIN (as the case may be) and thereafter, these units will get credited to the DP account of the Unit holder.

Unit holders are requested to contact any of the Investor Service Centres for any further guidance in this regard.

However, the Trustee/ AMC reserves the right to change the dematerialization process as mentioned above in accordance with the procedural requirements laid down by the Depositories, viz. NSDL/ CDSL and/or in accordance with the provisions laid under the Depositories Act, 1996. For any such change in the dematerialization process, the AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/ Investor Service Centres.

The Asset Management Company shall issue units in dematerialized form to the unit holder with two working days of the receipt of request from the unit holder.

The Units allotted will be credited to the DP account of the Unit holder as per the details provided in the application form.

It may be noted that trading and settlement in the Units of the Scheme over the stock exchange(s) (where the Units are listed) will be permitted only in electronic form.

Normally no Unit certificates will be issued. However, if the applicant so desires, the AMC shall issue a non-transferable Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 business days of the receipt of request for the certificate. Unit certificate if issued must be



duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered alongwith the request for Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. Rematerialization of Units will be in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories & Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to All Units will rank pari passu, among Units within the same Option in the Scheme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of dividend distributions, if any, as may be declared by the Trustee. Refund In case the Scheme fails to collect the minimum subscription amount under the Scheme, the Fund and the AMC shall be liable to refund the subscription amount to the applicants of the Scheme. In addition to the above, refund of subscription money to applicants whose applications are invalid for any reason whatsoever will commence immediately after the allotment process is completed. No interest will be payable on any subscription money refunded within 5 business days from the closure of the New Fund Offer Period. Interest on subscription amount will be payable for amounts refunded later than 5 business days from the closure of the New Fund Offer Period at the rate of 15% per annum or at any such rate as specified by SEBI for the period in excess of the aforesaid 5 business days and will be charged to the AMC. Refund orders will be marked "A/c. payee only" and drawn in the name of the first applicant (in the case of sole applicant) and in the name of the first applicant in all other cases. All refund orders will be sent by registered post or as permitted by regulations. Who can invest The following persons (subject to, wherever relevant, purchase of unit of mutual funds, being permitted under respective constitutions, and relevant statutory This is an indicative regulations) are eligible and may apply for Subscription to the Unit of the Scheme: list and you are Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an requested to consult Anyone or Survivor basis: Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta; your financial advisor to ascertain whether Minor (as the first and the sole holder only) through a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother, as the case may be) or a court appointed legal guardian. the scheme is suitable to your risk There shall not be any joint holding with minor investments; 4. Partnership Firms: profile. 5. Limited Liability Partnerships; Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor; Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (so long as the purchase of Unit is permitted under the respective constitutions); 8. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions; 9. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as "Public Securities" as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds; 10. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIOs)/ Overseas Citizens of India (OCI) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis: 11. Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) registered with SEBI, on repatriation basis. These investments shall be subject to the conditions prescribed by SEBI, RBI, Income Tax authorities and the AMC, from time to time; 12. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions; 13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations; 14. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / RBI;



- 15. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted;
- 16. Other schemes of Axis Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI (MF) Regulations;
- 17. Schemes of Alternative Investment Funds;
- 18. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme:
- 19. Such other category of person(s) permitted to make investments and as may be specified by the AMC / Trustee from time to time.

Ultimate Beneficial Ownership details:

SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2013 dated January 24, 2013 further read with AMFI Best practices guidelines circular no. 62/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015 and other applicable regulations has prescribed guidelines, for identification of Beneficial Ownership to be followed by the intermediaries. A 'Beneficial owner' is defined as a natural person or persons who ultimately own, control or influence a client and/or persons on whose behalf a transaction is being conducted, and includes a person who exercises ultimate effective control over a legal person or arrangement. In this regard, all categories of investors (including all new / existing investors / unitholders) (except individuals, companies listed on a stock exchange or majority-owned subsidiary of such companies) are mandatorily required to provide beneficial ownership details for all investments. Failing which, fund reserves the right to reject applications / subscription requests / additional subscription requests (including switches) / restrict further investments or seek additional information from investors who have not provided the requisite information on beneficial ownership. In the event of change in beneficial ownership, investors are requested to immediately update the details with the Fund/Registrar.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ('FATCA') and Common Reporting Standards (CRS) requirements:

As a part of various ongoing tax and regulatory developments around the globe such as Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ('FATCA') and Common Reporting Standard ('CRS'), financial institutions like Axis Mutual Fund ('Axis MF') are being cast with additional investor and counterparty account related due diligence requirements.

FATCA is a United States of America ("U.S.") tax initiative that requires all financial institutions to report financial transactions of U.S. persons including entities in which U.S. persons hold a substantial ownership, etc. to the relevant tax authorities. It was introduced by the United States Department of Treasury and the US Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") The purpose of FATCA is to prevent tax evasion by US citizens and residents (US Persons) through use of offshore accounts. FATCA obligates financial institutions (FIs), including Indian financial institutions to provide information on the accounts of / to report accounts held by specified US Persons. FATCA requires enhanced due diligence procedures by the FI so as to identify US reportable accounts. With respect to individuals, the US reportable accounts would cover those with US citizenship or US residency.

Further, similar to FATCA, G20 and OECD countries have released a "Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax Matters", commonly known as the CRS on Automatic Exchange of Information (AEOI). CRS mandates automatic tax information exchange regarding accounts of reportable persons between the CRS compliant jurisdictions.

The Indian Government signed an Inter-Governmental Agreement ("IGA") with the U.S. on July 9, 2015 to implement FATCA in India. In addition, India also signed the OECD's Model Competent Authority Agreement for tax information sharing in accordance with multilateral Common Reporting Standard ("CRS") on June 3, 2015. India had committed to implement CRS and the same has been implemented from



January 1, 2016. Towards this, the Central Board of Direct Taxes has inserted Section 285BA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 along with Rules 114F to 114H (FATCA-CRS Rules), as part of the Income-tax Rules, 1962. These Rules require Indian financial institutions such as the Banks, Mutual Funds, etc. to seek additional personal, tax and beneficial owner information and certain certifications and documentation from all our investors and counterparties. According to the FATCA-CRS Rules, financial institutions in India are required to report tax information about account holders that tax resident of U.S. and other foreign countries, to the CBDT/ Indian Government which will, in turn, will relay that information to the IRS and governments of other foreign countries.

These developments have resulted in compliance and reporting obligations on Financial Institutions like Axis MF. In relevant cases, information will have to be reported to tax authorities i.e. CBDT. Towards compliance, the Fund may also be required to provide information to any institutions such as withholding agents for the purpose of ensuring appropriate withholding from the account or any proceeds in relation thereto. Axis MF has taken appropriate measures in order to become FATCA and CRS compliant, with effect from the applicable date as per applicable laws / rules/ regulations. As may be required by domestic or overseas regulators/ tax authorities, we may also be constrained to withhold and pay out any sums from your account or close or suspend your account(s). Axis MF may also have to comply with other similar laws as and when applicable.

SEBI issued its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated August 26, 2015 inter-alia advising intermediaries to take necessary steps to ensure compliance with the requirements specified in the rules and guidelines specified by the Government of India. AMFI also issued its best practices guidelines circular no. 63/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015 on this matter. The AMC and the Mutual Fund are required to adhere to various requirements inter-alia including submission of various information / details relating to the investors in the schemes of the mutual fund, to authorities, as specified under the applicable laws.

Accordingly, the following aspects need to be adhered to:

- With effect from November 1, 2015 all investors will have to mandatorily provide
 the information and declarations pertaining to FATCA/CRS for all new accounts
 opened, failing which the application / transaction request shall be liable to be
 rejected.
- For all new accounts opened by investors, from September 1, 2015 till October 31, 2015, MFs need to obtain relevant FATCA declarations. These details / certification need to be obtained by December 31, 2015, particularly in cases where, after Indicia search, a positive match is found with any US indicia. If certification is not provided by an investor or the reasonableness of self-certification cannot be confirmed, the account is treated as reportable.
- Investors are requested to note that under the alternative procedure provided in Rule 114H(8) of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, the financial institutions were required to obtain FATCA/CRS self-certification and carry out due diligence in respect of all individual and entity accounts opened from 1st July 2014 to 31st August 2015. Such self-certification and documentation was required to be obtained by the financial institutions by an extended timeline of 31st August 2016. In the event that such self-certification were not received within this timeline, financial institutions were required to close the account and if the account were found to be a "reportable account", report the same. In view of the difficulties highlighted by stakeholders in complying with the provision for "closure" of financial accounts, the Ministry of Finance, Government of India vide Press Release dated 31st August 2016 extended the time line for closure (from 31 August 2016) until further notification.



Further to this, the Ministry of Finance, Government of India vide its Press release dated April 11, 2017 directed financial institutions to obtain the self-certification by April 30, 2017, failing which the accounts would need to be blocked. The transactions in such blocked folios would, be permitted only once the self-certification is obtained and due diligence completed. Investors are advised to complete their self-certification at the earliest to prevent being inconvenienced on account of blocking of any folio(s).

Prospective investors and Unit holders will therefore be required to comply with the request of the Fund to furnish such information / documentation / declarations as and when deemed necessary by the Investment Manager in accordance with Applicable Laws. In case prospective investor / Unit holder fails to furnish the relevant information / documentation / declarations in accordance with Applicable Laws, the Fund reserves the right to reject the application or redeem the Units held directly or beneficially and may also require reporting of such accounts and/or levy of withholding tax on payments made to the Unit holders / investor and/or take any other action/s in accordance with Applicable Laws. FATCA-CRS provisions are relevant not only at on-boarding stage of Unit holders but also throughout the life cycle of investment with the Fund. Unit holders therefore should immediately intimate to the Fund/the Investment Manager, any change in their status with respect to any FATCA-CRS related information / documentation / declarations provided by them previously, including but not limited to any declarations provided in respect of residency of the Unit holders for tax purposes. Further, if the Fund and/or the Investment Manager is required by Applicable Laws, to provide information regarding the Fund and/or the unit holders / investors to any regulatory authority and/or the Fund Investments and/or income therefrom, and the Fund and/or the Investment Manager complies with such request in good faith, whether or not it was in fact enforceable, they shall not be liable to the Unit holders / investors or to any other party as a result of such compliance or in connection with such compliance.

Prospective investors / Unit holders should consult their own advisors to understand the implications of FATCA-CRS provisions/requirements. Please note that Axis MF will be unable to provide advice to any investor or counterparty about their tax status or FATCA/CRS classification relevant to their account. It is the responsibility of the investor or counterparty to ensure that they record their correct tax status / FATCA/ CRS classification. Investor/ counterparty may seek advice from their tax advisor in this regard. The onus to provide accurate, adequate and timely inputs in this regard would be that of the investor or counterparty. Any changes in earlier information provided must be intimated within 30 days of such change.

Investors are requested to provide all the necessary information / declarations to facilitate compliance, considering India's commitment to implement CRS and FATCA under the relevant international treaties.

Implementation of KYC requirements:

SEBI vide circular no. MIRSD/SE/Cir-21/2011 dated October 5, 2011 had mandated (i) Standard KYC form with uniform KYC guidelines and supporting documents to be used by SEBI registered intermediaries and (ii) Centralized KYC registration through KYC Registration Agencies (KRAs) registered with SEBI, w.e.f. January 1, 2012, to bring about uniform KYC process in the securities market, based on SEBI prescribed norms and the KYC details are shared with all SEBI registered intermediaries by the KRAs.

Subsequently, SEBI, vide its circular no. MIRSD/Cir-5/2012 dated April 13, 2012 advised various intermediaries to upload KYC data of its existing customers into the KRA system. While uploading KYC data into the KRA system, intermediaries were also required to highlight such 'Missing/Not Available' KYC information of a



customer, which was either not required or not taken previously, but was mandatory as per uniform KYC guidelines issued by SEBI.

In accordance with AMFI best practices guidelines circular no. 62/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015, it is mandatory for all new/existing investors to provide additional KYC information such as Income details, Occupation, association with politically exposed person, net worth etc. as mentioned in the application form. Subscription requests, without providing these details, are liable to be rejected. No subscriptions (whether fresh or additional) and switches pertaining to 'KYC on-hold' cases are accepted, unless the investor / unitholder also submits relevant KYC missing / updated information, which is appropriately updated on the KRA - KYC.

Further, it is mandatory for existing customers to complete In-Person Verification process and provide the missing KYC information failing which their applications / transaction requests for additional subscription (including switches) is liable to be rejected.

Central KYC Process

Central Registry of Securitisation and Asset Reconstruction and Security interest of India ('CERSAI') has been authorised by Government of India to act as Central KYC Records Registry under Prevention of Money-Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 ('PMLA Rules').

SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/66/2016 dated July 21, 2016 and circular no. CIR/MIRSD/120/2016 dated November 10, 2016 has prescribed that the Mutual Fund/ AMC should capture KYC information for sharing with CKYCR as per the KYC template prescribed by CERSAI for uniform and smooth implementation of CKYC norms for onboarding of new investors in Mutual Funds.

In accordance with the aforesaid SEBI circulars and AMFI best practice guidelines for implementation of CKYC norms with effect from February 1, 2017:

- a) Individual investors who have never done KYC process under KRA regime i.e. a new investor who is new to KRA system and whose KYC is not registered or verified in the KRA system shall be required to provide KYC details in the CKYC Form to the Mutual Fund/ AMC.
- b) Individual investor who fills old KRA KYC Form, should provide additional / missing information using Supplementary KYC Form or fill CKYC Form. The said form is available on Axis Mutual Fund website www.axismf.com.
- c) Details of investors shall be uploaded on the system of CKYCR and a 14 digit unique KYC Identification Number ('KIN') will be generated for such customer.
- d) New investors, who have completed CKYC process & have obtained KIN may quote their KIN in the application form instead of submitting CKYC Form/Supplementary KYC Form.
- e) AMC/ Mutual Fund shall use the KIN of the investor to download the KYC information from CKYCR system and update its records.
- f) If the PAN of investor is not updated on CKYCR system, the investor should submit self-certified copy of PAN card to the Mutual Fund/ AMC.

The AMC reserves the right to reject transaction application in case the investor(s) fails to submit information and/or documentation as mentioned above. In the event of non-compliance of KYC requirements, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to freeze the folio of the investor(s).

Submission of Aadhar Number

Pursuant to requirement under Prevention of Money Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005, Aadhar number/ copy or Proof of enrolment for Aadhar is required to be submitted by/for the following:

a) Where the investor is an individual, who is eligible to be enrolled for Aadhaar



number, the investor is required to submit the Aadhaar number issued by UIDAI. Where the Aadhaar number has not been assigned to an investor, the investor is required to submit proof of application of enrolment for Aadhaar. If such an individual investor is not eligible to be enrolled for Aadhaar number, and in case the Permanent Account Number (PAN) is not submitted, the investor shall submit one certified copy of an officially valid document containing details of his identity and address and one recent photograph along with such other details as may be required by the Mutual Fund. The investor is required to submit PAN as defined in the Income Tax Rules, 1962.

b) Where the investor is a non-individual, apart from the constitution documents, Aadhaar numbers and PANs as defined in Income-tax Rules, 1962 of managers, officers or employees or persons holding an attorney to transact on the investor's behalf is required to be submitted. Where an Aadhaar number has not been assigned, proof of application towards enrolment for Aadhaar is required to be submitted and in case PAN is not submitted an officially valid document is required to be submitted. If a person holding an authority to transact on behalf of such an entity is not eligible to be enrolled for Aadhaar and does not submit the PAN, certified copy of an officially valid document containing details of identity, address, photograph and such other documents as prescribed is required to be submitted.

Further, investors may kindly note that, if the name given in the application does not match the name as appearing on the PAN Card/Aadhaar card, authentication, application may be liable to get rejected or further transactions may be liable to get rejected.

Purpose of usage of Aadhar number

The purpose of collection/usage of Aadhaar number including demographic information is to comply with applicable laws/rules/regulations.

Who cannot invest

- Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA Act) except where registered with SEBI as a FPI or otherwise explicitly permitted under FEMA Act/ by RBI/ by any other applicable authority.
- 2. Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) circular no. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds.
- 3. NRIs residing in Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) as determined by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), from time to time.
- 4. U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada as defined under the applicable laws of U.S. and Canada except the following:
 - a. subscriptions received by way of lump sum / switches /systematic transactions received from Non-resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIO) / Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) who at the time of such investment, are present in India and
 - b. FPIs

These investors need to submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by the AMC/ the Trustee/ the Fund from time to time.

The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests on hold/reject the transaction request/reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard.

The Trustee / the AMC /the Fund reserve the right to change/ modify the above provisions at a later date.



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	5. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time.
Where can you	Please refer the back cover page of the Scheme Information Document
submit the filled up	
applications. How to Apply	Plages refer to the SAL and Application form for the instructions
Listing	Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions. The Units of the Scheme will be listed on the Exchange within 5 business days from
	the date of allotment or within such time as the Regulations permit. An investor can buy/ sell Units on the Exchange during the trading hours like any other publicly traded stock.
	The trading facility on the Exchange would be available from the date of listing till the date of suspension of trading by stock exchange(s) where the Scheme is listed.
	The trading of Units on BSE and/or any other Stock Exchange(s) on which the Units are listed will automatically get suspended one Business Day prior to the record date for redemption of Units on Maturity Date/ Final Redemption Date. No separate notice will be issued by the AMC informing about Maturity Record Date or Suspension of trading by the stock exchange. However, the Fund reserves the right to change the record date for maturity by issue of suitable notice. The Unit holders whose name(s) appear on the list of beneficial owners as per the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) on records date shall be entitled to receive redemption proceeds of Units.
	The price of the Units in the market on Exchange will depend on demand and supply and market factors and forces. There is no minimum investment amount for investment through Exchange, although Units dealt in minimum in lots of 1.
Special Products / facilities available during the NFO	Special features such as Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan and Systematic Withdrawal Plan shall not be available.
	SWITCHING OPTIONS During the NFO period (Switch request will be accepted upto 3.00 p.m. on the last day of the NFO), the Unit holders will be able to invest in the NFO of the respective Plan(s) under the Scheme by switching part or all of their Unit holdings held in the respective option(s) /plan(s) of the existing scheme(s) established by the Mutual Fund.
	This Option will be useful to Unit holders who wish to alter the allocation of their investment among the scheme(s) / plan(s) of the Mutual Fund (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the Units of the scheme(s) from where the Units are being switched) in order to meet their changed investment needs.
	The Switch will be effected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Scheme/ Plan and a reinvestment of the Redemption proceeds in the Scheme and accordingly, to be effective, the Switch must comply with the Redemption rules of the Scheme/ Plan and the issue rules of the Scheme (e.g. as to the minimum number of Units that may be redeemed or issued, Exit/ Entry Load etc). The price at which the Units will be Switched-out of the Scheme/ Plan will be based on the Redemption Price, and the proceeds will be invested in the Scheme at the prevailing sale price.
	The Switch request can be made on a pre-printed form or by using the relevant tear off section of the Transaction Slip enclosed with the Account Statement, which should be submitted at / may be sent by mail to any of the ISCs.
	ONLINE TRANSACTIONS Axis Mutual Fund may allow Transactions by electronic mode through the AMC website / Mobile Application (during the NFO for existing/new investors). The Subscription proceeds, when invested through this mode, are by way of direct



debits to the designated bank through payment gateway. The Redemption proceeds, (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) through this mode, are directly credited to the bank account of the Investors who have an account at the designated banks with whom the AMC has made arrangements from time to time or through NEFT/ RTGS or through cheque/ Payorder/ Demand draft issuance. The AMC will have right to modify the procedure of transaction processing without any prior intimation to the Investor.

Investment amount through this facility may be restricted by the AMC from time to time in line with prudent risk management requirements and to protect the overall interest of the Investors.

For details of the facility, investors are requested to refer to the website of the AMC.

TRANSACTIONS THROUGH ELECTRONIC PLATFORM(S) OF KARVY COMPUTERSHARE PVT. LTD.

Investors may be allowed to transact through www.karvymfs.com, an electronic platform provided by M/s. Karvy Computershare Pvt. Ltd. ('Karvy'), Registrar & Transfer Agent, in Schemes of Axis Mutual Fund ('Fund') (except Axis Gold ETF). The facility will also be available through mobile application of Karvy i.e. 'KTRACK'.

The uniform cut off time as prescribed under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and as mentioned in SID and KIM of the Scheme will be applicable for transactions received through the above electronic platform and the time of receipt of transaction recorded on the server(s) of Karvy will be reckoned as the time for the purpose of determining applicability of NAV, subject to credit of funds to bank account of scheme, wherever applicable.

The facility is subject to operating quidelines, terms and conditions as may be prescribed by Karvy or as may be specified by Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. from time to time. For operating guidelines and terms and conditions, investors are requested to visit www.karvymfs.com.

Time of receipt of transaction recorded on the server(s) of Karvy will continue to be reckoned for electronic transactions received through AMC website/ Distributor website/applications etc subject to credit of funds to bank account of scheme, wherever applicable.

PURCHASE OF UNITS THROUGH STOCK EXCHANGE INFRASTRUCTURE

Investors may be provided facility to subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through the mutual fund trading platforms of the Bombay Stock Exchange ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange ("NSE") – with NSDL and CDSL as depositories for such units of the mutual fund.

NSE has introduced Mutual Fund Service System (MFSS) Platform and BSE has introduced BSE StAR MF Platform.

The following are the salient features of the facility:

- 1. The facility is available for both existing and new investors.
- 2. The Investors will be able to purchase units of the Scheme. Further, facility to switch units shall be provided if are available on the platform.
- 3. Maximum subscription: The investors can purchase units of the Scheme by using NSE MFSS/ BSE StAR platform for transaction value less than Rs. 1 Crore.
- 4. List of additional Official Point of Acceptance The following shall be the additional Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions for the Scheme:



All trading members of BSE & NSE who are registered with AMFI as Mutual Fund Advisors and also registered with BSE & NSE as Participants ("AMFI registered stock exchange brokers") will be eligible to offer this facility to investors and shall be treated as official point of acceptance.

Units of mutual fund schemes shall be permitted to be transacted through clearing members of the registered Stock Exchanges. Further, the Depository Participants of registered Depositories are permitted to process only redemption request of units held in demat form.

Clearing members and Depository participants will be considered as Official Points of Acceptance (OPA) of Axis Mutual Fund and conditions stipulated in SEBI circular no. SEBI /IMD / CIR No.11/183204/2009 dated November 13, 2009 for stock brokers viz. AMFI /NISM certification, code of conduct prescribed by SEBI for Intermediaries of Mutual Fund, shall be applicable for such Clearing members and Depository participants as well.

- 5. The window for purchase/redemption of units on BSE StAR & NSE MFSS will be available between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. or such other timings as may be decided.
- 6. Investors may hold the units in dematerialized form or physical mode for transacting through BSE STAR & NSE MFSS.
- 7. Investors shall be able to purchase units in the Scheme in demat mode in the following manner:
 - (i) Investors shall receive redemption amount (if units are redeemed) and units (if units are purchased) through broker/ clearing member's pool account. Axis Asset Management Company Limited (the "AMC")/Axis Mutual Fund (the "Mutual Fund") shall pay proceeds to the broker/clearing member (in case of redemption) and broker/clearing member in turn to the respective investor and similarly units shall be credited by the AMC/ Mutual Fund into broker/clearing member's pool account (in case of purchase) and broker/clearing member in turn shall credit the units to the respective investor's demat account.
 - (ii) Payment of redemption proceeds to the broker/clearing members by AMC/Mutual Fund shall discharge AMC/Mutual Fund of its obligation of payment to individual investor. Similarly, in case of purchase of units, crediting units into broker/clearing member pool account shall discharge AMC/Mutual Fund of its obligation to allot units to individual investor.

In case of transaction through distributors using BSE Star/ MFSS, the distributor shall not handle payout and pay in of funds as well as units on behalf of investor. The pay in in such cases will be directly received by recognised clearing corporation and payout will be directly made to investor account. In the same manner, units shall be credited and debited directly from the demat account of investors.

- 8. Applications for purchase of units which are incomplete /invalid are liable to be rejected.
- 9. For all the transactions done through these platforms, separate Folio. No. shall be allotted to the existing and the new investors. The bank a/c number, address, nomination details etc. shall be the same as per the Demat account of the investor. In case of non-financial requests/applications such as change of address, change of bank details, etc. for units held in demat mode investors should approach the respective Depository Participant(s) and OPAT of AMC for units held in physical mode.
- Investors will have to comply with Know Your Customer (KYC) norms as prescribed by BSE/NSE/CDSL/ NSDL and Axis Mutual Fund to participate in this facility.
- 11. Investors should get in touch with Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of Axis Mutual Fund for further details.



<u>Transaction routed through Distributor/ SEBI Registered Investment Advisor:</u>

SEBI circular no. CIR/MRD/DSA/32/2013 dated October 4, 2013 and circular no. CIR/MRD/DSA/33/2014 dated December 9, 2014, has permitted Mutual Fund Distributors ("MF Distributors") and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/MRD/DSA/CIR/P/2016/113 dated October 19, 2016 permitted SEBI Registered Investment Advisors ("RIAs") to use recognized Stock Exchange infrastructure to purchase/redeem units directly from Mutual Fund/AMC on behalf of their clients.

MF Distributor registered with AMFI or RIAs, will be eligible to use NMF-II platform of NSE (in addition to other intermediaries) and / or of BSE StAR MF platform of BSE to purchase and redeem units of schemes of the Fund.

In addition to the guidelines specified for transacting through MFSS/BSE StAR MF Platform above, following guidelines shall be applicable for transactions executed through MF Distributors/ RIAs on NMF-II / BSE StAR MF Platform:

- MF distributors/RIAs shall not handle pay out/pay in of funds as well as units on behalf of investor. Pay in will be directly received by recognized clearing corporation and payout will be directly made to investor account. In the same manner, units shall be credited and debited directly from the demat account of investors.
- 2. Transactions only in physical (non-demat) transactions will be permitted through NMF-II / BSE StAR MF Platform.

The facility of transacting in mutual fund schemes through stock exchange infrastructure is available subject to such operating guidelines, terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the respective Stock Exchanges from time to time.

FACILITY TO TRANSACT THROUGH MF UTILITY PORTAL & MFUI POINTS OF SERVICES

AMC has entered into an Agreement with MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFUI"), a "Category II – Registrar to an Issue" under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, for usage of MF Utility ("MFU") - a shared services initiative of various Asset Management Companies, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.

Accordingly, investors are requested to note that in addition to the existing official points of acceptance ("OPA") for accepting transactions in the units of the schemes of the Axis mutual Fund as disclosed in the SID, www.mfuonline.com i.e. online transaction portal of MFU and the authorized Points of Service ("POS") designated by MUFI shall also be the OPA with effect from the dates as may be specified by MFUI on its website/AMC by issuance of necessary communication.

All financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of Axis Mutual Fund can be done through MFU either electronically on www.mfuonline.com as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI or physically through the POS of MFUI with effect from the respective dates as published on MFUI website against the respective POS locations. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com. This will be updated from time to time.

The uniform cut-off time as prescribed SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations 1996, circulars issued by SEBI and as mentioned in the SID / KIM of respective schemes shall be applicable for applications received on the portal of MFUI i.e. www.mfuonline.com. However, investors should note that transactions on the MFUI portal shall be subject to the terms & conditions (including those relating to eligibility of investors) as stipulated by MFUI / Axis Mutual Fund / the AMC from time to time and in accordance to the laws applicable.



MFUI will allot a Common Account Number ("CAN"), a single reference number for all investments in the Mutual Fund industry, for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form (CRF) and necessary documents at the MFUI POS. The AMC and / or its Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors / distributors through MFU.

EASY CALL FACILITY

All individual investors in the Scheme applying on "Sole" or "Anyone or Survivor" basis in their own capacity shall be eligible to avail of Easy Call facilities for permitted transactions inter alia on the following terms and conditions: ("Terms and Conditions" mean the terms and conditions set out below by which the Facility shall be used/availed by the Investor/s and shall include all modifications and supplements made by AMC thereto from time to time).

Axis Mutual Fund may allow transactions including by way of Lumpsum Purchase/Redemption / Switch of Units over phone. Initial Investment has to be through the physical mode wherein he has to sign a one time debit mandate for bank accounts pertaining to designated banks with which the AMC may have an arrangement. This facility is extended to the bank with which the Fund would have an arrangement from time to time. Investment amount may be restricted by the AMC from time to time in line with prudent risk management requirements and to protect the overall interest of the Investors. Investor will be allowed transactions over phone after 30 days from the date of submission of one time mandate. Investor will not be permitted to avail the Easy call facility for Redemptions/Switch transactions if bank mandate is changed with in last 15 days. AMC will have right to modify the procedure of transaction processing without any prior intimation to the Investor.

The AMC has a right to ask such information (Key Information) from the available data of the Investor/s before allowing him access to avail the Facility. If for any reason, the AMC is not satisfied with the replies of the Investor/s, the AMC has at its sole discretion the right of refusing access without assigning any reasons to the Investor/s.

It is clarified that the Facility is only with a view to accommodate /facilitate the Investor/s and offered at the sole discretion of the AMC. The AMC is not bound and/or obliged in any way to give access Facility to Investor/s.

The Investor/s shall check his/her account records carefully and promptly. If the Investor/s believes that there has been a mistake in any transaction using the Facility, or that unauthorized transaction has been effected, the Investor/s shall notify the AMC immediately. If the Investor/s defaults in intimating the discrepancies in the statement within a period of fifteen days of receipt of the statements, he waives all his rights to raise the same in favour of the AMC, unless the discrepancy /error is apparent on the face of it. By opting for the facility the Investor/s hereby irrevocably authorizes and instructs the AMC to act as his /her agent and to do all such acts as AMC may find necessary to provide the Facility.

The Investor/s shall at all times be bound by any modifications and/or variations made to these Terms and Conditions by the AMC at their sole discretion and without notice to them.

The Investor/s agrees and confirms that the AMC has the right to ask the Investor/s for an oral or written confirmation of any transaction request using the Facility and/or any additional information regarding the Account of the Investor/s.

The Investor/s agrees and confirms that the AMC may at its sole discretion suspend



the Facility in whole or in part at any time without prior notice.

The Investor/s shall not assign any right or interest or delegate any obligation arising herein.

The Investor/s shall take responsibility for all the transactions conducted by using the Facility and will abide by the record of transactions generated by the AMC. Further, the Investor/s confirms that such records generated by the AMC shall be conclusive proof and binding for all purposes and may be used as evidence in any proceedings and unconditionally waives all objections in this behalf.

The Investor/s agrees that use of the Facility will be deemed acceptance of the Terms and Conditions and the Investor/s will unequivocally be bound by these Terms and Conditions. The Investor agrees that all calls received shall be eligible for applicable NAV subject to necessary formalities to be complied by the AMC in case of transaction through Easy Call Facility on or before the uniform cut off time.

Requests like change in bank mandate, change of nomination, change in mode of holding, change of address or such other requests as the AMC may decide from time to time will not be permitted using the Easy Call facility.

INDEMNITIES IN FAVOUR OF THE AMC: The Investor/s shall not hold the AMC liable for the following:

- 1) For any transaction using the Facilities carried out in good faith by the AMC on instructions of the Investor/s.
- 2) For the unauthorized usage/unauthorized transactions conducted by using the Facility.
- 3) For any loss or damage incurred or suffered by the Investor/s due to any error, defect, failure or interruption in the provision of the Facility arising from or caused by any reason whatsoever.
- 4) For any negligence / mistake or misconduct by the Investor/s.
- 5) For any breach or non-compliance by the Investor/s of the rules/terms and conditions stated in this Document.
- 6) For accepting instructions given by any one of the Investor/s in case of joint account/s having mode of operations as "Either or Survivor" or "anyone or survivor".
- 7) For not verifying the identity of the person giving the telephone instructions in the Investor/s name.
- 8) For not carrying out any such instructions where the AMC has reason to believe (which decision of the AMC the Investor/s shall not question or dispute) that the instructions given are not genuine or are otherwise improper, unclear, vague or raise a doubt.
- For carrying out a transaction after such reasonable verification as the AMC may deem fit regarding the identity of the Investor/s
- 10) In case of error in NAV communication.
- 11) For accepting instructions given by any one of the Investor/s or his / her authorized person.

Miscellaneous:

- a. The Investor/s agrees and understands that while this Facility is being introduced without any charges being levied; in case charges are to be levied on a future date he agrees to pay such charges and nonpayment in such an event can lead to termination of these services.
- b. Any dispute arising out of or in connection with these Terms and Conditions, will be referred to the arbitration of a sole arbitrator to be appointed by the AMC, in accordance with the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996.
- c. These Terms and Conditions are subject to applicable SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time and includes Guidelines,



Circular press release or Notification that may be issued.

EASY SMS FACILITY

This facility may be made available for individual investors (registration process to be completed by the investor to avail this facility). For details of the registration process, please contact our Investor Service Centres/website of the AMC.

All individual investors applying on "Sole" or "Anyone or Survivor" basis in their own capacity shall be eligible to avail the facility for permitted transactions i.e. for lump sum purchase, redemption and switch transactions on the below mentioned terms and conditions (:. "Terms and Conditions" mean the terms and conditions set out below by which the Facility shall be used/availed by the Investors and shall include all modifications and supplements made by AMC thereto from time to time).

Initial Investment has to be through the physical mode wherein the Investor has to sign a one time debit mandate for bank accounts pertaining to designated banks with which the AMC may have an arrangement. This facility is extended to the bank with which the Fund would have an arrangement from time to time. Transaction amount may be restricted by the AMC from time to time in line with prudent risk management requirements and to protect the overall interest of the Investors. Investor will be allowed transactions over SMS after 30 days from the date of submission of one time mandate. Investor will not be permitted to avail the facility for Redemptions/Switch transactions if bank mandate is changed within last 15 days. AMC will have right to modify the procedure of transaction processing without any prior intimation to the Investor.

The AMC has a right to ask such information (Key Information) from the available data of the Investors before allowing him access to avail the Facility. If for any reason, the AMC is not satisfied with the replies of the Investors, the AMC has at its sole discretion the right of refusing access without assigning any reasons to the Investors.

This facility can be availed only through the registered mobile number of the Investor.

It is clarified that the Facility is only with a view to accommodate /facilitate the Investors and offered at the sole discretion of the AMC. The AMC is not bound and/or obliged in any way to give access to Facility to Investors. The Investors shall check his/her account records carefully and promptly. If the Investors believe that there has been a mistake in any transaction using the Facility, or that unauthorized transaction has been effected, the Investors shall notify the AMC immediately. If the Investors defaults in intimating the discrepancies in the statement within a period of fifteen days of receipt of the statements, he waives all his rights to raise the same in favour of the AMC, unless the discrepancy /error is apparent on the face of it. By opting for the facility the Investors hereby irrevocably authorizes and instructs the AMC to act as his /her agent and to do all such acts as AMC may find necessary to provide the Facility.

The Investors shall at all times be bound by any modifications and/or variations made to these Terms and Conditions by the AMC at their sole discretion and without notice to them.

The Investor agrees and confirms that the AMC has the right to ask the Investor for an oral or written confirmation of any transaction request using the Facility and/or any additional information regarding the Account of the Investor. The Investor agrees and confirms that the AMC may at its sole discretion suspend the Facility in whole or in part at any time without prior notice. The Investor shall not assign any right or interest or delegate any obligation arising herein. The Investor shall take



responsibility for all the transactions conducted by using the Facility and will abide by the record of transactions generated by the AMC. Further, the Investor confirms that such records generated by the AMC shall be conclusive proof and binding for all purposes and may be used as evidence in any proceedings and unconditionally waives all objections in this behalf.

The Investor agrees that use of the Facility will be deemed acceptance of the Terms and Conditions and the Investor will unequivocally be bound by these Terms and Conditions. The Investor agrees that all transactions received shall be eligible for applicable NAV subject to necessary formalities to be complied by the AMC in case of transaction through the facility on or before the uniform cut off time.

Requests like change in bank mandate, change of nomination, change in mode of holding, change of address or such other requests as the AMC may decide from time to time will not be permitted using the facility.

Investors should SMS HELP PURCHASE/REDEMPTION/SWITCH to 9212010033 in order to avail the facility post registration. The procedure for availing the facility will be communicated to the investor. Alternatively, the investor can also get in touch with the Investor Service Centres of the AMC.

Karvy, Registrar & Transfer Agents to Axis Mutual Fund having its office at Unit: Axis Mutual Fund, Karvy Selenium, Tower B, Plot number 31 & 32, Financial District, Gachibowli, Hyderabad - 500008 will be the official point of acceptance for such transactions received for Axis Mutual Fund schemes.

INDEMNITIES IN FAVOUR OF THE AMC: The Investor/s shall not hold the AMC liable for the following:

- 1) For any transaction using the Facilities carried out in good faith by the AMC on instructions of the Investor/s.
- 2) For the unauthorized usage/unauthorized transactions conducted by using the Facility.
- 3) For any loss or damage incurred or suffered by the Investor/s due to any error, defect, failure or interruption in the provision of the Facility arising from or caused by any reason whatsoever.
- 4) For any negligence / mistake or misconduct by the Investor/s.
- 5) For any breach or non-compliance by the Investor/s of the rules/terms and conditions stated herein.
- 6) For accepting instructions given by any one of the Investor/s in case of joint account/s having mode of operations as "Either or Survivor" or "anyone or survivor"
- 7) For not verifying the identity of the person giving the SMS instructions (provided it is through the mobile number registered with the AMC).
- 8) For not carrying out any such instructions where the AMC has reason to believe (which decision of the AMC the Investor/s shall not question or dispute) that the instructions given are not genuine or are otherwise improper, unclear, vague or raise a doubt.
- For carrying out a transaction after such reasonable verification as the AMC may deem fit regarding the identity of the Investor/s
- 10) In case of error in NAV communication.
- 11) For accepting instructions given by any one of the Investor/s or his / her authorized person.

Miscellaneous:

a. The Investor/s agrees and understands that while this Facility is being introduced without any charges being levied; in case charges are to be levied on a future date he agrees to pay such charges and nonpayment in such an event can lead to termination of these services.



The policy regarding	 b. Any dispute arising out of or in connection with these Terms and Conditions, will be referred to the arbitration of a sole arbitrator to be appointed by the AMC, in accordance with the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996. c. These Terms and Conditions are subject to applicable SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time and includes Guidelines, Circular press release or Notification that may be issued. Units issued under the Scheme will be listed and therefore no repurchase facility is
reissue of repurchased Units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	being provided. On maturity, the units held will be redeemed and proceeds paid to the investors.
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of Units being offered.	The Units of the Scheme are not transferable except for Units held in dematerialized form. In view of the same, additions / deletions of names will not be allowed under any folio. However, the said provisions will not be applicable in case a person (i.e. a transferee) becomes a holder of the Units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge, then the AMC shall, subject to production of such satisfactory evidence and submission of such documents, proceed to effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units of the scheme.
	The said provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of a Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of Units and not transfer.
	As the Units of the Scheme will also be issued in dematerialized form, the Units will be transferable through the Stock Exchange(s) on which the said Units are listed in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.
	The delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in the requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules/regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized form.
	SUSPENSION OF SALE / REDEMPTION OF THE UNITS
	The Sale/ Redemption of the Units may be temporarily suspended, on the stock exchange(s) on which the Units of the Scheme are Listed, under the following conditions:
	 During the period of Book Closure. During the suspension of trading in units of the Scheme by Stock Exchange(s) prior to record date for determining the Unit holders whose name(s) appear on the list of beneficial owners as per the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) records for the purpose of redemption of Units on Maturity / Final Redemption date/Declaration of Dividend. In the event of any unforeseen situation that affects the normal functioning of the stock exchange(s). If so directed by SEBI.
	The above list is not exhaustive and may also include other factors.
Third Party Payment	Please refer SAI for details
Avoidance and additional	
documents /	
declaration required	



Cash Investments in mutual funds

In order to help enhance the reach of mutual fund products amongst small investors, who may not be tax payers and may not have PAN/bank accounts, such as farmers, small traders/businessmen/workers, SEBI has permitted receipt of cash transactions for fresh purchases/ additional purchases to the extent of Rs. 50,000/per investor, per mutual fund, per financial year subject to:

- compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under; the SEBI circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable Anti Money Laundering Rules, Regulations and Guidelines; and
- ii. sufficient systems and procedures in place.

However, payment towards redemptions, dividend, etc. with respect to aforementioned investments shall be paid only through banking channel.

The Fund/ AMC is currently in the process of setting up appropriate systems and procedures for the said purpose. Appropriate notice shall be displayed on its website viz. as well as at the Investor Service Centres, once the facility is made available to the investors.

B. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS

Default Plan/ Option

The investors may refer to the paragraph under New Fund offer Section for applicability of Direct Plan/ Regular Plan under different scenario.

Ongoing Offer Period This is the date from which the Scheme will reopen for Subscriptions/ redemptions after the closure of the NFO period.

Being a close ended Scheme, Investors can subscribe to the Units of the scheme during the New Fund Offer Period only and the scheme will not re-open for subscriptions after the closure of NFO. The redemption facility would be provided only on Maturity.

However, subsequent to closure of NFO and upon listing of Units on Exchange, buying or selling of Units by Unit holders / Investors can be made on the Exchange. Units can be bought or sold like any other listed stock on the Exchange at prevailing market prices.

AMC reserves the right to decide whether to continue or suspend the trading of units on BSE and/ or any other Stock Exchange. AMC shall adhere to the procedures / process, if any, prescribed under the extant regulations.

The minimum number of Units that can be bought or sold on the Exchange is one Unit. The Units' market prices may be at a premium/discount to its NAV. Dealings by the Unit holders / Investors on the Exchange will be also subject to Exchange Rules and Regulations.

Unit holders are requested to note that in respect of Switch in requests, made for the Units held in dematerialized form, into any scheme, the Units of which are or shall be listed on any recognized Stock Exchange(s), the balance amount represented for the fractional Units of the Switch-in Scheme will be refunded to the Unit holders.



Ongoing price for Subscription (purchase)/Switch-in (from other Schemes/Plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors. This is the price you need to pay for

purchase/Switch-in.
Ongoing price for Redemption (Sale)
/Switch outs (to other Schemes/Plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors.

This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.

AMC reserves the right to decide whether to continue or suspend the trading of units on BSE and/ or any other Stock Exchange. AMC shall adhere to the procedures / process, if any, prescribed under the extant regulations.

The minimum number of Units that can be bought or sold on the Exchange is one Unit. The Units' market prices may be at a premium/discount to its NAV. Dealings by the Unit holders / Investors on the Exchange will be also subject to Exchange Rules and Regulations.

Unit holders are requested to note that in respect of Switch in requests, made for the Units held in dematerialized form, into any scheme, the Units of which are or shall be listed on any recognized Stock Exchange(s), the balance amount represented for the fractional Units of the Switch-in Scheme will be refunded to the Unit holders.

Cut off timing fo Subscriptions/ redemptions/ Switches

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the Official Points of Acceptance.

After close of NFO Period, the Fund will not provide facility for subscription / redemption / switches, and hence cut-off timing provisions do not apply.

The above mentioned cut off timing shall be applicable to transactions through the online trading platform.

The Date of Acceptance will be reckoned as per the date & time; the transaction is entered in stock exchange's infrastructure for which a system generated confirmation slip will be issued to the investor.

In case of switch-out proposed for investing the redemption proceeds in another scheme of the Fund, the switch-out request will be accepted upto 3.00 p.m. on the Maturity Date.

Dealings by the Unit holders/ Investors on Exchange will be also subject to Exchange Rules and Regulations.

Settlement of purchase/ sale of Units of the Scheme on BSE

Buying/ Selling of units of the Schemes on the BSE is just like buying/ selling any other normal listed security. If an investor has bought units, he has to pay the purchase amount to the trading member/ sub-broker, such that the amount paid is realised by the trading member who has bought the units before the funds pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the BSE. If an investor has sold units, he has to deliver the units to the broker/ sub-broker before the securities pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the BSE. The units (in the case of units bought) and the funds (in the case of units sold) are paid out to the trading member on the payout day of the settlement cycle on the BSE. The Exchange regulations stipulate that the trading member should pay the money or units to the investor within 24 hours of the payout.

If an investor has bought units, he should give standing instructions for 'Delivery- In' to his DP for accepting units in his beneficiary account. An investor should give the details of his beneficiary account and the DP-ID of his DP to his trading member/sub-broker. The trading member will transfer the units directly to the investor's



	beneficiary account on receipt of the same from Exchanges' Clearing Corporation.
	An investor who has sold units should instruct his (DP) to give 'Delivery Out' instructions to transfer the units from his beneficiary account to the Pool Account of his trading member through whom he has sold the units. The details of the Pool A/c of his trading member to which the units are to be transferred, unit quantity etc. should be mentioned in the Delivery Out instructions given by him to the DP.
	The instructions should be given well before the prescribed securities pay-in day.
Where can the	Rolling Settlement The Pay-in and Pay-out of funds and the securities/units takes place within 2 working days after the trading date. The pay-in and pay-out days for funds and securities are prescribed as per the Settlement Cycle of the Exchange. The Units of the Scheme will not be available for subscriptions / switch-in after the
applications for	closure of NFO Period.
purchase/redemption Switches be submitted?	Units will be automatically redeemed on the Maturity Date, except requests for switch-out received by the Fund. Such switch-out requests can be submitted at any of the Official Points of Acceptance.
	The application forms for switch-out of units on the Maturity date should be submitted at / may be sent by mail to, any of the ISCs/ Official Points of Acceptance whose names and addresses are mentioned on the back cover page of the SID.
	For details on updated list of ISCs / Official Points of Acceptance investors are requested to call the toll free number or contact the AMC branches or log on to our website www.axismf.com .
Minimum amount for purchase/ Redemption/ Switches	The Units of the Scheme will not be available for subscriptions / switch-in after the closure of NFO Period.
Minimum balance to be maintained and	Not applicable
consequences of non maintenance.	
Special Products	Switch out facility
available	Unit holders under the Scheme have the option to Switch part or all of their Unit holdings in the Scheme to any other Scheme offered by the Mutual Fund from time to time on the date of maturity.
	The Switch will be effected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Scheme at Applicable NAV, subject to Exit Load, if any and reinvestment of the Redemption proceeds into another Scheme offered by the Mutual Fund at Applicable NAV and accordingly the Switch must comply with the Redemption rules of the Switch out Scheme and the Subscription rules of the Switch in Scheme.
	Automatic Switch of Redemption proceeds on Maturity (Auto Maturity Switch) The Mutual Fund provides the investors the flexibility to switch their redemption proceeds receivable on maturity of the scheme to any of the open ended schemes of Axis Mutual Fund. Investor can choose to avail of this facility only at the time of making the application to subscribe to the units of the scheme. To make the switch effective, investor needs to hold all the units till maturity of the scheme. The switch shall be subject to the applicable terms and conditions of both the switch-out scheme and switch-in scheme as regards the minimum number of Units that may be redeemed or issued, Exit / Entry Load etc.



However, investor shall have an option to alter his preference from auto maturity switch to Payout Option by submitting a written request, at any time during the tenure of the scheme, not later than 7 working days from the maturity of the scheme.

This Auto switch facility shall be affected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Scheme on its maturity and investment of the Redemption proceeds to any Open ended schemes of Axis Mutual Fund on the date of maturity (or the next business day if date of maturity is a non-business day).

For details of the facility, please contact any ISC of Axis Mutual Fund.

Accounts Statements/ Allotment advice

CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNT STATEMENT (CAS)

CAS is an account statement detailing all the transactions and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges paid to the distributor, across all schemes of all mutual funds. CAS issued to investors shall also provide the total purchase value/cost of investment in each scheme.

Further, CAS issued for the half-year (September/ March) shall also provide

- a. The amount of actual commission paid by AMC/Mutual Fund to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each scheme.
- b. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.

The word transaction will include purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan and systematic transfer plan.

a) For Unitholders not holding Demat Account:

CAS for each calendar month shall be issued, on or before tenth day of succeeding month by the AMC.

The AMC shall ensure that a CAS for every half yearly (September/ March) is issued, on or before tenth day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six month, across all schemes of all mutual funds, to all such investors in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period.

The AMC shall identify common investors across fund houses by their Permanent Account Number (PAN) for the purposes of sending CAS. In the event the account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit Holder shall receive the Account Statement.

The AMC will send statement of accounts by e-mail where the Investor has provided the e-mail id. Additionally, the AMC may at its discretion send Account Statements individually to the investors.

b) For Unitholders holding Demat Account:

SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/31/2014 dated November 12, 2014, in order to enable a single consolidated view of all the investments of an investor in Mutual Fund and securities held in demat form with Depositories, has required Depositories to generate and dispatch a single CAS for investors having mutual fund investments and holding demat accounts.

In view of the aforesaid requirement, for investors who hold demat account, for



transactions in the schemes of Axis Mutual Fund on or after February 1, 2015, a CAS, based on PAN of the holders, will be sent by Depositories to investors holding demat account, for each calendar month within 10th day of the succeeding month to the investors in whose folios transactions have taken place during that month.

CAS will be sent by Depositories every half yearly (September/March), on or before 10th day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six month, to all such investors in whose folios and demat accounts there have been no transactions during that period.

CAS sent by Depositories is a statement containing details relating to all financial transactions made by an investor across all mutual funds viz. purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and transaction in dematerialized securities across demat accounts of the investors and holding at the end of the month.

In case of demat accounts with nil balance and no transactions in securities and in mutual fund folios, the depository shall send account statement in terms of regulations applicable to the depositories. Investors whose folio(s)/ demat account(s) are not updated with PAN shall not receive CAS.

Consolidation of account statement is done on the basis of PAN. Investors are therefore requested to ensure that their folio(s)/ demat account(s) are updated with PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding.

For Unit Holders who have provided an e-mail address to the Mutual Fund or in KYC records, the CAS is sent by e-mail. However, where an investor does not wish to receive CAS through email, option is given to the investor to receive the CAS in physical form at the address registered in the Depository system.

Investors who do not wish to receive CAS sent by depositories have an option to indicate their negative consent. Such investors may contact the depositories to opt out. Investors who do not hold demat account continue to receive CAS sent by RTA/AMC, based on the PAN, covering transactions across all mutual funds as per the current practice.

In case an investor has multiple accounts across two depositories; the depository with whom the account has been opened earlier will be the default depository.

The dispatches of CAS by the depositories constitute compliance by the AMC/ the Fund with the requirement under Regulation 36(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations. However, the AMC reserves the right to furnish the account statement in addition to the CAS, if deemed fit in the interest of investor(s).

Investors whose folio(s)/demat account(s) are not updated with PAN shall not receive CAS. Investors are therefore requested to ensure that their folio(s)/demat account(s) are updated with PAN.

For folios not included in the CAS (due to non-availability of PAN), the AMC shall issue monthly account statement to such Unit holder(s), for any financial transaction undertaken during the month on or before 10th of succeeding month by mail or email.

For folios not eligible to receive CAS (due to non-availability of PAN), the AMC shall issue an account statement detailing holding across all schemes at the end of every six months (i.e. September/March), on or before 10th day of



succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period shall be sent by mail/e-mail.

OPTION TO HOLD UNITS IN DEMATERIALIZED (DEMAT) FORM

Investors shall have an option to receive allotment of Mutual Fund units in their demat account while subscribing to the Units of the scheme in terms of the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) from time to time.

Investors desirous of having the Units of the Scheme in dematerialized form should contact the ISCs of the AMC/Registrar.

Where units are held by investor in dematerialized form, the demat statement issued by the Depository Participant would be deemed adequate compliance with the requirements in respect of dispatch of statements of account.

In case investors desire to convert their existing physical units (represented by statement of account) into dematerialized form or vice versa, the request for conversion of units held in physical form into Demat (electronic) form or vice versa should be submitted along with a Demat/Remat Request Form to their Depository Participants. In case the units are desired to be held by investor in dematerialized form, the KYC performed by Depository Participant shall be considered compliance of the applicable SEBI norms.

Units held in Demat form are freely transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favour of transferees who are capable of holding units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the Depository Participant in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.

For details, Investors may contact any of the Investor Service Centres of the AMC.

Dividend

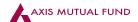
The Dividend warrants/cheque/demand draft shall be dispatched to the Unit holders within 30 days of the date of declaration of the Dividend.

If the payment is not made within the period stipulated in the Regulations, the Unit Holder shall be paid interest @15% p.a. or as specified by SEBI for the delayed period and the interest shall be borne by the AMC.

The Dividend proceeds will be paid by way of EC\$ / EFT / NEFT / RTG\$ / Direct credits/ any other electronic manner if sufficient banking details are available with the Mutual Fund for the Investor.

In case of specific request for Dividend by warrants/cheques/demand drafts or unavailability of sufficient details with the Mutual Fund, the Dividend will be paid by warrant/cheques/demand drafts and payments will be made in favour of the Unit holder (registered holder of the Units or, if there are more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder) with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund (please note that it is mandatory for the Unit holders to provide the Bank account details as per the directives of SEBI).

Further, based on the list provided by the Depositories (NSDL/ CDSL) giving the details of the demat account holders and the number of Units held by them in electronic form on the Record date, the Registrars & Transfer Agent will pay the dividend proceeds by forwarding a dividend warrant/Demand Draft/Cheque or



directly crediting the bank account linked to the demat account depending on the mode of receipt of dividend proceeds chosen by the Unit holder. Redemption As the Scheme is close ended scheme, investors will not be able to redeem their units during the tenor of the Scheme. Units under the Scheme will be compulsorily and without any further act by the Unit holder(s) redeemed on the Maturity Date of the Scheme. The redemption proceeds shall be dispatched to the unit holders within 10 working days from the Maturity Date of the Scheme. Procedure for payment of redemption. 1. Resident Investors Redemption proceeds will be paid to the investor through Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS), NEFT, Direct Credit, Cheque or Demand Draft. a) If investor has provided IFSC code in the application form, by default redemption proceeds shall be to be credited to Investor's account through RTGS/NEFT. b) If Investor has neither provided IFSC code nor the NEFT code but have a bank account with Banks with whom the Fund would has an arrangement for Direct Credit from time to time, the proceeds will be paid through direct credit. c) Incase if investor bank account does not fall in the above a to b categories, redemption proceeds will be paid by cheques/demand drafts, marked "Account Payee only" and drawn in the name of the sole holder / first-named holder (as determined by the records of the Registrar). The bank name and bank account number, as specified in the Registrar's records, will be mentioned in the cheque/demand draft. The cheque will be payable at par at all bank branch or specific cities. If the Unit Holder resides in any other city, he will be paid by a demand draft payable at the city of his residence and the demand draft charges shall be borne by the AMC (please refer SAI for details). The redemption proceeds will be sent by courier or (if the addressee city is not serviced by the courier) by registered post/UCP. The dispatch for the purpose of delivery through the courier / postal department, as the case may be, shall be treated as delivery to the investor. The AMC / Registrar are not responsible for any delayed delivery or non-delivery or any consequences thereof, if the dispatch has been made correctly as stated in this paragraph. The AMC reserves the right to change the sequence of payment from (a) to (c) without any prior notice For Unit holders who have given specific request for Cheque/Demand Draft Redemption proceeds will be paid by cheque/demand drafts and payments will be made in favour of the Unit holder with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund (Please note that it is mandatory for the Unit holders to provide the Bank account details as per the directives of SEBI). Redemption cheques will be sent to the Unit holder's address. The Mutual Fund will dispatch the redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days from the date of maturity. If the payment is not made within the period stipulated in the Regulations, the Unit Holder shall be paid interest @15% p.a. or as specified by SEBI for the delayed period and the interest shall be borne by the AMC. The Trustee, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment.



Further, based on the list provided by the Depositories (NSDL/ CDSL) giving the details of the demat account holders and the number of Units held by them in electronic form on the Record date fixed for redemption of Units on the Maturity date, the Registrars and Transfer Agent will pay the redemption proceeds by forwarding a cheque or directly crediting the bank account linked to the demat account depending on the mode of receipt of redemption proceeds chosen by the Unit holders.

2. Non-Resident Investors /PIO/OCI

For NRIs, Redemption proceeds will be remitted depending upon the source of investment as follows:

(i) Repatriation basis

When Units have been purchased through remittance in foreign exchange from abroad or by cheque / draft issued from proceeds of the Unit Holder's FCNR deposit or from funds held in the Unit Holder's Non Resident (External) account kept in India, the proceeds can also be sent to his Indian address for crediting to his NRE / FCNR / non-resident (Ordinary) account, if desired by the Unit Holder.

(ii) Non-Repatriation basis

When Units have been purchased from funds held in the Unit Holder's non-resident (Ordinary) account, the proceeds will be sent to the Unit Holder's Indian address for crediting to the Unit Holder's non-resident (Ordinary) account.

(iii) FP

For FPIs, the designated branch of the authorized dealer may allow remittance of net sale / maturity proceeds (after payment of taxes) or credit the amount to the Foreign Currency account or Non-resident Rupee account of the FPI maintained in accordance with the approval granted to it by the RBI.

The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of any exchange fluctuations, while converting the rupee amount in foreign exchange in the case of transactions with NRIs/FPIs. The Fund may make other arrangements for effecting payment of redemption proceeds in future.

Further, based on the list provided by the Depositories (NSDL/ CDSL) giving the details of the demat account holders and the number of Units held by them in electronic form on the Record date fixed for redemption of Units on the Maturity date, the Registrars & Transfer Agent will pay the redemption proceeds by forwarding a cheque or directly crediting the bank account linked to the demat account depending on the mode of receipt of redemption proceeds chosen by the Unit holder.

Effect of Redemptions

The number of Units held by the Unit Holder in his / her / its folio will stand reduced by the number of Units Redeemed. Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be re-issued.

The normal processing time may not be applicable in situations where requisite details are not provided by investors/Unit holders. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques and/or any delay/loss in transit.

AMC reserves the right to provide the facility of redeeming Units of the Scheme through an alternative mechanism including but not limited to online transactions on the Internet, as may be decided by the AMC from time to time. The alternative mechanism may also include electronic means of communication such as redeeming Units online through the AMC Website or any other website etc. The



alternative mechanisms would be applicable to only those investors who opt for the same in writing and/or subject to investor fulfilling such conditions as AMC may specify from time to time.

Signature mismatches

If the AMC / Registrar finds a signature mismatch, while processing the redemption/ switch out request, then the AMC/ Registrar reserves the right to process the redemption only on the basis of supporting documents confirming the identity of the investors. List of such documents would be notified by AMC from time to time on its website

Important Note: All applicants for Purchase of Units /Redemption of Units must provide a bank name, bank account number, branch address, and account type in the Application Form.

Unclaimed Redemptions and Dividends

As per circular no. MFD/CIR/9/120/2000, dated November 24, 2000 issued by SEBI, the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in money market instruments and such other instruments/securities as maybe permitted from time to time. The investment management fee charged by the AMC for managing such unclaimed amounts shall not exceed 50 basis points. The circular also specifies that investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing NAV. Thus, after a period of three years, this amount can be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the said amounts at the NAV prevailing at the end of the third year. In terms of the circular, the onus is on the AMC to make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The details of such unclaimed amounts shall be disclosed in the annual report sent to the Unit Holders.

Further, according to circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/ 2016/37 dated February 25, 2016 the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts may be deployed in separate plan of Liquid scheme/Money market mutual fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts.

Delay in payment of Redemption Repurchase proceeds

The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit holders at 15% or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, in case the maturity proceeds are not made within 10 Business Days of the date of Maturity. However, the AMC will not be liable to pay any interest or compensation or any amount otherwise, in case the AMC / Trustee is required to obtain from the Investor / Unit holders verification of identity or such other details relating to Subscription for Units under any applicable law or as may be requested by a Regulatory Agency or any government authority, which may result in delay in processing.

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

This is the value per Unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments

with

balance.

Net Asset Value

by multiplying the NAV Unit

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme within a period of 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on all the Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 9.00 p.m. on every Business Day and shall also update the NAVs on the website of AMC (www.axismf.com) for a given business day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Information regarding NAV can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.

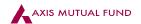
Monthly and Half

your

The AMC will disclose the portfolio of the Scheme (alongwith ISIN) as on the last day



yearly Disclosures: Portfolio / Financial Results This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.	of the month / half year on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/ half year (i.e. 31st March and 30th September) respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. Further, AMC shall publish an advertisement in an all India edition of one national English daily newspaper and one Hindi newspaper, every half year, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of its schemes' portfolio on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI and the modes through which unitholder(s) can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of scheme portfolio. The AMC will also provide a dashboard, in a comparable, downloadable (spreadsheet) and machine readable format, providing performance and key disclosures like Scheme's AUM, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, scheme's past performance etc. on website. The Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on		
	31st March and on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on the website of the AMC and AMFI. The mutual fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated. The unaudited financial results will also be displayed on the website of the AMC and AMFI.		
Annual Report Associate	The Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be e-mailed to the registered e-mail address of the unitholders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year). AMC shall provide physical copy of the abridged summary of annual report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder. Full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any. Scheme wise annual report shall also be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.axismf.com) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com). Mutual Fund shall also publish an advertisement every year, in an all India edition of one national English daily newspaper and in one Hindi newspaper, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the website of the Mutual Fund and AMFI and the modes through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the annual report or abridged summary thereof. Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).		
Transactions			
Taxation	Tay on Dividend	Resident Investors	Mutual Fund Dividend Distribution Tax
The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his	Tax on Dividend	Nil	Dividend Distribution Tax (DDT) 11.648% (10%+12% Surcharge+4%cess)
	Capital Gains: Long Term	10%(plus applicable surcharge and cess)	Nil
or her own tax advisors/authorised	Short Term	15% (plus applicable surcharge and cess)	Nil



- 1. Axis Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India and hence the entire income of the Mutual Fund will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of Section 10(23D) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (the Act).
- 2.Surcharge at the rate of 15% to be levied in case of individual /HUF unit holders where their income exceeds Rs. 1 crore. As per Finance Act, 2017, surcharge at 10% to be levied in case of individual/HUF unit holders where income of such unit holder exceeds Rs. 50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs. 1 crore. Cess at the rate of 4% will be applicable on the tax plus surcharge.
- 3. For income distributed after 1 October 2014, the mode of calculation of distributed income u/s 115R for the purpose of determining the amount of tax thereon has been modified which shall result in higher effective rate of tax on such income distribution by the Mutual Fund.
- 4. The Scheme will attract securities transaction tax (STT) at 0.001% on the redemption value.

Investor services

For further details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI

Investors can lodge any service request or complaints or enquire about NAVs, Unit Holdings, Dividends, etc by calling the Investor line of the AMC at "1800 221322 or 1800 3000 3300" (toll-free numbers) from 8.00 am to 7.00 pm (Monday to Friday) and 9.00 am to 6.00 pm (on Saturday) or 4325 5100 (at local call rate for enquiring at AMC ISC's) or email – customerservice@axismf.com. The service representatives may require personal information of the Investor for verification of his / her identity in order to protect confidentiality of information. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any investor grievances promptly.

Any complaints should be addressed to Mr. Milind Vengurlekar who has been appointed as the Investor Relations Officer and can be contacted at:

Address: Axis Asset Management Company Ltd.

"Axis House", 1st Floor, C-2 Wadia International Centre, Pandurang Budhkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai – 400 025

Phone no.: 022 - 4325 4123

For any grievances with respect to transactions through BSE StAR and / or NSE MFSS, the investors / Unit Holders should approach either the stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange.

D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit under the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation day. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Assets Value (NAV) of the Units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

Market or Fair Value + Current Assets including - Current Liabilities and of Scheme's Accrued Income Provisions

NAV (Rs.) = Investments

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day

The NAV shall be calculated up to two decimal places. However the AMC reserves the right to declare the NAVs up to additional decimal places as it deems appropriate. Separate NAV will be



calculated and disclosed for each Plan / Option. The NAVs of the Growth Option and the Dividend Option under each sub-plans will be different after the declaration of the first Dividend.

The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days.



IV. FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

In accordance with the provisions of SEBI circular no. SEBI/ IMD/CIR No. 1/64057/06 dated April 04, 2006 and SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009, the NFO expenses shall be borne by the AMC/ Sponsor.

B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that up to 2.50% of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged to the Scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the Investor should refer to the website of the AMC.

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory fees	Upto 2.50%
Trustee fees	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques and	
warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and	
derivative market trades resp.	
Goods & Services Tax (GST) on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
GST on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52(6)(c)	Upto 2.50%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under regulation 52(6A)(b)	Upto 0.30%

^{*}Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, maybe charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.



All fees and expenses charged in a Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in other than Direct Plan. Direct Plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid/charged under Direct Plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of at least 5% of the TER which is charged in the Regular Plan. For example, in the event that the TER of the Regular option is 1% p.a., the TER of the Direct option would not exceed 0.95% p.a.

Mutual Fund/AMCs may charge GST on investment and advisory service fees ('AMC fees') in addition to the maximum limit as prescribed in regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations.

Fungibility of expenses: The expenses towards Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52 (2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations are fungible in nature. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively. Further, the additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) may be incurred either towards investment & advisory fees and/or towards other expense heads as stated above.

These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to and estimates made by the Investment Manager and are subject to change inter-se or in total subject to prevailing Regulations. The Scheme may incur actual expenses which may be more or less than those estimated above under any head and/or in total. Type of expenses charged shall be as per the Regulations.

The AMC will charge the Scheme such actual expenses incurred, subject to the statutory limit prescribed in the Regulations.

The recurring expenses of the Scheme (including the Investment Management and Advisory Fees) shall be as per the limits prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations. These are as follows:

On the first Rs. 100 crores of the daily net assets - 2.50%

On the next Rs. 300 crores of the daily net assets - 2.25%

On the next Rs. 300 crores of the daily net assets – 2.00%

On the balance of the assets - 1.75%

Expenses charged to the Scheme:

A. In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (MF) Regulations or the Total Recurring Expenses (Total Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme namely-

Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities

- a) expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI/AMFI from time to time are at least -
 - (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the Scheme, or;
 - (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the Scheme, whichever is higher.

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub- clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that, expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that, amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the Scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.



Provided further that, additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from B30 cities in terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/137 dated October 22, 2018.

This sub clause (a) shall be applicable for inflows received during the NFO.

b) GST payable on investment and advisory service fees ('AMC fees') charged by Axis Asset Management Company Limited;

Further, brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade and is included in the cost of investment shall not exceed 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 per cent in case of derivatives transactions.

- B. Within the Total Expense Limit chargeable to the Scheme, following will be charged to the Scheme:
 - a) GST on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, (including on brokerage and transaction costs on execution of trades) shall be borne by the Scheme
 - b) Investor education and awareness initiative fees of at least 2 basis points on daily net assets of the Scheme.
- C. AMC fees charged by Axis AMC to the Scheme will be within the Total Expense Limit as prescribed by SEBI Regulations, with no sub-limit on said AMC fees.

Expenses over and above the prescribed limit shall be charged / borne in accordance with the Regulations prevailing from time to time.

The mutual fund would update the current expense ratios on its website (www.axismf.com) atleast three working days prior to the effective date of the change. Investors can refer 'Total Expense Ratio of Mutual Fund Schemes' section on https://www.axismf.com/Downloads.aspx for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns.

For any scheme, NAV is computed on a daily basis factoring in all the assets as well as liabilities of the Scheme (including expenses charged). Expenses charged to the Scheme bring down its NAV and hence the investor's net returns on a corresponding basis.

Illustration:

Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)	No of units	NAV per unit (in Rs.)
Invested on March 31, 2016 (A)	10,000.00	1,000.00	10.00
Value of above investment as on March 31, 2017 (gross of all expenses) (B)	11,500.00	1,000.00	11.50
Total Expenses charged during the year @2% p.a. (assumed) (C)	200.00		0.20
Value of above investment as on March 31, 2017 (net of all expenses) (D) = (B-C)	11,300.00	1,000.00	11.30
Returns (%) (gross of all applicable expenses) (E) = ((B/A)-1)		15.0%	
Returns (%) (net of all applicable expenses) (F) = $((D/A)-1)$		13.0%	

Please Note:

• The purpose of the above illustration is purely to explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or quarantee of returns on investments.



- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme may vary with that of the Regular Plan under the Scheme.
- Calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on your investment may be more, or less.
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

C. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the Investor to redeem the Units from the Scheme. This amount is used by the AMC to pay commission to the distributors and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, investors may refer to the website of the AMC (www.axismf.com) or may call at **1800 3000 3300** or 1800 221 322 from 8.00 am to 7.00 pm (Monday to Friday) and 9.00 am to 6.00 pm (on Saturday) or can contact his distributor.

SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 has decided that there shall be no entry Load for all Mutual Fund schemes.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Entry Load	Not applicable
Exit Load	Not applicable

Being a close ended scheme, Units under the Scheme cannot be redeemed directly with the Fund until the Maturity Date. The Scheme will be compulsorily and without any further act by the Unit holder(s) redeemed on the Maturity Date. On the Maturity Date of the Scheme, the Units under the Scheme will be redeemed at the Applicable NAV. No Exit Load will be levied on the Maturity Date.

The Units of the Scheme will be listed on the capital market segment of the BSE and/ or any other Stock Exchange. The Scheme does not allow fresh subscription / redemption during the tenure of the Scheme and redemptions are permitted only on Maturity Date. Accordingly, provisions with respect to imposition or enhancement of load in future on a prospective basis are not applicable.

SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 has decided that there shall be no entry Load for all Mutual Fund Schemes. The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered Distributor) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder.

Transaction Charges

In terms of SEBI circular no. CIR/ IMD/ DF/ 13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, as amended from time to time, Transaction Charge per subscription of Rs. 10,000/– and above shall be charged from the investors and shall be payable to the distributors/ brokers (who have opted in for charging the transaction charge) in respect of applications routed through distributor/ broker relating to Purchases / subscription / new inflows only (lump sum and SIP). The charge is, subject to the following:

- For Existing / New investors: Rs.100 / Rs.150 as applicable per subscription of Rs. 10,000/– and above
- There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs. 10,000/-.
- There shall be no transaction charges on direct investments.

However, the option to charge "transaction charges" is at the discretion of the distributors. Investors may note that distributors can opt to receive transaction charges based on type of the Scheme. Accordingly, the transaction charges would be deducted from the subscription amounts, as applicable.



The requirement of minimum application amount shall not be applicable if the investment amount falls below the minimum amount required due to deduction of transaction charges from the subscription amount.

The Transaction Charge as mentioned above shall be deducted by the AMC from the subscription amount of the Unit Holder and paid to the distributor and the balance shall be invested in the Scheme. The statement of account shall clearly state that the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and give the number of units allotted against the net investment.

D. WAIVER OF LOAD FOR DIRECT APPLICATIONS

Not applicable



V. RIGHTS OF UNIT HOLDERS

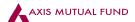
Please refer to SAI for details.



VI. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

This section shall contain the details of penalties, pending litigation, and action taken by SEBI and other regulatory and Govt. Agencies.

- All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed. Not Applicable
- 2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.
- a. Reserve Bank of India has levied penalty of Rs. 5.001 crore (Rs. Five crore ten thousand only) on Axis Bank Ltd. in April 2013 for inadequacies seen in adherence to guidelines/ regulation pertaining to various areas of operations, including Know Your Customer (KYC) norms / Anti-Money Laundering (AML) standards /Combating of Financing of Terrorism (CFT)/Obligation of banks under PMLA, 2002, from time to time and under FEMA. The penalty was imposed under section 47a (1)(c) read with section 46(4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and under subsection (3) of section 11 of FEMA on 8 counts. Sale of gold/silver/platinum-payment in cash, bank finance for purchase of gold, transactions in relation to which PAN or GIR number need to be quoted in all Documents etc. after conducting a review of operations pursuant to sting operation carried out by an online portal. The penalty of Rs. 5.001 crore (Rs. Five crore ten thousand only) has been paid by Axis Bank Ltd. on June 6, 2013 to Reserve Bank of India.
- b. National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) observed that Axis Bank Ltd. had wrongly captured PAN in three Demat accounts. NSDL has levied penalty of Rs.50/- per wrong PAN details captured, totaling to Rs.150/- in the F.Y. 2012-13. This amount was duly paid.
- c. National Securities Clearing Corporation Ltd (NSCCL) has levied a penalty of Rs. 40,507.81/- on Axis Bank Ltd. as clearing member for short client margin reporting in case of one of the trading members. The Penalty was paid by Axis Bank in its capacity as clearing member in February 2013.
- d. Non-compliance with instructions issued by RBI on issuance and operation of Pre-Paid Instruments (PPIs). RBI has levied penalty of Rs. Five lacs in August 2013, which has been duly paid.
- e. Reserve Bank of India has levied penalty of Rs. Fifteen lacs on Axis Bank Ltd. in July 2014 for deficiencies with respect to the loan account of M/s Deccan Chronicle Holdings Ltd., highlighting certain deficiencies in the credit delivery process. This amount has been paid.
- f. Reserve Bank of India has levied penalty of Rs. Fifteen lacs on Axis Bank Ltd. in August 2014 for non-compliance of RBI guidelines on lending under consortium / multiple banking arrangements.
- g. A show-cause notice was issued to Axis Bank by RBI dated November 16, 2017 following a statutory inspection which revealed violations of various regulations of the RBI in relation to assessment of NPAs. After considering the response and oral submissions of Axis Bank, the RBI found that the charges of non-compliance were substantiated and imposed a monetary penalty of INR 3,00,00,000 (Rupees Three Crores Only) on March 5, 2018.
- 3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.



Nil

- 4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.
 Nil
- Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed.
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The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustee Company vide resolution dated May 21, 2018. Further, the Trustee granted its approval for the listing the Units of the scheme in dematerialized form. It is ensured by the Trustee that the Scheme has received inprinciple approval for listing on May 23, 2018 from Bombay Stock Exchange and that the appropriate disclosures pertaining to listing of Units is made in this Scheme Information Document.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

for and on behalf of Axis Asset Management Company Limited

Sd/-Chandresh Kumar Nigam Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 19, 2018

Place: Mumbai



OFFICIAL POINTS OF CONTACT DURING NEW FUND OFFER

AXIS AMC OFFICE ADDRESSES

AHMEDABAD Axis Asset Management Company Limited ,Mithakali Law Garden Road, Ellisbridge, 3rd Floor, 302, Megha House, Opp. Kotak Bank, Ahmedabad - 380 006.. AGRA: Axis Asset Management Company Limited ,Shop No. G-7, Ground Floor, Block-19/4, Sanjay Place, Agra - 282 002. ANAND: Axis Asset Management Company Limited, 203, 2nd Floor, K Rose Building, Opp Krishna Tower, Anand Vidhyanagar Road, Anand - 388 120, Gujarat. AURANGABAD Axis Asset Management Company Ltd, Shop No. C-30, 2nd Floor, Motiwala Trade Centre, Nirala Bazar, Aurangabad - 431001. Maharashtra. BANGALORE Axis Asset Management Co.Ltd. Ground Floor, G-03 & G-03A, Prestige Meridian-1, No. 29, M.G. Road, Bangalore - 560 001 BHOPAL Axis Asset Management Co FM-8 Mansarovar Complex , Khasra No. 27/1/2 , NH-12 , Bhopal , MP. BHUBANESHWAR Axis Asset Management Co Unit no.3 (Part) Ground Floor Nandighosh Arena Plot no. 1 Bapuji Nagar Bhubaneshwar Odisha. BORIVALI Axis Asset Management Co.Pvt Ltd 101, 1st Floor, Abhilasha Building, Punjabi Lane, Off Chandavarkar Road, Borivali (West), Mumbai 400 092 CHANDIGARH Axis Asset Management Co.Ltd. 2nd Floor, SCO No 2471, Sector 22C, Chandigarh -160022. CHENNAI Axis Asset Management Co. Ltd. 1st Floor, Door no. 168 Anna Salai, Opp. To Spencer Plaza , Chennai , Tamil Nadu - 600 002., COIMBATORE Axis Asset Management Company Limited, 1st Floor, Shylaja Complex, 575 DB Road, R. S. Puram, Near Head Post Office, Coimbatore -641 002. DEHRADUN Axis Asset Management Co. Ltd., 59/3 First Floor, Rajpur Road, Above IDBI Bank, Dehradun - 248001. DURGAPUR Axis Asset Management Company Ltd., 2/2, 2nd Floor, Suhatta Mall, City Centre, Durgapur -713 216. West Bengal. FORT Axis Asset Management Company Limited, 112, 1st Floor, Yusuf Building, Plot No. 49, Veer Nariman Road, Hutatma Chowk, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001. GUWAHATI Axis Asset Management Co. ltd 2C 2nd Floor, "Dihang Arcade", ABC, G.S. Road Opp Dona Planet Guwahati 781005. HUBLI Axis Asset Management Company Ltd., C/o. Axis Securities Ltd., Prime Plaza, 3rd Floor, D e s h p a n d e N a g a r , Girls High School Road, Hubli -580029. HYDERABAD Axis Asset Management Company Ltd, 2nd Floor, Nerella House, Panjagutta, Hyderabad - 500 082. INDORE Axis Asset Management Co. ltd office No. 211 2nd Floor Megapolis Square Block A 579, M.G Road .opp Treasure Island Mall Indore 452001 M.P **JAIPUR** Axis Asset Management Company Ltd, 305, 3rd Floor, Ganpati Plaza, M. I. Road, Jaipur-302001.Rajasthan. JALANDHAR Axis Asset Management Co. Ltd., SCO 5-6, 1st Floor, Puda Complex, Opp Suvidha Center, Ladowali Road, Jalandhar - 144 001 JAMSHEDPUR Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. C/o. Axis Securities Ltd., Dharam Arcade, 1st Floor, 99 - Thakurbari Road, Sakchi, Jamshedpur - 831001. Jamnagar - Axis Asset Management Company Limited, Shop No. 114-B, 1 Floor, Madhav Square Building, Limda Lane Corner, Lal Bungalow, Jamnagar - 361 001. KANPUR Axis Asset Management August Company Limited, 305-306, 3rd Floor, Civil Lines, Kan Chamber, Kanpur - 208001. KOCHI Axis Asset Management Company Limited, Door No. 40/9336, 2nd Floor, Chackos Towers, Padma Pullepady Road ,Kochi 682 035 Kerala. KOLHAPUR Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. C/o. Axis Securities Ltd., Shop No: TH4, TH5, TH6, 3rdFloor Ace Arcade, CS No.: 1660, E Ward, 9th Lane, Rajarampuri, Kolhapur-416 008.KOLKATA Axis Asset Management Company Ltd, Ground Floor, Kanak Building,41, Chowringhee Road Kolkata - 700071. LUCKNOW Axis Asset Management Co. Ltd, Unit No 5, 6 & 7, Halwasiya's Commerce House, 2nd Floor, Habibullah Estate, 11, M.G.Marg, Hazratganj, Lucknow - 226001. LUDHIANA Axis Asset Management Co. Ltd. SCO - 28, First Floor, Feroz Gandhi Market, Ludhiana - 141001. MANGALORE C-5, 1st Floor, Essel Towers, Bunts Hostel Circle, Mangalore - 575003. Moradabad Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. 2nd Floor, Krishna Complex, Near Raj Mehal Hotel, Civil Lines, Moradabad-244001, Uttar Pradesh. MUMBAI Axis Asset Management Company Limited Axis House, First Floor, C-2, Wadia International Centre, Pandurang Budhkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai - 400025. MUMBAI (Indiabulls) Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. Unit No. 902, 9th Floor, Indiabulls Finance Center, Tower 2, Senapati Bapat Marg, Mumbai -400013, NAGPUR Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. 1st Floor, "The Edge", 12. Shankar Nagar, WHC Road, Nagpur-440010 NASIK Axis Asset Management Company Limited Shop No. G-7, Ground Floor, Rajvee Enclave, Old Pandit Colony, Nasik - 422 001, Maharashtra. NEW DELHI Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. 702-705, 7th Floor, Narain Manzil, Barakhamba Road, Connaught Place, New Delhi - 110001. PANAJI Axis Asset Management Company Limited Ground Floor, Shop No.



G-7, Edcon Towers, Menezes Braganza Road, Panjim, Goa - 403001. PUNE Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. Unit No. 102 & 102-A/B, 1st Floor, Signature Building, Bhandarkar Road, CTS No. 853, Plot No. 195, Bhamburda, Shivajinagar, Pune - 411005.PATNA Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. D - 309/310, 3 Floor, Dumroan Palace, Frazer Road, Patna 800 001. PIMPRI: Axis Asset Management Company Limited, Shop No. D-6, Ground Floor, Empire Estate, Chinchwad, Pimpri, Pune - 411019 RANCHI Axis Asset Management Company Limited Office No. 201a, 2nd Floor, Satya Ganga Arcade, Lalji Hirji Road, Main Road, Ranchi - 834 001. RAIPUR Axis Asset Management Company Ltd ,Office No. T -10, 3rd Floor, Raheja Towers, Fafadih , Chowk Jail Road, Raipur, Chhattisgarh - 492001. RAJKOT Axis Asset Management Co. ltd 206, Metro Plaza Jansata Chowk Near Eagle Travels Moti Tanki Chowk , Rajkot - 360001. SILIGURI C/O Axis Bank Limited, Spectrum House Sevoke Road Siliguri 734 001. SURAT Axis Asset Management Company Limited, HG-2A, International Trade Centre(ITC), Majura Gate Crossing, Ring Road, Surat Gujarat, India. Thane Axis Asset Management Company Ltd, Manjula Arcade, 2nd Floor, Gokhale Road, Naupada, Thane (West) - 400 602. Trivandrum C/o. Axis Securities Limited, Haji M Bava Sahib, Commercial Complex,TC2+5/2890(12), Ambujavilasam Road, Trivandrum 695001 Vadodara Axis Asset Management Company Limited 3rd Floor, 306, Emerald Complex, Race Course, Near Bird Circle, Old Padra Road, Vadodara - 390 007. Amritsar Axis Asset Management Co. Ltd SCO-25, First floor, District shopping Centre, B-Block, Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar – 143001. VAPI Axis Asset Management Company Limited, F-110, 1st Floor, Saga Casa Building, Daman Road, Chala, Vapi - 396 191. Varanasi Axis Asset Management Company Ltd. 7th Floor, Arihant Complex, D-64/127 C-H, Sigra, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh - 221010. Visakhapatnam Axis Asset Management Company Limited, S3, 3rd Floor, Navaratna Jewel Square, Beside Jyothi, Book Depot, Dwarakanagar, Visakhapatnam - 530 016. Vijayawada - Axis Asset Management Company Limited, 2 Floor, Centurion Plaza, Above HDFC Bank, Near Benz Circle, M. G. Road, Vijayawada - 520 010.

KARVY COMPUTERSHARE PRIVATE LIMITED INVESTOR SERVICE CENTERS

Adyar Karvy Computer Share Pvt Ltd, New No 51, Gandhi Nagar, First Main Road, Adyar Chennai-600 020 Agartala, Jagannath Bari Road Bidur Karta Chowmuhani Agartala - 799001 • Agra Deepak Wasan Plaza, Behind Holiday Inn, Opp Megdoot Furnitures, Sanjay Place, Agra -282002 (U.P) • Ahmedabad, 201, Shail Building, Opp: Madhusudhan House Nr. Navrangpura Telephone Exchange; Navrangpura Ahmedabad - 380 006 Ajmer, 1-2, II Floor Ajmer Tower, Kutchary Road Ajmer - 305 001. Akola Shop No-30, Ground Floor, Yamuna Tarang Complex, N H No 06, Murtizapur Road, Akola 444004 • Alambagh KSM Tower, CP-1 Sinder Dump, Near Alambagh Bus Station, Alambagh, Lucknow 226 005• Aligarh 1st Floor, Kumar Plaza, Aligarh 202001 Uttar Pradesh • Allahabad RSA Towers, 2nd Floor, Above Sony TV Showroom, 57, S P Marg, Civil Lines, Allahabad 211001• Alleppy 2nd Floor, JP Towers Near West of Zilla Court Bridge, MullakkalAlleppy 688011. Alwar 101, 1st Floor, Saurabh Towers, Opp. UTI, Road No # 2 Bhagat Singh Circle Alwar-301001. • Aligani Hig-67, Sector E, Aliganj, Lucknow 226 024 • Amaravathi Shop No. 21, 2nd Floor, Gulshan Tower Near Panchsheel Talkies ,Jaistambh Square, Amravati(M.H.) Pincode 444601 Ambala 6349, Nicholson Road, Adjacent Kos Hospital, AmbalaCantt, Ambala 133001 Amritsar 72-A, Taylor'S Road Aga Heritage Gandhi Ground Amritsar - 143 001 Anand 201 Sai Apartment , Behind New Bus Stand Anand Pin code 388001 • Andheri 6 & 7, Andheri Industrial Estate, Veera Desai Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai 400 053 • Ananthapur # 15-149, 1st Floor, S R Towers, Opp. Lalithakala Parishat Subash Road, Anantapur 515001 • Ankleshwar L/2, Keval Shopping Center Old National Highway Ankleshwar 393002 • Asansol 114/N, G.T. Road, Bhanga Panchil, Near Nokia Care, Asansol - 713303 • Aurangabad Ramkunj, Railway Station Road Near Osmanpura Circle Aurangabad-431005 •Azamgarh 1st Floor Alkal Building, Opp. Nagaripalika Civil LIne, Azamgarh-276 001 Below Central Bank of India, SadawartiChowk, Azamgarh 276001 • Balasore M S Das Street, Gopalgaon, Balasore 756001 • Bangalore 59, Skanda Puttanna Road , Basavanagudi, Bangalore 560004 • Bankura Ambika Market, Natunganj Bankura 722101 • Bareilly 1st Floor, 165, Civil Lines, Opposite Hotel Bareilly Palace, Near RlyStation Road, Bareilly 243001 • Barhampore (WB) Thakur Market Complex, 72, Naya Sarak Road, Gorabazar, PO. Berhampore DIST. Murshidabad Barhampore -742101 • Baroda 203 Corner Point , Jetalpur Road, Baroda Gujarat 390 007 • Begusarai Hotel Diamond Surbhi Complex, Near I.O.C Township Gate, Kapasiya Chowk, Begusarai 851117 • Belgaum CTS No 3939/ A2 A1, Above Raymonds Show Room Club Road, Belgaum - 590001. Bellary No 1 KHB



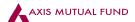
Colony, Gandhinagar, Bellary 583101 • Behrampur Opp –Divya Nandan Kalyan Mandap 3rd Labe Dharam Nagar Near Lohiya Motor, Berhampur, Orissa 760001• Betul107, Hotel Utkarsh, Awasthi Complex, J H College Road, Civil Lines, Beetul 460001 • Bhagalpur 2nd Floor, Chandralok Complex, Ghantaghar, Radha Rani Sinha Road, Bhagalpur 812001 • Bharuch 147-148, Aditya Complex Near Kasak Circle Bharuch - 392 002 • Bhatinda # 2047-A, 2nd Floor, Above Max New York Life Insurance The Mall Road Bhatinda 151001 • Bhavnagar Karvy Computershare Pvt Ltd, 303, Sterling Point, Waghawadi Road, Bhavnagar - 364001 • Bhilai Shop No-1,First Floor Plot NO-1, Old Sada Office Block Commercial Complex, Near HDFC Atm, Nehru Nagar- East Post - BHILAI Pin - 490020 • Bhilwara 27-28, 1st Floor, HiraPanna Complex, Pur Road, Bhilwara 311001 • Bhopal Kay KayBusniss Centre, 133 Zone, I M P Nagar, Bhopal 462021 • Bhubaneswar 2nd & 3rd Floor, Janardan House, A 181, Saheed Nagar, Bhubaneswar - 751 007, Odisha • Bikaner 2nd Floor, Plot No 70 & 71, Panchshati Circle, SardulGunj Scheme, Bikaner 334003 • BilaspurShop No 201/202, V RPlaza, Link Road, Bilaspur 495001 • Bokaro B-1, 1st Floor, Near Sona Chandi Jewellers, City Centre, Sector 4, Bokaro Steel, City 827004 (Jharkhand). • Borivali Ground Floor Himanshu Bldg. Sodawala Lane, Lina Chandawarkar Road, Borivali, Mumbai - 400 091. • Burdwan 63 G T Road, Birhata, Halder Complex, 1st Floor, Burdwan 713101 • Calicut Sowbhagya Shoping Complex, Areyadathupalam Mayoor Road, Calicut 673004 • Chandigarh Sco 2423-2424 Sector 22-C Chandigarh Pin code 160022 • Chandrapur Shop No 5, Office No 2, 1st Floor, Routs Raghuvanshi Complex, Beside Azad Garden, Main Road, Chandrapur 442402 • Chembur Shop No. 4, Ground Floor, Shram Saflya Bldg, N G Acharya Marg, Chembur, Mumbai 400 071 • Chennai (Egmore) Flat No F11, First Floor, Akshya Plaza, (Erstwhile Harris Road), Opp Chief City Metropolitan Court, # 108, Adhithanar Salai, Egmore, Chennai 600002 • Chennai (T Nagar) G1, Ground Floor No 22, Vijayaraghava Road, Swathi Court, T Nagar, Chennai - 600 017.• Chinsura JC Ghosh Sarani Near Bus Stand Chinsura 712101 • Cochin Building Nos.39 Ali Arcade ,1st floor, Near Atlantis Junction, Kizhvana Road, Panampili Nagar, Cochin-682 036 Ernakulum District Coimbatore 3rd Floor 1056/1057, Jaya Enclave, Avanashi Road, Coimbatore - 641018. • Cuttack Dargha Bazar, OppDargha Bazar Police Station, Buxibazar, Cuttack 753001 • Darbhanga Jaya Complex 2nd Floor, above furniture planet, Donar chowk Darbanga-846 003 • Dalhousie 2Nd Floor, Room no-226 R N Mukherjee Road, Kolkata 700 001 • **Davangere** # 15/9, Sobagu Complex, 1st Floor, 2nd Main Road, P J Extension, Davangere 577002 •Dehradun Kaulagarh Road, Near Sirmaur Marg, Above Reliance Webworld, Dehradun 248001 • Deoria 1St Floor, Shanti Niketan Opp. Zila Panchayat, Civil Lines Deoria- 274001 • Dewas 27 Rmo House, Station Road, Dewas 455001. Dhanbad 208, New Market, 2nd Floor, Katras Road, Bank More, Dhanbad 826001 • **Dharwad** G7 & 8, Sri Banashankari Ayenue Ramnagar, OppNttfpb Road Dharward 580001 • Dhule Ground Floor Ideal Laundry, Lane No 4, Khol Galli, Near Muthoot Finance , Opp Bhavasar General Store, Dhule - 424001• Dindigul No 9, Old No 4/B, New Agraharam, Palani Road, Dindigul 624001 • Durgapur MWAV - 16 Bengal Ambuja 2nd Floor, City Centre Durgapur 713216 • Eluru- Karvy Computershare Private Ltd., Dno-23a-7-72/73 ,K K S Plaza, Munukutla Vari Street, Opp Andhra Hospitals, R R Peta, Eluru - 534002, West Godavari Dist., Andhra Pradesh • Erode No 4,KMY Salai, Veerappan Traders Complex, Opp Erode Bus Stand,Sathy Road, Erode 638003 • Faridabad A-2B, 1st Floor, Nehru Ground, Neelam Bata Road, Nit, Faridabad 121001 • Ferozpur2nd Floor, Malwal Road, Opp H M School, Ferozpur City 152002• Gandhidham Office No. 203, Second Floor Bhagwati Chamber, Plot No. 8 Sector - 1/A, Kutch Kala Road, Gandhidham - 370 201 • Gandhinagar Plot No. - 945/2, Sector - 7/C, Gandhinagar - 382 007 • Gaya 54 Lal Kothi Compound, Near Royal , Surya Hotel, Shree Krishna Road, 2 Floor - North side, Gaya - 823 001 • Ghaziabad 1st Floor, C-7, Lohia Nagar, Ghaziabad 201001 • Ghazipur Shubhra Hotel Complex, 2nd Floor, Mahaubagh, Ghazipur 233001 • Gonda Shree Markit Sahabgunj ,Near Nuramal Station Raod Gonda 271001 • Gorakhpur Above V I P House Ajdacent A D Girls Inter College, Bank Road, Gorakpur 273001 • Gomti Nagar B-1/2, Vijay Khand, Near Union Bank of India, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow 226 010 • Gulbarga CTS No. 2913, First Floor, Asian Tower Next To Hotel Aditya, Jagat Station Main Road Gulbarga 585105• Guntur D. No 6-10-27 10/1 Sri Nilayam ,Arundelpet Guntur 522 002 • Gurgaon Shop No 18, Ground Floor, Sector 14, Opp AKD Tower, Near Huda Office, Gurgaon 122001 • Guwahati 54 Sagarika Bhawan R G Baruah Road, (AIDC Bus Stop) Guwahati 781024 • Gwalior 2nd Floor Rajeev Plaza Jayendra Ganj, Lashkar Gwalior 474009. • Haldwani Above Kapilaz Sweet House Opp LIC Building Pilikothi Haldwani 263139 Uttarakhand • Haridwar 8, Govind Puri, Opp LIC 2, Above Vijay Bank, Main Road, Ranipur More, Haridwar 249401 • Hassan SAS No. 212, Ground Floor,



Sampige Road, 1st Cross Near Hotel Southern Star, K. R. Puram, Hassan - 573 201 • Hissar Sco 71, 1st Floor, Red Square Market, Hissar 125001 • Hoshiarpur 1st Floor, The Mall Tower, Opp Kapila Hospital, Sutheri Road, Near Maharaj Palace, Hoshiarpur 146001 • Hubli 22 & 23 , 3rd Floor Eurecka Junction, T B Road Hubli - 580029 • Hyderabad 8-2-596 Karvy Plaza, Avenue 4, Street No 1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad 500034 • Indore 2nd Floor, 203-205 Balaji Corporates Above ICICI bank, 19/1 New Palasia Indore - 452001 • Jabalpur 43, Naya Bazar, Opposite Shyam Talkies, Jabalpur (MP) 482001 • Jaipur S-16 A, 3rd Floor, Land Mark, Opposite Jaipur Club, Mahavir Marg, C- Scheme, Jaipur 302001 • Jalandhar Lower Ground Floor, Office No 3, Arora Prime Tower, Plot No 28, G T Road, Jalandhar 144004 • Jalgaon 269, Jaee Plaza, 1 st Floor | Baliram Peth | Above United bank of India| Near kishor Agencies, Jalgaon - 425001 • Jalpaiguri D B C Raod, Near Rupasree Cinema Hall, Beside Kalamandir, PO & Dist Jalapiguri 735101 • Jammu 5 A/D Second Extension, opposite Panama Chowk Petrol Pump Gandhi Nagar Jammu 180 012. Jamnagar 108 Madhav Plaza, Opp SBI Bank, Near Lal Bangalow, Jamnagar 361001 • Jamshedpur 2nd Floor, R R Square SB Shop Area, near Reliance Foot Print & Hotel- BS Park Plaza Main Road, Bistupur Jamshedpur—831001 • Jaunpur 119,R N Complex, 2nd Floor, Near Jay Ceej Crossing, Ummarpur Jaunpur-222 002 • Jhansi 371/01, Narayan Plaza, Gwalior Road, Near Jeevan Shah Chauraha, Jhansi 284001 • Jodhpur 203, Modi Arcade, Chupasni Road, Jodhpur 342001 • Junagadh 124/125, Punit Shopping Center, Ranavat Chowk, Junagadh Gujarat 362001 • Kannur 2nd Floor, Prabhat Complex, Fort Road, Kannur 670001 • Kanpur 15/46, Opp Muir Mills, Civil Lines, Kanpur 208001 • Karaikudi No. 2,Gopi Arcade 100 Feet Road, Karaikudi 630001 • Karaikudi Gopi Arcade, 100 Feet Road, Karaikudi 630001 • Karimnagar SRI PROJECTS, Door no 2-10-1298, 2nd Floor, Rathnam Arcade, Jyothi Nagar, KARIMNAGAR-505001 • Karnal 18/369, Char Chaman Kunjpura road Karnal-132001 • Karur No 6, Old No 1304 Thiru-Vi-Ka Road, Near G R Kalyan Mahal Karur 639001 • Kharagpur Malancha Road, Beside UTI Bank, Kharagpur 721304 • Kolhapur 605/1/4 E Ward, Near Sultane Chambers, Shahupuri 2nd Lane Kolhapur 416001• Kolkata Apeejay House (Beside Park Hotel) 15 Park Street, C Block, 3rd Floor Kolkata-700016, West Bengal • Kollam Ground Floor, Vigneshwara Bhavan, Below Reliance Web World, Kadapakkada Kollam 691008 • Kolkata 1 R N Mukerjee Road, 2nd Floor Room No.- 226, Kolkata - 700 001. • Kota H No 29, First Floor, Near Lala Lajpat Rai Circle Shopping Centre, Kota, Rajasthan 324007 • Kottayam 1st Floor, CSIAscension Church Complex, Kottayam 686001 • Korba 1st Floor, 35 Indira Complex, T P Nagar, Korba (CG) 495677 • Koramangala No.408, Ist Floor, CITA Bldg, Next to Vodafone Office, Koramangala, Bangalore 560 095 • Kurnool Shop No 43, 1st Floor S V Complex, Railway Station Road, Kurnool 518004 • Lucknow 1st Floor, A. A. Complex, Thaper House, 5 Park Road, Hazratgani, Lucknow - 226 001 • Ludhiana SCO - 136, First Floor, Above Airtel Show Room, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana - 141 001. • Malda Sahistuli Under Ward No-6, English Bazar, Municipality, No-1 Govt Colony, Malda 732101 • Malleshwaram No.337, GF-3, Karuna Complex, Sampige Road, Opp. New Vegetable Market, Malleshwaram, Bangalore 560003. Madurai Rakesh Towers, 30-C, Bye Pass Road, 1st Floor, Opp Nagappa Motors, Madurai 625010 • Mangalore Ground Floor, Mahendra Arcade, Kodial Bail, Mangalore 575003 • Margao 2nd Floor, Dalal Commercial Complex, Opp Hari Mandir, Pajifond, Margao-Goa 403601 • Mathura AMBEY Crown, IInd Floor In Front Of BSA College Gaushala Road Mathura - 281001 • Meerut 1st Floor, Medi Centre Complex, Opp ICICI Bank, Hapur Road, Meerut 250002 • Mehsana Ul-47, Appolo Enclave, Opp Simandhar Temple, Modhera Char Rasta Highway, Mehsana 384002 • Mirzapur Girja Sadan, Dankin Gunj Mirzapur 231001 • Moga Near Dharamshala Brat Ghar, Civil Line, Dutt Road, Moga 142001 • Moradabad Om Arcade, Parker Road, Above Syndicate Bank, TariKhana Chowk, Moradabad 244001 • Morena Moti Palace, Near Ramjan ki Mandir, Jiwaji Ganj, Morena 476001 • Mumbai - Office number : 01/04, 24/B, Raja Bahadur Compound, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Behind Bombay Stock Exchange, Fort Mumbai – 400001 • Muzaffarpur First Floor, Shukla Complex, Near ICICI Bank, Civil Court Branch, Company Bagh, Muzaffarpur, Bihar - 842001 • Mysore L-350, Silver Tower, Clock Tower, Ashoka Road, Mysore 570001 • Nadiad 105 GF City Point, Near Paras Cinema, Nadiad 387001 • Nanganallur Karvy Computer Share Pvt Ltd, No.: 155/7, Ullagaram, Medavakkam Main Road, (Opp. to IDBI ATM), Madipakkam, Chennai - 600 091. • Nagarcoil 45, East Car Street, 1st Floor, Nagercoil -629 001• Nagpur Plot No.2/1, House No. 102/1, Mangaldeep Apartment, Mata Mandir Road, Opp. Khandelwal Jewellers, Dharampeth, Nagpur - 440 010 • Namakkal 105/2, Arun Towers, Paramathi Street, Namakkal 637 001 • Nanded Shop No 4, First Floor, Opp Bank of India, Santkrupa Market, Gurudwara Road, Nanded 431602 • Nasik S-12, Second Floor, Suyojit Sankul, Sharanpur



Road, Nasik 422002 • Navsari 103, 1st floor Landmark Mall, Near Sayaji Library, Navsari, Gujarat -396445• New Delhi 305, 3rd Floor New Delhi House, Bara Khamba Road Connaught Place New Delhi-110 001• Nellore 16-2-158, 3rd Floor, Mogarala Complex, Sunday Market Lane, Pogathota, Nellore - 524001, Andhra Pradesh. • Nizamabad H No: 5-6-430, First Floor, Above Bank of Baroda, Beside HDFC Bank, Ginza View, Hyderabad Road, Nizamabad-503003. • Noida 405 4th Floor , Vishal Chamber , Plot no. 1, Sector 18 Noida 201301 • Palghat 12/310, (No.20 & 21), Metro Complex, Head Post Office Road, Sultanpet, Palghat 678001 • Panipat Java Complex, 1st Floor, above Vijaya Bank , G. T Road , Panipat-132103 Haryana. • Panjim Karvy Computershare Pvt. Ltd Flat No.1-A, H. No. 13/70 Timotio Bldg Heliodoro Salgado Road, Next to Navhind Bhavan (Market Area) Panaji Goa - 403001 • Patiala Sco 27 D,Chhoti Baradari Patiala 147001 • Patna 3A, 3rd Floor, Anand Tower, Beside Chankya Cinema Hall, Exhibition Road, Patna 800001 • Pathankot 2nd Floor, Sahni Arcade Complex, Adj. Indra Colony Gate Railway Road, City Pathankot- 145001 • Pollachi S S Complex, New Scheme Road, Pollachi 642002 • Pondicherry First Floor No.7, Thiayagaraja Street Pondicherry 605001 • Pudukottai Sundaram Masilamani Towers, TS No 5476-5479, PM Road, Old Tirumayam Salai, Near Anna Statue, Jublie Arts, Pudukottai 622001 •Pune Office # Mozaioc Building 3rd Floor CTS No:1216/1FC Road, Opposite- FC Collage Main Gate Above Allahabad Bank, Shivaji Nagar ,Pune - 411004 • Raipur Office No. S-13, Second Floor,Raheja Tower, Fafadih Chowk, Jail Road, Raipur - 492 001. Rajahmundry Dr No 61-4, First Floor, Rangachary Street, T Nagar, Rajahmundry 533101 • Rajapalayam Sri Ganpathy Complex 14B/5/18, T P Mills Road Rajapalayam 626117 •Rajkot 302, Metro Plaza, Near Moti Tanki Chowk, Rajkot, Gujarat - 360 001 •Ranchi Room No. 307, 3 rd Floor, Commerce Towers, Beside Mahabir Towers Main Road Ranchi - 834 001. Ratlam 1 Nagpal Bhavan, Freegani Road, Tobatti, Ratlam 457001 • Renukoot Shop No 18, Near Complex Birla Market, Renukoot 231217 • Rewa 1st Floor, Angoori Building, Besides Allahabad Bank, Trans University Road, Civil Lines, Rewa 485001 • Rohtak 1st Floor, Ashoka Plaza, Delhi Road, Rohtak 124001 • Roorkee Shree Ashadeep Complex, 16 Civil Lines, Near Income Tax Office, Roorkee, Uttaranchal 247667 • Rourkela 1st Floor, Sandhu Complex, Kanchery Road, Udit Nagar, Rourkela 769012 • Sagar 1st floor satyam complex,infront of cantt shopping mall5 civil lines Sagar (MP)470002. • Saharanpur 18 Mission Market, Court Road, Saharanpur 247001 Uttar Pradesh • Salem No. 3/250 "F" Brindavan Road, 6th Cross, Perumal Kovil Back side, Fair Land's Salem -636016, Tamil Nadu. • Sambalpur Karvy Computershare Private Limited Koshal Builder Complex, Near Goal Bazaar Petrol Pump, Sambalpur - 768 001. • Satna 1St Floor, Gopal Complex, Near Busstand Rewa Road Satna (M.P) -485 001 • Secunderabad C/o. Karvy Fin. Ser. Ltd. 1st Floor, Thirumala, Complex Paradise Circle, S.D. Road, Opp. Hotel Kamat, Secunderabad - 500 003 • Shaktinagar 1st/A-375, V V Colony Dist Sonebhadra Shaktinagar 231222 • Shivpuri 1st Floor, M P R P Building, Near Bank of India, Shiyouri 473551 • Shillong Mani Bhawan, Thana Road, Lower Police Bazar, Shillong 739001 • Shimla Triveni Building, By Pas Chowk, Khallini, Shimla 171002 • Shimoga Uday Ravi Complex, LLR Road, Durgi Gudi, Shimoga 577201 • Sikar 1st Floor, Super Towers Behind Ram Mandir, Station Road, Sikar 332001 • Silchar 1st Floor, Chowchakra Complex, N N Dutta Road, Premtala Silchar 788001 • Siliguri Nanak Complex, Near Church Road, Sevoke Road, Siliguri 734001 • Sitapur 12/12-A Surya Complex, Arya Nagar, Opp Mal Godam, Sitapur 261001 • Sivakasi 363, Thiruthangal Road, Opp TNEB, Sivakasi 626 123 • Solan Sahni Bhawan, Adjacent Anand Cinema Complex, The Mall Solan 173212, • Solapur Siddeshwar Secrurities, No 6, Vaman Road, Vijaypur Road, Vaman Nagar, Solapur 413004 • Surat Office No: 516, 5th Floor, Empire State Building, Near Parag House, UdhnaDarwaja, Ring Road, Surat 395002 • Sonepat 205 R Model Town, Above Central Bank of India, Sonepat • Sri Ganganagar 35-E-Block, Opp Sheetla Mata Vatika, Sri Ganga Nagar 335001 • Srikakulam 4-1-28/1, Venkateshwara Colony Day & Night Junction, Srikakulam 532001 • Sultanpur Rama Shankar Complex, Civil Lines, Faizabad Road, Sultanpur 228001 • Thanjavur Nalliah Complex, No 70, Srinivasam Pillai Road, Thanjavur 613001 • Thane 101, Yashwant Building, Ram Ganesh Godkari Path, Ram Maruti Road, Naupada, Thane - 400 602. • T Nagar G1, Ground Floor, No 22, Vijayaraghava Road Swathi Court, T Nagar Chennai 600 017• Thodupuzha First Floor, Pulimoottil Pioneer Pala Road, Thodupuzha 685584 • Tirunelveli Jeney Building, 55/18, S N Road, Near Arvind Eye Hospital, Tirunelveli 627001•Tirupur First Floor, 224 A, S Selvakumar Departmental Stores, 1st Floor, Kamaraj Road, Opp To Cotton Market Complex, Tirupur 641604 • Tirupathi H.No:12-3-330 2nd Floor, Tilak Road Near Four Piller Mandapam Tirupathi: 517501 • Tiruvalla 2nd Floor, Erinjery Complex, Near Kotak Securites, Ramanchira Tiruvalla 689107 •



Trichur 2nd Floor, Brother's Complex, Near DhanaLaxmi Bank Head Office, Naikkanal Junction, Trichur 680001 • Trichy Sri Krishna Arcade, 1st Floor, 60 Thennur High Road, Trichy 620017 • **Trivandrum** 2nd Floor, Akshaya Towers, Above Jetairways, Sasthamangalam, Trivandrum 695010 • Tuticorin 4 B, A34, A37, Mangalmal, Mani Nagar, Opp Rajaji Park, Palayamkottai Road, Tuticorin 628003 • Udaipur 201-202, Madhav Chambers, Opp G P O Chetak Circle, Madhuban, Udaipur 313001 • Ujjain 101, Aastha Tower, 13/1, Dhanwantri Marg, Free Gunj Ujjain 456010 • Valsad Shop No 2, Phiroza Corner Opp Next Showroom; Tithal Road Valsad 396001 • Vapi Shop No 5, Phikhaji Residency, Opp DCB Bank, Vapi Silvassa Road, Vapi 396195 • Varanasi D-64/132, KA 1st Floor, Anant Complex, Sigra, Varanasi 221010 • Vashi Shop No.43-A, Ground Floor Vashi Plaza, Sector-17, Near Apna Bazar, Vashi, Mumbai 400 705 • Vellore No 1, M N R Arcade, Officer's Line, Krishna Nagar, Vellore 632001 • Vijayawada 39-10-7 Opp Municipal Water Tank, Labbipet, Vijayawada 520010 • Vile Parle 104, Sangam Arcade, V P Road, Opp.Railway Station, Above Axis Bank, Vile Parle (West), Mumbai 400 056 •Visakhapatnam 47-14-5/1 Eswar Paradise, Dwaraka Nagar, Main Road, Visakhapatnam 530016 •Vijayanagaram Soubhagya, 19-6-13/1, llnd Floor, Near SBI Fort Branch, Vizianagaram 535002 • Warangal 5-6-95, 1st Floor, Opp, B.Ed Collage, Lashkar Bazar, Chandra Complex, Hanmakonda, Warangal 500601 • Yamuna Nagar Jagdhari Road, Above UCO Bank, Near D A V Grils College, Yamuna Nagar 135 001.

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